# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LI.—NO. 209. WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1892—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

# ONE DEGREE COOLER

## Chicago Has a Slight Respite from the Terrible Heat.

## BUT MANY DEATHS OCCUR.

## Thermometer Runs Up to 93 and Drops Back to 81 Degrees.

## HORSES THE MOST AFFECTED

### The Weather Bureau Man Hopes for Cooler Air Tomorrow.

### HOW TO PREVENT A SUNSTROKE.

The list of the deaths and prostrations from the heat yesterday was larger than those of Monday or Sunday, owing presumably to the protracted heat of the last few days rather than to the temperature of yesterday, which was one degree cooler at the maximum than the maximum of Monday. Seventeen died and sixty-eight were prostrated as a result of the heat during the day. This was by no means a complete record of the prostrations resulting from the terrible heat. There were, in the opinion of the health authorities, probably three times as many people overcome by heat as were reported to the office. In all cases where people could be got home without the intervention of the police it was done, and this makes the list necessarily incomplete. Following is the list of dead and prostrated:

### The Dead.

ALLEN, WILLIAM J., 1 year old, died yesterday morning at No. 288 West Lake street, on account of the excessive heat.

ARMSTRONG, MRS. MARY, 70 years of age, was overcome by the heat while standing in her front yard at No. 4259 Wentworth avenue. She was carried into the house unconscious, and died in a few minutes.

CARROLL, JOHN, who lived at No. 179 Ewing street, and was employed in a lumber-yard, felt ill at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and went home. He died half an hour later.

DONAVAN, JAMES J., No. 68 Sebor street, 28 years old, found dead in an alley near No. 4321 State street at 4:30 p. m. Death was caused by the heat; remains taken to Watkin's morgue, No. 5133 Lake avenue.

FRITZE, HERMAN, a waiter, living at No. 410 West Superior street, was prostrated at his home during the afternoon and at 6 o'clock in the evening he died. The remains were taken to the county morgue.

HALLY, MRS. MAY, employed as a cook at the Inter-Ocean Hotel, Twenty-sixth and State streets, was prostrated while at work, and before a physician could be called she died. The remains were taken to the county morgue. Mrs. Hally was 44 years of age.

KEHOE, JOHN, night duster in the passenger coaches at the Weldon shops, died in one of the cars at 5 o'clock yesterday morning of sunstroke; remains taken to the morgue.

KRAUS, STELLA, 3 months old, died at No. 237 Ninety-first street. She was overcome by the excessive heat.

LAMON, THOMAS, No. 73 Clybourn avenue; found dead in bed at 11 o'clock Monday night by his wife; death due to the heat; had been complaining all day of being ill on account of the sultry weather.

MEYER, HENRY, whose address is not known, was picked up by the police in an unconscious condition at Van Buren and Franklin streets and taken to the County Hospital. There he was given what is known as the ice bath, but shortly after the physicians began working with him he died.

MAIER, IDA, 3 months old, of No. 2909 Fifth avenue, succumbed to the heat yesterday morning and died within an hour.

McGUIRE, FRANK, boilermaker, overcome by heat while working on the second floor of the building at No. 305 Clark street. He was near the top of the stairway when he swooned, fell to the bottom, and when picked up was dead. He was 45 years of age. The remains were removed to the county morgue.

McCONVILL, ANNIE, of No. 374 West Taylor street, died almost instantly from the effects of a sunstroke.

NORMAN, FRED, who lived at No. 554 Hastings street, was at work in the West Division Street railway company's barns at Ogden avenue and Twelfth street, when he suddenly became unconscious. He was taken to the County Hospital, where he died.

RIIS, N. C., a Dane, of No. 225 Milwaukee avenue and a sculptor by trade, died in his room at 5 o'clock. His body was taken to the county morgue.

TEKA, AUGUST, laborer, of No. 435 Western avenue, was prostrated while working near his home, and before a physician could be summoned he was dead.

UNKNOWN MAN, found dead yesterday afternoon in a Grand Trunk box-car at Forty-fifth street and the Wabash tracks. There was nothing on the man's clothes by which he could be identified. The police think that he was suffering from the heat and crawled into the car and died.

### Overcome by the Heat.

AGAFSKI, FRANK, No. 785 Noble street, laborer, prostrated by the heat while working in the Home lumber-yard.

ARM, JOHN, No. 505 South Halsted street. Removed to County Hospital.

BRETT, PAULINA, No. 73 Clybourn avenue, overcome by the heat while waiting to testify in Justice Kersten's court yesterday morning; taken to her home.

BRAUSHES, FRANK, laborer, was prostrated at Twenty-second and Fisk streets; he was removed to the County Hospital and will recover.

BUSHEE, JOHN, at No. 1062 Van Horn street, was prostrated while shoveling sand in the Fort Wayne yards at the foot of Bunker street and was taken home.

BUERK, JULIUS, No. 749 Lincoln avenue, was prostrated at No. 733 Larrabee street; he was taken home, where he soon revived.

BURNS, JOSEPH, employed by the Bear Lake Ice company, was unloading a wagon yesterday at No. 41 Plymouth place, where he was prostrated by the heat and when taken to his home, No. 231 Thirty-first street, he was unconscious. Dr. Gray of No. 2884 Archer avenue was called and he expressed doubts as to the man's recovery.

CORVIN, LESTER, whose residence is not known, was taken to the County Hospital in an unconscious condition last night. He had been overcome by the heat on Milwaukee avenue, near Desplaines street.

CARMAN, WILLIAM, No. 143 Fullerton avenue; 15 years old; fell to the pavement at Diversey street and Lake View avenue overcome by the heat; taken to his home.

CANFIELD, PHILLIP, of Fifty-fourth and Gage streets was prostrated in the Pan-Handle yards at Sixteenth and Rockwell streets. He was removed to Railroad Brotherhood Hospital.

CORGUS, JESSIE, was overcome by the heat while working at No. 724 South Canal street. She was removed to her home, No. 3407 Auburn avenue.

CLAMP, DAVID, a laboring man living at No. 6147 Saginaw street; while working on a building at Peoria and Seventy-seventh streets yesterday morning was prostrated by the heat. He was taken to his home and may not recover.

CUNNINGHAM, BERT, colored dock laborer, was found in an alley near Polk street, between Clark and Pacific avenue, where he had been prostrated. He was taken to the County Hospital in an unconscious condition, but he soon revived.

O'DONNELL, MICHAEL, No. 33 Chatham street; overpowered by the heat; taken to his home.

DACHON, JAMES, laborer, overcome by heat while working at Rockwell and Thirty-fifth streets. He was taken to his home, No. 408 West Seventeenth street, and will recover.

DAUM, ALBERT, teamster, overcome by the heat at Division and Springfield streets yesterday afternoon; fell from his wagon into the street; removed to the County Hospital.

FRANK, JACOB, was overcome by the heat while on his way home from work. He was taken to his home at No. 16 Twelfth street. He will recover.

FISHER, JOHN, who lives on North avenue, was overcome by the heat at Fifth avenue and Madison street. He was taken to the hospital and his recovery is doubtful.

FINCOTH, STANISLAUS, a section-hand on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, was overcome by the heat while working near Blackhawk street on Ogden Island. He was taken to the Alexian Brothers' Hospital, where it is said he will recover.

GLEASON, PATRICK, Sixty-third street and Stewart avenue, 32 years old, prostrated by heat at Thirty-sixth and State streets; taken to his home.

HART, ARTHUR, No. 109 North Clark street, was picked up at Hoyne avenue and Madison street in an unconscious condition. He was taken to the County Hospital, where it is thought he will recover.

HORAN, CORNELIUS, a plasterer, was prostrated while working on the new Holden School at Thirty-first and Deering streets. When found he was unconscious, and he was removed to the County Hospital, where it was said that he may die.

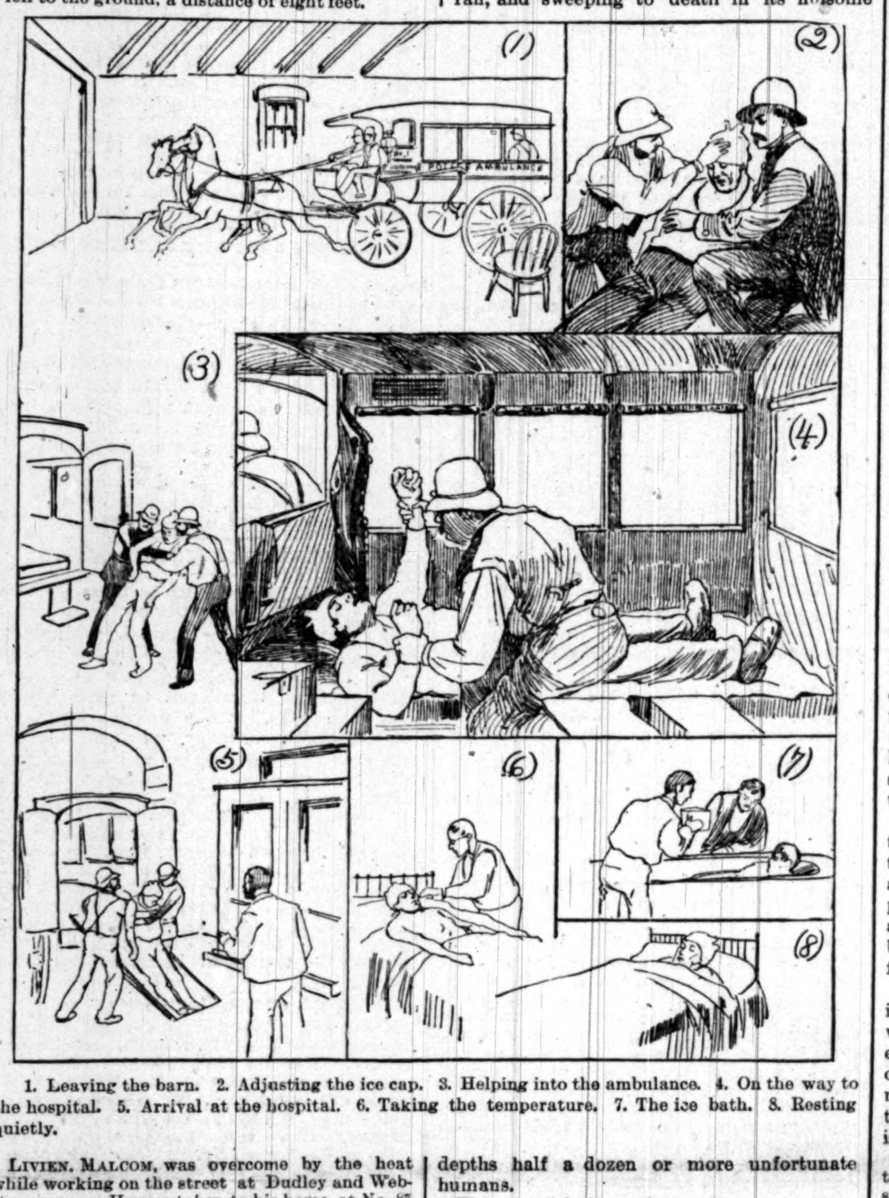
JAMESON, JENNIE, No. 6633 Wabash avenue; 23 years old; prostrated by the heat at No. 111 State street at 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon; removed to St. Luke's Hospital.

JONUNAT, ANTON, of No. 2625 Farrell street, was overcome by the heat while standing in front of his home, and was taken to the County Hospital. He will recover.

KIRK, JAMES; fireman at Great Northern Hotel; overcome by the heat about 9 o'clock yesterday morning; removed to St. Luke's Hospital; condition serious.

KIALTY, MARTIN; No. 4225 Wentworth avenue; 28 years old; prostrated by the heat in front of No. 5436 Armour avenue; taken to his home.

KRUSE, ALBERT; No. 1021 Thirty-fourth court; carpenter; was overcome by the heat while working on a building at No. 242 Goethe street and fell to the ground, a distance of eight feet.



1. Leaving the barn. 2. Adjusting the ice cap. 3. Helping into the ambulance. 4. On the way to the hospital. 5. Arrival at the hospital. 6. Taking the temperature. 7. The ice bath. 8. Resting quietly.

LIVIEN, MALCOM, was overcome by the heat while working on the street at Dudley and Webster avenue. He was taken to his home at No. 85 Powell avenue and will recover.

LUND, OSCAR; No. 928 West Taylor street; 29 years old; prostrated by the heat at Randolph and Clark streets yesterday afternoon; removed to his home.

McPHERSON, WILLIAM; No. 132 Ridgeway avenue; overcome by the heat at Madison street and Western avenue. At the County Hospital, where he was taken by the Warren avenue police, it was thought that he would recover.

MARTEL, CHARLES; No. 452 Paulina street; taken to the County Hospital by the West Chicago avenue police. He had been picked up near the station in an unconscious condition, but revived shortly after being taken to the hospital.

MARKHAM, JOHN; No. 505 Fairfield avenue; overcome by heat while working in a sewer at Bonney and Ogden avenues; removed to the County Hospital.

McCORMICK, E. E.; No. 266 State street; overcome by the heat at Plymouth place and Taylor street, at 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon; removed to his home.

MILLER, CHARLES J.; became unconscious from the heat while working in front of No. 20 River street. He was taken to the Alexian Brothers' Hospital, where it was thought that he would recover.

MILLIGAN, MICHAEL, No. 181 Center street; fell off street-car overcome by the heat; taken to his home.

MILLIGAN, MAGGIE, fainted on account of the excessive heat while riding in a Garfield avenue car. She was removed to her home, No. 181 Center street.

MASTALLA, CHARLES, tailor, was overcome near Indiana and Paulina streets. He was taken to his home, No. 542 Paulina, and the physicians doubt his recovery.

MADL, MRS. BABET, was prostrated while she was sitting in the court-room at the East Chicago Avenue Station yesterday morning. She soon revived, however, and was taken to her home, No. 175 Clybourn avenue.

NEWELL, ALBERT, a molder living at No. 331 Clybourn avenue, was overcome by the heat while working at the Chicago foundry, at Stein and Redfield streets. He was taken home and will recover.

NOE, FRED, No. 282 Mohawk street, taken home.

NOLAN, DENNIS, of Thirty-fourth court and Laurel street, was prostrated at Canal and Madison streets.

NEWMAN, JOHN, No. 97 South Curtis street. Removed to County Hospital.

O'DONNEL, MICHAEL, of No. 43 Chapman street was overcome while working at the Clybourn avenue power house, but he soon revived. He was taken home.

O'DAY, JEREMIAH, a painter working on a new house at West Fortieth and Van Buren streets, was overcome by the heat and was taken to his home.

O'HERN, DANIEL, of No. 58 Edgemont avenue was overcome by the heat in front of No. 14 York street. He was removed to the County Hospital.

PARRIS, FRED, employed as a teamster by the Wisconsin Central railroad company, was overcome by the heat while driving on Sixteenth street, near State. As he fell from the wagon his left arm was broken, and he was taken to the County Hospital. He will recover.

PACKERSON, WILLIAM, of No. 80 Emma street, was found in an unconscious condition on the pavement in front of No. 45 West Monroe street. At the County Hospital it was said he would recover.

PIERECK, FRANK, of No. 836 Alford street, succumbed to heat at Washington and Leavitt streets. He was taken home.

QUIRK, JAMES, of No. 2809 Union avenue, was prostrated in front of No. 77 Jackson street and removed to St. Luke's Hospital. He will recover.

STAUFFER, EDWARD, an employé of the Bass foundry, Forty-seventh street and Stewart avenue, was overcome by the heat while at work. He was removed to his home, No. 4612 Atlantic street, and may die.

STRAND, GUSTAV, of No. 94 Milton avenue, was prostrated while walking west on Division street. He was taken to his home, where he soon revived.

SMITH, ADAM, teamster, fell from his wagon while unloading shavings at La Salle avenue and Illinois street, overcome by the heat; taken to Alexian Brothers' Hospital.

SMITH, FRED, of No. 279 Market street, was prostrated at Wells and Division streets. He was taken to the Alexian Brothers' Hospital, where it was said he would recover.

SCHAFER, NICHOLAS, No. 91 Twenty-second street, 48 years old; overcome by the heat yesterday at 1 o'clock while at work on a brick building at No. 8947 Green Bay avenue; taken to his home.

SCHOGINICK, JOSEPH, a hodcarrier, was overcome by the heat while working on the new building at No. 554 Dixon street. He was taken to his home at No. 51 Wade street. He will recover.

TEMPLETON, EDWARD, was overcome by the

[Continued on sixth page.]

# BLEW UP THE SEWER.

## GAS CAUSES THE LOSS OF SEVEN LIVES AT ST. LOUIS.

**Refuse from the Oil Fire, Ignited by a Spark, Wrecks a Wholesale Liquor House and a Portion of the Union Depot—Bodies Seen Floating Down the Sewer—Several Persons Are Badly Hurt by the Falling of the Buildings—The Force of the Explosion Felt for Many Blocks.**

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 26.—[Special.]—The most terrific explosion in the history of St. Louis occurred at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Four people are known to have been killed, a half dozen are believed to be dying, and scores were badly hurt. Mill Creek sewer, the biggest in the city, 12 feet high at the keystone and 15 feet wide, blew up for a length of almost one half of a mile, extending from under the Waters-Pierce oil plant to the river. A vast yawning chasm 20 feet deep and equally wide was opened as by an earthquake from Twelfth street to the river, tumbling down houses, stores, and sheds, engulfing a portion of the cars and railroad tracks in the Union Depot yards, under which the sewer ran, and sweeping to death in its noisome depths half a dozen or more unfortunate humans.

The cause of the explosion was a spontaneous combustion of gas, formed from the oil and gasoline that ran into the sewer at the time of the Waters-Pierce Oil Works fire, when several tanks were blown up and their contents ran into the sewer through the drainage pipes in the oil works yards. The high stage of the river had made it impossible for the sewer to carry off this surplus, and the theory is that sparks from some passing engine dropping into the sewer through air-holes ignited the oil. Three reports like the sounds of cannonade and a shock as of an earthquake were the first intimation the city had of the catastrophe. Immediately following the reports the earth opened in a chasm for twelve blocks, and out of the opening poured the stifling fumes of the gas.

At No. 1014 South Fourth street the wholesale liquor house of Carl Fuchs, a three-story brick structure, was lifted bodily into the air and tumbled back into the sewer a mass of débris. This was the work of the first of the three explosions. Instantly followed the second and third and a freight-train in the yard and 500 feet of track were next ingulfed. The force of the explosion was terrific. Mill Creek sewer is built of arched stone eighteen inches thick and these were hurled 100 feet into the air, and for two blocks to either side for forty feet from both sides of the sewer the earth was seamed with rents and buildings half a block away were cracked.

Standing at the bar of Fuchs' liquor-house at the time of the explosion were four or six men besides the bartender, Charles Miller, and proprietor, Carl Fuchs. They were all lifted up and hurled back, only to fall into the sewer, its stream of filth carrying them swiftly away. Of these men only one escaped alive. He was carried two blocks to Second street, where he was rescued through an opening the explosion had blown in the pavement. He was almost suffocated and insensible.

Up-stairs over the liquor house lived the family of Joseph Tempe. Mrs. Tempe and two children were seated on the rear porch and were hurled fifty feet away into an alley. Mrs. Tempe received injuries from which she died at 11 o'clock, the children escaping with bruises. Mr. Tempe escaped unhurt.

At 10 o'clock the police say that seven persons were killed, but only two are known. They are:

FUCHS, CARL.
MILLER, CHARLES.
TEMPE, MRS. JOHN.

The injured are:

FINNEGAN, T., fireman, overcome by gas.
GURON, B., fireman, overcome by gas.
TUENSTALL, R. J., injured by flying débris.
UNKNOWN MAN, both legs broken by falling on pavement.

None of the bodies have yet been recovered although the whole fire department and salvage corpse force are at work. The bodies of the victims were either swept into the river or else lie buried under the wreck of the Fuchs building. No accurate idea of the losses can be given tonight, but it will exceed $100,000 without including the reconstruction of the sewer.

It is said that a number of railroad men are beneath the wreck of freight-cars which were being shunted at the time of the explosion.

### INJURED BY A GAS EXPLOSION.

**Workmen in the Trench Seriously Injured by Lighting a Pipe.**

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 26.—Shortly after 5 o'clock this afternoon Edward Lawler, one of five workmen in a conduit near the corner of Fifth avenue and Liberty street, caused a terrific explosion by lighting his pipe. The explosion caused the serious injury of all the men and was the result of the igniting of either natural or sewer gas. Those injured are:

GRIFFIN, MICHAEL.
LAWLER, EDWARD.
LARKIN, MARTIN.
KENNAN, THOMAS.
SEDGWICK, SAMUEL.

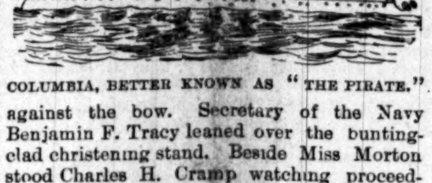
### Hotel Victory Not Burned.

CLEVELAND, O., July 26.—Capt. Brown of the steamer City of Sandusky from Put-in-Bay reports that there is no foundation for the story of the burning of the Hotel Victory.

### ITS NAME IS COLUMBIA.

**"The Pirate" Is Successfully Launched at Cramp's Shipyard.**

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 26.—[Special.]—High aloft on its immense slippery ways at Cramp's shipyard this afternoon with its enormous red keel burning like a furnace under the fierce sun the formidable cruiser Columbia, more fittingly nicknamed the Pirate, was awaiting its christening. Under the shadow of the high knife-like prow Miss Edith Morton, daughter of the Vice-President, was as eagerly awaiting, wine bottle in hand, the supreme moment for shattering it against the bow. Secretary of the Navy Benjamin F. Tracy leaned over the bunting-clad christening stand. Beside Miss Morton stood Charles H. Cramp watching proceedings with practiced eye. Suddenly at 3:46 o'clock a babel of shouts arose from the shipcarpenters and excited murmur ran through the assembled throng. A silence immediately ensued on the christening stand. All eyes turned for the moment on Miss Morton. "Now," exclaimed Charles Cramp, whispering to the ship's fair godmother. With lips firmly pressed together she raised the christening bottle, then crash the blow rang. Behind her in the christening stand stood her father, Vice-President Levi P. Morton, Mrs. Morton, and another daughter, Miss Helen Morton, a beautiful blonde.



COLUMBIA, BETTER KNOWN AS "THE PIRATE."

Miss Edith carried a magnificent bouquet of roses and maidenhair fern. Mrs. Morton's souvenir was a costly tortoise-shell comb, with a gold and jeweled dolphin. Miss Edith received a gold lace pin, a dolphin of rubies and diamonds. Miss Helen received a golden bracelet, a lock and key. "This was one of the most successful launchings I ever beheld," declared Secretary Tracy, highly pleased. The Vice-President joined him in praising the appearance of the cruiser.

### RUMORED ROW IN THE WHISKY TRUST.

**Want to Know if Unearned Dividends Have Been Paid—Officers Deny It.**

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 26.—Private advices received from New York indicate that trouble is brewing for the whisky trust, this time from within its own ranks. It is stated that financiers who have been prominent in its management are preparing to sue the directors and to demand an examination of the books, the purpose being to ascertain whether or not dividends have been paid when none was earned. That this has been done is freely asserted, and some stockholders declare that they are determined to sift the matter to the bottom.

CINCINNATI, O., July 26.—[Special.]—Trustee Hobart declares that he knows of no trouble whatever in the whisky trust, and the advance of nearly two cents today is the best proof that things were moving smoothly. If any such report was out he was sure it was to bear the market. Inquiry in other quarters failed of result.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 26.—[Special.]—Nothing is known of the reported row in the whisky trust beyond the fact indicated by several private telegrams from New York received by members of the Chamber of Commerce stating that trouble was brewing within the trust ranks. Of what nature the trouble is was not stated, nor could it be learned here.

[A dispatch from St. Louis stating that internal troubles were threatening the Whisky Trust was shown to P. J. Hennessy, a director in the trust and its representative in this city. Mr. Hennessy said there was no foundation for the statements. Instead of paying dividends which were not earned it reduced the dividend at the last annual meeting and made an addition to the surplus. There is complete harmony in the trust.]

### GERMANS WILL ERECT A MONUMENT.

**The Plans Adopted by Them for a Beautiful One Designed by a Local Artist.**

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 26.—[Special.]—A committee representing the German-Americans of Milwaukee who are to erect a monument in this city has selected the design submitted by Alvis Loehr, a local artist. In his design Mr. Loehr has employed the idea of placing his central group of figures within a semicircular structure, or hemicycle, as he terms it in the specifications submitted to the committee. The central group in the design represents Columbia taking three German immigrants—husband, wife, and child—under her protection. Below this and near the base of the pedestal are the figures of a mechanic and a German damsel. The hemi-cycle is to spring directly from the pedestal on either side, and is to be ornamented with portrait busts of Gen. Steuben, De Kalb, Muehlenberg, Roebling, the designer of the Brooklyn bridge, Carl Schurz, and Gen. Sigel. These groups of busts will be flanked by two large figures, one representing a German farmer with scythe in hand, and the other a turner with a fencing foil. There is also to be a series of pictures in relief illustrating the part taken by Germans in the development of America. The whole is to be approached by a flight of stone steps. The figures are all designed to be of bronze and the pedestal of granite, which will also be used in constructing the hemi-cycle, except that it will terminate in carved sandstone columns, upon which the figures of the farmer and the turner will be placed. The estimated cost of the monument is $25,000. The whole design is characteristic of German art.

### PENNSYLVANIA GERMAN SAENGERFEST.

**The Second Day of the Meeting Is One of Great Success—At the Banquet.**

READING, Pa., July 26.—[Special.]—This was the second day here for the German Saengerfest of Pennsylvania. The tremendously hot weather, however, put a damper on some of the arrangements which were down for today, and quite a number were affected with sunstroke, the thermometer registering nearly 100° in the shade. The festivities at Maennechor Hall last night were a great success. Covers were spread for nearly 1,000 persons, addresses were delivered, and toasts were drank, and a number of selections were sung. This morning the societies had a grand rehearsal and at 2 o'clock this afternoon the prize concert began in the Academy of Music under the direction of Prof. Wilhelm Hartman of the Reading Harmonie Maennerchor. Tonight at 8 o'clock the societies gathered at the same place and an elaborate program was rendered. Tomorrow will be the "big day" and a parade will be made through several of the principal thoroughfares. The visiting societies will be taken over the various electric and mountain roads and banqueted on Neversink Mountain, where speeches will be made and toasts drank. The prizes will not be awarded until tomorrow afternoon.

### Iowa State Banks May Not Have Branches.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 26.—[Special.]—Attorney-General Stone today furnished State Auditor Lyons with a decision that will affect a great many banks in the State. The questions raised were whether a State bank could operate a branch bank in another city or branch offices or departments in the same city. The Attorney-General answers both questions in the negative. He holds that for each branch office a separate capital must be provided. The question has come up at various times, and the rulings of the Auditor have been in line with the decision now rendered.

### Killed in a Row Over a Crap Game.

BEDFORD, Ind., July 26.—A gang of negro laborers in camp on the Bedford Belt railroad, a road just building, got into a row last night over a game of craps. William Yancey shot and instantly killed Prince Williams. Yancey escaped.

# GAINES CASE ENDED.

## THE FINAL REPORT ON THE FUNDS HAS BEEN MADE.

**What Will Be Paid to the Various Estates of Those Who Fought the Case—Rewards for the Persistent Efforts of the Lawyers and Advocates—Interesting Figures Shown by the Tabulated Statement of Claims Which Are Approved and Which Must Yet Be Settled.**

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 26.—[Special.]—As far as the City of New Orleans is concerned, the Gaines case is a thing of the past. On Monday W. W. Whitney, the administrator of the estate, received a check for $923,788 in full settlement of the city's indebtedness, yesterday he filed his account in the Civil District Court, and within a few days following the expiration of the judicial limit for filing opposition the various creditors will, with but few exceptions, receive the full amount of their claims. The composition of the city's indebtedness to the Gaines estate is best told in the following statement, which served as the basis for settlement:

Principal, as per judgment, $561,313.42.
Principal added, $34,000.
Interest from July 10, 1881, to July 24, 1892, at 5 per cent per annum, $343,628.01. Total, $938,941.43.
Less payment imputed by the decree, as paid by the city May 27, 1889, $20,787.61, $918,153.82; costs, $5,631.10. Total, $923,788.

The account as filed by the administrator consists of two parts, one containing the admitted claims, or those which it is proposed to pay immediately, and those over which some dispute exists. Among the former set are to be noticed the following, the greater portion of which go to New Orleans people:

The heirs of the estate of Gen. Walter Jones of Washington, the great lawyer who argued Mrs. Gaines' case thirty years ago, $20,000.

The Misses Peyton, heirs of Bailey Peyton, who for several years represented Tennessee in Congress and who was one of the first attorneys in the case, get $65,000.

E. W. Huntington, the well-known local attorney, $6,500.

J. Ward Gurley Sr., for services rendered as master, $4,400.

Heirs and assigns of the late E. Sabourin, for services rendered by the deceased as master in suit against the city, $50,000.

W. H. Wilder, for many years the attorney and agent of Mrs. Gaines, $6,000.

Mrs. Emily Bonford, for services rendered by her deceased husband, $8,000.

Mrs. Mary E. Randolph, for services rendered by her deceased husband, $12,000.

Heirs of E. Warren Moise, for professional services rendered by the deceased, $12,000.

The account bears the names of other claimants for small sums, making a grand total of claims admitted and proposed to be paid of $179,087. The disputed claims amount to $379,000, including certain legacies claimed under the alleged will of Mrs. Gaines, executed Jan. 5, 1885, and the probate of which is now being contested in the New York courts. Among the claims in dispute are the following:

Estate of W. R. Mills, for professional services rendered, $68,000.

Estate of John C. Campbell, for professional services rendered in litigation in the United States courts, $20,000.

William T. Gilbert, for services in New York litigation, $2,100.

The joint claim of Messrs. Thomas J. Semms and the heirs of Alfred Goldthwaite for professional services rendered under written contract for 10 per cent of the amount recovered, $180,000. This claim is now pending in the United States Circuit Court.

Another item of interest in the account is the administrator fee, amounting to $22,958.84, being 2½ per cent on the $918,153.82, the amount recovered less costs.

### THE SEA OTTER INDUSTRY KILLED.

**Government Cutters Seize Commercial Company Schooners.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 26.—[Special.]—Special correspondence from Bering Sea says that the patrol squadron of United States revenue cutters and cruisers besides chasing seal poachers is breaking up the lucrative industry of hunting sea otters. The steam schooner Jennie and the schooners Kodiak and Lettie, owned by the Alaska Commercial company of San Francisco have been seized by the Mohican and sent with their crews to Sitka. The native hunters were allowed to go home. This course surprises the whites and alarms the natives. This industry, now prohibited, furnished the sole support of the Aleutian Indians; without it they must have government aid or starve. Rumors from the west reach Sitka of exciting events in the chase of seal poachers. The schooner Willard Ainsworth was searched by the Mohican and allowed to proceed. The Mohican lost fifty feet of its keel by striking a hidden rock. It is now at Port Etches in Prince William Sound watching the movements of the poachers which had rendezvoused there. Fighting Bob Evans discovered the plan and checkmated it by seizing the Coquitlam. The sealers are in a bad plight—they have big cargoes of skins and dare not try to ship them. To take them back into the Bering would mean the loss of vessels and skins, so there is nothing left but to go to Victoria and miss the rest of the season.

### CAN MAKE NO IMMEDIATE EXTENSIONS.

**Only Repairs Possible on the Chicago Public Building—To Try Again.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 23.—[Special.]—"Congress in cutting down to $50,000 the item for repairs and extention of the public building at Chicago," remarked Supervising Architect Edbrooke, "has made it impossible for the Treasury Department to carry out a long cherished plan for additional postal facilities. All that can be done under existing conditions is to devote the appropriation to repairs, a great many being needed at once, and let the proposed extension, temporary though it was intended to be, wait until a more propitious time. Reports from the Superintendent of the building while they do not indicate any recent tumbling about the building, nevertheless show the necessity for promptness in making the structure secure in certain weak places."

### He Decamped with All the Money.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 26.—Mrs. Barbara Hoffmaster a year ago became acquainted with Richard Stein, then running a restaurant in Chicago. He learned that she had $5,400 in cash and promised to give her $2,700 when they were married. They agreed to come to St. Louis. He came and she followed with her seven children. Stein proposed that they draw their money from the banks and place both sums in a safe deposit box, Stein taking the precaution to get two keys. Today Mrs. Hoffmaster went to the vault, unlocked her box, and found—nothing. Detectives are hunting for Stein.

### Found His Accounts Are Short.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., July 26.—[Special.]—Expert accountants who have been employed to examine the books in the Treasurer's office in Dakota County, Neb., have completed their work and made a final report to the Supervisors today. They found, after working seven months, that ex-Treasurer Wilkenson is $13,400 short. A resolution was passed by the board ordering the County Attorney to institute a civil suit against Wilkenson's bondsmen to recover the amount and to commence criminal proceedings against him.

### Three Boys Drowned at Harrison, Ill.

BELOIT, Wis., July 26.—[Special.]—Three boys were drowned in the Pecatonica River at Harrison, Ill., yesterday, while bathing. Two were brothers, aged 8 and 9, sons of George Atkinson, a farmer. The third was Robert Oliver, aged 19 years, whose father lives at Rockford. It is said that young Oliver went to save the brothers, who were drowning, and lost his own life.

### Died After Using a Nerve Tonic.

MASCOUTAH, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—Joseph F. Carroll, the Monroe County farmer who used a nerve tonic and afterwards became insane, died last night. It is said he took an overdose of the medicine. The matter will be investigated.

## BULLETIN OF The Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1892.

*Weather for this vicinity:*
*Continued warm winds.*

*Pages.*
1 One Degree Cooler in Chicago.
Seven Lives Lost in a Gas Explosion.
Myra Gaines Clark Case Over.
De Mores Challenges "The Tribune."
2 Smooth Englishman Arrested in New York.
One Victim of the Bay City Fire.
3 La Regaloncita Taken from the Stage.
Preparations to Make Democratic Voters.
5 Drowned in River Reuss.
To Blow Up Carnegie's Mills.
Bloomington Chautauquans Talk Politics.
6 Yo Tambien Wins Another Derby.
7 Garfield Park Will Race Again Today.
Mike Dwyer Wins $20,000 on Banquet.
Anson's Timely Hit Won for Chicago.
8 Poor Prospect for a Better Water Supply.
Will Test World's Fair Amendments Today.
9 Anti-Options Likely to Go Over.
The Hot Weather Favorable to Corn.
News from Jackson Park.
Chicago's Most Obnoxious Chimneys.
10 Santa Fe Blamed for Cutting Rates.
News of the Court.
12 Advance in Coal Expected.

### ST. PAUL IS UNDER WATER.

**A Terrific Thunder-Storm Raged for Hours, Doing Great Damage—No Cars Running.**

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 26.—[Special.]—A heavy thunder-storm has prevailed in St. Paul since 6 o'clock this evening, and a large amount of damage to property has been wrought, but no fatalities are yet reported. All the street-car lines are paralyzed, and not one is now in operation. A part of the Selby avenue cable line is under four feet of water, cellars in the lower portions of the city are flooded, and large sections of sidewalk washed away.

On the west side the havoc is serious, the tracks of the Kansas City road being buried in places under four feet of sand. Neither electric nor steam cars are running between this city and Minneapolis. The full extent of the damage has not yet developed.

A severe electric storm also visited Stillwater this evening, accompanied by a heavy fall of rain. The barn of the East Side Lumber company at Houlton was struck by lightning. One of the employés had a leg broken and another was stunned. Much damage was done by heavy rain.

ABERDEEN, S. D., July 26.—A furious rain and lightning storm prevailed here last night. The total precipitation was one and one-quarter inches. Lightning struck in several places and two horses were killed. Grain of all kinds was quite badly lodged, but much of it will straighten up again. South of here the storm was accompanied by high wind, occasioning much alarm.

### ALLEGED BANK DEFAULTERS COME BACK

**Nashville Men Who Went to Mexico Return Without Extradition.**

LAREDO, Tex., July 26.—[Special.]—Deputy United States Marshal Eugene Yglesias arrived in Laredo this morning from Monterey, Mexico, with L. H. Gale and W. E. Turner, the cashier and clerk of the Nashville Savings Bank, who recently embezzled between $13,000 and $14,000 from that institution. Chief Clack of the Nashville police force, who has been in Mexico for the last few days, accompanied them and Gale and Turner were turned over to him at this point. He leaves with the prisoners for Nashville, Tenn., tomorrow morning. About $10,000 of the embezzled money was recovered from a Monterey bank, where it had been deposited. Gale and Turner came to the United States without extradition.

### NOLLE PROS ENTERED IN A MURDER CASE.

**Judge Crawford Dismisses Those Charged with Killing Mrs. Page.**

HAMMOND, Ind., July 26.—A change of venue was asked today in the case of Charles G. Page, Mrs. Elizabeth Tobin, and H. C. Taylor, charged with murdering Page's wife, on the ground that the court was biased. The change was granted and Judge Crawford took Judge Morelock's place on the bench. Then the attorneys had a long consultation and the Prosecuting Attorney asked that a nolle prosequi be entered in the case of each defendant. The prisoners were discharged.

### Cattlemen Will Go to Cheyenne.

LARAMIE, Wyo., July 26.—[Special.]—The imprisoned stockmen, or rather the detained stockmen, who have been in Laramie for the last three weeks, are expecting to be taken back to Cheyenne the last of the present week. They will be taken to the capital by the Johnson County authorities and there delivered to the Laramie County authorities. Sheriff Kelly has leased Keefe Hall there and they will be quartered much after the fashion that they have been detained here. They cannot complain of their treatment here by the Johnson County authorities. They have been allowed to indulge their appetites and amuse themselves about as they chose.

### Consecration of Bishop Hale.

DAVENPORT, Ia., July 26.—[Special.]—The Rev. Charles R. Hale, for several years dean of Grace Cathedral in this city, was today elevated to the episcopal office of Assistant Bishop of Springfield, Ill., with the title of Bishop of Cairo. The consecration service was impressive in a high degree, the ceremonies being in charge of the Rev. Thomas E. Green of Cedar Rapids. The Bishop of Iowa, the Rt.-Rev. William Stevens Perry, officiated. He was assisted by Bishop Seymour of Springfield and Bishop Leonard of Ohio, Walker of North Dakota, and Worthington of Nebraska. The sermon was delivered by Bishop Homan of Delaware.

### To Extradite James St. Louis.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The Governor today issued a requisition on the Governor of Louisiana for the extradition and return to Illinois of James St. Louis, under arrest in New Orleans and wanted in Chicago for larceny. A warrant was issued on the requisition of the Governor of Missouri for George Logan, under arrest in Chicago and wanted in St. Louis for grand larceny and for breaking from jail.

### Wanted to See the Fight.

BACHELOR CITY, Colo., July 26.—Mike Donnelly and W. B. Gerslinger in a dispute over mining matters pulled their revolvers, Gerslinger receiving three bullets and Donnelly two. Though badly hurt they will recover. During the fight Kid McCoy, a jail prisoner, became excited and fired the jail to get to it. The fire was discovered before he succeeded.

### Two Children Burned by Natural Gas.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 26.—James and Thomas Shado, aged respectively 7 and 5 years, were horribly burned by leaking natural gas yesterday. Their parents were burying another child who had been burned to death.

### SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Mrs. Patrick McCanna, aged 50, was killed by a switch engine at Joliet yesterday.

Lizzie Murray yesterday drowned herself at Dixon, Ill. She was 17 years old and her love for a man was unreciprocated.

A 10-year-old son of Mrs. Mary Krenge of Atchison, Kas., attempted to kindle a fire with gasoline yesterday. He will die.

Chinese and Japanese are being driven out of Nampa and Caldwell owing to the fact that several cases of smallpox have developed among them.

Moses Alexander, a merchant of Columbus, Ind., was assaulted by Walter Striker on account of some remarks about the latter, and may die from his injuries.

Nine of the ringleaders of the Cœur d'Alêne riots have been taken to Boise City. They are charged with violating an injunction of the United States District Court.

# LAST EDITION.

# ATHIRST FOR GORE.

## Challenge Received from the Marquis de Mores.

## HE IS HUNTING A FIGHT.

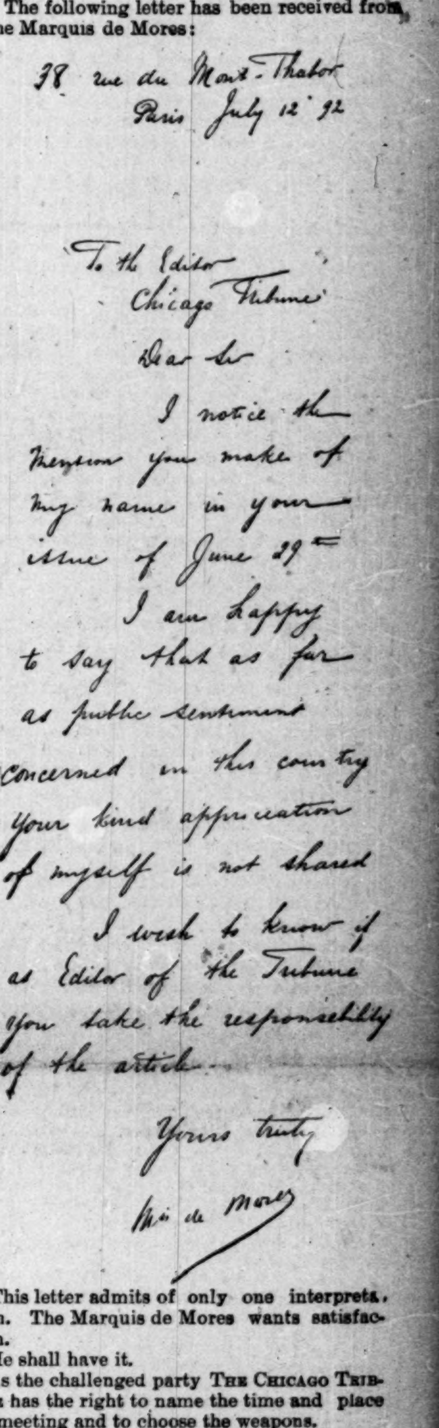
### Experts Can Put No Other Construction on His Letter.

## "THE TRIBUNE" QUESTIONED

### It Will Meet the Marquis in a Twenty-four Foot Ring.

### FRIENDLY SUGGESTIONS GIVEN.

The following letter has been received from the Marquis de Mores:



38 rue du Mont-Thabor
Paris July 12 92

To the Editor
Chicago Tribune
Dear Sir

I notice the mention you make of my name in your issue of June 29th

I am happy to say that as far as public sentiment is concerned in this country your kind appreciation of myself is not shared

I wish to know if as Editor of the Tribune you take the responsibility of the article.

Yours truly
Mis de Mores

This letter admits of only one interpretation. The Marquis de Mores wants satisfaction.

He shall have it.

As the challenged party THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE has the right to name the time and place of meeting and to choose the weapons.

The fighting editor of THE TRIBUNE will meet the Marquis de Mores at Jackson Park on some date to be hereafter agreed upon between the first of May and the last of October, 1893.

The fight shall take place in a twenty-four foot ring, and shall be conducted in strict accordance with the Marquis of Queensbery rules.

The weapons shall be gloves weighing eight ounces—this size being the largest permitted under the rules—and the fight shall be to a finish. If the gloves appear to the Marquis to be too small for comfort, and he imagines there is danger of personal disfigurement, perhaps his friend the other Marquis—viz.: Queensberry—will grant a special dispensation which will allow the use of larger and softer sizes. The fighting editor, while bloodthirsty, has a strain a chivalry in him and will be magnanimous in this respect.

The combat shall take place under the auspices of the World's Columbian Exposition, without additional charge for admission to grounds, and arrangements will be made with all railways and steamboat lines entering Chicago for special excursion rates for that occasion.

MARQUIS DE MORES.

It is well known to the Marquis, doubtless, that every first-class newspaper is provided with a fighting editor who holds himself personally responsible for anything that may be said in the paper and is always ready to back it up.

The fighting editor of THE TRIBUNE is always in training and is a man who habitually thirsts for gore.

He will hold himself in readiness to meet the Marquis de Mores at any time to settle upon all preliminaries not herein stipulated.

THE TRIBUNE is ready. Let the Marquis de Mores come on.

### OPINIONS OF EXPERTS ON THE CODE.

**All Agree That There Must Be a Fight—Different Modes of Combat Suggested.**

The Hon. Alfred S. Trude, chief of the Advisory Defense board of the Amalgamated Newspaper union, was reading an interesting tory, entitled "The Dartmouth College Case," when shown the Marquis' letter.

The counselor laid aside his novel and after reading the letter over and over again said:

"This principle was raised in the days of Charles the Bold and settled in a decision in sixth Peters and reaffirmed in the ninety-ninth Illinois with one dissenting Judge. It means that the Marquis wants to fight. The Tribune has choice of weapons and I suggest an ice-water duel—forty gallons of ice-water and forty feet of hose and a two-inch nozzle: a continuous squirt as long as the ice holds out."

Mr. Michael C. McDonald said:

"It's been a long time since I officiated in anything of the kind. I would, however, gladly referee the scrap, and suggest my old friends Charley Chase, Rube Porter, and Billy Tait as seconds and timekeepers. You had better insist on a twenty-four foot ring and eight ounce gloves. It would be a good scheme to have it come off here in town, where we could all go, and then the take off at the gate would be considerable. I don't suppose the authorities would interfere. Only get out your amusement license as soon as possible, and in the bill don't call it a fight—call it a 'contest.'"

Col. John Long said: "You are right. It means a scrap. It can't come off before the fall, when the weather is cool, and what's the matter with the stage of the Park, where so many similar contests have taken place. Have it of a Saturday night, when the boys from the Stock-Yards and the rolling-mills could get a chance to be there. I would put on a good olio that would run until, say, 11 and then have the boxing match. It must be a finish in a twenty-four foot ring. I don't think the coppers would interfere. Wouldn't it be a card for the Park, though?"

Mr. Solomon Van Praag said he thought the Marquis meant business.

"No other construction can be placed on his words," said Mr. Van Praag reflectively. "Have it in a ring by all means over on John Long's stage. Sell out the house at $2 a seat, boxes reserved for the press. Mr. Charles Walters would be a good timekeeper, and I will gladly look after the bottle for home talent. Don't be monkeyed into a small ring with bare knuckles. That won't do. I will see that a few friendly Indians get in the gallery and we will back heel the Frenchman before he gets through."

Col. Thomas Brewer of Springfield, Ill., says:

"Let's have it out at the Sangamon, near the camp. There Tom Delaney will go with the Marquis in any kind of a fight or wrestle, free for all. Delaney is in good form and hates the French. Johnny McHale and myself will act as seconds for the American side of the house, with Mr. Dillon as bottle-holder. The Frenchman would be sure to be licked before he got back to town. There would be no interference on the part of the authorities. Take it to Springfield and have it out on the grass where everybody can see.

Mr. Charles Walters gave as his unbiased opinion that the Count de Mores was laying the groundwork for a challenge to mortal combat. Mr. Walters suggested that the contest be at his friend Mr. Long's theater some time in the fall or early spring.

Mr. Charles Matthews said: "What's the use of fighting? Make it a billiard game, 300 points, balk-line, and I will mark it. Let's you and I split a bottle."

Mr. William Boyle said: "I don't think well of fighting. Trot it on a mile track, best three in five, mile heats. If that gentleman comes here and gets obstreperous send over to Clark street for Officer Rohan, "Big Steve"; he will settle him any night after 7."

### POLICE WILL NOT INTERFERE.

#### On the Contrary Chief McClaughry Will Detail 600 Men to See Fair Play.

When Chief of Police McClaughry heard of the impending contest he hesitated a little as if in doubt about permitting it. He had just finished reading a letter from the Prefect of Police in Paris inquiring as to the character and career of the Marquis in this country, and probably thought there might be an international question involved, but suddenly brightening up he said:

"I will not stop the fight, and will have 600 police there to keep order, but it must be with skin-tight gloves and under the Marquis of Queensberry rules. It's a solution of the financial troubles that surround the World's Fair Directory. Let the proper admission be charged and Congress can be told to keep its $5,000,000 and the admission fee will be enough to offset it——"

"Yes, and leave something over for street cleaning," interpolated Commissioner Aldrich, who was present.

"But the fight must be to a finish," continued the Chief. "The bulldozing Marquis must be knocked out. There are conditions, too, that I would like to see enforced. The bottleholders must be good square Americans, not dudish scions of effete monarchical houses, and no manager of the Garfield race track must be permitted to hold the stakes. It might take too many injunctions and mandamuses to get them back. I think the best place for the fight would be on the island, with all the surrounding fair-grounds as an amphitheater for the world to witness the mauling of the Marquis. I think that Carter Harrison would make the proper second or bottleholder for The Tribune."

Commissioner Aldrich said he was in favor of a fight with bare knuckles and under the London prize ring rules. He would be satisfied with any good stakeholder barring Carter Harrison and Washington Hesing. Besides being newspaper men, and so be subject to the charge of partiality, he was opposed to them as stakeholders on general principles. The fight, the commissioner thought, should come off during the opening celebration in October, and then the Fair would be out of financial troubles and the streets could be kept clean during all the year of the Fair. If The Tribune should want any trainers John L. Sullivan or Jackson could be secured.

Prof. Barrett, Chief of the Electrical Department of the Exposition, said he would see to it that the result of every round would be instantly heralded by lightning to the world, and Chief Swenie of the Fire Department guaranteed to drown out any opposition to fair play with his biggest hose.

Capt. J. S. Dunham of the Chicago Towing and Wrecking company volunteered to give his tugs for nothing should the Law Department interpose any legal quibble about city limits.

An effort was made to see Mayor Washburne to inquire if any special license would be required, but he refused to see any newspaper man on any business. Whether he was busy swapping horses or considering the Garfield Park ordinance could not be learned.

It was reported that a number of Aldermen would kick against a license unless they got free tickets for themselves and their ward heelers, but it is supposed the interests of the Fair will yet overcome their selfishness.

### BUD RENAUD WARNS "THE TRIBUNE."

#### Count de Mores Painted in Alarming Colors by the New Orleans Man.

Bud Renaud of New Orleans is at the Great Northern. When asked as to what he would do were he in the position of The Tribune he said:

"I would suggest 24 ounce syringes (horse size), the challenged party to name the ingredients. I was in the drug business for seven years and know something of the deadly power possessed by this weapon of modern warfare.

"Fight a duel with the Frenchman just as they fight one with us—namely: not strike the adversary *above* the belt. Stab him a few times in the fleshy part of the leg. This style is not only frequent but the most familiar mode of fighting among the French residents of New Orleans. I have not known one duel in a hundred to prove fatal when fought under that rule of the rapier.

"I am well acquainted with Count de Mores, and I tell you he is a fighter from away back, and unusually brave and daring. Once upon a time on his ranch out West he had a serious difficulty with his cowboys. At one stage of the proceedings the question arose whether he should precede the cowboys. In true French style he signified that the cowboys should go first. They sullenly declined. He then proceeded to pass on himself, turning his back on the assembled desperadoes. This bit of defiant courage won the respect and admiration of those reckless men, who, whatever they may be, are not cowards.

"If The Tribune is spoiling for a fight, De Mores is the boy who will accommodate it, with weapons ranging from a horse pistol to a broad-ax or cavalry saber. I tell you, you folks don't want to monkey with that French buzz-saw. He comes around at inconvenient moments sometimes, and then you will wish you were alone. Crossing the Atlantic would only whet his appetite for the breakfast awaiting him on the shores of Lake Michigan. You folks better let de Mores alone or you will be without an editor and staff some of these fine days."

### TRUTH DE MORES DIDN'T RELISH.

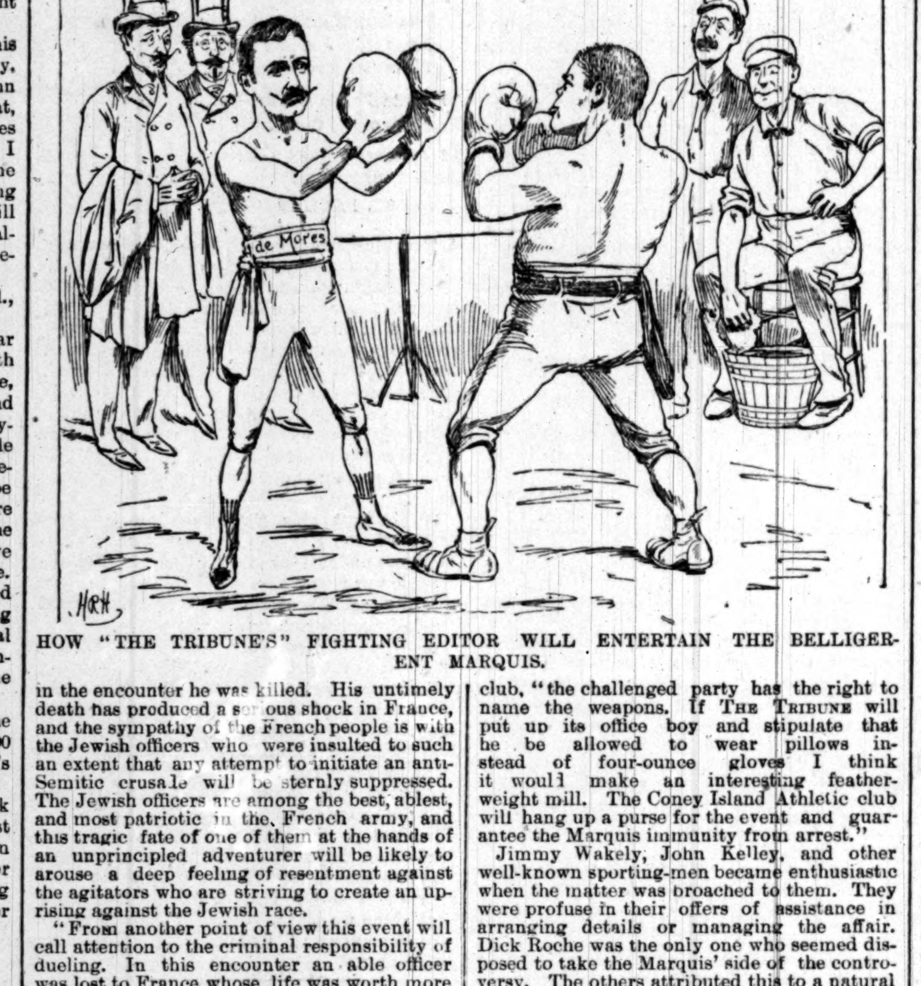
#### Text of the Editorial to Which the Marquis Took Exception.

Following is the editorial to which the Marquis de Mores takes exceptions. It was published June 29:

"The recent fatal duel between Capt. Mayer, a Jewish officer in the French army, and the worthless adventurer, the Marquis de Mores, will be likely to have two results of an advantageous nature. It will inspire a protest in France against anti-Semitism and will also create a useful prejudice against dueling.

"The Marquis de Mores is one of the leaders of an agitation in France against the Jews, which, fortunately, is limited to a few evil-disposed persons who do not stand in special favor as citizens themselves. The organ of these persons is the *Libre Parole*, edited by one Eduard Drumont. Some weeks ago it printed an article insulting in the most offensive manner the Jewish officers in the French army, some 300 in number. One of them—M. Cremieu-Foa—thereupon challenged Drumont and wounded him in the face. The matter did not end there. Capt. Mayer, a professor in the Polytechnic School, sent a challenge to the Marquis de Mores, whose name had been connected with the original insult, and in the encounter he was killed. His untimely death has produced a serious shock in France, and the sympathy of the French people is with the Jewish officers who were insulted to such an extent that any attempt to initiate an anti-Semitic crusade will be sternly suppressed. The Jewish officers are among the best, ablest, and most patriotic in the French army, and this tragic fate of one of them at the hands of an unprincipled adventurer will be likely to arouse a deep feeling of resentment against the agitators who are striving to create an uprising against the Jewish race.

"From another point of view this event will call attention to the criminal responsibility of dueling. In this encounter an able officer was lost to France whose life was worth more to the country than a thousand Marquises of the De Mores stamp. The Marquis de Mores has a reputation already established as an Anarchist, an adventurer, and a man of spotted reputation, who is now anxious to add to his unsavory character the reputation of Jew-baiter. He is a miserable remnant of the old aristocracy, who resigned his position in the army because he was of no use in it, and who has plotted against his country in the Boulangist councils. He is a parasite in every community where he has lived and is not a man of whom any reputable French citizen would be proud. His life has been spared because he was a more adroit swordsman than Capt. Mayer. The man who has been killed was an able, scientific professor in the Polytechnic School and a gallant officer whose services were of great value to the government. It is cheering to observe that public sentiment in France severely condemns this duel and that De Mores has been arrested. It is to be hoped that he will be awarded the severest punishment the law allows and that this worthless, disreputable Marquis may soon find himself at hard labor behind the stone walls of some French penitentiary."



HOW "THE TRIBUNE'S" FIGHTING EDITOR WILL ENTERTAIN THE BELLIGERENT MARQUIS.

### WANTS IT FOUGHT WITH AXES.

#### Vere Davies Suggests a Violent Method of Settlement—An Anarchist's Idea.

Vere Davies of Davies & Keene of the Greenroom Saloon said:

"I would suggest that the battle be fought with axes. Because of the nature of the implements of war the ring should be double the old-time twenty-four foot limit, because it requires more room for parrying with axes than gloves."

"Where is your brother, Parson Davies?"

"I just got a letter from him. He was just going to Paris. He has no doubt gone there to see the Markee de Mores, feel of his pulse, and look at his tongue. I will take the authority to say that my brother, the Parson, will second The Tribune in its set-to with the French fire-swallower. The Parson has been studying up the French—their language and manners. He will get home Sept. 1. The Parson is a thorough-going American, and, being up with the code and rules of all legitimate contests, will be a valuable second for The Tribune. Let me tell you that The Tribune is highly regarded by all lovers of legitimate sports because of the prominence it has given to sporting news.

"We always stay with our friends. To show my good faith I will say that I will wager $5,000 to $1,000 that The Tribune wins the fight, no matter if they fight with broad-swords, gloves, axes, or bows and arrows."

F. B. Malcolm said: "I would suggest they fight July 4 on the World's Fair grounds with snow-balls. Let Mayor Washburne do the squeezing of the snow-balls for The Tribune and let some French nobleman be imported to do the same for the 'Markee.'"

Zycho Zogalinski, the Anarchist, was seen at No. 650 Blue Island avenue. He said: "While we have no use for such capitalistic sheets as The Tribune, yet as between America and France we are with America. Call on us for bombs. We are with you at every stage of the game. We will gladly aid The Tribune in exterminating De Mores.

James A. O'Connell, President of the Building Trades Council, and a representative leader of organized labor, said: "The Stars and Stripes must triumph over the tricolor of France. Down with the 'Marseillaise;' up with the 'Star Spangled Banner.' Have the fight out on the Lake-Front some Sunday, so that all the workingmen of Chicago can attend. We are with The Tribune in this duel."

Thomas J. Morgan, Socialist, said: "I should think those differences might be adjusted at the ballot-box. I am opposed to any fiercer method of settling such controversies. Away with such ferocious methods, which impair the clothing, jam up the feelings, and not infrequently cause blood to flow through holes in the cuticle."

### GUILTY OF GROSS IRREGULARITY.

#### New York Authorities Say De Mores Should Have Posted a Forfeit.

New York, July 26.—[Special.]—Pursuant to instructions the correspondent of The Tribune sought the opinion today of a number of sporting authorities as to the proper course for The Tribune to follow in its little affair "in the honneur" with the doughty Marquis de Mores. The uniform response to the question was that the Frenchman undoubtedly intended his letter as a challenge and that The Tribune must fight. The case was first laid before Al Smith, the official referee of the Coney Island Athletic club, owner of the White Elephant poolroom, first backer of John L. Sullivan, and one of the best-known sporting authorities in the country.

"Of course, if The Tribune won't apologize it must fight," said Smith after carefully considering the matter. "I see no other way out of it. This Marquis de Mores hasn't got the 'rep' of being a bluffer. He means business, that's certain.

"The Marquis has gone at this thing in a bungling way, though. Under the French rules he should have sent some friend of his to The Tribune, or, at least, named some friend with whom a friend of The Tribune could settle the preliminaries.

"Then again, under the American rules, the Marquis should have posted a forfeit with the *Clipper* or the *Police Gazette* to show that he means business. Still, The Tribune can't ignore the challenge on account of its irregularity. It should at once communicate with the Marquis, naming some friend who would be pleased to confer with any friend the Marquis might choose to act for him.

"It's not for me to suggest the terms on which the fight shall take place. That's for the seconds to arrange. If you have a good hitter to put up against De Mores I think a twenty-four-foot ring and brass knuckles might be effective in teaching him something about the freedom of the American press. That's about as much show as some American papers give a man when they get after him. But I dare say The Tribune harbors no malice towards De Mores and is anxious to give him all the show in the world. In that case have your man wear pillows on his hands instead of gloves."

Charley Johnson, who is John L. Sullivan's principal backer, was of the opinion that The Tribune would do great injustice to the best interests of sporting if it refused to accept the challenge. He stands ready to back The Tribune's office boy for any amount, provided the battle is put off until after the Sullivan-Corbett affair.

"According to the French code," said Judge Dick Newton of the Coney Island Athletic club, "the challenged party has the right to name the weapons. If The Tribune will put up its office boy and stipulate that he be allowed to wear pillows instead of four-ounce gloves I think it would make an interesting featherweight mill. The Coney Island Athletic club will hang up a purse for the event and guarantee the Marquis immunity from arrest."

Jimmy Wakely, John Kelley, and other well-known sporting-men became enthusiastic when the matter was broached to them. They were profuse in their offers of assistance in arranging details or managing the affair. Dick Roche was the only one who seemed disposed to take the Marquis' side of the controversy. The others attributed this to a natural sympathy on the part of Roche with the cause of a fellow-countryman.

### HAS BEEN THERE HIMSELF.

#### The Victor in Many Duels Anxious to Meet the Bellicose Marquis.

Col. Thomas H. Monstery, the broadswordsman, principal of the Chicago School-at-Arms, said:

"I hate those foreign bullies. De Mores is one of them. The Frenchman cannot bully the Americans."

"I will accept that challenge as a substitute for the fighting editor of The Tribune.

"You may say in The Tribune that a substitute volunteers to appear for the fighting editor in this contest. He a man past 77 years of age, a light old man, a gentleman of irreproachable character, of as high rank as De Mores, and in military lines a General. Say I will fight him for the honor of America against France with any of the following weapons, he, of course, being entitled to choose the weapons:

"Pistols at ninety feet, advance and fire at will.

"Apé combat (triangular swords).

"Sabers or any cutting swords; cuts alone, no thrusts.

"Bayonets, go as you please.

"Bowie knives, and 'no protection,' if he desires to renew his experience in the wild West.

"With the fist, go as you please, no time.

"I prefer a shiny weapon. I am of a kind, philanthropic disposition, and as firearms demand, even with the most skillful shot, to aim at the heart, allowing for misses, a man is a murderer at the beginning. Humanity may not then be displayed. On the contrary, with the shiny weapon I would only attempt to clip the wings of my honored opponent. Should my philanthropic remarks be misconstrued, state that if my honored opponent wants death he can find it. My opponent will have the choice of weapons. We cannot fight here. I will fight him in Mexico or Belgium. He can't bluff the Americans in that sort of way. I am a Gothic American. My address is Chicago School at Arms, Rooms 8 to 11, Nos. 77 to 79 Clark street."

Col. Monstery has served under twelve flags, has been connected with fifty-three duels, has scars of twenty-two wounds on his body, weighs less than 150 pounds, has been a General or Colonel in the armies of half a dozen of the leading nations of the world, and has a world-wide reputation as a duelist and army fighter.

The surviving veterans of the Mexican war met yesterday at Col. Monstery's school-at-arms. Twenty of the twenty-seven members of the association in the State attended. Addresses were delivered by Col. Turnlee, the President, and J. Jurgens, Secretary. They will hold their annual banquet at Lassagne's restaurant Sept. 15.

### DISAPPROVES THE FRENCH METHOD.

#### Col. Thomas Jefferson Dolan Will Meet the Marquis in a Ring—Forfeit Posted.

Col. Thomas Jefferson Dolan was drilling the fire department of the Garfield Park race track when a reporter for The Tribune showed him the Marquis' letter. The fire department consisted of a dozen or more men who carried fire extinguishers on their backs, and the Colonel was putting them through a course of sprouts on the backstretch.

"Halt," cried the Colonel. "Parade rest. To your stations at the bar! You are dismissed until the Common Council meets again."

The Colonel took the letter and, mounting a high board fence, read the document reflectively. After a time he spoke in these words, holding the letter between the thumb and finger of his right hand, with the dexterity and easy grace resulting from long experience with wiener-wurst and tomales:

"Thirty-eight Rue de Mont Thabor. Let me see. I know that street. It's in Saginaw; so it is. Saginaw, Mich. O my, O me. Listen to him! It's fight! Begorra it's fight! Ain't he a hot one? And look at the writin'! As fine as copy plate. O, that Frinchman! The writin' looks like the menyeu of a Frinch tabble dote. 'Pon me soul, he wants to fight. And he's so polite, too. Butther wouldn't melt in his mouth, and he'd jab a long sword through your vitals and vittles with no compunctions at all, at all. What a beastly way to settle a difference. They goes out before day in France, with a doctor and no breakfast, dressed in black broadcloth and tall silk hats, and cuts and shoots each other. That's proper form over there, but it's no good on Clark street. Here it would be a welt with a brick in a blind alley or a finish fight. But ye have him. Ye see he has to come to yer terms. A twenty-four foot ring and gloves as big as sleeping-car pillows. Then go it. Don't think of any other kind of a fight. No little ring, bare knuckles, or four-ounce gloves. Not for Tommy. Get the big wans. The biggest that comes and do him up good. I will be glad to be of any assistance I can. Just now I'm busy putting my min in a new dhrill, police extinguishin'; I call it. The dhrill is death to fires and murdher to the police."

Late last night the following letter which speaks for itself was received:

Office of Wm. M. Boyle,  
Calhoun Place, Chicago,  
"We never sleep."  
"Key thrown away."

Editor of The Tribune:  
In re Marquis de Mores:

Since no other man express a wish  
To try and tan his hide,  
I'll fight him for the champion belt,  
And fifty pound a side.

Yours,  
Thomas Jefferson Dolan.

P. S.—As an evidence of good faith I inclose a fifty dollar bill, earnest money. T. J. D.

Once more.

We will stand for the other $200, as we have some of the goods left.

William M. Boyle,  
Michael Mallory.

The fifty-dollar note inclosed was made in Richmond, Va., in December, 1862, and bears an excellent likeness of the late Hon. Jefferson Davis.

Senator Hank Evans of Aurora said: "I want to be sergeant-at-arms at that fight. I will bring all the Kane County boys up. We will wager our cucumbers and pumpkins on the fighting editor against the Markee cowboy and masher."

Alf Kennedy, trainer of Billy Myer, said: "I would suggest that they fight with large, roomy gloves. I will get Jesse Bennett to make a couple of pairs of gloves for the event. They will be pillowy. The bouts should be in series—best three in five. Let them run on different days. Make them come toward the last of each week and have excursions run in from the country. Have a few local sparring events before the set-to. I would suggest George Siler as referee. He is an old ring veteran, a good, square gentleman, and his character is above reproach. If Carter Harrison would accept I would suggest him as a second to the fighting editor. The box privileges alone for such an event would be worth thousands of dollars, to say nothing of the peanut, popcorn, and hot tomale sales."

### WILL SERVE AS BOTTLE-HOLDER.

#### John L. Wants "The Tribune's" Heaviest Pressman to Run Against the "Markee."

Bay Head, L. I., July 26.—[Special.]—Champion John L. Sullivan consents to act as bottle-holder for The Tribune in case a mill is arranged with the Marquis de Mores.

"Make the Frenchman put up or shut up," said John L. curtly, when asked his opinion of the challenge. "If he wants to fight as bad as he makes believe let him put up a forfeit, the stakes to go to some asylum for the feeble-minded, after all expenses are taken out, of course. These fun fighters, like this Frenchman, make me weary. The Tribune ought to pick out its heaviest pressman and run him against the 'Markee' in a twenty-four foot ring with skin gloves.

"Put the fight off until after I do this man Corbett and I'll referee it, or hold the bottle or anything else so as to get close enough to see the fun. Between us two, I think this 'Markee' is as big a bluffer as Charley Mitchell."

### SHOULD ACCEPT THE CHALLENGE.

#### James J. Corbett Thinks the Printer's Devil About De Mores' Size.

Asbury Park, N. J., July 26.—[Special.]—James J. Corbett, who is in training here for his battle with John L. Sullivan, was greatly interested when informed of the prospects for another international mill.

"The Tribune ought to accept the challenge at once," he said, "and stipulate that De Mores shall go into training immediately, because, if you don't, some other French fire-eater may accidentally kill the Marquis before the time for his fight with The Tribune, and you would have all your trouble for nothing. Yes, I'll hold the bottle or the sponge, and the stake, too, if The Tribune wishes. If John L. will second the Frenchman I will stand in The Tribune corner.

"The individual responsibility in this case will, of course, have to be settled by The Tribune," continued the ex-bank clerk, with a smile. "Now The Tribune don't want to take an unfair advantage of the Marquis, I am sure. So in order to even things up why not shift the responsibility onto the kid who pulls the proofs in The Tribune composing-room? He was the first to print the objectionable articles, and I think he would be about the Marquis' size. No, I wouldn't have the fight in a twenty-four foot ring. Give the Frenchman a show for his life, and be sure to search him for concealed weapons when he comes to the scratch."

### ASPHALT PAVING COMPANIES EXCITED.

#### Charges Made Against Each Other by the Standard and the Barber.

The session of the West Park Board yesterday was of a lively character. In its report on the bids for the paving with asphalt of Warren avenue, Fortieth street, and Washington boulevard west of Garfield Park, the Improvement committee recommended the two bidders, the Standard Paving company and the Barber Asphalt company, the former being the lowest bidder by 15 cents a square yard. Commissioner Mason said he had been notified that the Barber company intended to contest the right of the Standard company to receive the contract. George L. Thatcher presented letters showing that the Standard company had a fully paid-up stock of $50,000, had in shipment 1,100,000 tons of ground asphalt from Trinidad, and had also three plants at its command.

E. R. Cox for the Barber company presented a petition for nine residents on Warren avenue asking that the work be done by his company. He also brought forward statements to the effect that the Standard company was not a legal corporation at the time it filed its bids, having only filed letters of incorporation the day previous; that it had no plant, was not intending to complete the work had not fulfilled the original specifications, as it had not and could not get asphalt from Pitch Lake, Trinidad.

Mr. Thatcher replied to these charges at great length in an excited manner, accusing Mr. Cox of bringing forward a "tissue of lies." He denied all Mr. Cox had said. After an excited discussion between the members of the board Commissioner Billings moved to award the contract to the lowest bidder, the Standard company. This motion was lost by this vote: Yeas—Billings, Blount, Kralovec. Nays—Mason, Weinhardt, Thompson. Commissioner Blount made a motion to adjourn, which was carried.

The highest bid for the purchase of the $500,000 of West Chicago bonds was made by the North American Loan and Trust company, $1.04 122-1000 and accrued interest. It was referred to the Finance committee with power to act.

The following contracts were awarded for improvements on Warren avenue, Fortieth street, and Washington boulevard west of Garfield Park:

Curb and gutter, the Hammel company, 64 95-100 cents a lineal foot.

Composition sidewalks; same contractors, 14 45-100 cents a square foot.

Lamp-posts and lamps; John Stewart, $8.65 for lamps and $7.09 for posts.

Common filling; R. F. Conway, 55 cents a cubic yard.

Trees; P. S. Peterson, $4.90 each.

### SUES THE AMERICAN WATCH TRUST.

#### The Dueber Company Charges a Conspiracy to Drive It Out of Business.

Canton, O., July 26.—[Special.]—A telegram late this afternoon to John C. Dueber of the Dueber Watch Case company of this city notified him that Treasurer Moore has begun suit for $950,000 damages against the American Watch Trust, the Elgin company being served today. The cases are begun in the Supreme Court of New York County and the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. Mr. Dueber said tonight the trouble began when his company refused to be a member of the watch trust. A systematic boycotting of Dueber goods began. None of the trust factories would sell any watch movement to any dealer who sold Dueber cases. It is charged threats were made and conspiracy entered into to ruin the business of the company then located at Cincinnati and Newport, Ky. The companies named as defendants in the watch combination are:

The American Waltham Watch company, the Bay State Watch Case company, the Brooklyn Watch Case company, the Cheshire Watch company, the Courvoisier Wilcox Manufacturing company, the Elgin National Watch company, the E. Howard Watch and Clock company, the Illinois Watch company, the Keystone Watch Case company, the Seth Thomas Clock company, James H. Noyes, Joseph Fahys, Henry F. Cook, and George E. Fahys, composing the firm of Joseph Fahys & Co.; George M. Bacon and Joseph M. Bales, formerly composing the firm of Bales & Bacon; Jacob Muhr and Simon Muhr, composing the firm of H. Muhr's Sons; Frank Duhme, Charles Duhme, and Robert H. Galbreath, formerly composing the firm of Duhme & Co.

## IS A BOGUS BARONET.

### HENRY C. COOK ARRESTED IN NEW YORK FOR SWINDLING.

#### Represented Himself to Be Sir Edwin Cook and a Cousin of Earl Dudley—He Secured Many Valuable Watches on Forged Checks—Astor's Will Submitted for Probate—President Tracey of the Illinois League Meets Whitelaw Reid—They Want Part of the World's Fair Money.

New York, July 26.—[Special.]—A swindler for whom the police have been looking was arrested last night by Detectives Titus and Hrausch. He is the notorious Englishman who has swindled many persons by pretending to be Sir Edwin Cook, a cousin of Earl Dudley, and a relative of Lord Mandeville. The prisoner's name is Henry E. Cook. He was arrested last night at No. 215 East Tenth street on complaints that have been made lately to Inspector Steers by down-town jewelers about a man who was going around defrauding them of gold watches and jewelry. The fellow sometimes gave his name as Wilson and sometimes as Williams.

His method was to present a forged letter of introduction from some business-man acquainted with the firm. Then he would select a watch and have it sent to the Lotos club. When the messenger arrived Cook took the watch and gave the messenger a worthless check. In this way he has swindled jewelers out of $1,000 worth of stock in the last month.

Cook was identified at police headquarters this morning by representatives of Lindo Bros., Samuel Hammond, and Squires & Son, all of whom he has swindled. He got a watch from Lindo Bros. July 2 worth $250. He also got a watch valued at $150 from Squires & Son and a watch worth $250 from Hammond.

He went to Hammond with a forged letter of introduction from a member of the Manhattan club. Inspector Steers says there are more complaints against him. The prisoner traveled through the West representing himself as Sir Edward Cook. He had letters representing that he was a cousin of the Earl of Dudley and that he was on a visit to this country to carry out some extensive business operations.

Last March Cook presented himself at the office of the New Jersey Central railroad with a letter purporting to be from E. Ward, District Superintendent of the London and Northwestern railway at Chester, England, introducing him as C. H. Cook, Assistant Superintendent of that railway, traveling in America for railroad inspection purposes, and requesting all American railways to favor Mr. Cook with passes.

Cook is a glib talker. He said he was an ex-Captain of the Eighty-eighth Regiment, Connaught Rangers, and had served in India. He got all the passes he wanted and he traveled free over a good deal of the United States and Canada before it was discovered that he was an imposter. He told Inspector Steers today that he was once Captain of Police in New Zealand. He will be arraigned at the Tombs Police Court tomorrow morning.

### PRESENTED THE ASTOR WILL.

#### It Is Offered for Probate—The Inheritance Tax.

New York, July 26.—[Special.]—The will of the late William Astor was admitted to probate in the Surrogate's office today. The executors, Messrs. John Jacob Astor, Philip Kissam, Henry Day, and William Cruikshank, appeared before Chief Clerk Tinney, and the formalities were gone through with. Mr. Tinney said that the will and codicils had been in the office since Friday last, but that Surrogate Ransom was on his vacation and nothing could be done until today, when he returned. The executors will at once ask for the appointment of appraisers, whose duty it will be to value the large real and personal estate of the dead millionaire. Owing to the vast amount of real estate owned by Mr. Astor this task will be anything but an easy one and there is no telling when the work will be finished. When finished a report of the condition of the estate will be turned over to the surrogate. No estimate as to the value of the property owned by the testator could be made by the executors.

It was stated at the Controller's office that no estimate of the State tax on the estate could be made until it was settled up. The real property all goes to the direct heirs and no tax can be levied on that part of the estate. There is a tax of 1 per cent on the personal property which was left to the direct heirs, and on the personal property to the collateral heirs a tax of 5 per cent is due. The bequests taxed under the latter division amount to less than $100,000. The tax on this, therefore, is $5,000. The personal property left by Mr. Astor is estimated at $20,000,000, and the State tax would be $200,000, so that the whole tax levied by the State would be $205,000. These legacies are exempt from taxation: Firemen's Beneficial fund, $10,000; the Association for the Relief of Aged and Indigent Females, $15,000; Trustees of the Astor Library, $50,000; New York City Mission and Tract Society, $25,000; the Rector, vestrymen, etc., of Trinity Church, $15,000; The Woman's Hospital of New York City, $15,000: Home for Incurables, $10,000; St. Luke's Hospital Association of Jacksonville, Fla., $15,000.

The following legacies are subject to a tax of 5 per cent; James S. Armstrong of Rhinebeck, $30,000; John Irving, New York, $25,000; Johanna Best, New York, $500 per year during life; Thomas Hade, New York, $5,000.

### TOOK HIM FOR A GLEE CLUB MAN.

#### President Tracy of the Illinois League Has an Adventure at Ophir Farm.

New York, July 26.—[Special.]—One of the best stories of the campaign thus far is told at the expense of President Tracy of the Illinois State League of Republican Clubs and Whitelaw Reid. Mr. Tracy came to this city Sunday and saw Chairman Carter. He said he wished to see Mr. Reid.

"Well," said Mr. Carter, "I'll telephone to Mr. Reid that you are coming and I am sure he will have his carriage at the station to meet you."

Mr. Carter telephoned and Mr. Tracy took the train. At the station the man from Illinois looked in vain for Mr. Reid's carriage. Then he took a public conveyance and rode out to Ophir farm. He was ushered into the sitting-room and sent in his name.

Word came back from Mr. Reid that he could not see Mr. Tracy. The visitor insisted that his business was important, and was told to sit down and wait. Finally he said that he had a letter from the President and Mr. Reid sent him word to send in the letter. In a minute Mr. Reid came out with his face aflame and laughing at the same time.

"Mr. Tracy," said he, "you and I are the victims of circumstances. Here is the message I got over the telephone. 'Mr. Tracy, President of the Illinois Glee club, will call on you today.'"

### CRACKER BAKERY DESTROYED.

#### Dangerous Fire, Which Calls Out All Available Men—Narrow Escapes.

New York, July 26.—[Special.]—One of the most dangerous fires with which the department of the city has had to deal occurred a few minutes after 6 o'clock this morning. One wing of the six-story brick building of the New York Cracker company's structures, which occupy the block bounded by Fifteenth street, Tenth avenue, the North River, and Sixteenth street, was gutted. A large quantity of valuable machinery was ruined and 10,000 barrels of flour in the cellar was destroyed. The loss is estimated by Chief Bonner at $200,000. The police estimate is $500,000. What caused the fire is unknown. Four alarms were turned in for the first time since the Hotel Royal disaster.

The buildings form one of the largest factory properties in the city. The owners—the New York Cracker and Biscuit company—comprise the firms of Holmes & Couttes, Van Derver & Holmes, Holmes, Gilmore & Co., Auger Bros., and Edward Field & Ducker. The factory has a capacity of manufacturing 1,000 barrels of crackers a day and 250 men, boys, and girls are employed. The heat was intense and several ladders were burned while the firemen were on them.

Water tower No. 6 was at work in Tenth avenue under the personal supervision of Chief Bonner. Suddenly there was a sound of breaking iron. Chief Bonner looked up and saw the water tower pipes falling toward him. He leaped to one side just as a ton of iron fell at his feet. Several firemen were cut by flying fragments, but none were seriously injured. The hoisting machinery had broken. After two hours work the firemen got the flames under control. Only the walls of the building and a part of the first floor were left standing. All of the machinery fell with the floors to the cellar on top of the 10,000 barrels of flour. The origin of the fire is a mystery. There was no fire or gas on the floor and the boilers are in another wing. President Holmes is inclined to think that the fire was due to incendiarism.

### HAVE CHANGED THE IDEA.

#### New-Yorkers Want to Use World's Fair Money for the Home Celebration.

New York, July 26.—[Special.]—Capt. Alfred Thompson, who planned the artists' parade in Munich, Germany, was awarded the contract for designing and superintending the construction of the allegorical floats to be used in the parade Oct. 12 at a meeting today of the Executive and Plan and Scope committees of the Columbus celebration. It was determined to issue guide-books containing a list of hotels, boarding and lodging houses which are approved by the police authorities. Observation stands, free to everybody, will be erected along the line of march to be picked out by the Mayor. James Delafield, Samuel W. Fairchild, James W. Tappen, and John W. Scott were elected honorary members of the Executive committee. The committee will ask from the State World Fair Commissioners for use here a part of the $300,000 appropriated by the Legislature last winter for the New York exhibit at Chicago.

### HILL MAY GO TO EUROPE.

#### Rumors That the New York Senator Will Finish the Season Abroad.

New York, July 26.—[Special.]—The latest rumor about Senator David B. Hill is that he is contemplating a trip to Europe. Senator Hill has been at Normandie-by-the-Sea since Friday. When he went there it was announced that he would not return to Washington until the next session of Congress, and the Senator has said that he intended remaining at the seashore from five to seven weeks and would come to this city at intervals to attend to matters which he might deem worthy of attention. If the Senator takes a European trip it probably will not be until after the meeting of the Democratic State committee at the Hoffman House Aug. 6, and his friends assert that he will return in ample time to make it clear to all his followers whether he desires them to vote for Cleveland or remain at home.

### WILL NOT SUPPORT CLEVELAND.

#### Daniel M. Somers Resigns from the Democratic Committee—Wants No Free Trade.

New York, July 26.—[Special.]—Ex-Park Commissioner Daniel M. Somers of Brooklyn has resigned from the Democratic General committee and declared that he will not support Cleveland as he cannot indorse the free trade plank of the Democracy. Mr. Somers is one of the leading tin manufacturers of the country. Since the adoption of the McKinley bill, Somers Bros., of which Mr. Somers is a member, have put up an immense tin factory in Brooklyn.

### NEWS OF THE METROPOLIS.

#### Chauncey M. Depew Will Sail for Europe on the Majestic—Other Notes.

New York, July 26.—[Special.]—Chauncey M. Depew will sail for Europe on the Majestic of the White Star line at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning He will not be gone longer than six weeks. "The doctors say," remarked Mr. Depew today, "that the older a man grows the less work he should do. But it seems to me that as I grow older my work increases. The last year I have done more hard work than in any previous year of my life. I have done more railroad work, more political and literary work than ever before, and I feel the effects of it all. Inability to sleep, rheumatic pains, and other signs point to the necessity of a change and rest. I shall return on or about Sept. 1, prepared to wear a cape and carry a torch in the triumphal Harrison and Reid campaign."

#### Death of Washington Nathan.

The death of Washington Nathan, son of Benjamin and Emily G. Nathan, at Boulogne, France, yesterday, was announced this morning. He was 44 years of age. The cause of death was not stated. Washington Nathan was the son of the late Benjamin Nathan, who was murdered July 29, 1870, at his home, No. 12 West Twenty-third street. The surprising announcement was also made that Washington died almost penniless and that for the last several years he had been seriously embarrassed in a financial way. In 1879 when his mother died she left a fortune of $1,000,000. In addition to this he received $75,000 from his father's estate and $25,000 from his grandmother's and $10,000 from an aunt's.

#### Henry Bergman Commits Suicide.

Henry Bergman, manager of a wholesale clothing establishment at No. 636 Broadway, was found dead this morning in a room at the Grand Union Hotel, with a bullet wound over the right temple. Bergman registered at the hotel at 8 o'clock last night and was assigned to Room 11. Among the dead man's effects were found a certificate signed by Dr. Vanderpoel which affirmed that Mr. Bergman was a sufferer from a chronic trouble, and it is thought to be the motive for the suicide.

#### Thinks the Alva May Be Raised.

Seven men of the crew of the yacht Alva arrived from Boston this morning on a Fall River line steamer. One of the men said that the steam launch had been got up from the wreck, and that he thought there would be no difficulty in raising the wreck. It lies in thirty feet of water, and could be easily got at during low water. The Merritt Wrecking company has two wrecking boats on the scene.

#### Buried in Greenwood.

On the grassy knoll just off Cypress Path in Greenwood Cemetery, where is the tomb of Robert Ray, gravediggers opened the entrance to one of the subterranean chambers Monday, and today at noon the body of Robert Ray Hamilton was laid to rest. The transfer of Hamilton's body to this city from his Wyoming ranch was conducted with secrecy, for it was not intended that the public should know that it had even been brought East. Under these conditions the body arrived at the Grand Central Station Monday evening on the Chicago express-train. In charge of the remains was Gen. George E. P. Howard, who had the body exhumed and accompanied it East. The metallic casket was opened this morning in the presence of Messrs. Spier and Baylies, who looked at the body and satisfied themselves of its identity.

#### Saratoga Gambling-Houses Closed.

The great battle against the gamblers has been fought and the result is that but two of Saratoga's many gambling resorts are open tonight—Spencer's club-house and the Boston game. All the minor places are actually closed and the doors of the Chicago game have not yet been opened. Spencer's place was formally thrown open Saturday evening, though the place was not put into full running order until today. A strong fight has been made against the gambling resorts.

#### Died While Waiting.

Samuel H. Lefevre, an aged retired manufacturer, for some months past has been in consultation with Smith & Marwin, lawyers, in regard to an estate valued at $6,000,000 in Scotland to which he believed himself to be the heir. To institute proceedings Mr. Marwin had arranged with Mr. Lefevre to accompany him to Scotland. This morning Mr. Lefevre visited the offices of his lawyer and while waiting to see a member of the firm he was overcome by the heat and died.

#### To Carry Its Floating Debt.

The Northern Pacific has arranged with several banks of this city to carry its floating debt for another year. It is said to be $8,000,000. It is said that the new floating debt notes bear 6 per cent interest and that they are secured by a deposit of Chicago and Northern Pacific 5 per cent bonds and other Northern Pacific treasury certificates.

#### To Recover British Gold.

The little flotilla anchored off Port Morris, waiting to pick up from the bottom of the Sound $4,800,000 reported to have been dragged down in the coffers of a British man-of-war in 1780 has so far met with little encouragement. All they have succeeded in getting is a few coins, a few bits of porcelain, and considerable flint, which was used as ballast in the last century.

#### Celebrated the Columbus Statue Project.

Members of fifty Italian societies joined today in a celebration of the project to erect a statue of Columbus in this city. They met in Washington square and marched down Broadway to the City Hall, where they were reviewed by Mayor Grant and the members of the committee of 100. From there most of the paraders went to Sulzer's Park, where picnic festivities continued until night. At 5 o'clock Commissioner Wahle delivered an address.

## ONLY ONE BODY FOUND

### JESSE M. MILLER A VICTIM OF THE BAY CITY FIRE.

#### Overcome by Heat and Smoke While Striving to Save His Home—List of Losses as Nearly as Can Be Ascertained—Robbers Add to the Horrors of the Scene—Relief Committees Caring for the Homeless People—Narrow Escape of the Rest of the City from Destruction.

Bay City, Mich., July 26.—[Special.]—The advent of morning shows a scene of desolation such as no Michigan city has ever experienced. The fire occurred in the extreme south end of the city in what was formerly the Village of Portsmouth, one of the first settlements on the Saginaw River, and it is now practically all a desolate waste. Every business house of any importance is gone.

As careful a statement of the burned buildings as could be made places the number as follows: Dwellings, 235 to 250; Second Baptist and Fremont Avenue Methodist Churches; stores and saloons, 30; hotels, 3; barns, 38; lumber yards, 24; roller rinks, 4; blacksmith shop, paint shop, livery stable, office, shingle shed, sawmill, salt block, and cooper shop. Owners of property are scattered all over the city and anything like a complete statement of the loss is impossible to obtain. The heaviest losers are, of course, the owners of the mills and the lumber. Following are some of the heaviest losers:

| *Owners and business.* | *Loss.* | *Insurance.* |
|---|---|---|
| Miller & Turner, sawmill | $ 40,000 | $24,000 |
| Miller & Turner, salt block | 10,000 | None |
| Miller & Turner, docks and trams | 8,000 | 3,000 |
| Fisher & Turner, 10,000,000 feet lumber | 116,000 | 93,000 |
| A. M. Miller & Co., 3,000,000 feet lumber | 60,000 | 40,000 |
| Stover & Larkin, hardware | 15,000 | 8,000 |
| Briske & Forcia, general store | 15,000 | Partial |
| Albert Miller, house and contents | 11,000 | 8,000 |

The losses on dwelling houses have been ascertained from the assessment rolls. In but few cases was it possible to find the owners and learn the amount of insurance carried. The losses above $1,000 are as follows:

| *Owner.* | *Loss.* | *Insurance.* |
|---|---|---|
| A. H. Morden | $1,000 | $..... |
| Dr. C. Hovey | 1,000 | ..... |
| Joshua Fox | 1,000 | ..... |
| Charles Smith | 1,200 | ..... |
| Andrew Miller | 1,000 | ..... |
| P. F. Glynn | 1,500 | ..... |
| Charles Tuttle | 1,000 | ..... |
| Valentine Irbue (saloon) | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| A. J. Shanley (two houses) | 1,900 | None |
| E. H. Reynolds (store and dwelling) | 3,500 | 2,200 |
| Baptist church | 3,000 | ..... |
| Methodist church and parsonage | 5,000 | 2,800 |
| C. A. Hewitt | 3,000 | 2,000 |
| John Adams | 1,200 | ..... |
| John C. Bock | 2,000 | ..... |
| Frank Walther | 1,000 | ..... |
| H. A. Boiteau (store and dwelling) | 4,000 | ..... |
| George Hose | 1,200 | ..... |
| William Larkin | 1,000 | ..... |
| Dr. Hoyt | 1,500 | ..... |
| A. W. Johnson | 1,200 | ..... |
| D. C. Beeber | 1,300 | ..... |
| J. G. Lohner | 2,200 | ..... |
| I. Reulle | 5,000 | ..... |
| J. Schrader | 2,000 | ..... |
| G. A. Root | 2,000 | ..... |
| Charles Winterhatter | 3,000 | ..... |
| Duncan McGregor | 2,000 | ..... |
| J. H. Beeber | 2,000 | ..... |
| Mrs. M. E. Randall | 2,000 | none |
| George Tanner | 2,000 | none |
| Mrs. C. M. Southworth | 3,200 | ..... |
| Mrs. Crampton (hotel) | 3,000 | none |
| Dr. Clarke (two stores) | 4,000 | ..... |
| A. B. Gould (five houses and hotel) | 7,000 | ..... |
| F. H. Mason | 5,000 | none |
| Mrs. H. S. Marble | 3,000 | ..... |
| Jesse M. Miller | 2,500 | ..... |
| L. Mason (Carroll House) | 2,500 | ..... |
| A. Gosler | 2,000 | ..... |
| Thomas Riley | 2,000 | ..... |
| R. S. Pratt (two houses) | 1,500 | 1,200 |
| John A. Kelly | 1,500 | ..... |

The list is incomplete, but cannot be obtained further.

#### Death of Jesse M. Miller.

One of the saddest events of the fire is the burning of Jesse M. Miller. His remains were found in the ruins of his home this morning, the limbs being burned off and only portions of the trunk and head remaining. He was between 70 and 80 years old and one of the best known men of the city, and was one of its earliest residents, having carried the first regular mail between Bay City and Saginaw, making the trips on foot.

He held several local offices and was the candidate of the Greenback party for Congress in 1882. He was a member of the Bay City Board of Education at the time of his death. He had been fighting the fire in the vain hope of saving his home and while so engaged single-handed was overcome with the heat.

Albert Miller and family are among the heaviest sufferers, seemingly being pursued by a strange fate. Only two weeks ago the planing mill operated by A. M. Miller & Co., the firm being sons of Mr. Miller, was burned. The mill belonged to Albert Miller and Joseph Turner. The loss was $8,000. Last Saturday Miller Bros.' mill, on the middle ground, was burned, and the ruins blazed up again while yesterday's fire was in progress. This was owned by Albert, James, and Andrew Miller, and was valued at $30,000, with only $1,000 insurance. The story of their losses in yesterday's fire has been told. They include lumber worth $60,000, a number of dwelling-houses, besides their homes and Mr. Miller's interest in the Miller & Turner mill.

#### Caring for the Homeless.

Today the work of feeding and housing the hundreds of homeless ones was going on under the supervision of a committee appointed at a meeting of the Council last night. Shelter has been found for all, but there was scarcely a family in the entire burned district that did not lose everything in the line of clothing and household goods. Those who succeeded in removing things away from the flames were subjected to loss by vandals, who kept up their work of stealing all night long. Numerous arrests were made, but still the work went on.

One of the most fortunate features of the day was at a fire which broke out in the immense lumber establishment of Pitts & Cranage, three miles down the river from the scene of the conflagration. About 3 o'clock fire was discovered in one of the salt drill houses. The mill was shut down and the employés set to fighting it.

The drill-house was located amongst lumber piles, but the men succeeded in keeping the fire from spreading to them.

They thought that everything had been extinguished, and were congratulating themselves on their fortunate escape from another big loss, when flames were discovered in the tower of another drill-house 100 feet away, but right in the line of the wind. The timely arrival of West Bay City's last hose company was all that prevented the flames from extending to the lumber.

If that had happened the whole north end of the city would probably have been destroyed, as in the vicinity were 40,000,000 feet of lumber, which would have given the fire such a start that nothing could have controlled it until the last house in its path had been destroyed.

Montevideo, Minn., July 26.—At 3 o'clock this morning lightning struck the warehouse of Anderson, Arneson & Johnson at Maynard. The flames immediately communicated to the store building, which was consumed with its contents. The family living over the store escaped, but without clothing. Loss, $10,000; insurance, $6,000.

West Superior, Wis., July 26.—[Special.]—Money, food, and clothing are being collected here for the relief of sufferers by the Iron River fire. It is claimed that the town will be re built more substantially at once.

#### Ironworkers Strike for a Slight Advance.

Omaha, Neb., July 26.—[Special.]—Ironworkers connected with the Paxton & Vierling company struck today over a question of 1½ cents per hour advance. The men were paid off and substitutes quickly procured. A slight disturbance occurred when the non-union men went to work.

Emma Frederick.

Our Baby

Was a beauty, fair, plump, and healthy. But when two years old Scrofula Humor spread over her head, neck, and forehead down into her eyes, one great sore, itching and burning. Hood's Sarsaparilla gave her new life and appetite. Then the humor subsided, the itching and burning ceased, and the sores entirely healed up. She is now perfectly well." I. W. FREDERICK, Danforth-st., near Crescent-av., Cypress Hill, Brooklyn, N. Y.

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## LA REGALONCITA TAKEN FROM COLUMBIA THEATER STAGE.

**The Illinois Humane Society Steps in and Compels the Child to Give Up Appearing in Public Performances—Strong Words of Mr. Davis—Drs. Boyd and Berry Exonerated in the Case of the O'Brien Girl—Hearing of the Charges Against Mrs. Bradford Began.**

The Illinois Humane Society exercised its power last night and prevented the child dancer, La Regaloncita, or better perhaps, Mildred Ewer, from appearing in her dances and recitations on the stage at the Columbia Theater. The action of the society had been held in contemplation since the little child first made her appearance in Chicago two weeks ago, but for some reason its enforcement was deferred until within four days of the end of the engagement. After no little opposition on the part of Mr. Davis, the manager of the theater, Mr. Price, the manager of the "Miss Helyett" company, and Mrs. Ewer, the child's mother, the demands of the society were acceded to and the officers were assured that the child would not appear in public again during the present engagement.

Manager Will Davis expressed himself forcibly on the subject of the child's removal. At the end of the first act he led the 7-year-old child before the curtain and explained why she could not appear as advertised. After introducing the little one, who, attired in a pretty gown of yellow silk, stood smiling at his side, he said that after the officers of the society had admitted they could find no indication that the child's work was harmful to her, they had arbitrarily decided that she should not appear again. He claimed that their action was instigated by Elbridge Gerry's society in New York, which only a few weeks ago prevented the child from appearing in New York and arrested her mother when she persisted in her attempts to keep the little dancer on the stage. He explained that the child received excellent care from her mother, who in no case would sanction her work if there was any indication that it would ultimately injure health. He said that the society daily overlooked the 50,000 children under the age of 14 years who were compelled to work from morning until night in the streets of Chicago, without a parent's care or interest taken in their behalf. He closed by inviting the audience into the foyer, where little Regaloncita would hold a reception.

At the end of the following act the entire audience left the theater and gathered about the little girl, who received her guests from a position on a table. Here she recited a poem, telling of her troubles with the New York society.

John L. Shortall, the attorney for the Humane Society, said yesterday:

"Dr. Noble, the County Physician, saw Regaloncita when she first appeared in Chicago, and became convinced that the work the child was compelled to do was too arduous for one at her age. Then there was a delay of two weeks, and Tuesday night Dr. Arthur W. Bigelow, Officers Little and Tyson of the company, and myself attended the performance to satisfy ourselves that Dr. Noble was right. At the close of the performance we examined the child, and on Dr. Bigelow's expressing the opinion that the child's work was too severe and likely to cause nervous diseases after she had reached maturity, we notified the company and the theater that we would take action to prevent the child's appearing again.

Regaloncita leaves with her mother for Long Branch, N. Y., tomorrow, where she will give exhibitions at a hotel to raise funds for carrying the New York case against her into the Supreme Court.

### DRS. BOYD AND BERRY EXONERATED.

**Chloroform Held to Have Caused Mary Grace O'Brien's Death.**

The inquest in the case of Mary Grace O'Brien, the 7-year-old daughter of John O'Brien, who lives at No. 312 Fortieth street, was held before Deputy Coroner Barrett at the Stanton Avenue Station yesterday afternoon. The little girl died from the effect of chloroform administered by Drs. Boyd and Berry while setting a broken arm. Dr. Boyd lives at No. 3950 Cottage Grove avenue and Dr. Berry, who is the family physician, has an office at Forty-third and Halsted streets. Mr. O'Brien, after hearing the verdict exonerating the doctors, left the station saying that he would have warrants sworn out for their alleged malpractice.

Dr. Berry failed to appear. Dr. Boyd, after stating that he was a graduate of Rush College and in active practice since 1878, testified that he declined to take the sole responsibility of setting the child's broken arm and suggested summoning Dr. Holmes, a surgeon of his acquaintance. In the meantime Dr. Berry was called. Dr. Boyd found the little girl's pulse and heart normal. He suggested procuring ether, but Dr. Berry produced a chloroform bottle.

"I objected," said Dr. Boyd, "to its use, but as a matter of professional etiquette, Dr. Berry being the family physician, I acquiesced and proceeded to give the anæsthetic to the child. In the meantime Dr. Berry unsuccessfully tried to reduce the dislocation and asked me to try. I gave him the chloroform bottle and he administered two additional doses of chloroform, making altogether about one and one-half drachms. I picked up the left one and found it rigid, indicating that the child was in convulsions. I told Dr. Berry that the child was breathing badly and to lower her head. This did not bring relief, and the doctor then held the child up by the feet while I made use of artificial respiration. We worked for some minutes in this manner and then replaced her on the table, still keeping up the artificial respiration. I listened for her heart and could not hear it, and at this juncture the child died."

The jury brought in a verdict finding that the child's death resulted from paralysis of the heart caused by an overdose of chloroform, but exonerated the doctors.

### JURORS FOR THE REDMOND CASE.

**Reckless Reasons Given in Court for Being Excused from Service.**

This jury was secured yesterday to try the Redmond murder case:

Max C. Volk, R. W. Waters, W. L. Rothschild, W. T. Van Allen, Julius Weil, Joseph G. Guthril, F. F. Whitman, Edward Hogan, F. W. Rogers, F. W. Dougherty, Julius Gruenwauld, and W. L. Perkins.

The lawyers have finished their opening addresses to the jury and the presentation of the evidence will begin today. Anxiety to escape jury service during this hot weather caused reckless reasons for being excused to be offered.

John B. Miller said an insane man ought to be hanged for committing murder while insane.

"What's that!" exclaimed the court. "Supposing a man, while insane as a mad dog, should kill a man, what would you do with him?"

"Shoot him like I would a mad dog."

"Stand aside, sir. You are not fit to do jury service."

Redmond still manifests stolid indifference to the proceedings.

### HEARING MRS. BRADFORD'S CASE.

**Somewhat Amusing Testimony Given Regarding Her Business Operations.**

Before the School Management committee of the Board of Education the charges against Mrs. Braddie B. Bradford, Principal of the Arnold School, were given a partial hearing yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. John Wagner of No. 319 Orchard street said she had two children, Lucie and George, in the Arnold school. Lucie, Mrs. Wagner said, had been struck on the head by Mrs. Bradford and George had been struck in the back and chest, causing permanent injury. One day, she testified, her daughter had a toothache and Mrs. Bradford gave her some toothache drops and then tried to sell her a bottle of the medicine.

Mrs. Weineman of No. 875 North Halsted street said Mrs. Bradford had come to her home and struck her son Frank in the face and thrown him down on the bed.

Frederick Katterle, who once owned a confectionery store at No. 228 Burling street, near the Arnold School, said Mrs. Bradford often struck boys around the school, and four years ago had thrown his son down a pair of stairs. Mrs. Bradford had once sold his wife a stove damper for $3.50 that, he said, was not worth 20 cents.

Leon Reeves, one of Mrs. Bradford's pupils, was called to corroborate the story about George Wagner's punishment. Mrs. Bradford's attorney developed the fact that the boy had been given car fare and five cents besides a dish of ice cream on the way to the City-Hall.

Miss Maggie Cook, one of the Arnold schoolteachers, said Mrs. Bradford had sold eggs and patent medicines in the school. She had heard of a dark room under the basement stairs in which children were confined. On one or two occasions she had found children shut in a room after school, where they had been forgotten. She had sent them home. Miss Cook said she knew that Mrs. Bradford had struck the boys.

Miss Skora, another of the teachers, said current report had it that promotion would follow the giving of presents to Mrs. Bradford. She had heard children pounding on the basement doors and trying to get out.

The committee adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

### SECOND-FLOOR WATER FAMINE.

**Selfish Waste of the First-Floor People the Cause of It.**

People who live above the first floor in the Northwestern part of the city are obliged to fill their bathtubs at night in order that they may have enough water in the morning to wash their hands and faces. No water comes through the pipes from sunrise until long after sunset, and Monday night second-story residents on Webster avenue got no response from a turned faucet until midnight. The water ran well enough from midnight until 6 a. m. yesterday. Then it stopped and failed to put in an appearance until late last evening. There is actual suffering on account of the lack of water.

People living on the first floor can secure all they want from their basements, and while living amidst plenty themselves seem to forget the plight of their neighbors above. The result of this forgetfulness is waste, and while careless people leave their faucets open and enjoy a steady flow those up two flights have neither water to drink nor to wash in. Along Center street and Webster avenue and other streets and avenues parallel and at right angles thereto one may count dozens of garden hose from which streams are almost constantly flowing.

At the Chicago avenue pumping station the pumps are being worked to their full capacity, and those in charge say that if people who have plenty of water would be a little less selfish there would be enough for all, up-stairs and down. Yesterday was ironing day for all who were fortunate enough to get their washing done Monday, but the ironing was of necessity postponed in dozens of homes because hot fires in stoves with water-boiler connections were dangerous.

There is more chance of getting water early in the morning, and as a result for the last two mornings every one has risen early and the unusual early demand rendered the small early supply unworthy of consideration.

### ALLEGED CONFIDENCE WOMAN.

**Mrs. Sadie Hall Accused of Some Exceedingly Clever Swindling.**

Mrs. Sadie Hall was arrested at No. 2929 State street yesterday afternoon. She is accused of swindling an unsuspecting woman out of $1,500. Forgery and obtaining money by false pretenses are the specific charges. Failing to secure bonds she was locked up at the armory.

Miss Ella Preston, a lady of middle age, caused the arrest. Now that she has parted with $900, the result of several years' earnings, beside $600 borrowed from a brother at Syracuse, N. Y., she is compelled to engage as a servant for a Michigan avenue family, near Twelfth street. The money was secured by alleged misrepresentations as to building a hotel in this city.

By alleged clever tricks Mrs. Hall is also said to have secured Miss Preston's two sewing machines, tickets for herself and her three children to Syracuse, N. Y., and Miss Preston's trunks.

Proprietor John Finn of the Linden House, corner of Fifth avenue and Harrison street, charges Mrs. Hall with promising to buy the hotel and taking charge for one day, collecting a week's rent from all the guests and the following day disappearing.

Mrs. Hall refuses to talk.

**Diamonds Lost in a Scuffle.**

Fred Meyer, whose picture can be seen on the front of the North Side Natatorium, was arrested Monday night charged with assault and battery. The complainant was A. A. Mudge, a New York traveling salesman. When the case was called before Justice Kersten yesterday Mudge told the following story. He and his wife got into the city Monday afternoon and went to the natatorium for a swim. It happened to be "ladies' day," so Mudge was barred out. Before going to take her bath Mrs. Mudge gave her husband her diamond earrings and brooch. Meyer ordered Mudge to leave. Mudge protested and Meyer proceeded to throw him out. The diamonds were scattered on the floor and the brooch, valued at $100, was lost. The case was continued until the 16th. Meyer has sworn out a warrant for disorderly conduct against Mudge. The latter will bring civil suit to recover the value of the brooch.

**Stopped a Blazing Runaway.**

Officer Trieger of the West Lake Street Police Station stopped a runaway horse and a burning oil wagon at Ogden avenue and Taylor street last night. The wagon was loaded with kerosene oil and gasoline. It had been standing on Taylor street. Some one threw a lighted match into the wagon. One of the cans exploded. This scared the horse, and it started down Taylor street scattering burning oil in its wake. The flames spread to a gasoline barrel which exploded. A big crowd gathered at Ogden avenue and Taylor street, but no one dared stop the horse. Officer Trieger's brave act doubtless prevented serious results. The wagon and horse are owned by George Sittinger, No. 499 Claremont avenue.

**Upheld the Massage Parlor License Law.**

Mamie De Lacy and Maggie Murphy were fined $50 each in Justice Woodman's court yesterday for running a massage parlor at No. 427 West Madison street without a license. This is the first case tried under the ordinance of May 9, which provides for the licensing of these institutions. The city considers the case something of a test of the validity of the ordinance and Justice Woodman concurred with the opinion broached in the ordinance. The court suspended the fines upon promise to secure the necessary license.

**Died of Morphine Poisoning.**

Mrs. Olive Smith died in a front flat at No. 312 Washington boulevard yesterday morning of morphine poisoning. It is said she had been living with Harold Darwin, an agent for the American Tobacco company at No. 51 River street. Mrs. Smith left a letter addressed to her mother, Mrs. Mary Cromwell, First and Oswald streets, Toledo, O., referring to her inability to send money or get employment and speaking of being despondent. It is not known where Mrs. Smith's husband is. Darwin said she had intended to secure a divorce.

**Claims It Was an Accident.**

Because, it is said, 17-year-old John Mardin of No. 248 Forquer street refused to buy beer for a crowd of toughs Monday night Hugh Flanigan shot and probably fatally wounded the lad. Flanigan is 24 years old. When young Mardin refused to buy beer he was standing in front of No. 263 Forquer street. Flanigan shot him through the abdomen. He was sent to the County Hospital, where the physicians advanced but little hope of recovery. Flanigan was locked up. He claims the shooting was accidental.

**Despondent May Ritoff Ends Her Life.**

May Ritoff took opium Monday in her room at the home of her cousin, Mrs. Lippert, at No. 669 Milwaukee avenue. Mrs. Lippert found her unconscious and Dr. Schlessinger was called. Efforts to save her life were vain. She expired at 3 o'clock yesterday morning. The girl, who was 19 years old, came here from Russia a year ago. She was engaged to a man named Numerofski, but they quarreled and parted. Since then she had been ill and despondent.

**Luther and Yocum Promise to Refund.**

C. E. Luther and A. H. Yocum, charged with obtaining money by false pretenses, were arraigned before Justice Glennon yesterday morning. Twelve or fifteen young women from whom they obtained $3 to $5 each on the promise to teach them how to make electrical oil paintings were present. A continuance until Aug. 3 was granted on the promise of Luther and Yocum to refund all the money taken by them. Bail was fixed at $500 in each case.

**Says the Check Was Given to Him.**

Harry Mainlock, the young man who was arrested in Detroit on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, preferred by J. D. Menton, a tobacco dealer, was brought back by Officer Thompson of the Central Station yesterday morning. Mainlock protested his innocence in the matter and says that Menton gave him a certified check for $250 and $100 expense money to go to Detroit and bet on the race horse Eclipse. He will have a hearing at the Armory this morning.

**Mrs. Peters' Saloon Robbed Again.**

Burglars robbed Mrs. Mary Peters' saloon at No. 241 South Desplaines street of $220 worth of stock two weeks ago. About 3 o'clock yesterday morning the place was again entered and ten boxes of cigars, ten bottles of wine, and $95.75 in cash and checks taken. A quantity of glassware was broken and chairs and tables overturned. Entrance was gained through a rear window, which was broken.

**Enjoined a Proposed Crossing.**

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad company filed a bill in the Superior Court yesterday to enjoin the South Chicago City railway company from attempting to cross the complainant's tracks on Commercial avenue in Hyde Park. The bill states that such a crossing would render the locality exceedingly dangerous to human life and also interfere with the traffic of the Baltimore and Ohio. Judge Anthony granted the injunction.

**Curiosities and Antiquities from Paris.**

While in Paris recently Martin A. Ryerson purchased a large number of curiosities and antiquities and yesterday an invoice was received at the Custom-House. It shows that the merchandise, consisting of vases and glass statues, were purchased from Rullin & Fenardent, Paris, July 13, 1892, at a cost of 63,000 francs. They were addressed to Mr. Ryerson, care Art Institute, and the antiquities are free from duty.

**Mrs. Smeland's Child Found in Iowa.**

Arne Smeland, the 4-year-old child of Mrs. Martine Smeland, who was stolen from its mother at No. 348 West Randolph street, June 25, is in Fertile, Ia., where its father, who is divorced from the mother, once lived. An attorney left for Iowa last evening to secure the baby by habeas corpus proceedings if it is not voluntarily surrendered.

**Charged with Larceny.**

Complaints were filed in Justice Everett's court yesterday against J. E. Hoyt and W. R. Farrer charging them with larceny. The complaints were sworn to by an employé of the Chicago City railway company, and this is another phase of the brother-in-law case. Both men were held to the Criminal Court by Justice Everett Monday on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the company.

**Flour and Feed Dealers' Picnic.**

The sixth annual picnic of the Flour and Feed Dealers' Association was held at Burlington Park yesterday. Special trains took the 400 members and families to the park, and the Second Regiment Band went along to furnish the music. A fine spread was made on the greensward and there were games and contests to enliven the occasion. Prizes were awarded to winners.

**Despondent by Reason of His Wife's Death.**

"Suicide by shooting" was the verdict of the Coroner's jury in the case of Amos F. Maynard of No. 5502 Wentworth avenue. Maynard was a switchman and lived alone. He was despondent on account of the death of his wife. He shot himself in the head last Monday.

**North Side Cable Breaks.**

The North Side Street railway cable broke at 5:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It was repaired, but parted again when an attempt was made to use it. Cars were not started again until late in the evening. The West Side cable broke at 6 o'clock, and the cars were idle for two hours.

**Items.**

Madison Maginn, an inventor, was committed to jail yesterday by order of Judge Tuley for non-payment of a $3 a week alimony to his wife, Gertrude H. Maginn.

The Independent Evangelical Church (German) Sunday-school, Sheffield and Marianna avenues, will give its annual picnic and excursion at Cedar Lake Thursday, July 28.

In the salvage case of the schooner H. P. Baldwin, tried at Marquette, testimony was given by Capt. Bartley that the Baldwin when picked up by tugs had a freshly cut hole in its hull.

Rupert L. Calvert and his bride, daughter of Ald. William R. Kerr, returned to Chicago yesterday. They were quietly married without the consent of their parents Monday at Waukesha.

Thomas H. Blair, manufacturer of harness at No. 87 West Madison street, made a voluntary assignment yesterday to James E. Forrest. The schedules show assets of $450 and liabilities of $1,265.

The Highland Association of Illinois will hold its annual Scottish picnic and games at Columbia Park Saturday, July 30. The procession of competitors will start from the Lake-Front at 9 o'clock in the morning.

The painters won their strike yesterday in the shop of H. G. Emil, No. 500 Wells street, who employs sixty men, and in the P. M. Almini company's shops at Wabash avenue and Harrison street, where sixty men are employed.

A bill for divorce was filed in the Circuit Court yesterday by Mrs. Ida Weigand in which she alleges that Adam Weigand, among other things, refused to give her a drink of water when she was sick in bed.

Joseph Handley, a sewer cleaner, lit a candle in the catch basin at Desplaines and Lake streets yesterday morning. An explosion of sewer gas followed. Handley's right arm was burned and he was taken to the County Hospital.

A voluntary assignment was made in the County Court yesterday by Thomas H. Blair to James E. Forrest. The insolvent is a harness manufacturer at No. 87 West Madison street. Blair scheduled his assets at $450 and liabilities at $1,265.

Deputy Sheriff Liebrandt yesterday closed up the boot and shoe business of D. H. Reese and Nathan Friedmann at No. 572 Blue Island avenue. The action was taken on two confessions of judgment—one in favor of David Friedmann for $1,100, the other in favor of Oscar Friend for $228.

The Coroner's jury yesterday held August Schulz to await the action of the grand jury in its investigation of the death of his wife, Mrs. Wilhelmina Schulz. The evidence produced at the inquest showed that the woman had been the victim of extraordinary cruelty at the hands of her husband.

A Coroner's jury has censured the proprietors of the Natatorium at Nos. 504-506 West Madison street for not having proper protection for new swimmers. The censure was a part of a verdict of accidental death given in the case of Armand Bachand of No. 36 Vernon Park place, who was drowned there.

After spending the entire evening quarreling with his wife Charles Dandener went down into the basement and committed suicide by shooting himself twice in the right temple at midnight last night at his home at No. 1231 North Ashland avenue. Dandener was a laborer, and leaves a widow and six children in destitute circumstances.

Henry Young, colored, who was injured in Monday's accident at the Grand Central Depot when a Baltimore and Ohio passenger coach crashed through an iron fence into a crowd of picnickers on the depot platform, died yesterday morning of his injuries at his home at No. 1209 State street. An inquest will be held this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

The Lincoln Park Yacht club will hold its annual regatta next Saturday at 2 p. m. The Druid, Scorpion, and Phantom, said to be the fastest sloops in the local fleet, will sail a long-looked for race in the first class. The Viking, American Girl, and Dragon will sail in the second class, and the Lois, Period, and Alice in the third class.

Chief of Construction Burnham has asked Chief Willard A. Smith of the Department of Transportation to procure for the general plan of ornamentation to be carried out in the grounds two of the largest modern locomotives to be placed on pedestals at an appropriate point. This is in pursuance of the plan which will, if carried out, result in placing at points of vantage within the system of ornamental grounds specimen types of the exhibits of each department. Chief Smith has arranged with the representatives of Eli Abdullah, Soudani & Co. of Constantinople to procure for the department a complete collection of all characteristic Turkish boats and vehicles, such as caiques, sedan chairs, rare and curious horse trappings, etc.

Zero Weather
Is almost possible with the Crocker-Wheeler Fan-Motor cooling breezes. Get one of the Electrical Supply Co., Randolph-st. and Michigan-av.

# DEMOCRATS TO ORDER

## PREPARATIONS TO SET THE NATURALIZATION MILL RUNNING.

**Large Number of Votes Must Be Manufactured in Order to Keep Promises Made to Cleveland—Fifteen Thousand New Citizens Needed by the Party Bosses—Progress of the Republican Canvass of the Towns and Wards—Candidates on Both Sides for Judgeships.**

It appears that the meeting of the Democratic County Executive Committee tomorrow is not called for the purpose of arranging the number of members of the House to be nominated in the various legislative districts, but to make arrangements for running the naturalization mill at accelerated speed. The number of members to be named by the district conventions will be determined by the conventions themselves, and there will be rows in most of them. The "visiting statesmen" who have returned from the East, however, made such promises to Cleveland that they must manufacture a large number of new citizens in order to fulfill them. They intend to make the endeavor.

The meeting tomorrow evening therefore will be for the purpose of devising ways and means to convert from 12,000 to 15,000 unnaturalized Poles, Bohemians, Hungarians, Italians, and Russians into voters. Peter Kiolbassa has organized a movement among the Poles of which the chief purpose is to add to the list of Polish voters through the agency of the courts. A modicum of the interest on the public funds which Mr. Kiolbassa pockets will be devoted to this scheme. Agents are also at work among the Bohemians and Italians. Capt. Farrell has been in charge of this work so far, but the bosses complain that he has not been active enough; that he has not been able to attend to his own interests as a candidate and the interest of the party. It has been suggested that John P. Lanehart, Judge Altgeld's brother-in-law, take charge of the job. It is claimed that much of Altgeld's barrel will be paid out for the manufacture of the new citizens, and it is deemed proper that one who is close to him should superintend the disbursement.

While the Democrats are thus preparing to put their naturalization mill in working order the Republicans are making a canvass of the wards and country towns, listing those who are not naturalized, but who are entitled to be. The work has been well done for the most part. At the meeting of the Executive committee yesterday some weak points were discovered. The canvass in the First, Fifth, Tenth, Thirteenth, and Twenty-fourth Wards has not been as good as it ought to be. There will be a new canvass. The progress thus far made is satisfactory. The opinion at the meeting of the committee yesterday was that the convention should be held the first Saturday in September, so that the candidates might be induced to attend to the naturalization and to the registration later on.

On the Republican side the candidates most discussed now are those for Judges. The favorites on the Republican side among the new men seem to be Abner M. Smith of the Fourth Ward and Arthur H. Chetlain, Assistant Corporation Counsel. Both are young men and stand well with their associates at the bar. Mr. Chetlain has made a fine record in the Corporation Counsel's office and Mr. Smith enjoys a good practice. Though Judge Hawes and Judge Anthony, whose terms expire, may be renominated, there is considerable opposition to them among leading Republican politicians and among the younger members of the bar.

On the Democratic side all the old-time candidates are at work again. There are some new names mentioned with favor, among them John G. Showalter and James Goggin. Both stand as good a chance of nomination as the "perennials." The party managers are tired of the latter. The younger element is asserting itself among the Democrats also and the old-timers are likely to be retired all around.

William C. Asay is out as a candidate for Senator in the Second District on the Democratic side. Percy W. Palmer, a real estate man, is mentioned as a candidate on the Republican side, and so is A. P. W. Skinner, a young lawyer.

The Democrats are now concentrating their attention on the contest in the Second District for the State Board of Equalization. The convention will be held Saturday and ex-Ald. Cullerton will probably be the nominee. Powers, the present member, is not in favor, and the Polish candidate, Kozloswaski, will not have a strong backing.

An ex-Judge named Vaughan, formerly of Virginia, recently of Iowa, is a candidate for Congress in the First District on the Democratic side. He may get the nomination. The Democrats do not expect to win and Vaughan is as good a man to lose with as any other the Democrats are likely to find.

### BAKER STILL STANDS ALONE.

**Minnesota Alliance Committee Unable to Fill Out Its Ticket.**

St. Paul, Minn., July 26.—[Special.]—The Alliance State Central committee made a second effort today to fill out the ticket of which the head, Gen. James H. Baker, has so far been designated, but adjourned for a week without accomplishing its object. The extreme deliberation of these gentlemen arises from their desire to make up a ticket upon which the Democrats can consistently combine with the Alliance against both the People's party and the Republicans. W. W. Erwin, the head center of the Alliance committee, has evolved a somewhat amazing scheme which he is said to be pushing with much persistence. It is to withdraw Baker, and name as the candidate for Governor Albert Scheffer, Republican, a leading banker and capitalist of St. Paul. Although Scheffer's Republicanism has in times past been regarded somewhat shaky, it is not probable that the Democrats would ever indorse him were he put in nomination.

Michael Doran, Philip Kelly, and ex-Mayor Bob Smith, the three leading Democrats of the State, held a long conference here today and resolved that never would they approve such a selection as Scheffer. This evidently settles the matter so far as Scheffer is concerned, and Erwin will have to look elsewhere for an acceptable fusion candidate.

### REPUDIATE THE CHICAGO PLATFORM

**Fourth District, West Virginia, Democrats Demand Free Silver.**

Parkersburg, W. Va., July 26.—[Special.]—At the Democratic convention of the Fourth Congressional District today James A. Capehart of Mason County was nominated to succeed himself. The Chicago platform was repudiated after a most bitter wrangle and a free silver resolution adopted.

The Democratic convention which nominated J. D. Anderson yesterday in the Third District of this city adopted the Chicago platform, and so Democratic harmony marches on.

**Thomas F. East Succeeds Mr. Hauser.**

Indianapolis, Ind., July 26.—[Special.]—The State Central committee of the People's party met today and elected Thomas F. East of Madison County to succeed Dr. J. A. Hauser, resigned, as candidate for Secretary of State. George C. Stoll's resignation as Secretary of the committee was not accepted. Mr. Stoll's reasons for resigning were based on the action of the labor unions in Muncie, which withdrew their indorsement from Stoll's paper as the union organ. The committee gave Mr. Stoll, after hearing his explanation, a vote of confidence, and succeeded in inducing him to continue as Secretary by raising his salary.

**Nominations for Congress.**

The following nominations for Congress have been made:

Fifth District, California—Eugene F. Lodd, Republican.
Third District, California—S. G. Hilborn, Republican.
Seventh District, Mississippi—The Rev. J. H. Gambeck, People's party.
Second District, Arkansas—W. B. Heartzel, People's party.
Fifth District, Arkansas—J. E. Bryant, People's party.
Sixth District, Arkansas—Robert Neill, Democrat.

**Madison Wants the State Convention.**

Milwaukee, Wis., July 26.—[Special.]—An effort will be made at the meeting of the Democratic State Central committee, to be held here tomorrow, to select Madison as the place of holding the State convention. Several members of the committee favor Madison, while others want Milwaukee, so that there promises to be an interesting contest between the two cities. Chairman Wall favors Madison, and his influence may locate the convention there. Wednesday, Aug. 31, will probably be the date of the convention.

**Hillsboro Republicans Elect Officers.**

Hillsboro, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The Republican League club of this city met last night and elected the following officers: J. A. Brown President, C. R. Truitt Vice-President, J. M. Baker Secretary, J. H. Little Treasurer. The following delegates were selected to attend the meeting of the Republican State League at Springfield Aug. 18: J. A. Brown, Judge George R. Cooper, C. R. Truitt, J. M. Baker, Guy Conklin, J. I. Lytle, and J. E. Williams.

### IMPROVED LIGHTING FOR CICERO.

**Gas and Electric Companies Begin Work on Their Plants.**

The Cicero Gas company has purchased a block of land on Lombard avenue south of the Wisconsin Central railroad and will immediately begin the erection of its works. The company is under bond for $10,000 to lay five miles of pipes and furnish gas by May next. The maximum price to be charged for fuel gas is $1.25 a thousand cubic feet and $1.50 for illuminating gas, the company agreeing to reduce the price when a general reduction takes place all along the line.

The Cicero Light, Heat and Power company has begun to build a power-house on the Wisconsin Central railroad west of Austin avenue. Poles have been erected and were strung for the lighting of the streets of Austin and south end of Cicero. Arc lamps of 1,400-candle power each will be used.

The trustees of Cicero are considering a change in the name of some of the streets in the township. In the school section there are two Van Buren streets, a Prairie avenue in Austin and one in Oak Park, two Park avenues, two Division streets, two Walnuts, two Chestnuts, two Forests, two Ogdens, two Maples, two Cedars, and other duplicates. A committee appointed to revise the names will probably report Saturday night.

The many cedar block pavements damaged by the recent floods are rapidly being restored to their former condition.

The newly organized Austin Republican club will shortly open up the campaign in that part of Cicero. David Oliphant is President. It is promised that the club will be run by the members, every one of whom will have the largest liberty in the expression of sentiment and a voice in the directory. It will not interfere with the workings of other clubs, but an effort will be made to make this a political home where all Republicans can work in harmony.

### TO SECURE VACCINAL PROTECTION.

**Efforts of the Board of Health Are Being Approved—For State Institutions.**

Springfield, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The efforts of the Illinois State Board of Health to secure the vaccinal protection of the Commonwealth, in view of the indications of an invasion of smallpox, are meeting with popular approval. Dr. Dewey of the Kankakee Insane Asylum today applied for vaccine sufficient to vaccinate all the inmates and officials of that institution. Surgeon Shaw of the Third Regiment, now in camp at Camp Lincoln, also made a requisition for material enough to vaccinate his command. The Secretary of the board furnished him 300 points and is prepared to supply any additional amount required. A majority of the railroad companies have also taken steps to force vaccination among their employés.

### SECOND REGIMENT BAND CONCERT.

**Program of the Entertainment at Douglas Park This Evening.**

A concert will be given by the Second Regiment Band at Douglas Park this evening. The program follows:

March—"Company C" ........ Weldon
Overture—"Tancredi" ........ Rossini
Waltz—"The Colonel" ........ Bucalossi
Trombone solo ........ Selected
Mr. Frank Holton.
Reminiscence of Tosti ...... Arr. by Winterbottom
Patrol—"American" ........ Arr. by Weldon
Gavotte—"Resignation" ........ Brandts
Selection of Welsh songs ........ Godfrey
"Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep" ........ Arr. by Weldon
Solos for Fooks and McGregor, euphonium, And Seavey and Smith, basses.
Galop—"Infernal" ........ Keler Bela
Star Spangled Banner.

**Parlor Cars to Green Lake.**

A through parlor car now leaves Chicago at 11:30 a. m. daily except Sunday and arrives at Green Lake at 5:45 p. m.; returning leaves Green Lake at 7:18 a. m. and arrives at Chicago at 1:35 p. m. This service is in addition to the regular Green Lake sleeper, which leaves Chicago at 3 p. m. daily except Sunday. Parlor and sleeping car reservations at 208 Clark-st. and passenger station, corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.

To Indianapolis only $3.75, to Louisville only $6, to Cincinnati only $6, via Pennsylvania lines. Buy tickets at No. 248 Clark street and at the station, Canal and Adams streets, Chicago.

New method—teeth without plate. Experience and skill combined; low rates. Drs. McChesney

For the best photographs go to Stevens & Son Co., McVicker's Theater.

### MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The County Clerk issued permits to wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no other place of residence is given:

| | Age. |
|---|---|
| Fernando Harrison, Lula R. Bryer | 21–21 |
| William H. Dennis, Pauline Geib | 37–27 |
| George E. Moffett, Annie Schultz | 22–20 |
| F. W. Thayer, Williamsburg, Mass., C. Barnard | 45–35 |
| William D. Pollock, Rachel D. Melling | 25–23 |
| Fred A. Schutte, Clara Burdick | 23–23 |
| Martin Linohan, Nellie Weber | 27–20 |
| John Marner, Amelia Sedvert | 24–23 |
| G. M. Huston, Pittsburg, Kittie E. Grey | 29–23 |
| Geo. Strong, Wheeling, Sarah M. Doyer, same | 52–44 |
| Elmer E. Clark, Susie Berg | 26–20 |
| Rone T. Queiin, Clara Hunter Biddle | 39–30 |
| Allanson S. Brown, Helen Winn, Evanston | 22–25 |
| John T. Dorsey, Mary Clancey | 25–23 |
| Charles Johnson, Lottie Nelson | 26–26 |
| Gustaf Meyer, Gertrude Broich | 28–21 |
| Henry Harms, Mary Wick | 27–26 |
| Timothy Brosnahan, Mary Gallager | 28–22 |
| Henry M. Carter, Clara Belle Baldridge | 28–23 |
| Paul Deutzmann, Agnes Quinn | 23–20 |
| John Wickmann, Sophia Swanson | 22–21 |
| Johan Leonas, Antonia Tyrilady | 32–20 |
| James Connors, Ellen Clifford | 31–25 |
| James A. Brophy, Elizabeth Patterson | 28–27 |
| Frank Croton, Johanna Stipleton | 26–21 |
| John Riley, Mary Flayhiv | 24–22 |
| Frederick Bayke, Mathilda Hansen | 25–24 |
| Hermann Pett, Wilhelma Reinka | 24–19 |
| Albert Grosschick, Anna Burlage | 27–24 |
| John Alfred Adfeldt, Elise Wall | 34–37 |
| William Cowley, Sophia Lenart | 26–20 |
| Geo. P. Gies, Melrose, Annie Winter, Harlem | 24–19 |
| John Esterl, Therese Weisheupel | 25–28 |
| Edward K. Springer, B. Ray Allen | 22–18 |
| Ladislacy Tichy, Annie Schubert | 22–20 |
| Joseph Goulet, Delina Jolivette | 26–19 |
| Henry Nickum, Anne P. Rahenkamp | 23–... |
| Swan D. Rosendahl, Hilda Goodman | 23–25 |
| Donato Tufo, Saveria Petrucelli | 24–16 |
| Johann Walter, Margarethe Stahl | 22–23 |
| William Goudek, Rosie Tesmer | 22–20 |
| Lorenz Anderson, Lottie Ecklund | 25–19 |
| Charles Fischer, Emma Rasmussen | 23–22 |
| Frank Veselka, Antonia Zachova | 22–21 |
| Herman Smith, Mary O'Brien | 26–22 |
| Frank J. Mallus, Mary Gilbert | 31–23 |
| John J. Kahill, Bernardine Kalker | 34–21 |
| James J. Trant, Maggie Sinnsrott | 23–22 |
| William P. Cheney, Mathilda A. Little | 24–21 |
| Joseph Lukes, Mary Zelina | 22–21 |
| William F. Olson, Annie M. Olander | 26–21 |
| Ludog Carlson, Sofa Bruce | 31–34 |

### DEATHS.

ABENS—July 26, 1892, Nicholas Abens, beloved son of Theodore and Minnie Abens, aged 22 years 5 months 21 days. Funeral Thursday, July 28, at 1 p. m., from parents' residence, 548 Sedgwick-st., by carriages to St. Boniface Cemetery. Member of Court Lafayette No. 3, I. O. F.

BAKER—Mrs. Nellie M. Baker, aged 29 years. Funeral at 3 p. m., July 27, from the home, 6447 Yale-st., to Oakwoods Cemetery.

BROOKS—At his residence, 2958 Indiana-av., July 26, at 4 p. m., Jonathan W. Brooks, M. D., aged 80 years and 8 months. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BLOCH—Tuesday, July 26, at 8 p. m., Ida, beloved wife of the late Simon Bloch, aged 40 years and 11 months. Funeral notice hereafter.

BROWN—Emma Jane, wife of Capt. H. S. Brown, in London, England, July 26, 1892.

CARLISLE—At Bottom Belt, Ark., after a long and painful illness, Joseph Carlisle, aged 73 years. Notice of funeral hereafter. Canada papers please copy.

CLIFFORD—John Clifford, aged 46 years. Funeral Thursday, July 28, from 170 Henry-st., by cars to Calvary via C., M. and St. P.

DENNIS—Tuesday morning at 4:30, after a lingering illness, Col. Paul H. Dennis. Funeral Thursday morning at his late residence, 214 East Forty-first street; interment at Kankakee, Ill. Friends are invited to attend.

FARRELL—July 26, 1892, Mary Farrell, eldest daughter of Peter and Margaret Farrell. Funeral Thursday, July 28, at 10 o'clock, from parent's residence, 335 Hudson-av., to Church of the Immaculate Conception, thence by carriages to Calvary.

FITZGERALD—July 26, 1892, Mrs. Mary Fitzgerald, aged 60, the wife of the late John Fitzgerald, at residence, 160 Noble-st. Funeral notice hereafter.

HAMMILL—July 25, at 634 S. Ashland-av., Frank, son of John and Margaret Hammill. Funeral Wednesday at 9 a. m. to Jesuit Church, then by C. and N. W. Ry. to Calvary.

HUTCHINS—July 26, at 246 Walnut-st., Anna, widow of the late John A. Hutchins and mother of Mrs. T. Gardner. Funeral Wednesday, July 27, at 1:30 p. m., from the Fulton-st. M. E. Church by carriages to Rosehill.

HAYNER—Eleanor M. Hayner, beloved wife of Sanford P. Hayner at 39 North Sheldon street, of pneumonia. Funeral from late residence Wednesday 1 p. m. by carriages to Rosehill.

HORINE—Tuesday, July 26, of marasmus, Dora Zella, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Horine, aged 7½ years. Funeral Thursday, 10 a. m., from residence, 508 44th-place, to Oakwoods.

KOPSELL—July 26, Irene Florence, aged 8 months and 23 days, youngest daughter of William A. and Mary Kopsell. Funeral from her parents' residence, 6012 Wentworth-av., Thursday, July 28, at 2 p. m., to Oakwoods.

LUBY—July 26, Michael, beloved husband of Ellen Luby, nee Garivan, aged 68 years. Funeral Thursday from the late residence, 27 E. Huron-st., by carriages to the Church of the Holy Name, where high mass will be given at 10 o'clock, then by cars to Calvary. Chicago and Northwestern railway.

LEWIS—The afternoon of Tuesday, July 26, at her home, No. 1450 Michigan-av., Mrs. Jennie Sanford Lewis, wife of Edwin C. Lewis. Funeral services will be held at the house at 1 p. m. Thursday, the 28th inst. Burial private.

LYNCH—Morris John Lynch, beloved son of John and Margaret Lynch, July 26, aged 13 months and 19 days. Funeral from 3079 Lyman-st. by cars from Stewart-av. to Mount Olivet Thursday, 11 o'clock.

MIDDLETON—Suddenly, in Pullman, Ill., July 19, 1892, Charles Scribner, son of Harvey and Nellie Scribner Middleton, aged 3 years and 3 months. Funeral in New Albany, Ind., July 22, 1892.

MURPHY—July 26, Percy, young son of Alice C. and the late P. M. Murphy. Funeral from residence, 351 Hermitage-av., 10 a. m. Thursday, by carriages to Calvary.

MACDONALD—Mrs. Margaret Macdonald, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Mary Kerr, 104 Miller-st., Tuesday, July 26. Funeral notice hereafter.

PHILLIPS—Thomas Raymond, beloved son of Thomas and Margaret Phillips (nee Ryan), at the residence of his parents, 4726 Indiana-av., aged 3 months and 26 days. Funeral Thursday at 11 a. m by carriages to Mount Olivet.

POTTS—In Austin, at 210 S. Waller-av., Cheswell Harris, second son of Caroline M. and the late Cheswell H. Potts. Funeral Wednesday afternoon, July 27, at 3 o'clock, from the Church of St. John the Apostle.

RYAN—Bridget, beloved wife of Edward Ryan, aged 32 years, at residence, 12 Miles-ct. Funeral Thursday at 10 o'clock to St. Charles' Church for high mass and thence by C. and N. W. Ry. to Calvary Cemetery.

SUNDELL—July 26, at 6:30 a. m., Charles John Sundell, aged 70 years 1 month and 26 days. Funeral from his late residence, 1528 Dunning-st., Lake View, Thursday, July 28, at 2:30 p. m., to Rosehill. No flowers.

VOGWILL—The funeral of Mr. George Vogwill will be held at Armour Mission at 3 o'clock today, instead of at residence as announced.

WEED—Frederick Weed, at his residence, 35 Sheldon-st., aged 36 years 11 months and 26 days. Funeral Thursday, at 11 a. m., to Mt. Hope Cemetery, by G. T. R. R.

WASHBURNE—At 1416 East Ravenswood Park, July 26, Dr. J. S. Washburne, aged 76 years. Funeral notice hereafter.

### OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, D. C., July 26.—Weather conditions and general forecast: The barometer continues highest over the South Atlantic states. It has fallen on the Atlantic coast and in the lower Missouri valley, and has risen rapidly at northern Rocky mountain stations.

It is generally warm on the Atlantic coast and slightly cooler in the lake regions and Ohio valley. It is decidedly cooler in Montana.

Light local showers are reported from Southern New England, the Upper Ohio Valley, the lake region, and Minnesota. Showers are also reported from the Central Gulf coast.

Local showers are indicated for the lake region, Middle Atlantic States, and Ohio Valley Wednesday, with warm southerly winds. It is probable that cooler weather will prevail Thursday throughout the Northern States.

For Lower Michigan, occasional showers, southerly winds, probably cooler in western portion.

For Upper Michigan, showers, wind shifting to southerly.

For Wisconsin, local showers, warm southerly winds Wednesday, cooler Thursday.

For Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, and Kansas, generally fair and continued warm southerly winds Wednesday, followed by showers Wednesday night or Thursday, and cooler Thursday.

For Nebraska, generally fair Wednesday, cooler Wednesday night, winds shifting to easterly.

For Minnesota, local showers, variable winds, cooler in northern portion.

For Montana, clearing in eastern portion, fair in western portion, northerly winds, cooler in eastern, warmer in western.

Rivers—The rivers will fall.

| Places of observation. | Height of barometer | Th'rmom'tr | Max'm temperature | Direction of wind | State of weather | Precip'tat'n for 12 hours |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene, Tex. | 29.88 | 84 | 92 | S. | Fair. | |
| Bismarck, N. D. | 29.76 | 74 | 82 | S. | Cl'udy | .08 |
| Boston, Mass. | 29.84 | 86 | 96 | W. | Clear. | |
| Buffalo, N. Y. | 29.96 | 78 | 82 | S. W. | Cl'udy | |
| Cairo, Ill. | 30.00 | 86 | 92 | S. | Clear. | |
| Charleston, S. C. | 30.14 | 80 | 88 | S. W. | Clear. | |
| Cheyenne, Wyo. | 29.74 | 78 | 84 | S. | Fair. | |
| Chicago | 29.92 | 86 | 90 | S. | Fair. | |
| Cincinnati, O. | 30.04 | 84 | 94 | Calm. | Fair. | Trace |
| Cleveland, O. | 29.98 | 80 | 92 | S. | Cl'udy | |
| Davenport, Ia. | 29.94 | 90 | 94 | S. | Cl'udy | |
| Denver, Colo. | 29.80 | 76 | 82 | W. | Cl'udy | |
| Des Moines, Ia. | 29.86 | 86 | 92 | S. | Clear. | |
| Detroit, Mich. | 29.98 | 78 | 96 | E. | Cl'udy | |
| Dodge City, Kas. | 29.76 | 90 | 96 | S. E. | Fair. | |
| Dubuque, Ia. | 29.88 | 88 | 94 | S. W. | Clear. | |
| Duluth, Minn. | 29.88 | 68 | 70 | E. | Fair. | |
| Erie, Pa. | 29.96 | 80 | 86 | S. | Cl'udy | |
| Galveston, Tex. | 30.00 | 84 | 88 | S. | Fair. | |
| Gr'd H'v'n, Mich | 29.94 | 82 | 90 | S. | Fair. | |
| Green Bay, Wis. | 29.90 | 88 | 88 | S. E. | Fair. | .16 |
| Helena, Mont. | 30.06 | 54 | 76 | N. | Clear. | |
| Huron, S. D. | 29.66 | 80 | 84 | E. | Fair. | |
| Indianap'lis, Ind | 30.00 | 78 | 96 | S. E. | Cl'udy | .48 |
| Jacks'nville, Fla | 30.14 | 78 | 90 | S. E. | Cl'udy | .10 |
| Kansas City, Mo | 29.88 | 88 | 94 | S. E. | Clear. | |
| Keokuk, Ia. | 29.92 | 88 | 94 | S. | Clear. | |
| Knoxville, Tenn | 30.12 | 74 | 92 | S. W. | Clear. | .14 |
| La Crosse, Wis. | 29.86 | 86 | 90 | S. | Fair. | |
| Louisville, Ky. | 30.04 | 82 | 94 | E. | Cl'udy | .26 |
| Manistee, Mich. | 29.92 | 82 | 88 | S. W. | Cl'udy | .02 |
| Marquette, Mich | 29.88 | 70 | 78 | N. W. | Fair. | |
| Memphis, Tenn. | 30.02 | 84 | 90 | S. E. | Clear. | |
| Miles City | 29.70 | 82 | 92 | N. W. | Fair. | |
| Milwaukee, Wis. | 29.92 | 78 | 92 | S. E. | Clear. | |
| Minnedosa | 29.68 | 72 | 78 | W. | Clear. | |
| Montreal | 29.82 | 76 | 86 | N. W. | Fair. | |
| Montrose | 30.00 | 60 | 78 | S. | Rain | .10 |
| Moorhead | 29.78 | 76 | 84 | S. | Cl'udy | .01 |
| New Orleans, La | 30.04 | 76 | 78 | S. E. | Cl'udy | .22 |
| New York City | 29.94 | 78 | 96 | S. W. | Cl'udy | .01 |
| Omaha, Neb. | 29.78 | 90 | 96 | S. | Clear. | |
| Oswego, N. Y. | 29.96 | 74 | 78 | W. | Cl'udy | |
| Pierre, S. D. | 29.66 | 88 | 94 | E. | Fair. | |
| PortHuron, Mi'h | 30.02 | 74 | 90 | | | |
| Pueblo, Colo. | 29.78 | 80 | 90 | N. W. | Cl'udy | |
| Rapid City, S. D. | 29.70 | 90 | 90 | N. W. | Fair. | |
| St. Louis, Mo. | 29.96 | 88 | 94 | S. | Clear. | .04 |
| St. Paul, Minn. | 29.86 | 70 | 81 | S. E. | Rain. | .58 |
| Sault Ste. Marie | 29.92 | 70 | 78 | W. | Cl'udy | |
| Sioux City, Ia. | 29.70 | 90 | 98 | S. | Clear. | |
| Springfield, Ill. | 29.96 | 86 | 92 | S. W. | Clear. | |
| Springfield, Mo. | 29.94 | 82 | 92 | S. E. | Clear. | Trace |
| Toledo, O. | 30.02 | 82 | 94 | W. | Cl'udy | .02 |

### MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK—Arrived—Maryland and Persian Monarch, from London; Wyoming, from Liverpool; Veendam, from Rotterdam.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrived—Illinois, from Antwerp.

BREMERHAVEN—Arrived—Kaiser Wilhelm II., from New York.

LONDON—Sighted—Dania, from New York; Nevada, from New York.

HAMBURG—Arrived—Moravia, from New York.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

AMANDA SMITH, THE COLORED EVANgelist, will conduct a service for the Bethesda Mission, W. C. T. U., No. 406 South Clark-st., this evening.

THE 12TH WARD REPUBLICAN IMprovement club will hold a meeting this evening at its hall, 380 S. Western-av., at 8 o'clock. Capt. Harlan, State Commander of the G. A. R. of Illinois, Patrick O'Donnell, Esq., and others will address the meeting.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Every Evening at 8:15, Mats. Wed. and Sat. at 2. Preceded by N. Y. Herald prize play, "Chums."
JANE JANE JANE
Summer Girl Matinee Today. The World's Fair Jane. Our Jane of Hearts. Queen of Comedies.
A tale that does itself explain Is the tale that's told in charming Jane!

THE COLUMBIA.
AL HAYMAN and WILL J. DAVIS, Props. and Mgrs.
Not Cool Anywhere Just Now, But Cooler Here Than Anywhere.
Last Four Nights of MISS
HELYETT
ONLY ONE MORE GRAND SATURDAY MATINEE.
LOUISE LESLIE-CARTER, and the Great Star Cast.

AMPHITHEATER—Cottage Grove and 60th-st.
THE COOLEST SPOT IN CHICAGO.
Only a few more performances of
THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII
Every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Evenings (weather permitting) for a limited season only. Thursday—Illinois Night.
$1,500 IN FIREWORKS.
Go to Pompeii via Cottage Grove-av. and State-st. cable cars direct to the amphitheater.

HOOLEY'S THEATER.
COME QUICK! Farewell Forever. —THE— LAST CALL!
County Fair.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
Week of July 31st, a new play by Miss Mary Magin entitled "ON CHANGE." JOS. HAWORTH and a special company in the cast. Sale of seats open.

CASINO (Eden Musee)—Wabash-av.
GREAT SUCCESS OF THE NEW COMPANY.
OPEN ALL DAY. HAVERLY'S HOME MINSTRELS
TODAY—NEW ACTS AND BALLADS. "TELL IT TO HIM." "THE HAYSEED FOUR," and AMERICANS ABROAD.
Performances—2:30 and 8:15 p. m. General Admission, 25c. Seats 25c and 50c extra.

CYCLORAMA.
CHICAGO FIRE,
MICHIGAN-AV., near MADISON.
A superbly grand and thrilling reproduction of the burning of Chicago. Open 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

DON'T FAIL TO VISIT
LIBBY PRISON,
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The only War Museum in America.
A Wonderful Exhibition of Historical Relics.
Open from 8:30 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays include

THE ALHAMBRA—Telephone S. 142.
H. R. JACOBS........Sole Manager.
Popular Prices. ALL THIS WEEK. Tangled Up 25c

CHICAGO RACING ASSOCIATION.
CHICAGO RACING ASSOCIATION
(HAWTHORNE TRACK).
Summer Meeting, 1892
RACING EVERY DAY, RAIN OR SHINE.
5 or More Races Each Day.
Book Made on Foreign Races.
Special Race Trains via Ill. Central and C., B. & Q. Railroads to Grand Stand in 25 minutes.
Ill. Central Trains leave Depot, foot of Randolph-st., at 8:30 a. m., 12:45 p. m., 1:15 p. m., 1:40 p. m., 2 p. m., and 2:15 p. m., stopping at Van Buren-st., Wabash-av., 23d-st., Halsted-st., and Ashland-av. Returning, trains leave the race track at 4:40 p. m. and immediately after the races.
C., B. & Q. Trains leave Union Depot at 11:45 a. m. (Book-makers' Train), 1 p. m., and 1:20 p. m., stopping at all intermediate points. Regular train leaving depot at 2:20 p. m. will transfer passengers for the track at Hawthorne Station. Returning, trains will leave race track at 12:20 p. m., 4:40 p. m., and immediately after the races.
RACING BEGINS AT 2:30 P. M.
ADMISSION, INCLUDING SEAT IN GRAND STAND, 75c

GARFIELD PARK CLUB.
RAIN OR SHINE.
6 RACES TODAY AT THE Garfield Park Club,
STARTING AT 2:30 O'CLOCK.
Chicago & Northern Pacific Trains leave Grand Central Passenger Station, corner Fifth-av. and Harrison-st., at 8:20, 10:20 a. m., 12:01, 1:30, 2:15, and 3:15 p. m.
SPECIAL RACE TRAIN AT 1:40 P. M.,
Landing passengers at Race Track in 18 MINUTES.
Madison Street Cable to Main Entrance in 30 minutes.

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A Strictly First-Class Excursion to This Beautiful Resort
SATURDAY, JULY 30.
Round trip only $1.50. Leaves Wells-st. depot 8:10 a. m. sharp, Clybourn Junction 8:25 a. m., reach Williams Bay 11 a. m. Leave Williams Bay 6:30 p. m., Lake Geneva 7 p. m., reach Chicago 9:30 p. m.
Tickets at Gale & Blocki's three drug stores—44 Monroe-st., 34 Washington-st., and 111 Randolph-st., at Thayer's drug store, 572 West Madison-st., and on the train.

CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE—Fireproof.
MR. DAVID HENDERSON, Manager.
AMERICAN EXTRAVAGANZA COMPANY IN
ALI BABA
MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
Coolest Place In Town.
Or Morgiana and the 40 Thieves.
Come, Ladies and Children
Comic Lion. Funny Donkey. Big Dragon. Beautiful Butterfly. Buzzing Beetles.
Real Waterfall. Rainbow Fountain. Jewel Ballet. Enchanted Forest. Cave of Coins.
MAT. PRICES—25c to $1.00—Admission 50c.

McVICKER'S—TONIGHT.
MATINEES TODAY AND SATURDAY.
LAST PERFORMANCES OF
THE VOLUNTEER.
See the Great Balloon Ascension at 9:30.
Sunday, July 31—"A TRIP TO THE CIRCUS."

FIRST REGIMENT ARMORY.
Michigan-av. and 16th-st.
COOLEST PLACE IN THE CITY.
Sixth Week of the
SUMMER NIGHT CONCERTS
Under the direction of MAX BENDIX.
TONIGHT—BALL-ROOM PROGRAMME.
Tickets now on sale at Lyon & Potter's, 174 Wabash avenue. ADMISSION—25 and 50c.

PARK THEATER—State-st., near Harrison.
PINK DOMINOES. PINK DOMINOES
Homestead Strike—New Song.
J. W. KELLY. J. W. KELLY.
Every Afternoon and Night.
10c—ADMISSION—10c

MADISON-ST. OPERA HOUSE, Bet. State & Dearborn
Tel. 3198. SAM. T. JACK, Prop. & Mangr.
SAM T. JACK'S MARINE FOLLY CO. in Burlesque.
2 Immaculate. Impeccable Performances 2
Every Day at 2 and 8 p. m.
The Home of Beauty, Youth, and Song.
To Visit Often and to Linger Long.
Mat. 25c, 50c. Night 25c, 50c, 75c. Mamma, buy me that! Next week—Lilly Clay Colossal Burlesque Co.

NANA
Masterpiece of Art. In Chicago over 55,000 ladies and gentlemen have seen and approved of this On exhibition day and evening at 205 State-st. Admission, 25 cents.

# The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1892.

THERE was fair activity on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday, and prices as a rule were firm. The New York market was dull with the exception of a few specialties, which were both active and higher. Sterling exchange continues firm. New York exchange has for the first time in a long while got down below par. It was quoted yesterday at 40 to 50 cents discount.—The leading markets were moderately active yesterday in spite of the discomfort attending trading in the pits, and prices ruled higher all around. The continued heat through the West, with fear of damage, was the chief bull factor. As compared with the latest prices of the previous day, September wheat closed ⅛ cent higher, corn ⅛ cent higher, oats ¼ cent higher, cash rye 1 cent higher, barley steady, flax ⅛ cent lower, September pork 7½ cents higher, lard 2½ cents higher, and ribs 2½ cents higher.

AT the meeting of the Council Monday 328 ordinances for improvements such as street and alley paving, laying water mains, constructing sewers, etc., were presented by the indefatigable Commissioner of Special Assessments and passed. At each one of the last four meetings 200 such ordinances on the average have been presented and passed. It is to be hoped that the work thus ordered will be pushed energetically. The assessments should be put through the County Court with all possible dispatch. The County Judge can aid in this. The Commissioner of Public Works should have his advertisements and plans prepared. The work projected should be all done this fall, else the energy and activity of the Council, unusually stimulated by THE TRIBUNE and other public journals, will go for nothing. The press will assume an observant attitude as to the future proceedings growing out of the ordinances passed.

THE ordinance providing for the electric lighting of streets in this city by special assessment is carried over till after the Aldermanic vacation. This delay is to be regretted. The proposed improvement is one of great public importance and no time should be lost in placing us in proper electric trim for the Fair. Gas was well enough in its day and there are some respects in which it is now well enough in its way, but it has long since been regarded as not the thing for the leading thoroughfares of a big city. Many smaller places have discarded gas for electric lighting in the principal streets, and in not a single instance has the change been deemed unwise after it was made. There should be little of the suggestiveness of village life in Chicago a year hence, to enable the carping papers published in a certain city on the Atlantic coast to say "We told you so." The ordinance should be one of the things to be thought about by the Aldermen while away on vacation, with a resolve to push it through at the earliest available moment after reassembling in September.

UNTIL Mr. W. Hesing steadies his mind down to the point of determining where he does stand on the tariff question it is impossible to have a controversy with him. At present he is flopping about in the most singular and confusing manner. In one part of his yesterday's interview he is posted as declaring himself a disciple of the radical free trader Prof. Sumner, from whom he imbibed his tariff views. In another breath he says that he is ardently for Cleveland; and that gentleman had just before indorsed the ultra free trade plank of the Democratic platform. And a little later in his interview he declares: "I don't believe in free trade, I believe in revenue reform." This is a tariff straddle of the worst kind. Will Mr. W. Hesing explain what he means by "revenue reform"? In what respect does it differ from the free trade which the Democratic platform demands? Is his "revenue reform" a mixture of free trade and protection—a sort of "'alf and 'alf"? And if so, what per cent of protection does he mix with his "revenue reform"? And does he not know that the platform of his party fiercely denounces protection as unconstitutional and robbery, and that Cleveland, whom he adores, swallows that doctrine without blinking? We would invite Mr. W. Hesing to take his bearings on the tariff question and define his position thereon prior to his next interview in the evening tender of the Morning Howler for free trade. His friends are dreadfully puzzled how to classify him on the tariff issue.

THE election of Cleveland means freer trade, lower taxes, economy in public expenditures, home rule.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

(1) Cleveland and the Democratic tariff plank say it means *free trade*, open ports to all competitive goods, with the necessary accompaniment of cheap wages for competing American workmen. "Freer" trade is the heretical doctrine of the "tariff straddlers" like Vilas, Majah Jones, and Dana. But both the Democratic candidates and platform condemn any unconstitutional makeshift of the kind. (2) "Lower taxes" on what? It cannot be lower on tea, coffee, sugar, molasses, hides, etc., for they are admitted free. The Democratic platform declares for a tariff for "revenue only," without a particle of protection in it, and that necessarily means the imposition of *high taxes* on those necessaries of life in order to procure revenue for the support of the government. (3) "Economy in public expenditures." Yes, as illustrated by the Democratic party in Congress, who have made appropriations for this Congress for expenditures which exceed those of the billion dollar Congress by over 16 millions of dollars! So much for Democratic professions when playing demagogue and Democratic actions when slicing up and passing around "pork." The *C.-J.* would do well to take in that wooden economy sign. (4) "Home rule." Who is interfering with it unless it is the Prohibitionists, who proclaim the doctrine that the "dry" counties of a State have a right to impose their droughty scheme on the Democratic "wet" counties by means of political coercion and State constabulary. If the *C.-J.* refers to the defunct Congressional force bill, then it is off its base, for that bill had nothing to do with "home rule," which would go right along with the bill or without it exactly the same.

THE refusal of the Council to ratify at once the Mayor's nomination of Miss Ada C. Sweet as a member of the School Board was churlish and ill-advised. Having been referred to the Committee on Schools no action can be taken until the Council meets the middle of September after its vacation. There was no good reason why it should not have been acted upon at once. No one questions Miss Sweet's eminent capacity both from an educational and business point of view to fill the place with honor to herself and usefulness to the interests of the schools. The action of those members who voted against confirmation of the nomination was both discourteous and insulting to this excellent and public-spirited woman who has done and is doing so much for the city. Was it because the most of those who voted adversely are saloonkeepers and saloonkeepers do not like women because they do not patronize saloons, but try to keep others, their husbands, sons, and fathers, from doing so? If this were not the reason what was it? The least the Council can do when it reconvenes will be to make its first business the ratification of Miss Sweet's nomination. She is excellently qualified for a place on the board and the schools need the benefit of her ability, industry, and liberal public spirit. Let us have an end of this small discourteous business.

## CHICAGO RAILROAD PROPERTY ASSESSED TOO LOW.

Ald. O'Neill introduced in the Council night before last a statement in reference to the valuation of railroad property in this city for purposes of taxation from which it appears that the assessed valuation is only eleven million dollars, while if put up for sale it is alleged that it would bring $500,000,000. Following are some of the more striking instances of astonishing undervaluation:

The Michigan Central has four acres on South Water street, east of Michigan avenue, valued at $17,200, while you could not buy 9.4 feet for that sum.

The Chicago and Northern Pacific railway returns its property east of the river, land, $109,800; improvements, $81,000; while the Real-Estate Board places the value of the land at over $4,000,000 and claims the depot to have cost $1,250,000.

The Pennsylvania company returns the land between Madison, Adams, Canal, and the river at $69,600, depot $111,000, while the Real-Estate Board values the land at over $1,500,000.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad returns the block between Twelfth and Fourteenth streets, Custom-House place and Clark streets: Land, $26,000; improvements, $6,000. The Real-Estate Board values the same at over $1,300,000.

The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad, all property north of Twenty-second street, at $336,000, while the Valuation committee of the Chicago Real-Estate Board places the valuation at over $14,000,000.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, block between Polk, Taylor, Plymouth and Custom-House places on which Dearborn station is situated, returned by the company: Land, $42,200; improvements, $43,750; while the next west, with poor improvements, is assessed $160,000. All property north of Twenty-second street is returned at $350,000, including improvements, while the Valuation committee values the land at over $9,000,000.

It is probable that the half a billion estimate of the Real-Estate Board is much too high. Nor must it be forgotten that the assessment is on a basis of not more than a quarter of the cash value, so that the eleven millions stand for at least forty-four millions.

When the Council returns from its vacation it ought to take up this subject and find out why it is that the railroads owning so much pay so little and yet are unwilling to do anything they can possibly help to make human life safe at street crossings. The city is so much in need of money that it cannot afford to encourage railroad tax dodging. For every dollar of property placed on the assessment rolls the city can collect two cents. Were the railroad assessment raised to fifty millions, representing an actual value of something over $200,000,000 of property, the city would collect an extra tax of $800,000 a year.

The Council should find out also why these assessments of railroad property are so extraordinarily low. The fault doubtless lies with the State Board of Equalization by which nearly all the work is done and which has exclusive control of the valuation of "railroad track," a term which the railroads endeavor to have applied to their depots, switch-yards, machine shops, and grounds. The local assessors are required to assess "all other real estate." Possibly they do, but the State Board in making up its assessment appears to be governed exclusively by the returns made by the railroad companies. They are required to send in elaborate schedules to the county clerks and the board appears to make them the basis of its work. That is to say, the roads practically assess themselves and naturally they do it as mildly as possible.

The State Board will meet next month for the purpose of equalizing this year's assessment. Will the four members from this county give their attention to this important subject and see to it that the property of the Chicago roads, which is worth in the aggregate a hundred times what it cost them, is made to bear its due share of taxation? It is fully protected and should pay for that protection.

## FREE TRADE TO BE THE SOLE ISSUE.

In talking over the political situation with a TRIBUNE reporter on his arrival here from the East Mr. Adlai E. Stevenson said "the tariff question is the most important one in this campaign, and I think, although the platform plank may not have exactly suited some, that no votes will be lost by it to the Democratic party."

When asked if the school question would cut any figure in this State he replied: "There "is some talk about it, but in the State as in "the Nation the tariff question is to be the "main one." Mr. Stevenson has not heard of Mr. W. Hesing's army of 25,000 Republican German Lutherans, protectionists, who are to bolt Harrison and go for Cleveland and free trade on account of the school question.

It is evident that while Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Stevenson were in secret communion on the shores of Buzzard's Bay the latter was given the instructions by which to guide his course during the campaign. Not long after his nomination Mr. Stevenson was interviewed at Bloomington by the reporter of a New York Democratic paper. At that time he was full of the "force bill" bugaboo. He said that the protection of the tender and weak Southern Caucasian from the domination of the powerful and ferocious African was the great object to be gained by the election of Cleveland. The tariff seemed to him then a secondary matter, which could take its time.

But he has heard from Mr. Cleveland, and declares now that the great issue is free trade and a tariff for revenue only, as set forth explicitly in the platform and even more explicitly by Mr. Cleveland in his acceptance speech.

THE TRIBUNE is much obliged to the candidate for Vice-President, and hopes he will keep on playing the part of Democratic drill master til the faithful are all in line under the same flag, shouting the same battle cry. They have been so scattered and broken up for the last few weeks that it was difficult to tell what their intentions were. That will be over soon. They will all be for free trade and a tariff for revenue only. Cheap goods and cheap labor will be their battle cry.

## CANADA'S COMMERCIAL BLUNDERS.

The Canadian effort to discriminate in favor of its own ports by making rebates on grain cargoes consigned to Canadian ports below the Welland Canal is in line with other elements of a policy outlined some months ago. Its government tried recently to preempt the entire trade of the British West Indies and British Guiana, "to the total exclusion of the United States." This declaration was made by Mr. Foster, its Minister of Finance, who visited those countries, making propositions in personal conference and at public meetings for reciprocal relations between those lands and Canada. He proposed to admit the sugar and other products of the colonies free to the Dominion in return for special and exclusive privileges to the Canadian exporter. But the West India peoples appealed to did not see any great advantage to be gained by sacrificing the commercial patronage of 66,000,000 inhabitants of the United States in order to gain exclusive trade with 5,000,000 Canucks farther off. So they declined the offer, and directly afterwards entered into reciprocal trade relations with Secretary Blaine. They would have been foolish to do otherwise. It is stated that Barbadoes sells 87 per cent of its surplus product to this country, and that 80 per cent of the large increase in the trade of the Bahamas last year was with the United States. The purely Canadian goods exported last year by Canada to British West Indies and British Guiana were valued at only $1,953,000, and its imports from those sources at $1,385,000. The United States did about twenty times as much business with those countries, and it is reasonable to expect that under the new arrangements the disproportion will widen further.

The Canadian prospect for trade with Cuba and Puerto Rico is still worse. When the British treaty came to an end July 1, 1892, Canada began to export under the minimum Spanish tariff of 1892. But Mr. Foster has openly stated that it does not obtain as good terms there as the United States does, though getting as good terms as any other country than ours. Spain has two tariffs, a maximum for imports from countries that have no treaties with Spain, and a minimum for some countries that have treaties and make some concessions on Spanish imports. But on about eighty-five classes of imports there is no difference between the two scales, and in almost all of these the duties are two to to three times higher than under the former tariff of 1882. And to applications for change Spain has declared that it will only make treaties of reciprocity in future, and will not include its colonies in such treaties, but make special treaties for them, that it will have no more "favored nation" business, and will only make concessions for equivalent reductions on Spanish imports. So there is no chance for Canada in this direction any more than in some others in which it has failed to carry out a program resolved on. It has gained nothing and has nothing to gain by "monkeying" with its United States treaties, and its statesmen ought by this time to be wise enough to see that its best chances for commercial success are in cultivating friendly relations with the United States, not in trying to cheat both in the letter and the spirit of agreements with its powerful and prosperous neighbor.

## PATTI'S FAREWELLING.

A familiar note comes from Craig-y-Nos—one the American people often have heard before and one they will continue to hear for many a year to come. It is the voice of Mme. Patti singing that same old chestnutty song of one more last farewell tour of the United States. Mme. Patti has been making farewell tours of this country these last half dozen years, and each one has been the last, positively the last. Each one would have been the last had the receipts fallen off, but for some inscrutable reason they do not, and this induces Mme. Patti to tear herself away from home, to go through the agony of another heart-rending farewell, to shed briny tears of sorrow, and gather in another fat installment of American dollars. And this she will continue doing, probably, to the end of the century. She is the fin de siècle singer of her time. She may even come up, resolutely if not freshly, persistently if not tunefully, in the next century and begin a new career even in her old age, for as long as there is an American dollar in sight she will make the effort to reach for it, painful as it may be to her.

It apparently makes little difference that Mme. Patti's repertory is shrinking down to a few threadbare tunes which have become rusty and frayed by long and constant service. It seems to make no difference that each time she comes to say farewell and express her grief she sings worse than she did before. The worse she sings the more she charges, the more she laments, the more the people mourn, and the more freely they pour out their ducats to assuage her sweet sorrow at parting. As Mme. Patti is still of robust constitution, apparently has many years before her, and her love of money grows by what it feeds upon, there is apparently no reason why she should not keep on farewelling for twenty-five years to come, which will bring her to the year of grace 1917, by which time she may not have more than one tune left, and that only the ghost of a tune, but that tune will be utilized so long as it can raise a dollar. Anna Bishop and Ole Bull kept on farewelling until they were in the seventies and their heads were white. Then why should not Adelina and Nicolini indulge the same sorrowful and profitable practice? If the American people love to pay for the privilege of saying a last and fond farewell to this amiable couple every year it is not in human nature for them to resist the temptation of an annual display of grief, however wearing the process may be. It is to be hoped, however, they will make the parting as brief as possible each year and not prolong the agony.

## THE MARQUIS DE MORES AND "THE TRIBUNE."

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE has received the following letter from the Marquis de Mores, who was recently engaged in the fatal duel with a Jewish officer of the French army:

38 RUE DU MONT THABOR, PARIS, July 12, 1892—[To the Editor of The Tribune.]—I noticed the mention you make of my name in your issue of June 29.

I am happy to say that as far as public sentiment is concerned in this country your kind appreciation of myself is not shared.

I wish to know if as editor of THE TRIBUNE you take the responsibility of the article. Yours truly,
M. DE MORES.

While THE TRIBUNE had no intention of reflecting upon the Marquis de Mores, with whom it has not the honor of acquaintance, still if the Marquis feel aggrieved and shall insist upon demanding satisfaction after his usual manner, THE TRIBUNE has some suggestions to offer. THE TRIBUNE'S fighting editor is not a crack shot and has had no practice with foils, cutlasses, or broadswords, neither is he used to affairs before breakfast. The only weapons to which he is accustomed are those with which nature has provided him. He therefore will insist, if it comes to it, that the meeting shall occur, after the American fashion, in a 24-foot ring, and that the exercises therein be conducted in accordance with the rules of the Marquis of Queensberry, the gloves to be large and soft, so that the Marquis' feelings may not be too severely hurt. If the Marquis is not knocked out in four rounds then THE TRIBUNE will apologize to him or he can apologize to THE TRIBUNE, as he may prefer. Seconds, bottle-holders, and spongers may be liberally provided on both sides, the more the merrier. As there will be considerable public interest in this meeting, should it occur, THE TRIBUNE further suggests that it would be well to hold it during the World's Fair period. Unquestionably the directors will allot the space on the Fair grounds for the exhibit of this Franco-Yankee entertainment, and if the Marquis has no objection an entrance fee might be charged which could be donated to charity. Meanwhile, with assurances of his high regard, THE TRIBUNE'S fighting editor remains etc., etc.

## MR. W. HESING FAILS TO GIVE HIS AUTHORITY.

THE TRIBUNE asked Mr. Washington Hesing for his authority for transferring 25,000 protection German Lutherans of Illinois to the free trader Cleveland, as he assumed to do when he met him at New York. This paper wanted to know what it was that had so suddenly changed these 25,000 lifelong protection Germans into radical free traders, and when it was they had turned their coats on the tariff question, and when and where they had empowered Mr. Washington Hesing, a Roman Catholic and the disciple of the free trade ultraist, Prof. Sumner, as he confesses in his interview, to make a pilgrimage to New York City, the headquarters of Tammany, to deliver the deed transferring these 25,000 old German Republicans to the New York Wall street free trader.

His reply in an interview in an evening paper is:

I grant that they [the 25,000 protection Republican Lutherans] have not declared in favor of Mr. Cleveland, but the policy of Mr. Cleveland, his well-known position on this important question, his conservative business administration, have so endeared him to the Germans that I am satisfied a very large percentage of them [the German Lutherans] will vote for him.

And that is all the basis he has for his flamboyant transfer of 25,000 Republican protection German Lutherans and the Electoral vote of Illinois to the ultra free trader Cleveland. He does not venture to say that they have become free traders.

Mr. W. Hesing assumes that these 25,000 men, choking down their hatred of Cleveland's free trade ideas, will vote for him because of "his well-known position on this important [school] question." What does he know of Cleveland's position on that [Illinois school law] question? Has he any authority from the Presidential candidate to express his opinions? He knows absolutely nothing. The ex-President has never written nor spoken a word on the subject. The question is not a national but purely a local one, and had nothing whatever to do with the Presidency. The position of Cleveland is precisely the same as that of Harrison—that the question, if it exists, is one to be settled by Illinois without the interference of Federal authority or the intermeddling of candidates for Federal offices.

Mr. W. Hesing's interview is, in substance, an admission that he went off at half-cock, and that he had no authority to transfer a single protection German Lutheran to the Buzzard's Bay free trader or to speak for them on any point. When they learn that an attempt has been made to baptize them into the Democratic church, and that Mr. Washington Hesing, who is not a Lutheran, undertook to act as sponsor for them and to promise and vow in their name that they should renounce Republicanism and protection and become faithful followers of the free trade Democrat, Cleveland, they will repudiate the latter and all his works much more energetically than THE TRIBUNE has done it for them. The Germans are in the habit of thinking and acting for themselves, and they will not relish this free and easy way of delivering them to Cleveland as if they were a herd of cattle or a flock of sheep. Mr. Hesing has blundered.

## HOT BUT GOOD CORN WEATHER.

The weather is always a test of human consistency. Chicago and the West generally had a long, wet, cold spring with the accompaniment of weeks of drenching rains, overwhelming floods, furious tornadoes, and other varieties of wind storms, cloudbursts, waterspouts, and cold days and nights requiring fires for comfort. From the tenth of March to the tenth of July there was scarcely a day that gave any sign of genial spring, much less of its "ethereal mildness." Under such circumstances it is not strange that people repined, that they spoke sarcastically of Jupiter Pluvius and taunted the weather clerks with ignorance of their business, and dismally prophesied that the crops would be ruined and that there was not heat enough for the corn, the oats, and the spring wheat.

The powers above, however, have listened to human grumbling and been touched by it. They have done their best to make amends for their past shortcomings and have rallied enthusiastically to save the corn. They have sent us three days of absolutely perfect corn weather. All over the broad prairies of the West the corn has been making up for lost time. It has been sprinting and plunging at breakneck speed. It has rustled, jumped, and cracked in its eagerness to get ahead. The farmers can see it grow and hear it grow. It beats pumpkin-vines out of sight. It is the perfect and ideal corn weather. And yet these same persons who grumbled at three months of anti-corn weather are now grumbling at only three days of corn weather! No one is satisfied. Every one is praying Jupiter to moderate the fervor of the sun's rays. It shows the unreasonableness of people. Do they not understand that this is weather for corn and nor for humans, and that corn is as necessary as human comfort, even more so. We can get along without comfort, but we must have corn. If people would regard this subject with a little more philosophy and with the satisfied spirit of the shepherd of Salisbury Plain they would be much happier. Let them reflect that they can keep cool if they will not worry, if they will avoid ice-cold and red-hot drinks, and if they will keep on the shady side of the street, but remember that the corn must have this kind of weather. Even if they suffer a little the corn is bounding ahead like a young roe. Let them be reasonable.

## CAN HE VETO IT?

The city ordinances provide that licenses for horse-races and similar entertainments shall be "issued by the Mayor," who is allowed full discretion. Exercising that discretion most wisely Mayor Washburne has refused to grant a license to the Garfield Park Racing Association. Therefore the Council at its last meeting passed an ordinance declaring that no person or corporation shall run a race track without a license, but that a person or corporation may get one on the following conditions:

1. Such person, firm, or corporation shall pay to the City Collector the sum of $100 per day for each day it is desired to carry on or conduct such meeting. 2. The City Collector shall issue a receipt for the money so paid and thereupon the party so applying shall present such receipt to the City Clerk, who shall thereupon issue a license under the corporate seal of the city and signed by the clerk for the purpose of conducting such business for a period between the 1st of May and the 1st of November in each year.

The men who voted for this were:

Morris, Coughlin, Woodard, Wall, Vogt, W. J. O'Brien, Stuckart, Murphy, Morrison, Loeffler, Bidwill, Rohde, Dorman, Schumacher, Knowles, Jackson, Keats, Michaelson, Reddick, Kunz, Ellert, Gosselin, Mulvihill, Brenan, M. J. O'Brien, Powers, Pfister, Potthoff, Muelhoefer, Biegler, Wadsworth, Sexton, Lutter, Conway, Hansen, McCarthy, Carey, Rauen, Hummel—38.

The object is to take the power to grant licenses out of the hands of the Mayor and make it the duty of the Collector and City Clerk to give one to any set of pool-sellers and horse jockeys who hand over a hundred dollars a day.

An evening contemporary puts this construction on the action of the Council:

The ordinance passed last night provides for six months of racing, and it will become a law either by the ten-day limitation rule or by the Mayor's signature.

Of course the Mayor may veto the measure. But as the Council adjourned last night until Sept. 12 there will be no body until that time to which a veto can be returned, and according to good authority the Mayor's veto will not, therefore, prevent the ordinance from becoming a law at the expiration of the ten days of limitation.

As the matter now stands, it is claimed, it will make no difference to the park club people whether or not the Mayor vetoes the ordinance.

The scheme, as several well-known politicians call it, was well laid by certain Aldermen. It has been known for some time that certain members of the Council have favored the Garfield Park club, and they believed, so it is said, that discrimination had been shown. It was with that thought, so these politicians claim, that the Council took up the matter on the last night before the adjournment so that the Mayor would be powerless in the premises until next September. By that time the club admits that the season will be about over.

It is claimed that when the Mayor became aware of the action of the Council he was angry, knowing that he was powerless to undo it. Some Aldermen smiled this morning and admitted that they knew last night when the ordinance was passed that the Mayor's veto would be useless. Others who claimed to know all about the proceedings commented on what a smooth scheme had been worked.

THE Council has voted to arbitrate with Mr. Onderdonk in regard to the "price of certain work" on his lake tunnel which was left for "future adjustment" by the Cregier administration. This is well. The city is in honor bound to pay for the work, and the arbitration should be pushed through without delay. Whatever the claims of Mr. Onderdonk may be they are not based on anything that occurred under the administration of either Mayor Roche or Mayor Washburne, but on a vague and indefinite agreement made under the slipshod, inefficient rule of Cregier. It is a pity and a disgrace that such a blundering arrangement should have been made, but it is done and cannot be helped. The only thing now is to remedy the mistake as soon as possible. The city wants to get possession of the tunnel, which will be finished within a very few weeks from date. The people want it to furnish them with an abundance of pure, cool water, drawn from the lake at a sufficient distance from the shore to give reasonable assurance of purity. They are sick and tired of having to boil all the water required for drinking and complaining of deficiency in quantity as well as bad quality. They are near the limit of long and suffering patience in paying water bills when they could not get nearly enough of the fluid, while much of what they did get was bad. This state of things should be changed as quickly as possible and the best made of a poor job. Therefore the city ought to go right ahead with the arbitration. Whatever the award may be we must pay it, and should then set it down to the account of "profit and loss" on the inefficient, blundering, neglectful Cregier administration. The water to be supplied through that tunnel is badly wanted. It would be an especial blessing to the people if they could get it before the close of the heated term, and the contractor ought now to see his way clear to bringing round the blessing as quickly as possible.

IN hunting round for pretexts by which they may help to cripple or kill the World's Fair certain Northern Democrats have made the preposterous insinuation that the money if subscribed will be used by Col. Davis for Republican purposes. Of course this is an insulting lie and they know it. Col. Davis is only an executive official of the Fair and not the Finance committee or Treasurer, or the administrator of its money. He was elected to his present position by the National Commissioners and the Board of Directors; he can be removed from it by them if they deem it necessary or proper. The management of the Fair is in the hands of a National Commission, half Democrats and half Republicans, and of a Board of Directors, whose members belong about equally to the two great parties, and whose President is a strong, active, and even aggressive Democrat. This of itself is sufficient to stamp this slander of certain Northern Democrats as the outcome of premeditated malice. Even if Col. Davis had the power to make a partisan use of the Fair he would not do it for the simple reason that he is an honorable man and that when he went into the service of the Fair he went out of politics. If he were to go into politics again he would quit the service of the Exposition. The charge which these Northern Democrats have invented to cover up their hatred of this city is a gross insult not only to Col. Davis but to Chicago.

WHERE there is so much smoke there must be some fire. Therefore let the careless stoker be fired.

THE Omaha *Bee* suggests the Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay for editor of the *International Sunday-School Quarterly.* Mr. Quay is thus once more triumphantly vindicated.

NOW THAT his attention has been called to the matter, Mr. Leiter will see that it is all wrong for the Leiter buildings to have the darker chimneys.

WE are able to state definitely this morning that lake navigation is open all the way round. The ice has all gone out of the straits.

REVENGE is sweet. It is pleasant to reflect that Chicago, that has printed slanderous cartoons representing Kansas City in the throes of torrid agony, is now writhing with a heat that makes the buildings curl.—*Kansas City Star.*

O most unchristian spirit!

NEXT November
Grove and Adlai
Will be beaten
O so badlai!

GARFIELD PARK'S Monday record of a row with the police, one jockey fatally injured, and another seriously hurt has a strikingly familiar aspect about it.

A MERCHANT in the city exhibits a pair of live Japanese babies in his front window. There is more than one way for foreigners to obtain an introduction to Chicago society.

NEW YORK CITY is suffering from its regular annual visitation of "humidity," and the deadly green fungus is having its own way again.

MRS. SOUTHWORTH is grinding away on another story. Will no kind of weather stop her?

NOBODY could really blame Jerry Simpson for going without socks these days.

THE Democratic campaign against Russell Harrison goes on with unabated violence. Russell is about the only Republican issue, so to speak, that the Democratic party can attack safely.

## IN A MINOR KEY.

### Must Be Wiped Out in Blood.

"I don't mind his speaking of me in his filthy sheet as the 'leprous, lying, abandoned, and scoundrelly dog that prints the sickening apology for a newspaper across the way,'" said the editor of the Rattlesnake Gulch *Tomahawk*, "but when he takes the liberty of referring to me as 'Friend Gordon' it's just a little more than I can stand!"

And the editor of the *Tomahawk* buckled on his seven-shooter, stuck his trusty bowie-knife in the leg of his boot, shouldered his repeating rifle, kicked a stray dog out through the window, and started for the office of the Rattlesnake Gulch *Ripsnorter* with blood in his eye.

### A Life's Tragedy.

Her teeth had vanished quite away.
Her new set gave her pain.
She took them out, and from that day
She never smiled again.

### Not in It.

Dignified but Anxious Citizen (hailing the boat from a tree-top)—"Here! Throw me a line! Send out a yawl! I belong to one of the First Families of this country!"

Noah (opening a port-hole)—"My friend, I am sorry for you, but my menagerie is complete."

[Closes port-hole again. And it continues to rain.]

## PERSONALS.

Mr. Daniel Dougherty, the distinguished lawyer and orator, is seriously ill at his residence in Philadelphia. He is suffering from an attack of malarial fever.

Queen Victoria has sent $250 to the sufferers by the St. Johns fire. It comes heavy upon the old lady when her stock of Indian shawls has given out and she has to go down into her pocket-book.

Rudyard Kipling will spend the summer in Samoa with Robert Louis Stevenson, and they will swap opinions on American newspaper syndicates and their penurious treatment of brilliant geniuses.

Herr Most gives a sufficient explanation of Berkmann, the assassin, in saying that he is "a Russian Nihilist." If anything more were needed it might be found in the fact that he is "a cigarette fiend."

The Rev. Joseph Cook has aroused a good deal of indignation by stating that in his opinion New York is a very wicked city. Joseph has not yet learned that one of the surest signs of wisdom in a man is that he does not tell all that he thinks.

Walter D. Stinson, who has been appointed postmaster at Augusta, Me., to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon. J. H. Manley, is a nephew of Mrs. Blaine. He has been in the postoffice service for years, and is one of the most popular young Republicans in central Maine.

Mr. Theodore West, one of the oldest railway engineers in England, and at present, and for many years, Superintendent of the locomotive department of the Northwestern railway of England, will be the guest of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at the World's Columbian Exposition next year.

Edwin Ellis, some of whose famous Southdown sheep are to be exhibited in this country at the coming World's Fair, is not only a great landowner and an energetic business-man, but also a philanthropist. He has built near his home in Surrey, England, an experimental row of neat cottages for his tenants, an ideal schoolhouse, and a clubhouse for the people, and his daughter has a wood-carving class among the tenants. The clubhouse has provision for billiards and other games, a prettily decorated social hall capable of seating 500 persons, and a library of 800 or more volumes, with numerous periodicals.

## CURRENT NOTES.

People on the fence never weigh much.—*Ram's Horn.*

Mosquitoes carry no cash, but bank upon their bills receivable.—*Galveston News.*

Persistency is a great virtue, but it is hard to admire it in a fly.—*Somerville Journal.*

About the only things that are always in season are the plug hat and the pepper box.—*Columbus Post.*

A man who mixes his drinks generally mixes his speech in the same way.—*Binghamton Republican.*

High church steeples are going out of fashion. It is proper that they should, as they have long been a vane display.—*Lowell Courier.*

If the officeholder would study the average domestic he wouldn't feel nearly so humble when he declares that he is the servant of the people.—*Washington Star.*

He—"Had my photo taken the other day." She—"Yes. I saw it." He—"Ethel thought it rather insipid in expression." She—"I don't know. I thought it very characteristic of you."—*Harper's Bazar.*

Deacon Jones—"Before your husband embarks upon this new enterprise I trust he will ask for Divine guidance." Mrs. Smith—"It is evident you don't know John. He wouldn't be dictated to by anybody."—*Boston Transcript.*

Mr. Jenks—"I see that a new law in Alabama prohibits the selling of liquor within three miles of a church or schoolhouse." The Colonel (from Louisville)—"That's a terrible blow to Alabama." Mr. Jenks—"Think so?" The Colonel—"I should say so. In three years there won't be a church or schoolhouse left in the State."—*Life.*

### Mr. Washington Hesing's Assumed Role.

Milwaukee *Sentinel:* Among the Chicago Democrats who went to New York last week to persuade the Democratic National committee to establish a Western headquarters in Chicago was Mr. Washington Hesing, who called on Mr. Cleveland and assumed to pledge the German Lutherans of Illinois to support the free trade candidate. He assured Mr. Cleveland that of 35,000 German Lutheran voters of that State he could depend on receiving the support of 25,000.

The *Herold* (German) of this city questions Mr. Hesing's authority to speak for the German Lutherans. It says he is a Catholic, and that it is highly improbable that he should be selected to appear before Mr. Cleveland as the spokesman of the German Lutherans of Illinois. These have, as yet, in their resolutions and public utterances given no indication of their attitude towards the national election. The national election, the *Herold* observes, relates to one great overshadowing issue, and it does not believe that Mr. Hesing was authorized to declare that many thousands of Lutheran voters have changed from supporters of a protective tariff to supporters of free trade. "If such a declaration were to have been made, and assurances given to Mr. Cleveland," says the *Herold,* "representatives of the Lutherans themselves would have attended to the business, for their attitude in politics is clear and unambiguous. That Mr. Hesing should himself assume to guarantee the attitude of the Lutherans was certainly as unwise as it was unjustified, and will hardly please the Lutherans themselves."

### A Brace of Ugly Scandals in a Democratic House.

Washington *Post*, July 24: In at least two matters of grave national moment the first session of the Fifty-second Congress seems destined to become scandalous. Certainly it will be so if the body should adjourn without clearing itself of the suspicion.

It is now explicitly asserted by responsible parties that the so-called Anti-Option bill is pushed in the interests of the great flour-milling monopoly at Minneapolis. This great and powerful "combine" has recently passed into the hands of an English syndicate, and the managers, so it is said, now seek to control the market price of wheat, or at least to increase their influence over it by securing an abolition of the agencies through which dealing in "futures" is now promoted. It has been asserted and forcibly demonstrated by reputable business-men that this proposed abolition will have the effect of depressing the price of wheat and other staples included in the prohibition. They claim, and they seem to make the proposition reasonably clear, that the producer will be the victim and the buyer the beneficiary of the Anti-Option bill should it become a law. And now, on top of all this, we have the specific declaration that the movement in favor of the bill has been inspired by a *syndicate of foreign speculators,* whose agents are industriously working up the moral sentiment of the country and whose dupes are innocently furnishing it with strength and influence. If that charge can be substantiated it implies a disgraceful state of things from which the Fifty-second Congress cannot too soon exonerate itself. If it cannot be substantiated Congress should hasten to make the fact known through the medium of an investigation and a report.

The second unpleasant and distasteful development relates to the alleged motive and action of the Knights of Labor in conspiring to defeat the $5,000,000 appropriation for the World's Fair at Chicago. The allegation in this case does not emanate from any capitalistic or other source presumably hostile to labor. It emanates from a rival organization, the "Federation"—or something of that sort—"of Labor." It is, in fact, the accusation of one body of workingmen against another, and the indictment involves blackmail, conspiracy, and corruption of the meanest and most sordid kind. It is quite explicit. It refers to definite acts and assigns specific motives, and in view of the fact that the appropriation was defeated it would appear that Congress, for its own honor and repute, should institute inquiry. If it be true, as emphatically charged by the Federation, that the Knights sent agents to this city for the purpose of defeating the loan, and that those agents resorted to threats, to blackmail, and to other unworthy expedients in the prosecution of their purpose, then the American people want the whole story of the conspiracy, and it is the duty as well as the interest of Congress to give it them.

These are not gratifying incidents. To have Congress adjourn at this time, leaving behind it the suspicion that in at least two important respects its action has been affected by scandalous and shameful influences, will be about as humiliating an experience as the country has ever been called upon to endure.

## MUSIC AND DRAMA.

The general brightening which comes with the fall season is already near at hand, and by the end of the next six weeks all the Chicago playhouses will have begun their fall business. Almost without exception the dates for next season in the various local theaters are spoken for, and the plays for the formal openings have been decided upon. Manager J. H. McVicker maintains that there is only one season in his playhouse and that it continues the year around; but the engagement of Julia Marlowe and her excellent company, which is announced for Sept. 5, to continue three weeks, will mark the turning point in the list of attractions which will be offered. Prior to the Marlowe engagement, however, "A Trip to the Circus" and "Blue Jeans" will be seen.

Three engagements, comprising in all five weeks, will intervene before Manager Harry Hamlin of the Grand will actually set on foot the fall season in his playhouse. For this event Hoyt's new satirical comedy "A Temperance Town" has been engaged to fill a three weeks' run. The play received its first trial in the East last spring and it is said to show indications of success. George Richards will play the leading rôle—that of a broken down old drunkard—and Eugene Canfield and a strong cast will furnish him adequate support.

At the Chicago Opera-House "Ali Baba" will continue its present run until late in October, and as the date of its removal will be determined by the lasting qualities of the piece no regular fall opening has been announced by the management. David Henderson has some strong attractions in readiness, however, and the theater will not suffer when the big extravaganza is taken away for its winter tour.

Since the Columbia was placed under the management of Hayman and Davis its doors have not been closed a single night (except Sundays), but after the present week it will be given over entirely to the decorators and painters, who will place it in readiness for the coming season, which begins Aug. 8 with a two weeks' engagement of Charles Frohman's new company in "The Junior Partner." The comedy-drama was written by the author of "Wilkinson's Widows," and it is Mr. Frohman's exclusive property. The new company will include many well-known artists, among whom are Henry Miller, Hugo Toland, May Irwin, Mrs. McKee Rankin, Emilie Baucker, and others.

Manager Davis has made no announcement for the opening of the Haymarket other than that the first engagement of the season is booked for Aug. 20, when a strong melodrama will be put on for a run of several weeks.

Manager Powers of Hooley's Theater has something good in store for the new season in the two weeks' engagement which Daniel Frohman's Lyceum company will play, beginning Aug. 29. The company will be composed of practically the same artists that were in it last season. During its stay in Chicago it will present a strong repertory, including some new plays which Mr. Frohman has just secured abroad.

Two weeks of German drama will begin the first season of the new Schiller Theater. Manager Temple will then take charge and will make the formal opening with a four weeks' engagement of one of Charles Frohman's companies in the farce-comedy "Gloriana," which is now enjoying a prosperous run in San Francisco. The play will be given its first presentation Oct. 17.

Among the outlying playhouses only a few of the fall openings are yet announced. The Windsor will begin its season Aug. 1 with an engagement of "The Limited Mail." Havlin's Theater, which has been closed during the summer, undergoing extensive repairs, will reopen Aug. 21 with an engagement of Milton Nobles in his own play "From Sire to Son," and its near neighbor, the Alhambra, will be opened about the same time by Frank Mayo in a repertory which is now being arranged. The engagement is for three weeks.

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There is a decided dearth of people and enthusiasm around the Chicago theaters nowadays. With the thermometer registering in the nineties, and little or no circulation of air except in the immediate neighborhood of the electric fans, those of the theater-going people who are unfortunate enough to be obliged to remain in the city during the heated season are avoiding every effort on the part of the managers to entertain them or to get possession of their money and comfort. The manager of one of the down-town playhouses sat in his private office last night with his coat off and a wet handkerchief bound around his head, and admitted that it was almost robbery to take the money that was offered by the sweltering 500 people who were gathered inside the theater.

People will be amused, however, and if one theater does not offer the amusement another will. Perhaps this is the principle upon which the Chicago playhouses have operated this summer. Performances have been given nightly at the five principal theaters since the summer season began, and, considering everything, the patronage has been all that could be expected. "Miss Helyett" has had a life of nine weeks at the Columbia, and it is just about to die a natural death. "Ali Baba" at the Chicago Opera-House is particularly adapted to the heated season and its run up to date has proved a big financial success. "The Isle of Champagne" at the Grand came dangerously near the maximum summer record. It was taken off in the midst of its popularity to make way for the bright and airy "Jane," which is now in the third week of its month's run. The homely rural story of the "County Fair," with its unseasonable winter scenes, is about to be withdrawn from Hooley's only to be replaced by Miss Magin's local comedy, "On 'Change." At McVicker's James A. Herne's dramas, "My Colleen" and "Margaret Fleming," and George T. Ulmer's war drama, "The Volunteer," have occupied the greater part of the summer season. The lesser playhouses have continued their regular bills, and they all appear to have a cause, if not an excuse, for existence.

⁂

While the lighter forms of drama have proved their ability to maintain a foothold in Chicago during the heated term, New York has been obliged to give itself up entirely to music, tomfoolery, and fireworks. Four productions are now running in the principal theaters and the leading characteristic of each of them is nonsense, pure and simple. They seem to possess the requirements necessary to fulfill their mission, however, and the perspiring people who laugh over their absurd comicalities go away apparently well satisfied. "The Vice Admiral" at the Casino, with its none too delicate humor and its indifferent literary qualities, seems to possess the color and spirit for the purposes which it is made to subserve. Hoyt & Thomas' "A Trip to Chinatown" is said to be enjoying unlimited patronage, and its summer's run at the Madison Square has been almost phenomenal. "Sindbad" at the Garden Theater is having practically the same experience that it met with in Chicago a year ago, and as it is being gradually overhauled to comply with New York tastes its popularity is increasing. The revival of "The Mascot" by the Dixey-Askin company at Palmer's Theater has proved a successful summer venture, and while at first it was not said whether or not the operas were to continue any length of time, it is now given out that "Chimes of Normandy" or "Iolanthe" will soon follow it on the same stage. The roof gardens that six weeks ago were a strong hobby among New Yorkers seem to have slipped back somewhat in their popularity before the influence of the pyrotechnic spectacles and the concerts.

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The open air presentation of "The Babes in the Woods" at the Elks' picnic at Burlington Park Aug. 2 bids fair to be a success. Rehearsals are being held every morning regularly, the parts have been assigned and committed, and fairly creditable productions of the piece are already being given. A large number of well-known professionals now in Chicago are on the list of players. Ida Mulle and Louis de Lange are cast for the two babes, Henry Norman of the "Ali Baba" company will play the part of the Wicked Uncle, and Francis Leon will be the pernickity old aunt. Others in the cast are Ada Deaves, Will S. Rising, Arthur Dunn, and many theatrical people none the less well known. Mrs. A. Benton Barnes, aided by George Perry of the Chicago Opera-House, is in charge of the undertaking.

David Henderson is soon to lose one of the ablest members of his "Ali Baba" company. Within the next three weeks Bessie Cleveland, who created the title role of the new extravaganza, will leave to rejoin her old manager, John H. Russell, in "The City Directory," in which she played a leading part last season. Her connection with the "Ali Baba" company was only temporary, as Mr. Henderson had engaged her from Mr. Russell's company merely for the summer to create the role. Rehearsals for "The City Directory" will soon begin, and Miss Cleveland will be obliged to be on hand for them. David Henderson and George Bowles left for St. Louis last evening to secure a new singer to take Miss Cleveland's part in the cast.

With the close of the "Miss Helyett" engagement the Columbia Theater will have been kept open continuously 101 weeks. This represents the period that Mr. Davis and Mr. Hayman have been in control of the house. Next week the doors will be kept tightly closed and an army of renovators, painters, sweepers, and cleaners will be turned in with carte blanche to completely overhaul the house. It will be given a thorough cleaning and put in the best possible shape for fall business.

The Marine Folly company is playing the last week of its engagement at the Madison Street Opera-House. The program includes a part of the opera "Pinafore" in addition to a long list of specialties. Next week Lillie Clay's Gaiety company will fill a one week's engagement at the theater.

# BOAT CUT IN TWAIN.

## A ST. JOSEPH WOMAN DROWNED IN SWITZERLAND.

**Miss Anna Sorge and the Misses Englehart of St. Joseph, Mo., Were Boating with the Messrs. McEntie of Chicago on Lake Lucerne When the Craft Was Caught in an Eddy and Smashed Against a Bridge Pier—Cholera Still Raging—How Bismarck Came to Resign.**

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

PARIS, July 26.—A rowboat containing Miss Anna M. Sorge, Misses Stella and Mable Englehart of St. Joseph, Mo., and Stewart and Douglas McEntie of Chicago was cut in two in the River Reuss, Switzerland, last night. The party was boating in Lake Lucerne, and contrary to the prohibition, passed from the lake to the river at the second iron bridge.

There it was caught in an eddy, whirled against a bridge pier, and was cut in two. All but Miss Sorge were rescued. She sank and the body has not been recovered.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 26.—[Special.]—Miss Annie M. Sorge, who was drowned in Lake Lucerne, Switzerland, yesterday, was a trimmer in a St. Joseph millinery establishment. Last May she went to Europe to take the two young daughters of her employer, George J. Englehart, to a school at Dresden, Germany. The party made a tour of the principal points of interest of the continent and Lucerne was the last to be visited by them prior to the young ladies entering the seminary at Dresden. Miss Sarge intended to sail for America Aug. 5.

### HOW BISMARCK TOOK HIS LEAVE.

**A Friend Tells of the Interview That Led to the Chancellor's Resignation.**

GENEVA, July 26.—The newspaper *Genevois* publishes an interesting statement made by a friend of Prince Bismarck, who is a great novelist and historian, but whose name is not revealed. The friend says that he entered Prince Bismarck's study the day of the rupture between the Prince and the Emperor. Bismarck, trembling with agitation, was walking the room muttering imprecations. When he saw his friend Bismarck exclaimed:

> The Emperor has kicked me out without consideration—me the greatest servant of his grandfather and father. He asked for my written resignation on the spot, but he shall not have it until tomorrow, even if his impatience over the delay causes his death.

When he became calm Bismarck explained that the Emperor had announced his intention to attend a fête given by Dr. Windthorst, the Centrist leader. Bismarck begged the Emperor not to go, saying that his presence would be regarded as condemnatory of the attitude of the Chancellor in the eyes of the Centrists, his bitterest enemies, while it would cause great satisfaction to enemies of the Emperor and would be an overt repudiation of the Chancellor.

The Emperor answered brusquely and disdainfully, stamping one foot. "Are you going to dictate my very bill of fare?" he asked.

Bismarck replied: "Then I must resign."

"I accept your resignation," said the Emperor. "You may retire. Send me your resignation in writing."

Bismarck then withdrew, but he obstinately refused to send in his resignation until the next day.

### SENOR ROSA TO BE BURIED IN CHILE.

**He Was One of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence.**

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

VALPARAISO, July 26.—Orders have been sent to the Captain of the cruiser Pinto to bring the body of Señor Rosa to this country for burial. Señor Rosa was one of the signers of the declaration of independence of Chile against Spain. He died in Argentina and will be brought to Concepcion for burial.

The Brazilian Minister to Uruguay has protested against the presence of Uruguayan troops in the State of Rio Grande do Sul. They have gone into that Brazilian State upon the pretext of pursuing the bandits who went into Uruguay and sacked a number of houses and killed several persons, but it is hinted that their real purpose is to aid the Rio Grande revolutionists, who intend to proclaim their independence and then seek annexation with Uruguay.

A meeting of Radicals was held in Buenos Ayres yesterday which was attended by 5,000 persons. Reports from the provinces indicate that there is to be a strong manifestation among the Radicals all over the Argentine Republic. Twenty-one clubs have been organized in Buenos Ayres.

The court-martial which was ordered by the Argentine Government to try the officers of the torpedero Rosales, which was wrecked on the coast of Uruguay, has been suspended until the return of Admiral Soller from the celebration in honor of Columbus.

### MARTIAL LAW AT NIJNI-NOVGOROD.

**The Governor Takes Action to Prevent Riots and Attempts on His Life.**

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—The Governor of Nijni-Novgorod having recently received a number of anonymous letters containing threats against him, has announced his intention of proclaiming martial law in his jurisdiction. He declares that all disturbers of the peace will be summarily punished, and that all persons found guilty of inciting the people to riot will be hanged.

PARIS, July 26.—The latest advices from Bonneval say that the outbreak of cholerine in the lunatic asylum there is decreasing. A dispatch received by the *Temps* says that cholera has broken out in twelve places in Roumania.

BERLIN, July 26.—The *Reichsanzeiger* announces that the government has been holding frequent conferences with the sanitary authorities, especially Prof. Koch, in regard to the best methods to be adopted to combat cholera. The paper gives the details of exhaustive measures to prevent the entry of the disease into Germany. It says that a memorandum will be issued shortly instructing the people as to what conditions are necessary for them to observe in the event of the malady obtaining a foothold in this country.

LONDON, July 26.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Times* says:

> According to the official bulletin issued today 2,055 cases of cholera and 1,172 deaths from the disease occurred in all the infested districts of Russia the 22d and 23d inst. These statistics include the figures for Astrakhan, where 232 cases and 140 deaths were reported the days mentioned, and for the Don Cossacks country, where there were 448 cases and 226 deaths.

The *Chronicle's* St. Petersburg correspondent says:

> It is feared that cholera will soon appear here if the present warm weather continues. The death rate along the Volga is really greater than is supposed. The Saratoff *Listock* reports 252 deaths in Saratoff the 14th inst.

**Col. Fitzgeorge Ordered to Pay Up.**

A complicated suit has been tried before Justice Bruce in this city. A money-lender had brought suit against Col. Fitzgeorge, son of the Duke of Cambridge, on a dishonored bill for £500, and Col. Fitzgeorge had in turn instituted proceedings against one R. E. Link, a company promoter, whom he sought to compel to indemnify him in the amount named. It seems that on Link's assurance that a large bonus and dividend would be paid Col. Fitzgeorge invested in a Russian petroleum company, signing a note for £500. He never, however, received any shares of the company's stock.

Justice Bruce, after a thorough hearing of the case, ordered that Col. Fitzgeorge pay the money-lender the amount claimed and that Link should indemnify him.

### A PRICE ON FERDINAND'S HEAD.

**Russia Said to Have Offered $10,000 for the Prince's Death.**

SOFIA, July 26.—The *Svoboda* publishes a dispatch which it claims was sent by the Russian Government to its Minister at Bucharest ordering him to pay $10,000 to the plotters who were concocting plans to murder Prince Ferdinand, the ruler of Bulgaria.

**Americans in Paris.**

PARIS, July 26.—The following Americans registered here today:

O. F. Oppenheimer, M. Lowenbein, Dr. Noxon, F. De Pauw, J. Dickinson, J. Flang, Dr. Freeman, Mr. Sivernaud, J. Phyfe, N. Palmer, A. Young, Dr. Queen, J. Egan, R. Simons, M. Herrick, M. Buckenham, M. Hibler, E. Harper, Thomas Wood, New York; H. Lowe, D. Pyatt, H. Hasterlik, E. Phillips, James John, A. Strum, J. Norton, Chicago; Charles Lauriat, C. Beal, Minnie Bigelow, Miss Devine, D. Hill, W. Sanger, H. Chamberlain, C. Boswell, E. Hopkins, Boston; F. Backus, G. Baker, J. Voorhees, P. Taylor, the Rev. Mr. Todd, J. Ferguson, Charles Jones, A. Arnold, H. Lawrence, Brooklyn; J. Brennan, Yonkers; A. Norcross, E. Norcrope, Fitchburg; H. Ingraham, Worcester; M. Jackson, London; Mrs. Gilger, Syracuse; Misses Peck, Duluth; M. Kline, Lebanon; Mr. Knipper, Cincinnati; A. De Lano, Detroit; H. Prouty, Des Moines; J. Patton, Milwaukee; F. Hardon, Mansfield; F. O. Hammond, Detroit; Mr. Harrington, Rome; F. Burnham, New York; N. Gilles, Pittsburg; James Osborne, F. Waldman, George Chace, Newark; H. Coxe, Philadelphia; J. Crawford, Newcastle; Thomas Silkman, F. Mitchell, John De Witt, Yonkers; W. Wright, Rome; C. Duran, Union Hill; W. Dudley, F. Hayne, New Orleans; A. Vincent, Vicksburg; George Muenster, Binghamton; A. Mattice, Cambridgeport; Miss Allen, Portland; A. Abbott, Cedar Rapids.

**Think It Will Help the Building Fund.**

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—A sensation has been caused among the lower classes here by the discovery of an image of the Virgin in the foundation of the church that is being built on the spot where the Czar Alexander II. was murdered. It is said that the Virgin revealed the presence of the image to an old woman in a dream. The image was conveyed to the palace of Grand Duchess Catharine Michailovna, where the court chaplain was the first to venerate it. Doubters assert that the story was concocted to quicken the zeal of the public in behalf of the church building fund.

**Forged Letters of Credit Discovered.**

BERLIN, July 26.—Owing to the fact that several letters of credit cashed by the Deutsche Bank of this city have been discovered to be forgeries, such documents are being scrutinized now with unusual caution. All the Berlin banks are adopting new rules in regard to letters of credit in order to avoid being made victims as the Deutsche Bank has been.

**Nine Hundred Rendered Homeless by Fire.**

VIENNA, July 26.—Eighty houses and an ancient Capuchin monastery, with a valuable library, have been destroyed by fire at Male, a town in the Tyrol, fifty miles from Trent. Nine hundred persons are rendered homeless by the fire. The loss amounts to $250,000.

### SILVER LEAGUE CONVENTION MEETS.

**Colorado Leaders Want a Straight Ticket—Weaver Makes a Speech.**

DENVER, Colo., July 26.—The first convention of the State Silver League assembled in the Chamber of Commerce this morning for the purpose of nominating a State ticket and four Presidential Electors. M. H. Slater, President of the League, has published a letter in which he recommends that the convention nominate Electors pledged to cast their vote for no Presidential candidate who will not publicly declare himself in favor of free and unlimited coinage of silver. They hope by this means to force either President Harrison or Mr. Cleveland to declare himself, and in case they do not they expect to carry Colorado, Idaho, and three or four other Western States, and throw the election of President into the House of Representatives.

The assemblage was organized at 11 o'clock by the election of C. I. Thompson of Aspen Temporary Chairman and L. C. Paddock of Boulder Secretary. The various committees were appointed, and an invitation extended to Gen. Weaver to address them this afternoon, after which a recess was taken until 2 o'clock.

Gen. Weaver was unable to address the convention in the afternoon on account of limited time, but he made a speech at night in the Coliseum. The hall containing 2,000 was too small and Mrs. Lease addressed the overflow on the street.

Gen. Weaver talked mostly about silver because it is upon that issue alone that his party can hope to carry the State. Heretofore the party has never polled over 6,000 votes in Colorado. The local managers seem to have had their heads turned by the flow in their direction, and have already alienated some recruits by suspicion of their motives. They propose to steer a straight People's party course and put full tickets in the field, dictated by the old leaders and without regard to the wishes of the great body of former members of the old parties.

Efforts are being made to let the Silver League, as a non-partisan body devoted to silver alone, have a voice in naming the ticket, but the managers thus far refuse and will not change their plans unless Weaver himself brings pressure to bear. The situation is complicated by the fact that both Republicans and Democrats will put up State tickets on a square silver platform. If the old People's party men insist upon keeping everything in their own hands they may drive away enough votes from Weaver and Field to leave an easy thing for the Republicans.

The afternoon session was confined to routine business in connection with the Committee on Credentials.

### BRIDGE FOR HALSTED STREET.

**Commissioner Aldrich Will Call for Bids Despite the Drainage Board's Plans.**

It is not likely that there will be any agreement between the city authorities and the Sanitary District Board in relation to the proposed bridge over the river at Halsted street. The committee of the Drainage Board, consisting of Messrs. Wenter, Boldenweck, and Cooley, waited on Commissioner Aldrich yesterday to discuss the subject. They had no well defined plan. They told the Commissioner of Public Works that it would be a good idea to put up a temporary bridge just now, but that it would be a waste of public money to put up a permanent and costly structure, inasmuch as the board proposed to widen the river below Sixteenth street to a width of 250 feet and to deepen it so that the bottom will be twenty-five feet below the present street level, if not more. They had no definite plan as to the character of the temporary structure.

They had much, however, to say about widening the river and deepening it below Sixteenth street, and for the first time they made a public statement as to their plan for supplying the drainage channel with that 300,000 cubic feet of lake water. Their plan is to run an open ditch from the lake along Sixteenth street to feed the widened channel below that point. On Commissioner Aldrich representing to them that that scheme would be rather costly, one of the committee said they expected to get $10,000,000 from the United States government in aid of the project. They were also sure that the government would take charge of the outer harbor and develop it.

Commissioner Aldrich could see nothing satisfactory in the talk and representations of the committee, and said, after they had departed: "We shall advertise for the construction of a double track, steam bridge with center pier, of the same length as the old bridge, as soon as the plans are perfected, which will probably be next week."

### BUCHANAN KNOCKS TAYLOR OUT.

**They Fight Forty-two Rounds for $250 and a Purse.**

MONTREAL, Que., July 26.—[Special.]—The best prize fight that ever took place here, and the longest and most stubbornly contested that ever occurred in Canada, was fought early this morning at Otterburn Park, near St. Hilliare. The principals were Black Frank Taylor and Ned Buchanan of Boston, who has defeated the Marine and several other well-known middleweights. The fight lasted forty-two rounds and the men were at it from midnight till ten minutes past 3. It was for $250 stake money and a purse, and only fifty tickets were sold. The crowd in attendance comprised the best professional and amateur sporting element in town. The hitting was hard all through, and both men took an awful lot of punishment. Frank, who is colored, was the cleverer of the two, but Buchanan much taller and heavier. There were no knockdowns till the last round, when Buchanan landed on Frank's jugular and ended the fight.

### WILL MAKE STEEL RAILS ONLY.

**Billets Will No Longer Be Made at the Carnegie Duquesne Mill.**

DUQUESNE, Pa., July 24.—[Special to The World.]—It is reported that extensive alterations are soon to be made in the Bessemer steel plant of the Carnegie company at this place. The story is that the owners of the plant have decided to convert it into a steel rail manufacturing plant. All orders for billets have been canceled and no more will be made there.

The plant when put in operation by the Allegheny Bessemer Steel company, which built it and after operating it for a time sold it to the Carnegie company, manufactured nothing but rails, and was considered the finest improved steel-rail plant in the country.

The purchasers of it soon turned it into a billet plant, and it has since been operated as such. Why the change is made is not given out, but it is said it was decided on some time ago.

# TO USE EXPLOSIVES.

## HOMESTEAD STRIKERS THREATEN TO BLOW UP THE MILLS.

**A Member of the Advisory Committee Says They Will Prevent the Mills from Being Operated by Non-Union Men at All Hazards—O'Donnell Is Going Away—Berkmann's Accomplices Supposed to Be Under Arrest—One of Them Captured at Long Branch and Another at Alleghany.**

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 26.—[Special.]—Since it has become evident that the Carnegie Steel company, under protection of the National Guard, is about successfully to operate its mills prominent members of the Advisory committee have been considering ways and means for preventing any successful working of the plant. One of the prominent members of this committee today said:

"We will not, under any circumstances, permit those mills to run if there is any agency which may be employed to prevent it. We have already selected men who will go into those mills as fast as they can secure employment, who are instructed and sworn to carry out our orders in consummating the policy which we have agreed upon. When we are sure there is no longer any hope for us our representatives in the mills will place explosives where they will do the most harm to machinery. We have definitely determined that these mills shall not be operated by non-union men, and one of the principal ways to prevent it is to either control or wreck the property. I might say a great deal more, but under the circumstances I have gone as far as I dare."

O'Donnell and his wife will leave tomorrow for some seaside resort which the young man will not name. He said today that he and his wife have been so worn by the work of the last three weeks that it is absolutely necessary for him to have a rest. Some members of the Advisory committee do not view O'Donnell's decision to get away from Homestead favorably. Different constructions are placed by his own people upon his desire to get away from here. He maintains that affairs are in better hands than his own, and that his work of the past fully entitles him to a rest.

Other leaders in the Advisory committee say they can carry on the strike as well without him, but say at the same time that they will continue to advise him and to receive instructions from him.

### O'DONNELL TO RESIGN.

**He and the Advisory Committee Disagree.**

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 26.—It is quite likely Hugh O'Donnell will resign the Chairmanship of the Advisory committe, if he has not already done so, and the indications are that the committee is now casting about for a new leader. The break up was caused by the refusal of the committee to approve an almost unconditional surrender in the fight on hand. Mr. O'Donnell expressed himself an anxious for a settlement even if he had to be sacrificed.

He authorized two newspaper men, F. D. Maderia of New York and Hampton Moore of Philadelphia, to see Supt. Potter and ascertain upon what terms the old men could return to work. When they had executed the commission O'Donnell wanted to bring them before the committee, but that body would not admit them. This rebuff undoubtedly will cause O'Donnell's resignation, as he said he would resign if his colleagues did not indorse his sentiments.

The mediators called upon Supt. Potter and wanted to know upon what terms he would accept the old employés. He said there was no vindictiveness in their dealings with the men, but they would not take back certain objectionable strife-makers under any circumstances. No names were mentioned, but he said those against whom criminal charges had been preferred were among them. Even they may not be rejected if the informations against them proved incorrect.

He further said that the men would not be questioned about membership in any organization, but they would be required to sign an agreement as individuals fixing the scale of wages as based on the $23 billet rate. There would be no dealings with any association or committee except as provided in the agreement for a committee of workmen and officials to meet quarterly and fix the price of billets. No men in their employ would be discharged if the work was satisfactory. The mediators were assured that the places were being filled rapidly.

The Advisory committee refused to admit the newspaper men, but said they would hear the report through the Chairman. This was refused, as they had no interest in the matter except to bring the two parties together. Supt. Potter was informed of the result and expressed regrets, as the places of the old men were being rapidly filled. Mr. Curry, who was present, took occasion to deny the statement that Andrew Carnegie would interfere. He said that in a cablegram just received Mr. Carnegie says he had no intention of returning to America at present, and that he would not interfere with the management or interpose to settle the lockout.

### AN ACCOMPLICE OF BERKMANN.

**Mollick, a Baker, Taken Into Custody at Long Branch.**

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 26.—[Special.]—Long Branch is excited today over the discovery of an alleged Anarchist baking the bread of peace in her midst. A dispatch from Pittsburg last night to Chief Layton said: "Hold a baker named Mollick at all hazards, implicated with Berkmann in Anarchist plot against officials at Homestead. The Chief prowled about all night, and at 4 this morning placed his man in an old established bakery here, kept by Peide. The arrest was made to Mollick's surprise, and all day long detectives, both professional and amateur, have been trying to get the prisoner to tell what he knows about anarchy and Berkmann.

Chief of Police O'Mara of Pittsburg, who was in New York, was telegraphed for, and arrived this afternoon. To him, as to all other questioners, Mollick tells a plausible story. He scraped an acquaintance with Berkmann, who is a fellow-countryman of his, in New York. Berkman lent him money and it was to repay a loan, and in reply to an urgent appeal from him that he recently forwarded $6 by Adams' Express to Berkmann in Pittsburg. It was through the receipt and forwarding slips that the communication between the two which has got Mollick into trouble was discovered. The only important point reached so far is a package of papers which was found in Mollick's rooms, which are now in O'Mara's possession and which he took to New York with him tonight to digest in secret.

Mollick is apparently an Austro-Hungarian of fair education and considerable intelligence, dark complexion, hair and beard, about 40 years of age, and 150 pounds weight. There is nothing about his appearance to suggest other than that he has been, while in Peide's employ, an industrious foreman baker. He will be transferred to Freehold, the county seat, tomorrow.

### HE IS BERKMANN'S COMPANION.

**A Rabid Anarchist Arrested in Allegheny—His Home an Arsenal.**

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 26.—The arrests of F. Mollick at Long Branch and H. Bauer in Allegheny today, it is believed by the police, will greatly aid them in clearing the mystery that now surrounds the would-be assassin and Anarchist Alexander Berkmann. Mollick is the man who sent Berkmann the money from Long Branch last week, and Bauer is the recognized leader of the Anarchists in this section. He succeeded Herr Fricke upon the death of the latter two years ago, as the agent for the distribution of anarchistic literature, and the police have been watching him for some months.

He was arrested at his home, No. 73 Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny, at 10 o'clock this morning. Bauer showed no surprise when arrested, and took the matter coolly. He admitted he was the agent here for the distribution of anarchistic documents, and that he had sent the circulars to Homestead which were ordered confiscated by Gen. Snowden. He denied all knowledge of the attempt on Mr. Frick's life, and says he had never met or heard of Berkmann until last week, when he met him at Knold's house. There were two meetings, he said, each one by accident, and Berkmann told him he was here to get work. Bauer told him it was a bad time to hunt work, on account of the Homestead trouble. He said he had not seen Berkmann since last Thursday.

At Bauer's home the police unearthed a small sized arsenal. They found a breech-loading rifle, an American bulldog revolver, and a large quantity of cartridges, running in size from 22 to 44 caliber. A mysterious looking small object was also found in his room. It was about the size of a large sized marble and had a string at one end. The police believe it is some kind of an explosive. Various incendiary papers were also found, together with a book on anarchy, receipts, etc. It is believed that he destroyed all papers that might criminate him when Frick was shot.

Last Saturday morning Bauer is said to have been loitering in the vicinity of the Duquesne club on Sixth avenue, where Mr. Frick took his meals. Chief Murphy says that when Berkmann entered the *Chronicle-Telegraph* Building last Saturday he was not alone. There was another man with him, and when Berkmann started up the stairs leading to Mr. Frick's office the stranger passed a package to him. That package appears to have contained either the revolver with which Mr. Frick was shot or the dynamite cartridges with which Berkmann attempted to blow his own head off. Bauer is suspected of being the man who handed the package to Berkmann. Several persons saw the incident, and the description of Berkmann's companion they furnish fits Bauer to perfection.

Upon the receipt of the news that Mollick had been captured Inspector McKelvey made the necessary information before Judge Gripp, and a certified copy of it, together with the warrant for Mollick's arrest, were sent to Supt. O'Mara at Long Branch. The information is in the usual form, and charges that F. Mollick of Long Branch was an accessory before and after the fact to the felonious shooting and stabbing of H. C. Frick July 23. He will be brought here for trial.

H. C. Frick continues to improve, and the physicians say if nothing unforeseen happens he will be out of danger in a few days. He is still conducting the affairs at Homestead from his home.

Coroner McDowell resumed the inquest on the victims of the Homestead riot this afternoon and after a number of witnesses had been examined the inquest was adjourned until next Tuesday.

Two of the witnesses—Capt. Coon and Charles M. Mansfield—testified that the first shot was fired by the Pinkertons.

### COL. STREATOR SCORED.

**Bishop McGovern Says He Must Be Removed from the National Guard.**

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 26.—[Special.]—Gov. Pattison knows nothing concerning the punishment of Private Iams except what he has read in the papers, and he refuses to talk on the subject. He has not received the protest of the Washington newspaper men, and will not express an opinion until the matter comes before him officially. Adjt.-Gen. Greenland, when asked his opinion, said that extraordinary cases require extraordinary remedies, and Iams had done what the troops had been summoned to Homestead to prevent, and it would be wrong to permit him to do unpunished.

The Rt.-Rev. Bishop McGovern of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Harrisburg has written a protest to the *Patriot*, as follows:

> The torture of W. L. Iams, private of Company K, Tenth Regiment, is a disgrace to our civilization, and if allowed to pass without a thorough investigation its consequences must have a demoralizing effect upon the esprit de corps of our military organization. Torture in particular cases rarely and on general principles never promotes good discipline or ends of justice. No man should be punished by a penalty out of all proportion to the offense committed, and no man in the army or out of it should suffer a cruel punishment of which he had no knowledge before he committed the offense. No one will dispute the dishonorable act of Private Iams in cheering the assassin who attempted the life of Mr. Frick, whom Private Iams was summoned to defend but who will cheer Col. Streator, who subjected for such an offense a private of the National Guard to a punishment which required required the skill of a surgeon in its execution to ward off death under the torture.
>
> Col. Streator might find a place for the exercise of his talents among the ferocious ship captains on the high seas, or might point out precedent in the careers of Attala, the scourge of God, and Zingis Khan, the despoiler, but there is no place for him among the heroes of Christian chivalry. A cruel man never makes a brave soldier, and if the National Guard is unwilling to return to the tortures of the inquisition let them drive Col. Streator out of their ranks.

### PREPARED FOR A LONG SIEGE.

**West Superior Mills Strikers Will Not Return to Work Just Yet.**

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., July 26.—[Special.]—The strikers' Executive committee, composed of the eighteen discharged men, and the officers of the local Amalgamated lodge held a meeting this afternoon behind closed doors. They give out as a result of the conference that it was determined not to return to work at the West Superior iron and steel mills under any but the Amalmagated scale. Aid is promised the strikers by local unions in other trades and also by J. D. Hickey of Milwaukee, who is credited by the company with organizing the present disturbance. The men have fixed up a gymnasium and are prepared for a long siege of rest and fun. Hickey left for Milwaukee tonight. He says he will go from there to Homestead. He says the American Federation of Labor has been assessed $1,000,000 for the strikers; that each man will receive $5 per week and more if necessary. Two strikers left for Chicago tonight in search of work.

### CARNEGIE ASKS FOR PROTECTION.

**A Special Police Guard Said to Have Been Supplied Him.**

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

LONDON, July 26.—It is rumored that Andrew Carnegie has applied for and received special police protection. The report cannot be confirmed and is not traceable to any authentic source. The rumor doubtless arose from the fact that two strangers were recently observed in the vicinity of Mr. Carnegie's Rannoch Lodge without any apparent excuse for their presence there. The country people seem to have regarded these men with great suspicion, but the Perth police, when informed of the matter, expressed the opinion that the strangers were Americans, who bore important dispatches for Mr. Carnegie which they did not care to intrust to the ordinary course of the mails. The two men returned southward after a few days. It was not observed that they called on Mr. Carnegie, but they might have done so. There are great preparations going on at the lodge for the season of grouse shooting, which begins in about a fortnight.

### THINKS BERKMANN WEAK-MINDED.

**Anarchist Masur Says It Was Shown by His Bungling Attack.**

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—Karl Masur, editor of *Der Anarchist*, said today: "What do I think of Berkmann, who shot Frick?" repeating the question asked. "I think he did exactly right. Frick is an enemy to mankind."

"Do you know Berkmann?"

"Yes, but slightly, and I have not seen him for nearly six months. Berkmann was an enthusiast, and acted on his own impulses. I do not believe there was any conspiracy or that any person outside of Berkmann knew what he intended to do. He is not a strong man mentally or physically. He showed that by his bungling attack on that tyrant, Frick."

The whereabouts of Emma Goldman, the friend of Anarchist Berkmann, could not be ascertained. Otto Kraemer said that he did not think she had left the city. She was probably keeping her whereabouts a secret for fear that she would be held as a witness in Berkmann's trial.

**Sawmill Employes Strike for Ten Hours**

MERRILL, Wis., July 26.—[Special.]—The largest strike which has ever taken place in the Wisconsin Valley was instituted last night and this morning in this city by the employés of the sawmills of the Gilkey & Anson Lumber company and A. H. Stange, involving over 800 men. The chief reason for this action of the men is that they demanded ten hours work instead of eleven at ten hours' pay, which was refused them. A general strike among this class of workers here is talked of.

**American Federation State Convention.**

LOGANSPORT, Ind., July 26.—[Special.]—The State convention of the American Federation of Labor met in this city today with a large representation, there being present eighty delegates representing that many organizations of the State. Speeches were made and committees appointed.

**Glass Type.**

One of the Parisian newspapers is reported to be experimenting with type of glass with gratifying results.

# MADE IT POLITICS.

## BLOOMINGTON CHAUTAUQUANS DISCUSS ECONOMIC MATTERS.

**Equal Suffrage and Farmers' Alliance Occupy One Day—Democrats and Republicans Open the Campaign Monday and Tuesday—Ex-Minister Phelps' Talk to the Chester Assembly—Chicago Men Talking of Bottling Saratoga Waters—Sailing Parties at Bar Harbor.**

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—At the Bloomington Chautauqua Assembly today a local organization of the National Equal Suffrage Association was formed. Sixty-two members were enrolled and the following officers were elected: President, Miss Effie Henderson; Vice-President, Mrs. H. D. Whitcomb; Secretary, Mrs. I. U. Ives; Treasurer, Miss Adella Hanna.

Mrs. Daisy Hubbard Carlock of Berea College, Berea, Ky., conducted a children's meeting this forenoon, followed by an open parliament lasting an hour, addressed by the Rev. Mr. Mills, the blind evangelist. Col. John Sobieski lectured upon Poland and its history. Tonight W. H. Bolles, State Organizer of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, delivered an address expounding and defending the principles of the association.

Next Monday and Tuesday the State campaign of the Democratic and the Republican parties will virtually be opened at the Chautauqua Assembly. Monday Gen. John C. Black, candidate for Congressman-at-large, will deliver the address of Democracy day, and will be introduced by Adlai E. Stevenson, Democratic candidate for Vice-President. Tuesday, Republican day, Richard Yates, candidate of the Republican party for Congressman-at-large, will deliver the address.

### SAILING PARTIES ARE POPULAR.

**Bar Harbor Experiences Great Heat—Many Cottagers in Northeast Harbor.**

BAR HARBOR, Me., July 26.—[Special.]—Hot weather prevails and the cool ocean breezes are welcome. Sailing parties are popular. Yesterday an elaborate excursion party and lunch on the steamer Creedmoore was given by Dr. Faneuil Weisse of New York. Forty persons made up the party, including the French Minister, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Barney, Judge Beach and Mrs. George Place, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Pendleton, and others.

Rides to Northeast Harbor are frequent. It is a charming nook at the entrance of Somes Hound. Bishop Doane of Albany, N. Y., a High Church Episcopalian, who affects the English style of dress and manners, is the central figure of the cottage colony at that place.

The Rev. Dr. Huntington of Grace Church also has a cottage there; also President Eliot of Harvard College.

Dr. John C. Jay of New York is another prominent cottager and gave a brilliant reception the other day at his cottage, Nordheim.

Northeast Harbor is to have a tennis tournament early in August.

Cornelius Vanderbilt Jr. has arrived at Bar Harbor in his yacht Ilderim from New York.

This is the hottest day of the season. The maximum temperature was 89°, the hottest day in July since 1887, when it reached 91°.

### EVERYTHING COOL AT LAKESIDE.

**Mrs. Songster Addresses the Woman's Council—Prof. Turner Talks on Jefferson.**

MADISON, Wis., July 26.—[Special.]—Amid the trees at Lakeside today everything was cool and pleasant. The beauty of Lakeside life is that there are entertainments in plenty, but at none of them is attendance compulsory, and the shady hammock or a dip in the lake is always in order. The last Woman's council was held this morning, Mrs. Songster making the principal address. "Gather Up the Frangments" was her theme, and from it she taught the lesson of economy in all things.

She said:

> Don't endeavor to get more into the day, but let what you do put in it be of the best account. We should not run off on a tangent at every slight occasion. We must learn to be sympathetic through our sorrows and disappointments, and nothing so crowns a woman's life, or so honors it as that which makes a man devotedly love her.

The discussion which followed the address was generally participated in. In the afternoon an entertainment was given by Fred Emerson Brooks, the California poet-humorist and D. W. Robertson, a skillful manipulator of musical tumblers and sleigh bells.

Later on Prof. F. J. Turner of the State University gave a talk on "The Work of Thomas Jefferson." In the evening a concert was given by the Assembly choir. The choir was assisted by Marie Decca, the famous soprano.

### LARGE NUMBERS AT LONG BRANCH.

**Races and Boating the Principal Enjoyments—Hotels and Cottages Full.**

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 26.—[Special.]—The most prosperous season known here since the summer of 1881 is in full swing. The hotels and cottages are all filled with gayly dressed men and women. The races at the Monmouth track are magnets Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, while boating, pigeon shooting, dancing, and sailing parties take up the rest of the time.

The swimming pool at Hollywood, John Hoey's estate, is a constant source of delight to hundreds of women and children who are afraid to tackle the ocean, and it has just now become the fashion for all the pretty actresses at the Branch to congregate there at certain hours and have a bit of byplay in the water. This morning Al Hayman's wife, Miss Delia Fox, Miss Cora Fox, Miss Boies, Miss Herman, and a lot more of soubrettes were forming pyramids, diving and swinging on flying trapezes with a daring and dexterity born of many former public appearances, while Mrs. John E. Cockerill, Mrs. Farmer, Mrs. Hoey, Mrs. Fitzgerald, and Mrs. Pullman sat about and enjoyed the sport.

### ROCK RIVER ASSEMBLY OPENED.

**Inaugural of the Lutheran Chautauqua at Dixon Attended by 3,000 People.**

DIXON, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The grounds of the Rock River Assembly were thrown open to the general public tonight at 8 o'clock. This is the fifth annual session of the Lutheran Assembly, and is by far the finest in every way that has been held. The session will last until Aug. 18, when it will close with Venetian night, consisting of a display of fireworks on the river front. The grounds are beautifully laid out in streets and avenues and cover thirty-six acres. Tonight were held the inaugural services, consisting of music by Smith's orchestra, vocal selections by Misses May Mix, Oregon; Alice Schell, Polo; Minnie Hawkes, Hillsboro; Anne Robman, Forreston; Carrie Smith, Dixon; and Prof. D. C. McAllister, Chicago. Three thousand people were in attendance.

### TO BOTTLE SARATOGA WATERS.

**Chicago Capitalists Said to Be About to Purchase a Spring—Late Arrivals.**

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 26.—[Special.]—It was rumored this afternoon that a party of Chicago capitalists are contemplating the purchase of one of the leading mineral springs here with the view of bottling the water on an extensive scale, and also for the purpose of selling it at the World's Fair next year. Several of the managers of springs were interviewed, but nothing definite could be ascertained. Late Chicago arrivals are:

Miss Edith Williams, Miss M. Drayton, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Givins, R. S. Givins, D. Egensberg and family, F. Griesheimer, C. A. Gurney, L. A. Dinkelspeil, J. O'Leary, Mr. and Mrs. H. Harris, M. Gatzert, Mr. and Mrs. R. Rankin, E. Fitzgerald, E. O. Fellows, Miss H. M. Gilchrist, Mrs. S. Block, M. H. Block, H. von Neilson, W. Trowbridge, Miss J. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. J. Perkins, E. Snedecker, Mr. and Mrs. J. Beale, R. W. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Langden.

### EX-MINISTER PHELPS AT CHESTER.

**He Addresses the Chautauqua Assembly—Mound Building Illustrated.**

CHESTER, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—Ex-Minister Phelps is here at the Chautauqua and spoke this afternoon. His daughter Viola gave a pleasing entertainment last evening. Yesterday the Kaskaskia excursionists hunted up the bell presented to the French Jesuits by Louis XIV.; also the site of the Edgar house, where Lafayette was entertained. His reception was at the residence of one of Col. William Morrison's forefathers. All these were alluded to in Judge Hood's address. Mr. McAdam, the World's Fair archæologist, with illustrations showed the mounds in this county and the many curious things he finds in some of them.

### THREE VICTIMS OF A HORSETHIEF.

**Jailer Tipton and Companions Killed in Kentucky—One Torn by Dogs.**

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 26.—News was received at Mount Sterling this morning that Jailer Kavanaugh Tipton was shot in the head and died in a few hours near Frenchburg, eighteen miles east. Tom Howard was instantly killed and George Rayburn fatally injured. They were pursuing a horsethief named Hurley, who, after the fight, made his escape.

Yesterday Jailer Tipton received a telegram from Madison County telling of the stealing that he had done. Mr. Tipton started after Hurley, taking with him Tom Howard, George Rayburn, and another man. Hurley was found in John Pett's house, in Menifee County, some eighteen miles from here.

They surrounded the place, but a watch-dog made so much noise that they determined to enter the house. Tipton first entered and sat down in a chair. As Pett struck a match Tipton was shot through the head and killed by Hurley from under the bed. Howard then entered and the thief shot him in the forehead, killing him instantly. Rayburn then entered the room and was shot in the shoulder. He rushed out into the yard and fell and vicious dogs tore him to pieces before Mr. Pett, the man of the house, could release him. The fourth man took to the woods. Hurley made his escape and the Sheriff and posse are scouring the country for him. Rayburn was alive at 4 o'clock.

**Notes of the Northwest.**

Mrs. Vaughn yesterday deeded the Vaughn Library building to the Library association of Ashland, Wis. The property and books are worth $100,000.

A seizure of beer was made at the old Leisy brewery in Keokuk, Ia., yesterday. The beer belonged to the Leisy brewery of Peoria, Ill. An application for an injunction was made.

A mad dog at Sorrento, Ill., yesterday bit a number of horses, pigs, cattle, and several dogs, and the people of that section are now alarmed over the probability of an epidemic of hydrophobia.

Lota Miller, aged 20, who had been at the Kankakee hospital suffering from melancholia, was discharged yesterday as cured. She at once got a revolver and shot herself in the head. She will likely recover.

# LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

### Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Grain rates were sagging a little today, and while no actual drop occurred the outlook was not bright. Charters—To Fairport—Marion Page, wheat at 2¼ cents. To Midland—John Miner, oats at 1¼ cents. To Buffalo—Chemung, corn.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Coal freights easy. Neither coal nor boats plenty. Charters: Iroquois, Edwards, Golden Age, Foster, Chicago, 60 cents; Uranus, Sault, 50; Tempest, Coyne, Brainard, Straits, Marquette, 45; Fort Detroit, 25. Canal freights stronger. No spot grain moving, but 2¼ cents paid on wheat to arrive to New York.

CLEVELAND, O.—Ore freights were active at unchanged rates. The steamer Marquette and consort Kelly chartered for three trips from Marquette at $1.00. Coal freights quiet. Lake Superior docks crowded and shipments will be light for some time. Charters—Ore—Wetmore, Brunette, Bartlett, Hundred Two, Hundred Nine, Whitaker, Unadilla, Watson, D. M. Wilson, Manitowoc, Ashland to Lake Erie ports, $1.15; Forbes, Three Brothers, Escanaba to Ohio ports, 75c. Coal—Sheldon, Ely, Ashland, 45c; Andaste, Erie to Chicago, 60; H. A. Tuttle, Ashtabula to Fort William, 45; Michigan, Toledo to West Superior, 45. Pig iron—Rogers, St. Ignace to Erie, 85.

TOLEDO, O.—Chartered—Kate Kelly, Cummings, wheat, Buffalo, 1½ cents.

### About the Lakes.

ESCANABA, MICH., July 26.—The work of raising the steamer Ogemaw is well along. The chains are all laid and the work is suspended until the pontoons arrive.

RACINE, WIS.—When Capt. Calhoun of the schooner Leighton arrived this morning he found telegrams awaiting him from his home in Toledo, announcing the death of his son, and stating that his wife and daughter were not expected to live many hours.

STURGEON BAY, Wis., July 26.—Schooner Mary D. Ayer, cedar-laden, bound for Chicago, sprung a leak when off Whitefish Point this morning and soon became waterlogged. The tug Mosher and life saving crew went to her assistance and brought her in here, where an effort will be made to pump her out and stop the leak.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 26.—A libel was filed against the whaleback steamer Bartlett under peculiar circumstances. As she was going out this afternoon a jet of steam was thrown against a canal boat and the Captain claims $500 for scalding himself and wife. The Bartlett escaped. Capt. Kenney of the Steamer Florida has turned his boat over to Mate McAdam and will recruit a while. He is suffering terribly from stomach trouble.

### Marine Notes.

Peter Samuelson sold to John Nelson one-half of the schooner Lizzie Doak for $400.

Matt Smith was sworn in at the Custom-House yesterday as Master of the steamer Minnesota.

The second load of the new steamer W. H. Gilbert was 103,000 bushels of wheat from Duluth yesterday. This is within 1,000 bushels of the big cargo record made last season by the steamer E. C. Pope.

The steamer Nelson Mills, which was driven on a rock and then sank off Naubinway two weeks ago, was raised yesterday and is now on her way to Cleveland for repairs. She was insured against fire, but not against marine risks.

Commissioner Aldrich plainly intimated to some marine men who called upon him yesterday that the double-tracked bridge at South Halsted street would be constructed notwithstanding their protest. Two plans are suggested for stopping the construction of the bridge as present plans until the river was widened at that point. One was to send a delegation directly to Washington to confer with the Secretary of War and urge on him the necessity of taking formal charge of the river, and the other was to go into the United States courts and secure an injunction against the city proceeding with the construction of the bridge until the consent of the War Department had been obtained. One or the other of these plans will be followed, as marine men are determined not to have what they call another Canal street bridge built on the promise that the river will be widened after the structure is in place.

Testimony in the Booth salvage claim against the schooner Henry P. Baldwin, taken before the United States Commissioner at Marquette, Mich., was received by Chicago underwriters yesterday. The evidence goes to show that the Baldwin was abandoned by her crew at the foot of Lake Michigan with the hopes of losing her for the insurance. Capt. Bartley of the wrecker Monarch and Arthur Layton, his foreman, testified to finding a water pipe cut, through which water was pouring into the hold of the abandoned vessel. After the Baldwin had been towed in toward Manistique Capt. Girard, who had abandoned it, ordered that the tug make no effort to get into a safe place, but his command was disobeyed and the Baldwin was taken into the harbor. The only explanation Capt. Girard gave to his strange action was, according to the testimony at Marquette, that he had received a telegram. "If you had seen the telegram I got," several witnesses swore he had said to them when asked why he had not done something to save his boat, "you would not do it either." Capt. Bartley testified that it was his opinion that Capt. Girard was trying to have his boat lost. Another witness stated that the insurance on the boat was $13,500 and her value was between $12,000 and $14,000. The Baldwin was owned by L. A. and J. Smith of Cleveland. Capt. Girard still commands. Its value in Inland Lloyds this season is reduced to $10,000 and its rating to D1. The case will be thoroughly investigated.

### Port of Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Arrived—Propellers Topeka, Pueblo, South Chicago, light; J. W. Wescott, St. Ignace; H. S. Pickands, Ashland; W. J. Carter, Ludington; R. C. Reid, Menominee; schooners John Mee, Frankfort; Ralph Campbell, Ludington; S. J. Luff, George Sturges, Alpena; Lotus, L. W. Perry, Manistique; J. B. Wilbor, I. Stephenson, E. T. Judd, Fred Carney, Marinette; G. M. Filer, Cheboygan; E. P. Royce, Snow Isle; Marengo, Ashland; Evening Star, Pine Lake; City of Grand Rapids, Live Oak, Ford River; Mary B. Hale, Manistee; Empire State, Menominee, lumber. Propellor Charles A. Eddy, schooners Newell Eddy, Lizzie Law, Buffalo, coal. Propellers Harlem, Wyoming, Buffalo; Lehigh, Erie; Soo City, City of Chicago, Ossifrage, Arundel, St. Joe; Virginia, Indiana, Milwaukee; Puritan, Petoskey; H. W. Williams, South Haven; Mabel Bradshaw, Benton Harbor, City of Racine, Muskegon; Chicago, Manitowoc; sundries. Propellor S. C. Perrett, Marinette, towing.

Cleared—Propellers John Spry, Sault Ste. Marie; Pewaukee, Pewaukee; George Burnham, Manistique; Mary Mills, Menominee; schooners Ralph Campbell, Muskegon; Mary Collner, Gill's Pier; M. Mueller, Green Bay; J. V. Taylor, Masonville; Live Oak, City of Grand Rapids, Ford River; M. Slauson, M. E. Perew, E. B. Robinson, Marinette; H. Witbeck, Marinette; J. T. Johnson, Sault Ste. Marie; Cuyahoga, Sturgeon Bay; Ella Ellinwood, Montague; Mike Corry, Menominee, light. Propellers Boston, Albany, Harlem, Buffalo; H. S. Jewett, Wissahickon, Buffalo; P. D. Armour, Erie; schooner G. S. Boyce, Port Huron, grain. Propellers City of Racine, Muskegon; Chicago, Manitowoc; Soo City, City of Chicago, Ossifrage, Arundel, St. Joe; Virginia, Indiana, Milwaukee; Puritan, Petoskey; H. W. Williams, South Haven; Menominee, Manistique; Mabel Bradshaw, Benton Harbor, sundries.

### Vessel Movements.

RACINE, WIS.—Arrived—Leighton.

HOUGHTON, MICH.—Arrived: Ogarita, Brink.

CHEBOYGAN, MICH.—Cleared—Badger, Chicago.

MANISTIQUE, MICH.—Cleared—York State, Chicago.

HURON, O.—Arrived—Grace Holland. Cleared—Minneapolis, coal, Duluth.

LUDINGTON, MICH.—Arrived—Chipman. Cleared—Campbell, Conneaut, Mars, Chicago.

FORT WILLIAM, Ont.—Arrived: Iron Queen. Departed: Enterprise, Antelope, Buffalo.

GLADSTONE, MICH.—Arrived—Barium. Cleared—Olympia, Buffalo; Williams, Cleveland.

MARQUETTE, MICH.—Cleared—Kershaw Moonlight, Ironton, New Orleans, Paige, Ashtabula.

ERIE, PA.—Cleared—Hundred Nine, Duluth; Louisiana, Two Harbors; Plankinton, Chicago.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Arrived—Egan, A. L. Hopkins. Cleared—Inter Ocean, S. E. Peck, Buffalo.

WASHBURN, WIS.—Arrived—Gould, Roanoke, Holland, Sherwood, Parana. Cleared—Gould, Hogge, Ford.

GREEN BAY, WIS.—Departed—Masten, Erie; Ketcham, Manistique; De Pere, Cleveland; Hart, Mackinac.

TWO HARBORS, MINN.—Cleared—Neosho, Pasadena, Tampa, Chicago; Matoa, Masaba, Cleveland. Clear; calm.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Departed—Leland, Gray Oak, Little Jake, Dashing Wave, Chicago; Thompson, Escanaba. Clear.

SOUTH CHICAGO, ILL.—Arrived—Narragansett. Cleared—Morning Star, Austin, Doak, Merrimac, Maryland, Pueblo.

MANISTEE, MICH.—Arrived—Burroughs, Ida E., Seymour, Luling. Sailed—Wente, Apprentice Boy, Hackley, Michelson, Howlett, Chicago.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Ed Kelley, May Richards, Ida Keith, Juno, Windsor. Cleared—Gogebic, Hawgood, coal, Duluth; Andaste, Erie.

WELLAND CANAL.—Up: Passed Port Dalhousie—Commodore Perry, Erie. Down: Passed Port Colborne—Averell, Ogdensburg; Algonquin, Kingston.

ASHLAND, WIS.—Arrived—Hiawatha, Foster, Palmer, Montauk. Cleared—Wallula, Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, Lansing, Sauber, Wocoken, Pelican, Montana.

STURGEON BAY, WIS.—Down—Hickox, Emma Thompson, Mason, Joys, Martin, Neff, Hinton. Up—Reid, Frank Woods, Lyons, Parks, Thomas Smith, City of Chicago.

MENOMINEE, MICH.—Arrived—Thompson, Hickox, Joys, Martin, M. C. Neff. Cleared—Penobscot, Thomas Smith, Stampede, Reitz and barges, City of Chicago, City of New York, Chicago.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Michigan, Mystic Star. Cleared—Coal—Smith & Post, Detroit; Tuttle, Mount Clemens, light; Rhoda Stewart, Sonora, Manistique; Abercorn, Maine, Cheboygan; Sprague, Saginaw.

ASHTABULA, O.—Cleared—Iosco, Superior; Western Reserve, Maruba, Two Harbors; Parks Foster, Majestic, Duluth; C. H. Green, Milwaukee; Bourke, Hancock. Arrived—Rosedale, Pontiac, Fryer, H. P. Baldwin.

ESCANABA, MICH.—Arrived—Tokio, Williams, Roumania. Cleared—Corsica, German, Keystone, Masten, Kaliyuga, Fontana, Hesper, Ashtabula; Marshall, Maxwell, Tilden, Robert Rhodes, Barnum, Buffalo; Philetus Sawyer, Chicago. Wind south, light.

DULUTH, MINN.—Arrived—Alcona, Gilchrist, Adams, Australasia, Northern Queen, Gratwick, Hutchinson, Gould, Ford, Campbell. Cleared—Wocoken, Sauber, Thomson, Oscoda, Iron Cliff, Iron Chief, Tampa, Ashland; Montana, flour; Ralph, wheat, Buffalo.

CLEVELAND—Arrived—Mariska, Drake, Portage, Continental, Russian, Sumatra, Nicholson, Cleveland. Cleared—Mdse.: Idaho, Duluth; McVittie, Chicago; Cuba, Montreal. Coal: Clint, Selkirk, Escanaba. Light: Marquette, Samuel Mitchell, Marquette; Brazil, Bulgaria, Ashland; Sandusky, Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Robert Packer, Florida, Hudson, Marion, Conemaugh, Seneca, Japan, North Wind, Tioga. Cleared—Merchandise: Philadelphia, Duluth; Milwaukee, Rochester, Wilbur, Chicago. Coal: Moran, Duluth; Britannic, Packer, Danforth, Chicago; Marion, Davidson, Fitzgerald, Rawson, Webb, Milwaukee; Stewart, Kincardine, Goshawk, Manitowoc; Downing, Houghton.

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH.—Up—Onoko, Sitka, 117, 11 last night; Craig, 8; Oades, Redwing, 11; Hale, Bradley, 12; Alberta, Forest City, McGregor, 1; H. J. Johnson, King, Grover, 3; Huron City, Hanuaford, Saginaw, City of Duluth, 5. Down—North Star, 10 last night; Empire State, 9 last night; City of Glasgow, Celtic, Harold, 10; Ketcham, Peerless, 12; Langell Boys, Comstock, 1; C. H. Bradley, Woolson, Brightie, 2; Missoula, 111, 4; Stafford, Francomb, 6. Clear; calm.

Up—Duncan, Keweenaw, Potts, Ward, 7; Cross, Board of Trade, Waud, Clements, 8:30. Down—Colorado, Porter, 7:30; Wawatam, Hill, 8. Clear; calm.

PORT HURON, MICH.—Down—Norwalk and consort, 10:30 last night; Colwell and barges, Toltec, 2; La Salle, 2:10; Marina, 2:40; Parnell, 3; William Edwards, Golden Age, Foster, 4:30; F. & P. M. 5; Wade, 5:30; Weed, 6; Grover, 7:30; John Owen, 8; H. A. Tuttle, 10; Campana, 10:20; Langdon, 10:40; Swain, Helvetia, 11:20; Berlin, 11:40; Cadillac, 1:20; Susquehanna, Nicol, Saranac, 1:30; Dean Richmond, 2:40; Boyce and consorts, Hebard and consorts, 3:30; Everett, Minch, 4:30; E. M. Peck, 6. Up—Cayuga, 10 last night; Fay and consort, 10:30; Forbes and consort, 11:30; Smith, 3 a. m.; Badger State, Avon, 7; Watson, Commodore, 9; Pawnee and consort, 10:40; Western Reserve, 2:20; Waverly, Hayes, 3; Jackson, 4; Roman, 6.

LIME KILNS CROSSING—Down—Cuba (Canadian), 11:30 last night; Cherokee and consort, 12:10 a. m.; Sparta and consort, 12:30; Emery Owen and consorts, 1:20; Barlow, Cleveland, Continental and consort, 1:40; Hoyt and consort, 3:10; Rome, 5; Sachem, Sheldon, James, 7; Marina, 8:40; Pabst, La Salle, 9; Mariska, 9:40; Parnell, 10:20; Raleigh, 11; Otego and consorts, Sunrise, 11:20; Flint and Pere Marquette No. 2, 11:20; Wade, 12; Weed, 12:20; Venice, Colwell and consorts, 12:30; India, 12:40; Norwalk and consort, 1:20; Toltec and consort, Grover, 1:10; Ira Owen, Edwards and consort, Business, Chandler, 4; Langdon, Horace Tuttle, 5:50. Up—Wyoming No. 2, 10:40 last night; John Ketchum, 11:40; Commodore, 11:50; Transfer, 12:20 a. m.; Toledo and consort, 2:30; Calvin and consort, 6:20; Manola, 7:10; Western Reserve, 7:20; William Hall, 8:30; Macy and consort, 9:30; Grantham, 11:15; Roman, 11:30; Hill, Denver, 12; St. Louis, 12:30; Gogebic, 5:40; Allegheny and barges, 5:40; Rugee, 7.

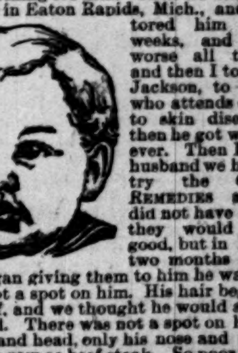
# Royal Baking Powder Has no Equal.

## The United States Official Report

Of the Government Baking Powder tests recently made, under authority of the Congress, by the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., furnishes the highest authoritative information as to which powder is the best. The Official Report shows the ROYAL superior to all others in leavening power; a cream of tartar powder of highest quality.

# RAW AS BEEF-STEAK

**Baby's Fearful Suffering from Skin Disease Covering Entire Body Cured by Cuticura.**



My baby was taken very sick when he was three months old, and in a few days began breaking out. We employed both of the home doctors, and they could do nothing for him. Then we sent for the best doctor in Eaton Rapids, Mich., and he doctored him for two weeks, and he got worse all the time; and then I took him to Jackson, to a doctor who attends especially to skin diseases, and then he got worse than ever. Then I told my husband we had better try the CUTICURA REMEDIES any way; did not have any idea they would do any good, but in less than two months from the time we began giving them to him he was entirely well, and not a spot on him. His hair began growing right off, and we thought he would always be bald-headed. There was not a spot on his whole body, face, and head, only his nose and eyes, but what was as raw as beef-steak. So poor there was not anything but bones, and so weak he could raise neither hand nor head.

MRS. FRANK BARRETT, Winfield, Mich.

## Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier, and greatest of Humor Remedies, cleanses the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus removes the cause, while Cuticura, the great skin cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite skin beautifier, clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair. Thus the Cuticura Remedies cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, pimply, and blotchy skin, scalp, and blood diseases, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, when the best physicians fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1.00. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

☞Send for "How to Cure Blood Diseases."

**BABY'S** Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP. Absolutely pure.

**RHEUMATIC PAINS** In one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatic sciatica, hip, kidney, chest, and muscular pains and weaknesses. Price 25c.

# ONE DEGREE COOLER.

## CHICAGO HAS A SLIGHT RESPITE FROM THE TERRIBLE HEAT.

### Many Deaths Occur, but the People Suffer Less than They Did Either Monday or Sunday—The Horses Are Most Affected—The Thermometer Runs Up to 93 Degrees and Drops Back to 81 Degrees—The Weather Bureau Man Hopes for Cooler Air Tomorrow—Other Cities.

[*Continued from first page.*]

heat while walking near his home at Ohio and Robey streets. He was taken home and will recover.

TRUSCH, JOSEPH, of No. 624 Center avenue, was prostrated in front of No. 593 West Twenty-first street. He was removed to the County Hospital, where his recovery was assured.

TURNER, JOSEPH, No. 229 West Madison street, peddler, dropped insensible in front of No. 132 West Madison street at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, overcome by the heat; removed to his home.

UNKNOWN WOMAN was found in an unconscious condition at Curtis and Indiana streets. She was removed to the County Hospital, where it was said she could not recover. From papers on her person it was supposed that her name was Mrs. Jones. She is 50 years of age, medium hight, stout build, dark hair tinged with gray, full face, and wore an old calico dress and a black hat.

UNKNOWN MAN was prostrated on Dearborn street, near Madison, and removed to the County Hospital.

UNKNOWN MAN, suffering from sunstroke, was picked up at Madison and Desplaines streets and taken to the County Hospital. There was nothing on his person by which he could be identified.

UNKNOWN MAN, found by children while he was lying unconscious in the street in front of No. 126 North May street about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon; was overcome by the heat and was removed to the County Hospital; nothing by which to identify him.

UNKNOWN MAN was found in an unconscious condition at Byrne and Center avenues, where he had succumbed to the heat. He was taken to the County Hospital, and there it was said he could not recover. The man was 55 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches in height, 160 pounds in weight, with full beard and brown hair mixed with gray.

UNKNOWN MAN, supposed to be John Holt of No. 120 North May street, was taken to the County Hospital last night. He had suffered sunstroke, but was not in danger of dying, the physician said.

UNKNOWN MAN was taken to the County Hospital from Irving Park. He was unconscious from the effects of a sunstroke.

WELLS, DAVID, No. 9008 Strand street, overcome by the heat yesterday afternoon while at Ninety-first street and South Chicago avenue; taken to his home.

WEISE, CHARLES, a laborer living at No. 942 West Seventeenth street, was prostrated at Fiske and Eighteenth streets. He was taken home.

WHEELER, WILLIAM, of No. 4106 La Salle street, was found unconscious at Sixty-first street and St. Lawrence avenue. He was taken home, where it was thought that he might not recover.

#### One Degree Cooler.

One degree was all the advantage in point of temperature that Chicago gained yesterday over Monday. The thermometer in the Auditorium tower registered 93° yesterday as the maximum heat, and it staid well up around that mark from noon on until nearly 6 o'clock, and what is worse still there is no relief in sight for today. Four days of hot weather has beaten the record made in July, 1887, when for three days the thermometer kept up within reaching distance of the 100 mark. It has not been so hot this time as then, but there is one day more to be credited to the list already, another one promised for today, and the forecast officer could make only a half-hearted promise of relief for tomorrow. Deaths and prostrations from the heat continued during the day, and relief could not be found inside the city limits.

Not only Chicago but the whole country suffers from the heat. In New York the temperature reached at its highest point yesterday, according to the official report, 96°, while in Washington the 98° record of Monday was repeated yesterday. In Duluth an east wind sweeping across Lake Superior was so cool that the maximum temperature recorded was only 70°. St. Paul had only 86° as a maximum, and a thunder storm which came up late in the afternoon brought it down to 84°. The people of Indianapolis sweltered and perspired under a temperature of 96° until a thunder-storm, accompanied by rain, brought the temperature down 26°. Pittsburg had 96°, Wichita, Kas. 96°, Kansas City 94°, Omaha, 96°, and Sioux City stood with Washington at the top of the list with a temperature at 98°. New Orleans, with a cooling breeze from the Gulf of Mexico, had but 78° of heat to its credit.

Chicago did not suffer from the heat yesterday nearly so much as Monday. Although there was only a difference of one degree in the maximum temperature between the two days, there was a difference of a great many degrees in the comparative comfort of the people. The wind kept in the south and southwest, as it has since the beginning of the hot spell, but it was much cooler than on the previous days. There was not nearly the suffering among the people, though horses seemed to suffer as much or more than previous days. There were any number of horses overcome by the heat and many died as they fell.

The persons who died or were overcome owed their misfortune rather to the protracted strain of the last few days than to the fervidness of yesterday.

When the sun came up yesterday morning it found good material to work on. The thermometer stood at 78° at 5 o'clock and by 7 o'clock it had gone up 4°. It was at 85° at 9 o'clock, at 89° at the noon hour, and when the 1 o'clock whistles blew it registered 90°. It had gone up one point by 2 o'clock, and at 3 o'clock it registered the maximum temperature of the day, 93°. Just before 4 o'clock, for some unexplained reason—the Sergeant is of the opinion that some visitor on the tower held a piece of ice to the bottom of the thermometer—the temperature took a sudden drop of 5°, but in ten minutes' time it was back to the normal for the day. At 5 o'clock it registered 91°, at 6 o'clock it had gone down to 88°; it had dropped two more points in the next hour; at 8 o'clock it stood at 83°; and at 9 o'clock at 81°, with the prospect for a fall of from three to six degrees more during the night.

#### Cooler Weather, Tomorrow, Perhaps.

"Continued warm and generally fair, with a prospect of cooler weather Thursday, is all I can promise to the people of Chicago," said Sergt. Frankenfield last night. "You would better put that 'prospect of cooler weather Thursday' in small type, because I do not want an infuriated populace coming up here to wreak their vengeance on me, if my forecast should go wrong. There is a high barometer in the Northwest and, if that continues, it will start the breezes blowing from the East, and in that case we will have a falling temperature and a bearable climate once more. The wind today has been from the southwest, as it has been for the last three or four days, but it has not been a strong wind. Fifteen miles an hour was about as high a velocity as it registered during the day."

The difference in temperature between that recorded in the Weather Bureau and that by Manasse, TRIBUNE Building, was not great. According to the figures furnished by Manasse the temperature at 8 o'clock was 87°, increasing steadily at the rate of about one degree an hour until 1 o'clock, when it had reached 93°. It remained at that figure during the entire afternoon, while on the Auditorium the falling in temperature was marked after 3 o'clock. This is due, in the opinion of Sergt. Frankenfield, to the heat that was held in the streets and the reflection from the pavement.

## MERCURY RUNS AWAY UP TO 112°

### Intense Heat Under the Glass Roof of the Masonic Temple.

The hottest place around Chicago yesterday was the observatory on the Masonic Temple. The glass roof which surmounts the twentieth story of the Temple seemed, if anything, to make the heat worse than it would have been otherwise. The small windows around under the ledges of the roof let in a little air but not enough so keep the place cool, and the air became so hot and stifling for a time that the banks of ferns and other plants set about the room grew brown and seared like a Kansas cornfield when a hot wind blows over it. During the forenoon a fairly reliable thermometer, one of these kind that has a barometer on one side and a temperature scale on the other, registered 112°.

That wasn't a marker to what it was Sunday and Monday, but unfortunately for the sake of the comparative figures that might have been secured there was no thermometer on the floor. "Had there been a thermometer here Sunday it would undoubtedly have reached anywhere from 115° to 125°," said the ticket-seller yesterday afternoon. "Talk about the hot room of a Turkish bath, it was a cold-storage wareroom by comparison. From the place where I am stationed no breeze can get in at all, and the sun came down through the glass roof without hindrance. Up-stairs, however, there was a cool breeze all day, and it was not at all uncomfortable. It was so pleasant in fact in one part of the room over in the southwest corner, where the breeze struck the windows fair and square, that a couple of people who sat down there to rest fell asleep."

There was no one asleep in the observatory yesterday afternoon. The few who were up there gathered about the open windows in an attempt to get a little fresh air. At 2 o'clock the temperature had been reduced somewhat, but evidence of the great heat of an hour, or two previous was shown in the iron pillars and the newel posts of the staircase. These had become so heated from the sun shining through the roof that they were decidedly uncomfortable to touch. It is proposed to give the glass roof of the observatory a coat of paint which will serve a twofold purpose. It will serve as a bar to the burning rays of the sun on such hot days as Chicago has experienced recently, and it will also hide from the view of visitors the big flakes of soot that fall from that wonderful chimney that has gained such an unenviable reputation in its neighborhood.

#### Suffering in the Postoffice.

In the Postoffice the mail distributers, sorters, and stamp-cancelers suffered severely from the heat yesterday. All this work is done in the middle of the main floor under what is the court for the floors above. There is a glass roof over this portion of the building, in which there is not a single opening provided for ventilation. What little air gets in to the people imprisoned there must come in through the doors and windows facing the streets, cross the broad corridor, and sneak in through box-windows and little nooks and crannies. There seemed to be no air that was anxious to get in yesterday afternoon; at least none that cared to take all the trouble necessary. In consequence of this the clerks sweltered and perspired over their work and the carriers staid in the hot room long enough to become exhausted before they started out on their rounds.

"If the windows in the roof could be opened so as to let out the dead air that is in here and permit fresh air to enter it would not be so bad," said the Superintendent of Carriers yesterday afternoon. "As it is, a more uncomfortable place would be hard to find. The room is stifling and the air is always bad, both winter and summer, and we get the smell of oil and the heat from the engines and dynamos up through the open stairways which connect the first floor and basement. Down in the basement, where we have a great many sorters at work, the temperature is a little more bearable than it is on the first floor. The reason for this, though, is the dampness which creeps in through the walls and floors. It is inclined to give the clerks rheumatism in the spring and fall, and in the winter months a more unpleasant place than the basement of the Postoffice could hardly be found. In the summer, however, it has its advantages."

There were no reports of prostrations among the 900 carriers who go out from the main office and the branch postal stations. Yesterday was hardly so bad a day for them as Monday, for the reason that there was a cool breeze most of the time. It was by no means a pleasant task to lug around a bag containing anywhere from twenty-five to 150 pounds of mail matter, but the men got through their work nicely.

#### Rush for Boats and Cable-Cars.

There was the same rush for the steamboats and the parks yesterday as during the other hot days, and the ice cream saloons and the public drinking fountains remained favorites with Chicago's populace. There were a number of picnicking parties in each of the parks, composed mostly of women and children. All the steamboats running out from Van Buren street, both the "monopoly" and "anti-monopoly," carried good crowds in their trips to the waterworks, the World's Fair grounds, the breakwaters, and to Lincoln Park. Some of the boats went out with such big crowds on that half the people were compelled to sit in the sun and have not only its heat but the reflection of its rays from the water as well.

Riding on cable cars—that is, the seats on the grip-cars where the wind had a clear sweep—was the popular amusement with those people who had time to spare. It decreased the severity of the heat, providing the wind was right. The hot, sultry wind of Monday had given place to one that, while it was by no means to be described as a cool and refreshing wind, was at least much better than that of the preceding day. There were very few private carriages out during the day, their owners presumably preferring the quiet of their homes to a ride through the hot and dusty streets.

## TRIP IN THE POLICE AMBULANCE.

### Exciting Experiences Running to the Aid of a Sunstroke Patient.

The oppressive heat of the last several days has called into prominence the police ambulance and ambulance corps more than at any time in months. The calls in cases of sunstroke have been numerous and the departments have been used to the fullest extent. A reporter for THE TRIBUNE made a trip in one of them yesterday.

At the Harrison Street Station the appointments for quick service are as complete as at any fire department, and the horses detailed to the wagon are the pick of the city stables. The ambulance is provided with a drug case and a surgical instrument bag, each in its appointed place. An ice box occupies one corner and a large stretcher is in the middle. Everything is built with a view to resisting the violence of patients. The physician and his assistant have positions beside the cot, and when necessary, on account of a violent patient, extra men find room to lend assistance. With each wagon is a driver, a physician, and an assistant physician, with extra help when needed.

The sunstroke patients were numerous yesterday and calls kept the ambulance and police patrol-wagons continually on the go, the patrol-wagon taking the place of the ambulance when that was out. Suddenly, when the men are cleaning the horses, a bell sounds in the room and all is activity. In a moment the horses are in their places, the driver on the seat, Dr. Jones in front with him, and the assistant has returned from the speaking tube connected with the police station and says: "Clark and Polk; sunstroke." Sunstroke is rated as an emergency case and means a quick trip. The horses know their business and turn out of the building on a quick trot. When the street is reached they begin to run, and the sounding of the gong seems to inspire them as the sound of firearms does the war horse. Turning short from Harrison street to Polk they seem to redouble their speed and send drivers of wagons and buggies out of their pathway, for be it known the police ambulance has the right of way on the streets. Stopping, seemingly by intuition, at the beckoning of a policeman's hand, the horses turn a few rods up a side street and the cause of the trip is found.

#### Caring for the Patient.

Before the wagon has stopped, Dr. Jones and his assistant, David Barry, are breaking through the crowd towards a man overcome by heat. The doctor has a peculiar-looking rubber cap in his hand, the cap being filled with broken ice, and before asking any questions he puts the cap on the man's head and with the assistance of David Barry gets him into the wagon. But few questions are asked. If the patient would tell where he lived he would be taken home, but he cannot, so the drive to the County Hospital is made. The route is fully established in the mind of the driver. He hurries his way through the crowds of teams on Polk street and Fifth avenue to Jackson street. Once on Jackson street and beyond the river the way is comparatively clear and then the mettle of the horses is tested to the utmost. The principle worked upon is that horses can be purchased but the life of man cannot. So the driver lets them go for all they are worth. Down Jackson boulevard the trip is exciting to even the driver, who goes along there every day. The clang of the gong and the charging of the team, seemingly beyond control of Driver Morton, bring a flush of excitement to his already bronzed face, and he seems to enjoy the wild ride. The wagon rolls like a ship at sea, but Morton has a record of six years without an accident, and successfully avoids the bad places in the road-bed.

Nearing the County Hospital the horses, covered with sweat and their eyes wild-looking and bloodshot, slacken their pace, come to a halt before the entrance to that institution, eleven minutes from the time they left Polk and Clark streets.

At the hospital the patient is placed on a chair and rolled through the corridors to the elevator. In this he is taken to Ward 4, where the sunstroke patients are cared for. Being placed on a cot his clothes are quickly removed and a woman nurse takes his temperature by placing the small thermometer under his arm. She reports 102, and the attending physicians go to work to reduce this by applying an ice-bag to the head and cold cloths to the body.

The man gives his name as Bert Cunningham, and says he lives in Detroit. He will recover.

A trip through the hospital under the guidance of Warden Deal found that institution in a crowded condition. Says Mr. Deal: "We have 700 patients where our accommodations are for 550. There are a great many sunstroke patients being brought in now. Thursday the cases came in every five minutes from 5 to 6 o'clock p. m. This is, I believe, without precedent. The typhoid-fever cases add considerably, and will continue to do so until cold weather. These and sunstroke cases are more numerous than in several years. If it keeps on we will have to put cots in the corridors to accommodate the many sick delivered here. About 50 per cent of the sunstroke and typhoid patients die.

#### Handling a Severe Case.

"When a severe case of sunstroke is brought here it is taken to the cold bath, where ice cold water is constantly kept. When the temperature gets down to normal the patient is placed between ice cold blankets and has stimulants administered to him. The principal food is milk; milk first, last, and all the time. Some of these patients recover in a few hours, but many never get over the effects."

On the way back to Harrison Street Station Dr. Jones gave an account of the causes and effects of sunstroke and of some of the peculiar cases he has met with as ambulance physician. He said:

"The oppressive heat has caused a great deal of sunstroke the last few days and we have been kept busy. When we hear the bell in the office and find it is an emergency case we are instructed to 'get there' without regard to horses. We generally try to 'get there,' too. Thursday we had a call to go to No. 20 South River street. When we got there and found it was a sunstroke case, I asked a man for some ice for the patient. He acknowledged he had some, but refused to give it. We were delayed fifteen minutes hunting up ice. I hear this morning that the patient is dead, and I believe that delay had much to do with the fatal results. We generally have ice, although the city does not furnish it. The neighboring railroads give us all we want.

"This morning we had a call to No. 111 State street, a large cloak establishment, where a poor, 17-year-old girl was overcome by the heat. This was one of the sad cases we often see. She was poor in flesh and weakened, so the result may be disastrous.

"The people most susceptible to sunstroke are the poorly fed or the overfed. High living cannot be safely indulged in these hot days. Don't drink too much water; it has a weakening effect, and those who do are the ones who vomit when taken down, which I consider a sure sign of a bad case. When you feel tired and worn out take a rest and cool off, and then keep cool. It is not necessary to be in the sun to have a case of sunstroke. You can be overcome by heat in your offices just as easily. When you see a sunstroke case cool the patient by packing him in ice and then call the ambulance. They are prepared and can take care of you at the hospital.

"I remember a case of a man whose temperature ran up to 108.7° at No. 89 Blue Island avenue a few years ago. He was black in the face, and I had no ice. We turned the garden hose on him for two hours and cooled him off. He is living today.

"When your patient is cooled sufficiently give him stimulants. Do not do this before unless there is heart failure in connection with the sunstroke. We use brandy and ammonia for the purpose. Sunstroke gives but little warning. You may be feeling somewhat tired and keep going until you suddenly drop and all is a blank.

#### A Cap Worth $100,000.

"You have probably noticed that rubber cap I placed on Cunningham's head. Well, that is a valuable assistant. It is worth $100,000 to a man with a sunstroke. This is rating a man's life at $100,000, as without it 90 per cent of the cases would prove fatal. We fill that with broken ice and place it tightly on the head of the patient. It fits close to the base of the brain and the escape tube drops the cold water down the spinal column. The effect is instantaneous almost and saves hundreds of cases. It looks peculiar, but is worth its weight in gold. Don't ever laugh at the rubber cap. It saves more lives than the general public ever dreams of. My advice in this hot weather is to keep as cool as possible and take things as easy as you can. As long as you can keep the perspiration moving you will be all right."

M. Norton, an ambulance driver for six years, says:

"The greatest difficulty I have to contend with is at the crossings. The police surely know what it means to see our wagon coming as fast as horses can travel and should keep the crossings clear, but they don't do it. A man may be bleeding to death and we are in the greatest hurry possible, but it does not start them. The general public go to sleep when we want a clear track. Sometimes they don't get out the way at all, and, while we have the right of way over everything else, we cannot stop to arrest them. Some people seem ignorant about the uses of an ambulance and the question of time when going anywhere and occasion delays uncalled for."

## BROKE A RECORD AT NEW YORK.

### The Hottest July 26 Known—Five Deaths from the Heat.

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—The temperature today reached 99° at 2:30 p. m. This breaks the record for the year, and is also the hottest July 26 known, the hottest day of that date in previous years being in 1885, when the maximum was 94°. In twenty-one years there have been but two days that were as hot as this. These were July 9, 1876, 99°, and Sept. 7, 1881, 100°. The range of the mercury was 24°. There was a difference of 3° in the temperature on top of the Equitable Building and that on the street.

There were again many deaths due, either directly or indirectly, to the heat, many cases of prostration and much suffering. The fatalities which were directly caused by the heat were as follows:

DIMENEAU, CATHARINE, of No. 311 East Ninety-seventh street.

FRAWO, ALEXANDER, of No. 177½ Mulberry street.

KELLY, EDWARD WALTER, of No. 705 Ninth avenue.

LEFEVRE, SAMUEL H., 50 years old, retired manufacturer, living at No. 120 West Twenty-second street, died suddenly from the heat at a law office at No. 49 Broadway.

NAPOLEON, JOHN ALEXANDER, of No. 234 West Sixty-second street.

In the city the day was one that taxed endurance to the utmost. It was a day in which man desired to do no work. The chief end of life was to keep cool, or as nearly cool as possible. So people got along with the least necessary exertion. For in addition to the sun's heat the humidity struck an average per cent of 72, and the breeze was not over four miles an hour until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when a slight shower threatened. After that the breeze freshened to fourteen miles an hour.

As is always the case the most pitiful sights were to be witnessed in the crowded tenement districts. The masses of people so wedged in together could not find air enough to breathe. When an ice wagon passed by there were eager eyes on the watch for stray bits of ice. Old grand dames sometimes secured these and sat on house steps rubbing the pulse and spine of the inevitable baby with them. The little ones enjoyed this; it seemed to still fretful cries in an instant.

Today was the hottest day at Wilmington, Del., in fifteen years. The mercury reached 103° at 1:30 o'clock. Only one case of heat prostration was reported, but thousands of workmen employed in rolling-mills, foundries, and ship-yards suspended work at noon.

At Trenton, N. J., today the official record was 100°. Out of doors business was generally suspended. Builders, laborers, mechanics, and large gangs of men at work in railroad improvements were ordered to suspend work. No work was done at Roebling's big wire mills, or at the New Jersey steel and iron works owing to the heat. Charles Agnew, a potter at Maddock's pottery, was overcome by the heat and will probably die.

At Elizabeth, N. J., several factories suspended work. Two men, John Conway and John Castle, were overcome by heat and lie in a critical condition.

At midnight in New York City the thermometer registers 80°, which is just 2° higher than at the same hour last night.

## REGISTERED HIGH IN PHILADELPHIA

### Work at Mills and Ship-Yards Suspended—A Foreman Overcome.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 26.—[Special.]—Outsiders may know what Philadelphia suffered when it is said that the heat on the streets of the city in the business section was marked at 106° by the thermometers. In the dome of the postoffice building, 180 feet from the ground, where the United States Signal Service keeps its apparatus, the thermometer marked 100 8-10°. This is the hottest with one exception in the history of the city, the other date being Sept. 7, 1881, when the temperature was officially given as 101 5-10°.

For a distance of forty miles around this city the same story is told. Iron mills are closed and work was even suspended at Roach's ship-yard at Chester. Business is almost suspended in this section. One of the most interesting cases was that of a fireman on the Reading railroad's New York flyer. The engines are constructed on the camel-back plan, and the engineer seldom sees the fireman. When the train reached Wayne Junction the engineer went to see what had become of the fireman. He was lying on the foot-board overcome by heat.

The roll of deaths from heat in this city numbered fourteen in twenty-four hours. There were forty-six prostrations reported at the hospitals. The infant mortality will be great, and it is expected that the week will show not less than 400 deaths of babies under 2 years of age.

## STOCK IS DYING IN INDIANA.

### Prostration Reported at Many Points—Mercury at the 100 Mark.

GREENSBURG, Ind., July 26.—The heat has been excessive, but there have been no fatalities. William Borden of Harris City, Robert Lavender, Yardmaster; Bert Fletcher, Fireman; Jerr Hale, Section Boss on the Big Four, were prostrated, but prompt attention saved them. The thermometer registered 96 today. Stock is dying numerously in some sections.

PORTLAND, Ind., July 26.—For seventy-two hours the temperature in this section of the State has been the hottest ever known, ranging from 100 to 106 in the shade. The death rate has increased two fold and a number of prostrations are reported.

VINCENNES, Ind., July 26.—The thermometer registered 98° here today, the highest point of the season. Almost all work in the foundries and shops is suspended and several cases of sunstroke were reported from the rural districts yesterday. The thrashing machines had to stop work. Many horses have been overcome by the heat and died.

COLUMBIA CITY, Ind., July 26.—[Special.]—Jacob Bishop died of sunstroke here this morning while walking on the street.

## JUDGE ROBINSON PROSTRATED.

### Indiana's Appellate Judge Overcome by the Heat—His Life Work.

ANDERSON, Ind., July 26.—[Special.]—Judge Milton S. Robinson of the Appellate Court was overcome with heat at his home in this city this evening, and is not expected to live through the night.

[Milton S. Robinson of Madison County, candidate for Appellate Judge for the Fourth Judicial District, was born at Versailles, Ind., April 20, 1832. He studied law with his father at Greensburg, and commenced practice at Anderson in November, 1851, where he has ever since resided. He became a Republican at the organization of the party in 1856, and was a Presidential elector in that year. He entered the army in September, 1861, as Lieutenant-Colonel of the Forty-seventh Indiana and was afterward made Colonel of the Seventy-fifth Indiana, continuing in command of that regiment until the close of the war, being brevetted Brigadier-General. He was elected to the State Senate in 1866 and was a member of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses, his second term expiring March 4, 1879. He continued in the active practice of the law until appointed by Gov. Hovey one of the Judges of the Appellate Court under the law creating that court. It has been well known that his health has been precarious, and his opponents for the nomination announced themselves as candidates on that ground. He was, however, nominated on the first ballot. He had retired from the practice of law when appointed to the bench.]

## SUSPENDED WORK AT CINCINNATI.

### Street Laborers Give Up While the Temperature Continues High.

CINCINNATI, O., July 26.—The third day of the heated term opened threateningly and the thermometer rose on the level of the streets as high as 100 before noon, while the weather bureau record showed a maximum of 93°. But at noon a light shower came and the mercury was lowered about five degrees, making a decidedly agreeable change for a short time. The greatest care has been taken by all laborers and others, and so far less than ten cases of prostration are reported by the police. No dangerous prostrations have been reported in this city.

In Covington work on the streets was abandoned owing to the excessive heat and the prostration of the laborers.

## BUSINESS SUSPENDED AT OTTUMWA.

### Prostrations and Death Due to the Heat in Iowa.

OTTUMWA, Ia., July 26.—[Special.]—Business is prostrated as a result of the heat. The thermometer shows 100° in the shade. Gangs of men at work laying gas mains were taken off this morning and later in the day work was practically suspended at other places. Ten cases of prostration are reported from the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy employés and Dr. Campbell, Superintendent of the Relief Department for this division, is among the number.

## SUFFERING ALL OVER ILLINOIS.

### Prostrations Among All Classes of Workmen—Temperature Away Up.

VANDALIA, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The intense heat continues, the mercury reaching 100 to 103 in the shade. Jacob Dively was overcome by the heat in the harvest field and a railroad laborer named Johnson was also prostrated. This is the hottest weather experienced here for years.

GALENA, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—Today has been the hottest day so far. The thermometer has stood at 98 degrees in offices. Farm hands and mechanics working out of doors were obliged to stop on account of the heat.

AURORA, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—For three days the mercury has ranged at 100° in the shade, and now there is a scarcity of water in the city reservoir.

WOODSTOCK, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The warmest weather for years has prevailed here for the last week, the temperature averaging 95° in the shade. Work on buildings is suspended during the middle of the day.

VIRGINIA, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The weather has been oppressive for the last four days, the thermometer registering 98° to 103°, the hottest for several years. Several persons have been overcome by the intense heat, but no fatalities have occurred.

MINONK, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The thermometer has ranged in the neighborhood of 98 degrees in the shade for the last three days here and today it reached 126 degrees in the sun.

FAIRBURY, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—Jacob Gewiller, a German farmer, was overcome by the heat on his farm eight miles northeast of town and died before any assistance could be given him. The last few days the heat has been extreme and everything has suffered.

JOLIET, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The rolling mills and stone quarries have been obliged to work on short turns for the past week owing to the intense heat. Several men have been sunstruck, although no lives have been reported lost.

#### Hot Even at Niagara Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., July 26.—[Special.]—The heat here today reached the highest point in several years, 98° in the shade. This is considered unusually hot, as the Falls is considered the coolest point in the country, owing to its location between the lakes and the spray from the falls. One case of sunstroke was reported about 3 p. m., but was not considered fatal. Some of the mills on the river bank had to close down for three hours this afternoon on account of the excessive heat.

#### Complaining of Heat at West Bay City.

WEST BAY CITY, Mich., July 26.—[Special.]—The heat of the last two days has been intensely oppressive, the mercury reaching 100 in the shade. There have been a number of cases of prostration from heat which may yet result fatally. Andrew Carlson, an employé of one of the sawmills in this city, was sunstruck yesterday afternoon and died this morning. The man has lived here for several years, but brought his family from Sweden less than three weeks ago.

#### Thirty Prostrations; Three Deaths.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 26.—The mercury reached 96°. So far thirty prostrations have been reported, with three fatalities. One of the results of the hot weather has been a partial milk famine.

#### Postoffice Employe Drops Dead.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 25.—The mercury touched 96½° about 4 o'clock this afternoon. William Goettman, a postoffice employé, dropped dead from the heat, and a number of other prostrations have been reported.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Advice to Mothers.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 25c.

Earl & Wilson's E.& W. Brand of men's collars and cuffs are the best. Sold everywhere.

# QUEEN OF THE TURF.

## YO TAMBIEN CAPTURES HER SECOND DERBY NONE TOO EASILY.

### The Track Was Muddy and Bolivar Buckner Made the Great Filly Stretch Her Neck, Yet She Won by Three Lengths—Four Favorites Won—The Other Winners Were: Judge Hughes, Torrent, El Paso, Sull Ross, and Woodbury—Today's Entries and Pooling.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 26.—[Special.]—A downpour of rain early this morning left the track very heavy, and toward the close of the races the rain poured down in torrents. Twelve thousand people saw the races, the new grand stand being packed. It was a half holiday. Four favorites won, including Yo Tambien, and for the second time in six races the great filly had to stretch her neck to win the Twin City Derby. She ran as if just a little bit stale, while Bolivar Buckner, a wonder in the mud, was in great form. Newton was not in the hunt after the first six furlongs. Sixteen books laid the odds, the betting being fair. L. P. Tarlton is presiding judge, assisted by C. C. Riley and Capt. Billy Williamson. There are 300 horses at the track now. Leon, a starter in the Derby, is an English bred colt and is the worst sort of a quitter. There are not many good jockeys here, Britton, Freeman, and G. Williams being the most prominent. Four favorites won, Woodbury being the successful long shot.

In the first race, seven furlongs, five starters, Judge Hughes (Britton) took the lead on the far turn and won handily by two lengths, Gorman (H. Smith), 2 to 5, three lengths before Carroll Reed. Time, 1:39¼.

Second race, six furlongs, heats, five starters, Torrent (Britton), 2 to 5, won in straight heats, distancing Fred Knox, Crab Cider, and Lilly Lochiel in the first heat and Powers in the second heat. Powers was pulled up bleeding at the nostrils. Time, 1:20; 1:21¼.

Third race, half-mile for 2-year-olds—El Pase (Freeman), 6 to 5, led all the way and galloped in, Earl (Kunze), 10 to 1, a length before Mine Heart (Britton), 3 to 1. Time, :53.

Fourth race, Twin City Derby, four starters. No betting against Yo Tambien (Thorpe). Newton (Britton) and Bolivar Buckner (Freeman), 8 to 1 each; Leon, 30 to 1. As she always does, Yo Tambien rushed to the front when the flag fell and she was not afterwards headed, winning by three lengths. Half way down the backstretch Bolivar Buckner moved up, sending the great filly to a drive. Half way round the far turn the pair were nearly lapped and they ran this way for nearly a furlong, both driving. After that the filly gradually drew away and won by three lengths. Newton, who gave it up at the end of six furlongs, was third, fifteen lengths away; Leon, the wrong side of the quarter pole. Time, 2:17.

Fifth race, six furlongs, six starters—Sullross (G. Williams), 6 to 5, won in a gallop; Kildare (Freeman), 8 to 1, a length before Costa Rica. Time, 1:21¼.

Sixth race, six furlongs, eight starters—After Lena Frey (Fink), 6 to 5, had led into the homestretch, Woodbury (Hein), 20 to 1, took the lead and won easily, Safe Home (Kunze), 15 to 1, a length before Lena Frey. Time, 1:23.

Wednesday's St. Paul entries are:

First race, one mile—Goldstone, 104 pounds; Little Buck, 107; Pantalette, 114.

Second race, seven furlongs—Alice D., 90 pounds; Tillie S., 98; Iron Rod, 102; Dewberry, 102; Dyer, 103; Col. Wheatdy, 104; Rock, 104; Royal Garter, 107.

Third race, Minneapolis Stakes, for 2-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—St. Croix, 115 pounds; Rudolph, 115; Lookout, 115.

Fourth race, five furlongs, for 2-year-old maidens—Aggie E., 103 pounds; Snarley, The Smuggler, 106; Wild Huntress, 108; Earl, 111; La Grand, 111.

Fifth race, one mile—Great Dixon, 84 pounds; Lillian Lindsay, 107; Royal Garter, 107.

## WESTERN TRACK HARNESS RACING.

### Bonnie Mack and Wisconsin King Won at Freeport—Other Meetings.

FREEPORT, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The opening day of the July meeting of the Freeport Driving Park Association was successful. The track was fast and the attendance fair. The summaries:

2:19 trotting, purse $500:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bonnie Mack, b. h. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| John W., b. g | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Martha, b. m | 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 |
| Moody, b. g | 4 | 3 | 4 | 2 |

*Time*—2:25, 2:22, 2:23, 2:23½.

2:35 class, pacing, purse $400:

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wisconsin King, blk. g | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Lezuca, b. m | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Drelincort, b. h | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 4 |
| Frank Logan, ch. h | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| Midland Maid, b. m | 2 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |

*Time*—2:27¼, 2:25¼, 2:30, 2:29¼, 2:29¼.

**Quincy, Ill.**—The summer trotting meeting at Baldwin Park opened today with the weather warm and track fast. The results were:

Yearling Stake, trotting, purse $200, half a mile—Silvereen won, Jingo second, Willis Phelps third, Minnie D. fourth. Best time, 1:42¼.

2:50 class pacing, purse $200—Maggie T. won; Dupage second, Dexter Power third, Eva Herroid fourth. Best time, 2:34¼.

2:30 class trotting, purse $200—Elsie Sprague won in three straight heats, Bertha second, Richelieu third, Miss Edith fourth. Best time, 2:31½.

**Streator, Ill.**—The annual meeting of the Illinois Valley trotting circuit opened at Streator today. The results were as follows:

Two-year-old stakes, stakes $300—Tula Cossack won; Big Dick distanced. Time, 2:59¼.

2:25 class, pacing, purse $500—Hustler won, Henry O. second, Howe third; Gyp, Satteen, Lon G., and Dusty Bob distanced. Best time, 2:24¼.

2:24 class, trotting, purse $500—Belle Wilson won, Typton Boy second, March third, Watchword fourth, Kate F. fifth; Belle Medium and Thalia distanced. Best time, 2:25½.

**Peoria, Ill.**—The races today were well attended. The heat was intense. The results follow:

2:50 class, trotting, purse $400—Roan Dick won, Hambletonian Star second, Amariah Gift third. Best time, 2:36¼.

2:35 class, trotting—Bright Work won, Nellie McGregor second, J. M. G. third. Best time, 2:29¼.

2:35 class, pacing, purse $400—Cleveland S. won, Silver Bill second, Misty Morning third. Best time, 2:30½.

**Independence, Ia.**—Allerton is working well for his races. He was sent seven fast miles today; the seventh was trotted in 2:11¾.

**Rushville, Ind.**—The summer meeting at the Riverside Park opened today with prospects for a spledid meeting. Today's results follow:

3:00, trotting—Democrat, won; Nellie Lloyd, second; Letcher, third. Best time, 2:21½.

2:35, pacing—Floral Bay, won; Fred Douglas, second; Laura Bell, third. Best time, 2:24.

2:27, trotting—Pretty Belle, won; Arctic, second; Billy D., third. Best time, 2:24¼.

## SARATOGA SCULLERS FOR PLACES.

### Durnan Was Disqualified—Catlins Win Their Double-Scull Heat.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 26.—[Special.]—Disturbing winds prevented the starting in the annual regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen on Saratoga Lake till 5:10 o'clock this afternoon. Heats were rowed until almost dark, when the balance of the day's program was postponed until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. The course was one mile and a half, including a turn. The senior single sculls were divided in three heats. Charles E. Bulger of the Montreal Boat club, Albany, won the first in 10:35; Fred Hawkins of the Manhattans, New York, second, in 10:37. Behind these were H. W. Janssen of the Staten Island Athletic club, Edwin Hedley of the Vesper club, Philadelphia, and W. S. McDowall of the Farragut club, Chicago.

The second heat was captured by William Caffrey of the Crescent Boat club, Boston, in 10:26; E. A. Thomson of the Argonaut club of Toronto second, in 10:38. The order home of the others was Joseph Wright of the Toronto club, Toronto, and F. H. Thompson of the same club. Edward Durnan of the Toronto club did not start.

The winner of the third heat was J. J. Ryan of the Sunnyside club of Toronto, who made the distance in 10:26, and was followed by James W. Bergen of the Readford club, Cambridge, the relative order of the others being D. H. L. Vanzandt of the Ariel club of Baltimore, E. N. Atherten of the Metropolitans of New York, and Harry Campbell of the Albany club. E. McKay Jr. of the Argonauts of Toronto did not start.

For the junior single sculls there were three heats. The first resulted in favor of James Hurley of the Amateurs of Toronto in 11:06; M. A. Sullivan of the Centrals of Boston second, in 11:37; A. T. Seaton of the Institutes of Newark third. A. W. Bensley of the Pawtuckets fouled Sullivan and was swamped.

The second heat passed to the credit of P. W. Lehaney of the Albany club in 10:42. G. L. Berry of the Aquacknocks of Passaic being second in 11 minutes, J. Coughlin of the Brooklyn third, and H. S. Matthews of Galveston fourth.

In the third heat H. C. Blackington of the Narragansetts of Providence won in 11 minutes, H. W. Cady of the Manhattan of New York second, in 11:52, C. Barrett of St. Joseph last.

For the double sculls there were two heats. The Sunnysides did not start, Durnan having been disqualified. The first heat was won by the Vespers in 9:24, the Verunas second in 9:29, followed by the Albanys and the New York Athletic club. In the second heat the Argonauts failed to turn the stake-boat and were disqualified. The heat was won by the Catlins of Chicago in 9:28¾, the Pawtuckets crossing the line in 9:43, Manhattans and Institutes being several lengths away.

## HAS SHRUNK THREE INCHES.

### John L. Sullivan's Girth Measurement Continues to Grow Smaller.

John L. Sullivan seems to be really in earnest this time and is fitting himself perfectly for his fight with Corbett. His flesh has come off in the most marvelous fashion and his shrinkage of girth is proportionate. The table showing the progress of John's shrinkage will be interesting. It is:

| | *Maximum girth. Inches.* | *Weight. Pounds.* |
|---|---|---|
| July 1 | 46 | 243 |
| July 6 | 45 | 232 |
| July 7 | 44½ | 230 |
| July 8 | 45 | 231 |
| July 9 | 44½ | 230 |
| July 10 | 44 | 228 |
| July 11 | 43¾ | 226½ |
| July 12 | 43¾ | 226 |
| July 13 | 43¾ | 226½ |
| July 14 | 44 | 225 |
| July 15 | 43¾ | 223 |
| July 16 | 43¾ | 221 |
| July 17 | 43½ | 220 |
| July 18 | 43 | 219½ |

When Sullivan fought Flood he measured thirty-nine inches around the girth, so that he is almost in condition. To estimate a man's progress towards condition by the measurement of his girth is a novelty indeed, but that is what Sullivan's trainers are doing. The big fellow is keeping faithfully at his work and puts in busy days.

Corbett is already fit to fight and his principal task from now on will be to keep from going stale.

#### Corbett Won Interesting Contests.

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—Despite the terrific heat and humidity today, Jim Corbett trained very faithfully. The old punching-bag never fails to receive his weight and attention—in fact, he will punish it every day without omission until the fight, for even on his way to New Orleans the inevitable bag will be in one end of the special car all to itself. Garry Ford, smarting somewhat under today's defeat by Corbett at handball, says he will bring some cracks at the game down from the city this week. Corbett and his companions had sport as well as training in two rowing races, of which Jack Farrell of New York was referee. Corbett won the first race, with Brady second, and Daly, Delaney, and Dillon bringing up the rear. Corbett was the winner of the other race, Brady again coming in second. Capt. Williams again disappointed Corbett by not being able to come as was expected. It is not known how or when he will be able to come.

#### Ryan Will Receive Fair Play.

OMAHA, Neb., July 26.—[Special.]—It is reported here that the opinion prevails in Chicago and other cities that Tommy Ryan, the champion welterweight, of Chicago, will not receive fair treatment at South Omaha next Saturday night in his finish fight with Jack Wilks of St. Louis. The club they fight before is a regularly organized and incorporated organization and composed of many of the very best business-men of South Omaha. Ryan is in no danger of any unfair treatment of any kind. The club wants nothing but a contest on its merits. The men fight for $3,500—the winner to take all. Both men are in the finest fettle, Ryan being a trifle underweight and Wilks at the exact notch. There is every indication of the biggest crowd of the fancy ever seen here and very lively betting.

#### Peter Jackson Will Fight the Winner.

"Parson" Davies writes from Berlin under date of July 11 that Jackson is slowly improving, but will not be fit to fight again for some time. He says that Hall and Pritchard are both getting ready for this match. It will take place Aug. 22. No club as yet has offered a purse, but the match will take place on that date. Pritchard will be a favorite at 10 to 7.

It is said that Davies and Jackson will be at the ring side at New Orleans and challenge the winner of the Sullivan-Corbett mill.

#### Dawson Wins from Danny Needham.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 26.—George Dawson of Australia and Danny Needham, formerly of St. Paul, fought at the California Athletic club tonight for a purse of $2,000. Fully 1,700 people witnessed the contest. Time was called at 8:57. Honors were about even in the first five rounds, Dawson having slightly the best of it. At the end of the twelfth round Dawson was bleeding profusely from the nose, and as the round closed looked like a loser. He got his second wind, however, fought well, and won in the twenty-ninth round.

#### Yacht Races at Hamilton.

HAMILTON, Ont., July 26.—[Special.]—There was so little wind today for the Lake Yacht Racing Association regatta that the course for larger yachts was shortened, but even then they could not finish before the time limit expired. Several first-class yachts did not start, among them the Onward and Cinderella of Rochester, N. Y. The cutter Yama of Oswego did not put in an appearance, much to the disappointment of the competitors and spectators. The winners were: First-class, Brave, Toronto; forty-six foot, Aggie, Oakville; forty foot, Beet Zeima, Toronto; thirty-five foot, Vision, Coburg; thirty foot, Erma, Toronto, twenty-five foot, Maude B., Hamilton; twenty-six foot, Gwendoline, Toronto.

## MOSES S. BEACH DIES AT PEEKSKILL.

### Was the Former Editor of the New York "Sun"—Was a Public-Spirited Man.

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—Moses S. Beach died at Peekskill, N. Y., today. He was 70 years old. On the death of his father, Moses in 1868 succeeded him as the editor and proprietor of the New York *Sun*. Mr. Beach was not a writer. Indeed, after a few years he gave his chief attention to the business details of the paper. He was a man of peculiar religious sentiments and was one of Henry Ward Beecher's earliest, warmest, and stanchest friends. When the famous Quaker City trip to the Holy Land was made, he was one of the pilgrims. He took an enthusiastic part in the proceedings, and was generally regarded as the backbone of the enterprise. Mr. Beach was one of the improvers of the Bullock press, in the progress of which he took great interest. He also tried hard to perfect and introduce the typesetter then exhibited on Nassau street by Charles & Yeaton. He interested his friend Mr. Beecher in it and made friends for it in the press. He was always public-spirited, though not what might be called a liberal man. He put through a scheme for an underground railroad and constructed a model tunnel under Broadway about one block, that was successfully operated and tested. He was full of schemes and plans for sewering and cleaning the streets, and the departments in charge of those branches of the city's work were familiar with his face, his arguments, and his communications. He was a firm believer in the Brooklyn bridge, and worked hard in its earlier stages to popularize the movement.

#### Mrs. H. S. Brown.

Mrs. Emma Jane Brown, wife of Capt. H. S. Brown of Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co. of this city, died in London, England, at 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Mrs. Brown, with her oldest daughter, Emma, left here in August of last year for Carlsbad and other European resorts for invalids, to find relief from an attack of Bright's disease, then just appearing, and was on her way home when in May last she was prostrated in London. Capt. Brown was summoned, and has been with his wife since July 5. Mrs. Brown at one time lived in St. Louis. She was active in church matters. She published several works and wrote stories and verses. Capt. Brown, with his son, Stuart, and daughter, Emma, who were with their mother, will sail for home Aug. 3. Mrs. Brown was in her 50th year. Besides the children mentioned, a daughter, Edith, and three sons, Charles L., now at Cornell University; Percy S. of Toledo, and Maj. Taylor E. Brown of this city, survive.

#### Dwight W. Fuller.

NORWALK, O., July 26.—[Special.]—Dwight W. Fuller, who moved here three or four years ago from Elyria, and who was President of the Wheeling and Lake Erie Coal company, died Monday night at the Toledo Asylum, where he was taken about two years ago for treatment.

#### Russell Benedict, Lawyer.

MARIENBAD, July 26.—Russell Benedict, a lawyer of Wall street, New York, who lived in Brooklyn, died this morning.

## SHE SECURED ALL HIS PROPERTY.

### Marriage of a Middle-Aged Couple at Mascoutah Causes Some Trouble.

MASCOUTAH, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—Frederick Campe, a widower aged 65 years, and Mrs. Helena Podeska, a handsome widow, aged 40, were married at Lebanon today. Before the ceremony was performed a little business matter was transacted according to a former agreement, whereby the groom transferred to the bride his property, amounting in value to about $5,000, for the consideration of $1. The groom is a veteran of the late war and draws a large pension from the government. He has grown-up children, and they bitterly opposed his marriage. An unsuccessful effort was made to prevent the issuance of the license. The mature lovers with the legal documents called upon a Justice of the Peace and left the place happy.

THE BEST COUGH-CURE

and anodyne expectorant,

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

soothes the inflamed membrane and induces sleep.

Prompt to Act sure to cure.

We've told you our assortment of "R., P. & Co.'s" Summer Suits is big because the demand is big; so, too, are both the supply and demand in our Shirt Dept.

This hot spell makes people appreciate good-fitting shirts. The fact is, our NEGLIGEES are so immensely popular it's difficult to keep the stock up. Prices range from 95c to $2.50. Nothing but reliable qualities handled here.

Cooling Hats, cooling Furnishings, and cooling Clothing of the satisfying qualities abound now on our counters, while the stocks in many stores look as if the owners were going out of business.

F. M. ATWOOD,

N. W. Cor.

CLARK AND MADISON-STS.

HYGEIA

Wild Cherry Phosphate

—A DELICIOUS, REFRESHING SUMMER DRINK—

Among the hundreds of Chicago grocers keeping the Hygeia beverages are the following:

| | |
|---|---|
| A. L. BAUDETTO | 179 N. Clark-st. |
| N. P. JOHNSON | 500 Lincoln-av. |
| J. B. THIELEN | 305 Rush-st. |
| B. SIMON | 499 N. Clark-st. |
| N. NAEGELE | 547 Wells-st. |
| L. J. LA BELLE | 450 Wells-st. |

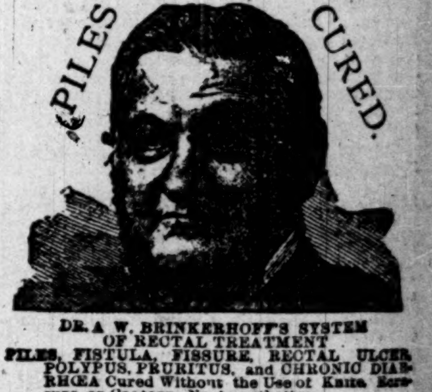
HYGEIA SPRING WATER . . . | 10 Gallons for a DOLLAR.

HYGEIA SPRINGS CO., 287 Wabash-av.

We Furnish your Home,
We Furnish your Hotel,
We Furnish your Office,
We Furnish your Store,
COMPLETE.

Alexander H. Revell & Co.,

WABASH-AV.
ADAMS-ST.


PILES CURED.

DR. A. W. BRINKERHOFF'S SYSTEM OF RECTAL TREATMENT

PILES, FISTULA, FISSURE, RECTAL ULCER, POLYPUS, PRURITUS, and CHRONIC DIARRHŒA Cured Without the Use of Knife, Ecraseure, or Cautery—No Anæsthetics.

Pamphlet, 58-pages, and reference card, by mail 10c

Refer to D. J. DURRELL, Dauphin Park, Ill.
C. H. RUDDOCK, 466 Washington-blvd.
Mrs. A. M. BILLINGS, 501 West Lake-st.
A. M. BILLINGS, Pres. Home Nat'l Bank.
Mrs. H. M. HAIGHT, 12 Loomis-st.
J. G. CLARK, Belvidere, Ill.
W. S. BUKER, Waltham, Mass.
J. J. CURTIS, 1209 S. 28th-st., Omaha, Neb.
D. P. LEYDEN, 2801 La Salle-st., Chicago.
B. H. SPAULDING, 170 State-st., Chicago.
J. F. HILL, 3316 Lake-av., Chicago.
J. E. PFINGSTON, (Merchant), Odell, Ill.
A. J. McCLAIN, 80 Dearborn-st., Chicago.
WM. LEWIS, Violinist, 182 Wabash-av.
C. H. SKALLERUP, cor. Clark & S. Water.
B. A. GRANT, Mayor, Lockport, Ill.

OFFICE, ROOMS 39, 39½, and 40,
McVICKER'S OFFICE BUILDING,
78 to 82 MADISON-ST. Take Elevator.

Hours.... { 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. } Except Sunday.
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Dr. W. C. Brinkerhoff, Graduate College Physicians and Surgeons, Chicago, in charge. Telephone 719.

BEST IN THE WORLD.

OUR

Gold Mandarin Tea.

TAKE HOME A PACKAGE.

M______10______99 Cents
M______20______77 Cents
M______30______55 Cents
M______40______33 Cents

This week you will find our beautiful SOUVENIR in each package: the Gold Mandarin Medal.

C. JEVNE & Co.
110-112 MADISON ST.

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Trains run to the
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# GARFIELD WILL RACE.

## NO SIGNATURE; NO LICENSE; BUT THE SYNDICATE HOPES.

### Mike McDonald's $3,000 Declined—The Mayor Must Consult the Authorities—After a Labored Conference Today's Racing Card Was Issued—Corrigan Is Glad He Is Out of the Way of the Local Power—Hawthorne Starts Racing Today Jockey Keith's Death.

After a conference lasting some hours the Garfield Park syndicate, full of hope, or information about Mayor Washburne's Wednesday disposition of the ordinance passed by the Council Tuesday night, told inquirers last night that the races would go on today and issued the card of entries, which closed at 3 p. m., and had been waiting to be unloosed.

Mike McDonald's face, radiant with hopeful smiles, had loomed up at the office of City Collector Amberg during the afternoon. McDonald carried in his inside pocket $3,000 of the Garfield Park club's money, which he tendered to Assistant Barrett in exchange for a thirty days' license under the new ordinance. Mr. Barrett refused the money, stating that the Mayor's order to the City Collector not to issue a license had not been withdrawn. Mr. McDonald's smile vanished quickly, and, replacing the roll of bills in his pocket, he strode sadly away.

There are several points raised in connection with the ordinance which are not generally understood.

In the first place, it requires the Mayor's signature to become a law, and it is invalid until that important function is performed.

Secondly, the claim that the Mayor cannot veto the ordinance while the Council is not in session is absurd in the light of other precedents. Thus, for example, the Council last year adjourned July 20. At its last session before adjournment an ordinance was passed granting to the West Chicago Street railway the right to lay tracks on West North avenue, between Crawford and California avenues. July 24 a veto was sent to the Clerk of the Council and, while it was not read until Sept. 14, when the Council reassembled, the veto remained operative in the interim.

### Other Points in the Situation.

Thus if the Mayor refuses to sign the ordinance or vetoes it the Garfield Park people will be helpless until the Council reassembles.

The Mayor stated yesterday that he had not decided what action he would take. He wishes to advise with the Corporation Counsel and learn if possible what the effect of the veto measure will be.

The points raised by Ed Corrigan that the signing of the present ordinance would not help the Garfield people, as nothing was said in it about pool selling and that the ordinance cannot become a law until the minutes of Monday night's proceedings have been read and approved, are badly taken. It does not require a reading of the minutes at the next meeting to make the ordinance a law, should Mayor Washburne sign it today, as is suspected. One of the clauses in Monday night's ordinance was a repeal of all former ordinances that conflicted with it, and the famous Kinney ordinance therefore becomes inoperative.

After their announcement that today's races would go the Garfield Park men refused to talk. They said they were satisfied with the situation, though.

As Monday, their last night's newspaper advertisements "ducked" the gate fee point, and unless the ordinance is signed this morning the track will run as it ran Monday.

### Wednesday's Garfield Park Card.

Today's Garfield Park card is a superior one of six races as follows:

First race, purse $500, for 2-year-olds, selling allowances, three-quarters of a mile: Johnny Campbell, 94 pounds; Humming Bird, 104; Lumberman, 105; Castanet, 110; Little George, 115.

Second race, one mile, purse $500, for 3-year-olds and upward, to carry 105 pounds, sex allowances—Ida Pickwick, 100 pounds—La Motte, 105; Upman, 105; Haymaker, 105; Ernest Race, 105; Major Tom, 105; Chimes, 105; Ormie, 105.

Third race, seven furlongs, purse $500, for 3-year-olds and upward, ten pounds below scale: Unadilla, 118 pounds; Red Root, 123; Bob Rice Jr., 123; Emp. Regent, 123; Highwayman, 123; Col. Clay, 123; Notus, 123; Pagan, 134; Linguist, 134; Lord of the Harem, 134; Hercules, 134.

Fourth race, $1,000 added, a selling sweepstakes, for 3-year-olds and upward, one mile—Dolly Nobles, 85 pounds; Rookery, 92; Bessie Bisland, 99; Ella Shipman, 99; Quotation, 100; Julius Sax, 101; Uncertainty, 105; Odrey, 108; Churchill Clark, 110.

Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, purse $500, for 3-year-olds and upwards, selling, allowances—W. H. B. S., 95 pounds; Random, 95; Ragner, 99; Ida Beeswing, 100; Rookery, 100; Tom Johnson, 102; Ten to One, 102; Sally Taylor, 105; Spalding, 105; White Nose, 105; Lonnie B., 105; Autumn Leaf, 106; Pinto, 107; Harbor Lights, 107.

Sixth race, same conditions as fifth race—Germanic, 100 pounds; Black Beauty, 102; Mitchell L., 102; Little Crete, 106; Bettie Prather, 108; Exclusion, 108; Gov. Wheeler, 109; Reindeer, 109; Zeke Hardy, 111; Red Light, 111; Oakdale, 111; McGinty (by Faustus), 111; Ulster, 113; Gaylord, 115; J. B. Freed, 115.

### McAvoy Will Have a Habeas Corpus.

Garfield Park bookmakers Ed H. Bernard, G. A. Fischer, and C. E. Connelly were admitted to bail in the sum of $300 each yesterday morning, their cases being continued until Aug. 5. McAvoy did not apply for bail yesterday, but his attorneys will make an effort to have him released on a writ of habeas corpus.

## LEGISLATION OR BLACKMAIL.

### Corrigan Is Glad He Is Out of the Way of the Local Power.

"The Garfield Park people are like a young crow, all noise," is Ed Corrigan's estimate of his competitors, as given to a TRIBUNE man yesterday.

"They announced a summer meeting and invited the entries of horsemen from all over the country. Now, the very first day that they cannot see anything but loss in sight they declare their program off and leave the horse-owners in the lurch. People that had any gameness would have raced with open gates until they found out just where they stood at least. My track is just two blocks from the city limits and you can rest assured that I am just as near as I care to be to them. I foresaw all the present troubles of the Garfield club people and resolved, in purchasing my present property, to get out of reach of the blackmail or legislation, whichever one chooses to call it, of the Council. Even if the Mayor signs the new ordinance, it will not help Garfield Park, as not a word is said in it about pool selling. It would give the Garfield people the right to race and charge admission, but Monday's experience showed that racing without pool selling cannot be made to go.

"Then again, as I understand it, the present ordinance, even with the Mayor's signature, cannot become a law until the minutes of last night's proceedings have been read and approved at a meeting of the Council. As the body will not meet until September, the Garfield Park officials cannot be immediately benefited."

The shutting down of Garfield Park will not cause Mr. Corrigan to alter his plans in regard to Hawthorne. He will open no stakes for the present, but will continue to give an overnight handicap each day, with liberal added money. He expects between twenty and thirty books on today, and Joe Ullman will, as usual, have charge of the foreign book.

## HAWTHORNE STARTS RACING TODAY.

### Five Races to Be Run with Well-Balanced Fields in Each.

The summer meeting at Hawthorne opens this afternoon with a card of five races. The entries are numerous and of a well-balanced quality. In the first race Helter Skelter, Sunshine Whisky, and Blaze Duke meet. The second race has sixteen maiden 2-year-olds, and the fourth twenty-two selling platers. The third and fifth races should produce lively speculation. The entries are:

First race, three-quarters of a mile, purse $800, for 3-year-olds and upward, eight pounds below scale, penalties and allowances—Helter Skelter, 120 pounds; Blaze Duke, 101; Steinway, 115; Ambrose, 110; Prince Henry, 106; Sunshine Whisky, 106; Emma Primrose, 101; Mockahi, 105; Maid of Honor, 98.

Second race, half mile, purse $500, for maiden 2-year-olds, allowances—John O'Meara, 118 pounds; Patience, 111; Gorilla, 115; Destroy, 115; Major Pond, 118; Desception, 111; Corinne, 111; Minnie S., 111; Mantell, 114; Tandem, 114; Trompeur, 114; Our Frankie, 115; Fiorella, 111; Alderman Morris, 118; Scotland, 114; Youlinden, 115.

Third race, one mile and seventy yards, purse $500, for 3-year-olds and upward, selling allowances—Artemus, 82 pounds; Hueneme, 110; John Francis, 85; Sir Bevys, 106; Patrick, 107; Bankrupt, 115; Charley S., 103; Barney, 109; Well Used, 85; Tom Roach, 109.

Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, purse $500, for 3-year-olds and upward, selling allowances—Parolee, 94 pounds; Catherine B., 102; Horace Leland, 101; Speculation, 104; Diamond Dick, 110; Bowlex, 107; Annie Race, 102; Special, 113; Dr. Disemann, 101; Enterprise, 104; Bobby Watts, 93; Billy Pinkerton, 113; Guatemala, 102; Edwin, 110; Lulu May, 99; Bolster, 104; Vision, 103; Hector (formerly Long Jack), 107; Doug. Knapp, 102; Ivanhoe, 110; Barbara, 94; Townsend, 104.

Fifth race, one mile, purse $500, for all ages, allowances—Reputation, 107 pounds; Lake Breeze, 96; Fillide, 89; Chantress, 89; Duke of Milpitas, 107; Gov. Adams, 109; St. Patrick, 107; Mirabeau, 107.

Trains run to the Hawthorne track as follows: Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Canal Street Depot—11:45 a. m.; 1:00, 1:20, and 2:20 p. m. Illinois Central—8:30 a. m., 12:45, 1:15, 1:40, 2:00, and 2:15 p. m.

## HURON TO GO IN THE OMNIBUS.

### Green Morris Is Giving Corrigan's Colt a Special Preparation.

Ed Corrigan's colt Huron, if things go well with him, will be a sure starter in the Omnibus Stakes, to be run at Monmouth Park, Tuesday, Aug. 16.

A few days since Mr. Corrigan received a letter from Green Morris, who has Huron, conveying the information that but little had been done with the colt since the Lorillard Stakes and that he had picked up at least a hundred pounds. Mr. Corrigan at once telegraphed back asking if Morris did not intend to start Huron in the Omnibus. An answer was received to the effect that the colt would be given a special preparation for the race and barring accidents would be a certain starter. The Omnibus Stake is one of the classic events of the year. It is exclusively for 3-year-olds. The coming renewal closed Aug. 15, 1890, with 262 subscribers, of which 16 are void by the death of nominators; 37 declared at $10 and 97 declared at $25 each.

This leaves 111 eligible to start. The last declarations at $50 are due next Monday, when at least seventy-five of the present eligible starters will probably be declared, leaving thirty-six at $250 each to start or half forfeit.

There is $10,000 added to the stake and on the above basis of declarations it will be worth, with seven starters, about $18,000 to the winner.

The West will be well represented in the stake, as Bashford is in and will probably start. He and Huron, neither having won a stake of $2,500 this year, have an allowance of five pounds from their weight for age, giving each 117 pounds.

Huron won the St. Nicholas Hotel Handicap at Latonia, worth over double that amount, but handicaps are not included under the conditions of the race.

John Madden's Illume is in, but will hardly go. He would not have a chance in a hundred if he started.

Marcus Daly's Tammany is entered and will likely start. He will have a penalty of seven pounds, raising his weight to 129 pounds. "Lucky" Baldwin has Galindo, Pierre Lorillard, Derfargillas; J. H. & H. Horris, Mars; J. E. Pepper, The Pepper; Hopkins & Co., Chief Justice; and Frank Ehret, Yorkville Belle. In and from this lot and the ones mentioned above the winner is likely to come.

## BEATEN EAST ST. LOUIS FAVORITES.

### Hambrick, Duke of Kent, Elsie S., Miss Kitty, and Corticelli Won.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 26.—[Special.]—The weather was hot and the attendance large at the East St. Louis track today. None of the favorites were successful. The summary follows:

First race, selling, for maiden 2-year-olds, half a mile—Hambrick, 112 pounds (J. Weber), 8 to 5, won; W. T., 103 (Britton), 4 to 5, second; Bushwacker, 97 (Clark), 25 to 1, third. Time, :50¾.

Second race, selling, for all ages, five furlongs—Duke of Kent, 122 pounds (Britton), 5 to 1, won; Gracie M., 108 (J. Weber), 6 to 5, second; Minnie Walker, 101 (Fitzmorris), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:02¾.

Third race, for 3-year-olds and upward, three-quarters of a mile—Elsie S., 98 pounds (McIntyre), 8 to 1, won; Ruben, 103 (Gorman), 6 to 5, second; Jack White, 114 (Webb), 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:16½.

Fourth race, handicap, three-quarters of a mile—Miss Kitty, 105 pounds (Carr), 6 to 1, first; Silver King, 101 (McIntyre), 10 to 1, second; Pennyroyal, 114 (Butler), even, third. Time, 1:15¼.

Fifth race, selling, purse $200, for 3-year-olds and upward, three-quarters of a mile—Corticelli, 102 pounds (Fitzmorris), 4 to 1, won; Phelan Dorlan, 102 (W. Riley), 6 to 1, second; Templemore, 102 (E. Pascoe), 2½ to 1, third. Time, 1:17.

East St. Louis entries for Wednesday are:

First race, purse, four and one-half furlongs—Minnie Mac, 79 pounds; Silhouette, 79; Cyclops, 98; Don Petro, 98; Winnie Davis, 105; Miracle, 105; Little May, 107; Ed Williamson, 107; Straight Out, 107; Virgin, 108; Franco, 110.

Second race, selling, five furlongs—Annie Golden, 74 pounds; Frank Trimble, 85; Archie Collins, 93; Serenader, 102; Tom Ward, 105; Olaf, 108; Cast Out, 106; Westmore, 104.

Third race, purse, seven furlongs—Pekin, 78 pounds; Florence Slaughter, 107; Washington, 112; Mean Enough, 112; Buckhound, 113; Granite, 114; Oro, 114.

Fourth race, handicap, seven furlongs—Buckhound, 113 pounds; San Saba, 94; Henry Mack, 93; Mark S., 110; Top Sawyer, 90; Zoolein, 97; Bill Nye, 97; Little Phil, 96; Miss Kitty 110; Silver King, 105.

Fifth race, selling, purse, three-quarters of a mile—Bill Nye, 98 pounds; Tamerlane, 102; Dick Delaney, 102; Texas Girl, 105; Sea King, 106; Unlucky, 106; Oakview, 106.

### South Side Track, St. Louis, Results.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 26.—[Special.]—The weather was clear and hot and the attendance light at South Side Park this afternoon. The summary:

First race, selling, five furlongs—Dick Norton, 100 pounds (McFadden), 6 to 5, won; Luke Richards, 110 (Warren), 4 to 1, second; Beck Akin gelding, 105 (L. West), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:03½.

Second race, half mile—Pid Hart, 120 pounds (L. West), 8 to 1, won; Bettie Campbell, 111 (Cormack), 3 to 1, second; Little Midget, 115 (Kingsbury), 10 to 1, third. Time, 49¾.

Third race, selling, five and one-half furlongs—Minora, 109 pounds (Warren), 4 to 5, won; Brown Button, 114 (Davis), 3 to 1, second; Pastime, 122 (Dial), 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:09¾.

Fourth race, one mile—Top Sawyer, 109 pounds (Davis), 4 to 5, won; Red Lea, 99 (Wheeler), 15 to 1, second; Parthian, 99 (Avery), 3 to 2, third. Time, 1:43½.

## TALENT ON TOP AT GLOUCESTER.

### Dr. Martin, Gladness, Comrade, Ray, Bryson, and Citizen, Well Backed, Win.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 26.—[Special.]—Dr. Martin, in the first race at 8 to 1, was the only outsider among the winners at Gloucester today. Gladness in the second race and Comrade in the third were second choice, while favorites captured the remaining races. The summaries follow:

First race, four and one-half furlongs—Dr. Martin (Dingley), 8 to 1, won; Ed Beaman (E. Tribe), 6 to 1, second; A. B. Fox (Wyatt), 20 to 1, third. Time, 57½.

Second race, four furlongs—Gladness (Merrick), 5 to 1, won; Windom (Morrissey), 5 to 2, second; Magee (Colman), 2 to 1, third. Time, 51½.

Third race, five furlongs—Comrade (Merrick), 4 to 1, won; Objection (Foster), 2 to 1, second; Genevieve (E. Tribe), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:02.

Fourth race, four and one-half furlongs—Ray (Ducey), even, won; Hattie (McDermott), 3 to 1, second; Poor Jonathan (Yetter), 5 to 1, third. Time, 56.

Fifth race, six and one-fourth furlongs—Bryson (Merrick), even, won; Count Mein (E. Tribe), 4 to 1, second; Wallace C. (Mosby), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:21¼.

Sixth race, six and one-half furlongs—Citizen (Dingley), even, won; Eblis (Myers), 4 to 1, second; Passmore (McDermott), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:26.

Wednesday's Gloucester entries are:

First race, five-eighths of a mile—Successor, 114 pounds; Glaucus, 110; Blackwood, 110; Sir William, 106; Architect, 106; Border Minstrel, 102; Dr. Martin, late Dr. Bishop, 102; Poet, 102; Stranger, 102; Mattie Lee, 98.

Second race, one-half mile, 2-year-olds—Levena C., late Gaynell, 107 pounds; Robin Hood, 101; Waltz, 101; Estelle F., 95; Bright Eyes, 95.

Third race, one mile—Amos, 112 pounds; Benefit, 108; Alan Archer, 108; Kyrle B., 108; Ilispent, 108; Lost Star, 107; Capstone, 104; Pocatello, 104; Monroe, 104; Gen. Gordon, 104; Cloverdale, 104; Telephone, 104; Baby, 97; Rock Hill, 93.

Fourth race, six and one-half furlongs—Double Cross, 107 pounds; St. Pell, late Santa Rita colt, 101; Eolic, 98; Slabtown, 98; Jersey, 98; Maximum filly, 93.

Fifth race, five-eighths of a mile—Monsoon, 118 pounds; Mirthwood, 107; Crocus, 102; Gloster, 101; Elmstone, 101; Knick Knack filly, 99; Emma J., 93.

Sixth race, six and one-half furlongs, beaten horses—Algernon, 111 pounds; Mackenzie, 103; Pomery Sec, 103; Bargain, 103; Bill Barnes, 103; Ebelis, 103; Bismarck, 101; Moonraker, 101.

### John McCafferty's Great Filly Sick.

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—The famous unbeaten two-year-old filly Helen Nichols, by Iroquois, dam Orphan Girl, is reported to be quite sick at Monmouth Park. Secretary Vosburg of the Board of Control, who had seen her, said today that she was coughing quite badly. If she goes wrong it will be a great loss to her owner, J. J. McCafferty, who only a few days ago refused an offer of $15,000 for her made by the Montana millionaire, Marcus Daly.

### Keith Dies of His Injuries.

Jockey John Keith, who was injured in the second race at Garfield Park Monday, died at the County Hospital about 10 o'clock yesterday morning. An inquest will be held today.

### Turf Notes.

Mike Dwyer will give Raceland to Jimmy Rowe when he breaks down.

The water is rapidly receding from the East St. Louis track and the stables are now habitable.

That good 3-year-old, Patron, is down in the middle tendon of his off foreleg, and has followed his stable companion, Tristan, into retirement.

Pessara's lameness deprived the Walcott & Campbell stable of the services of one of the truest running horses that ever raced. J. S. Campbell says: "Pessara is the fastest horse I ever trained, and I believe he was the fastest horse I ever saw in my life up to a mile and a quarter." Pessara did some strong work last week and does not go lame, so there is a chance for Campbell to show the public that he does not underrate Pessara.

Matt Allen is likely to lose Ike Murphy's services for the rest of the season, as the colored jockey was angry because Taral received the mount on Don Alonzo. F. A. Ehret says that he leaves everything to his trainer, and Allen can do as he likes in regard to Murphy. Col. F. C. McLewee said that he had lost $16,000 on Don Alonzo with Murphy on his back, but that he won $5,000 of it back last Saturday with Taral in the saddle, and that he thought a change of riders often worked wonders with some horses. At the same time the newspapers hint at trickery and call the Ehret outfit the Longshot stable.

## ELTING EASILY DEFEATS BELDEN.

### Last Year's Champion Repeats His Victory at Minnetonka Beach.

MINNETONKA BEACH, Minn., July 26.—[Special.]—For the second successive year Victor Elting of Chicago has won the championship in singles. At the annual tournament of the Northwestern Tennis Association, held at Hotel St. Louis, Minnetonka, he defeated Belden today for the second time, and did it with an ease that leaves no possible room for doubt of his superior ability at the game. He could go in and do as well or better every day in the week. He won the match in three straight sets, 6—1, 6—4, 6—3.

The victory was decisive enough, and at no time did Belden seemingly have a show to win, and at the conclusion of the match he frankly acknowledged that he had much more to learn about tennis before he could hope to beat Elting.

The match was not played under the most favorable conditions. The court was heavy from the previous night's rains and in spots was muddy, and in consequence both men had to play a strictly back line game. Both started in cautiously and gradually increased their speed to the proper pitch, and after the first couple of moves they were going in hammer and tongs, and from that time until the finish there was no let up and Elting excelled his antagonist in all around play, and he smashed the ball no harder, nor was his serve appreciably superior, but he placed his ball with far better judgment and success. Both men lobbed the balls considerably, Belden invariably making points in this way when Elting came up to the net. Belden made a strong rush for the second set, tying the score at four all, but he could get no further. Elting's victory was a great joy to the Chicago contingent. Few of the honors of the tournament had previously fallen to them.

In the evening President Peavy of the Minneapolis Tennis club presented the prizes, after which there was a tennis hop at the hotel. Tomorrow E. Wrenn and Jayne will play P. Wrenn and Gardner in the consolation doubles, which will bring the tournament to an end.

# DAY OF BIG BETTORS.

## MIKED WYER'S PLUNGE CARRIED; PITTSBURG PHIL'S FAILED.

### Banquet's Owner Won $20,000 on the Navesink Handicap—Phil Stood to Win $50,000 on Parvenue, but Was Beaten by a Bad Jockey—Experience, Uncle Jess, Locohatchee, Mr. Sass, and Lorimer the Other Winners—Ike Murphy in Trouble—Gloucester Racing Results.

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—Banquet won a pot of money, estimated at $20,000, for his owner, Mike Dwyer, by beating Stockton, Demuth, and others in the Navesink Handicap at Monmouth Park today. Demuth was favorite at 7 to 5, with Stockton second choice at 2½ to 1, while 4 to 1 was freely quoted against Banquet. The public bet on Demuth, but the talent thought that Stockton ought to win at the weights, which were greatly in his favor. It was a desperate race and before the finish every one of the contestants was badly punished. Reckon went out in front at the fall of the flag and taking a lead of a length and a half showed the way at a sharp pace, with Equity and Demuth close up, and Stockton and Banquet trailing behind for three-quarters of a mile. Then Equity challenged the pacemaker and Reckon fell back utterly beaten. Turning into the homestretch Banquet and Stockton made their move. Under pressure Stockton swerved clear across the track, and half-way home was followed by Banquet, the two finishing together in a drive. Banquet outgamed the other and won by a head. Demuth, under whip and spur, was beaten a length by Stockton.

Locohatchee, Leonawell, and Dagonet were the only starters in the Raritan Stakes, one mile and a quarter for 3-year-olds. Locohatchee was a prohibitive favorite at 2 to 5, but it took his life to beat Leonawell. The latter set the pace from the fall of the flag until a quarter of a mile from the finish, when the favorite joined him. Both colts ran gamely under strong punishment, but Locohatchee had a little bit more speed and drawing away inch by inch, won by half a length. Dagonet was beaten off.

Sir Richard was favorite at 13 to 5 in the Optional Stakes for 2-year-olds, Uncle Jess being next in the market at 3 to 1. When fairly in their stride, Sir Richard, Uncle Jess, Jordan, and Rightaway showed the way, with the Clara colt and The Warsaw the last pair. They ran much in this order until little more than a furlong from home, when Uncle Jess had all his opponents beaten, and, drawing away at leisure, won by a length and a half. Jordan, a 20 to 1 shot, was second, a head before Trouble. Sir Richard finished in the ruck.

### Russell a "Good Thing" and Beaten.

Lottery Magnate Morris told all his friends on the club-house veranda that Russell would surely win the seven furlongs handicap, and the tip quickly spread to the betting ring when the colt was backed from 6 to 5 down to 7 to 10, at which he closed a hot favorite. Tenny, with whom Pulsifer declared to win, meantime receded from 6 to 5 to 3 to 1. Experience and Nomad, both outsiders in the betting, raced away in front, alternating in the lead to the finish. A quarter of a mile from home Experience swerved across the track, but Jockey Penn got her straight in time to beat Nomad out a head in a hard drive. Tenny was third, five lengths away, beating Russell out by a length.

There was a heavy shower just after the fourth race and the track became very muddy, so that the talent plunged on old Now or Never in the nine furlong selling race, as the veteran has always been a mud lark. He went to the post a strong favorite at 4 to 5, but the best that he could do was to run third, with two outsiders in front of him. Barefoot, a 10 to 1 shot, showed the way at a clipping pace at five furlongs, with Algoma and Mr. Sass close up. Then Mr. Sass made play and taking the lead rather handily won in a gallop by two lengths. Barefoot lasted long enough to beat Now or Never three parts of a length for the place. It was 6 to 1 against the winner.

If Parvenue had won the last race of the day, a dash of seven furlongs for maiden 3-year-olds, his owner, the well-known plunger, Pittsburg Phil, would have landed one of his old-fashioned coups and nine out of every ten bookmakers in the ring would have been hit hard. Parvenue opened at 6 to 1 in the betting, but Pittsburg Phil's money went on in such lumps that the price steadily contracted until at the post most of the bookmakers quoted no odds against him, while only a few quoted 2 to 1, and they would take no more of Phil's money. The plunger stood to win $50,000 on the race. He made the mistake, however, of putting up an incompetent jockey named McDonald, for with any other boy the colt could scarcely have lost. Pierre Lorillard's Lorimer led all the way with Parvenue at his saddle to the last sixteenth pole. Then Lorimer caught the whip and Parvenue seemed sure to win. McDonald, however, let go his head and he fell back, losing his stride. Lorimer, under punishment, won by a head from Blizzard, who came fast in the last furlong and cut Parvenue out by a length.

### Summary of the Races.

First race, handicap for all ages, seven furlongs straightaway—Experience, 87 pounds (Penn), 12 to 1, won; Nomad, 93 (J. Lambley), 8 to 1, second; Tenny, 110 (Hamilton), 3 to 1, third. Russell, 110 (Littlefield), 7 to 10, and Sir George, 92 (Delehanty), 20 to 1, ran unplaced as named. Time, 1:25.

Second race, the Optional Stakes, for 2-year-olds, selling allowances and maiden allowances cumulative, five furlongs straightaway—Uncle Jess 113 pounds (Sloane), 3 to 1, won; Jordan, 99 (Penn), 20 to 1, second; Trouble, 100 (Blake), 200 to 1, third. Moyne gelding, 99 (J. Lambley), 4 to 1; Sir Richard, 111 (Littlefield), 13 to 5; Rightaway, 99 (Sloan), 6 to 1; Clara colt, 99 (W. Midgley), 20 to 1; and Warsaw, 111 (Taral), 6 to 1, ran unplaced as named. Time, 1:00.

Third race, the Raitan Stake, for 3-year-olds, penalties and allowances, one mile and a quarter—Locatchee, 112 pounds (Hamilton), 2 to 1, won; Leonawell, 112 (Taral), 11 to 5, second; Dagonet, 112 (Lambley), 25 to 1, third. Time, 2:07½.

Fourth race, the Navesink Handicap, for all ages, one mile and a half—Banquet, 116 pounds (Lambley), 4 to 1, won; Stockton, 109 (Sims), 2½ to 1, second; Demuth, 121 (Taral), 7 to 5, third. Equity, 92 (J. Lambley), 10 to 1, and Reckon, 105½ (Littlefield), 12 to 1, ran unplaced as named. Time, 2:34¼.

Fifth race, for 3-year-olds and upward, selling allowances, one mile and a furlong—Mr. Sass, 94 (Penn), 6 to 1, won; Barefoot, 106 (Littlefield), 10 to 1, second; Now or Never, 108 (Bergen), 4 to 5, third. Algoma, 83½ (Evans), 20 to 1; The Sheriff, 96 (W. Midgley), 7 to 1; Snowball, 110 (Taral), 8 to 1, and Kirkover, 100 (Delehanty), 5 to 1, ran unplaced as named. Time, 1:56¾.

Sixth race, for maiden 3-year-olds, weights seven pounds below the scale, allowances, seven furlongs straightaway—Lorimer, 115 pounds (Hamilton), 3 to 1, won; Blizzard, 115 (Sloan), 4 to 1, second; Parvenue, 115 (McDonald), 2 to 1, third. Nockbarren, 110 (Littlefield), 4 to 1; Emperor Otho, 115 (Bergen), 15 to 1; I O U, 115 (W. Midgley), 15 to 1, and Renie, 106½ (Doggett), 6 to 1, ran unplaced as named. Time, 1:32¼.

### Wednesday's Brighton Beach Entries.

First race, for 3-year-olds and upwards, selling, allowances, seven furlongs—Tattler, 112 pounds; Jay Qu El, 112; Jack Star, 106; Centaur, 106; Rheingold, 106; Eric, 106; Sandstone, 106; Tee Mike, 103; Sorrento, 100; Firefly, 100; Vagabond, 100; Airshaft, 100.

Second race, for maiden 2-year-olds, allowances, five furlongs—Lyrist, 118 pounds; Zorillo colt, 118; Mullet, 118; Podigo, 118; Blossom filly, 115; Lizzie, 115; Stowaway, 111; Forget Me Not, 108; Vocalize, 106; Wilson Taylor, 106; Brookdale, 106; Ingot, 106; Pansy, 103.

Third race, for 3-year-olds, selling, allowances, five furlongs—Pembroke, 114 pounds; Thiers L., 112; Adalgisa colt, 112; Jupiter, 112; Mart, 108; Semper Vive gelding, 108; Roland, 108; Bon Voyage, 108; Catherine, 107; Nettie Hamilton filly, 103; Lady Eltham, 103.

Fourth race, for 3-year-olds and upward, penalties and allowances, one mile—Loantaka, 104 pounds; Bolero, 102; Onward, 99; Potomac, 97; Mabel Glenn, 94; Laughing Water, 79.

Fifth race, for 3-year-olds and upwards, selling allowances, six and a half furlongs—Watterson, 111 pounds; Lord Dalmeny, 109; Ballyhoo, 104; Pardon, 102; Daisy Woodruff, 101; Motto, 101; Sue Ryder colt, 100; Count, 98.

Sixth race, for 3-year-olds, selling allowances, five furlongs—Mackintosh, 120 pounds; Billet Doux colt, 112; Hurry Away, 108; Airtight, 108; Verbena, 107; Queen d'Or, 107; On the Lea, 107; Carmine, 107; Natalie S., 105; Silver Thread filly, 103; Countess, 103.

The sixth race on the regular program did not fill. The third race was divided, the second half now being the sixth race.

### Louisville Pooling on Brighton Beach.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 26.—[Special.]—Pools sold on Brighton Beach races tonight as follows:

First race—Firefly, $20; Jackstar, $12; Adirshaft, $10; Eric, Vagaland, $7 each; Tattler, Sorrento, $5 each; field, $8. Jay Qu El, Centaur, Rheingold, Sandstone, Tee, Mike.

Second race—Pansy, $15; Brookdale, $12; Stowaway, $8; Lizzie T., $5; Ocalize, Ingot, $4 each; field, $5, Lyrist, Zorilla colt, Mullet, Prodigal, Blossom filly, Forget-Me-Not, Wilson, Taylor.

Third race—Bon Voyage, $25; Lady Etham, $10; Mart, $5; Thiers L., $4; field, $10; Pembroke, Adalgasia colt, Jupiter, Semper Vive gelding, Roland, Catherine, Nattie Hamilton filly.

Fourth race—Potomac, $35; Lantaka, $27; Mabel Glenn, $10; Bolero, $5; field, $20, Onward, Laughing Water.

Fifth race—Lord Dalmeny, $30; Watterson, $17; Count, $15; field, $8, Ballyhoo, Pardon, Daisy Woodruff, Motto, Sue Ryder colt.

Sixth race—Verbena, $20; Macintosh, Natalie S., $10 each; Queen Dor, On the Lea, $5 each; field, $4, Billet Doux colt; Hurry Away, Airtight, Carmini, Silver Thread filly, Countess.

## THREE SARATOGA FAVORITES.

### Busteed, Robusta, Lester, Rico, and My Fellow Were the Winners.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 26.—[Special.]—Today's extra card brought out good fields and most excellent time on a fast track. Three out of five favorites won. The opening three-quarter dash was captured easily by W. B. Jennings' Busteed, who came in the last furlong with a rush and won by a length in 1:16.

In the five-furlong dash J. Shield's Maria Stoops, the favorite, trailed home behind ten other 2-year-olds, the winner being the Blossom Hill Stable's Robusta, who won by a head in 1:02.

The third race, a mile, proved a comparatively easy victory for Lester, the favorite, who won cleverly by a length in 1:44.

The favorite, Gene Leigh's Rico, narrowly escaped defeat in the fourth race, a mile and one-eighth, winning by a scant nose in a hard drive.

D. Higgins' My Fellow won the hurdle race.

The summaries:

First race, purse $500, for 3-year-olds and upwards, selling allowance, three-quarters of a mile—Busteed, 106 pounds (A. Covington), won; Blanche, 98 (H. Jones), second; Sleet, 98 (Leigh), third. Time, 1:16. Addie B., 108 (Shields); John Hickey, 92 (Griffin); Frank L., 103 (Ross); Outright, 103 (Snedeker); Gonzales, 98 (Howe); Bush Bolt, 101 (Scott); Tammany Hall, 98 (Williams), ran unplaced.

Betting—Busteed, 3 to 5; Blanche, 30 to 1; Sleet, 3 to 1.

Second race, purse $500, for 2-year-olds, non-winning, allowance five furlongs—Robusta, 100 pounds (Ballard), won; Sis Mock, 95 (White), second; False Ahrens, 113 (E. Vankuren), third. Time, 1:02. Courtship, 110 (Snedeker); Rey del Mar, 103 (Bunn), Austria, 95 (Sweeney), Pioneer, 98 (Taylor), Trump, 98 (H. Jones), Pat Malloy Jr., 98 (A. Covington), Somnambulist, 98 (Leigh), Maria Stoops, 100 (Griffin), ran unplaced.

Betting—Robusta, 7 to 1; Sis Mock, 50 to 1; False Ahrens, 12 to 1.

Third race, purse $600, for 3-year-olds, non-winning allowances, one mile—Lester, 112 pounds (Griffin), won; Gambler, 107 (Leigh), second; Roonette, 104 (Shields), third. Time, 1:44. Tasco, 100 (Bunn), and Seven, 107 (E. Vankuren), ran unplaced.

Betting: Lester, 2 to 5; Gambler, 11 to 5; Roonette, 20 to 1.

Fourth race, purse $600, selling allowances, for 4-year-olds and upward, one mile and an eighth—Rico, 112 pounds (Leigh), won; Gettysburg, 108 (French), second; Early Dawn, 99 (Snedeker), third. Time, 1:58¾. Ely, 97 (Shields); Freezer, 104 (H. Jones); Warplot, 110 (E. Vankuren); Sir Rae Worth, 117 (Ross); Margherite, 110 (Slack), ran unplaced.

Betting—Rico, evens; Gettysburg, 6 to 1; Early Dawn, 10 to 1.

Fifth race, purse $500, for all ages, penalties and allowances, mile and a quarter, over five hurdles—My Fellow, 165 pounds (Phair), won; St. Luke, 165 (J. Kenney), second; Bassanio, 165 (Blakeley), third. Time, 2:23¾. Sam Morse, 160 (Veagh), and Lijero, 158 (Mara), ran unplaced.

Betting—My Fellow, 4 to 1; St. Luke, 2 to 1; Bassanio, 6 to 5.

### Wednesday's Saratoga entries are:

First race, for 2-year-olds, five furlongs—Punam Magician, 104 pounds; Saladier, 104; Woodban, 104; Zornitza, 104; Trump, 104; Athlena, 101; Japonica, 101; Chippie, 101; Industrie, 101; Bertha B., 101.

Second race, Alabama stakes for fillies; 3-year-old, one mile and a furlong—Miss Dixie, 117 pounds; Engarita, 117; Brown Beauty, 117; Cottonade, 112; Ignite, 112; Alma T., 112.

Third race, for all ages, one mile and a sixteenth—Stonemason, 109 pounds; Rhono, 109; Gettysburg, 104; Freezer, 102; Gambler, 94; Azrael, 94.

Fourth race, Troy Stakes, for all ages, three-quarters of a mile—Major Domo, 119 pounds; Huron, 118; Esperanza, 117; Toano, 114; Versatile, 112; Rival, 109; Ocypete, 109; Paragon, 108; Lavina, 99; Copyright, 98; Tom B., 98.

Fifth race, selling allowances, seven furlongs—Brussels, 110 pounds; Tactician, 110; Inferno, 110; Leveller, 110; Bullfinch, 110; David, 110; Busteed, 100; Malachi, 100; Pandora, 100; War Duke, 100; Grafton, 100; Bush Bolt, 100.

### Louisville Pooling on Saratoga.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 26.—[Special.]—Pools sold tonight on Saratoga races as follows:

First race—Putnam, Zarnitsa, $15 each; Japonica, Bertha B., $10 each; Magician, Industry, $5 each; field, $8—Saladin, Woodban, Trump, Athletic, Chippie.

Second race—Ignite, $50; field, $30—Cottonade, Alma T., Engarita, Miss Dixie, Brown Beauty.

Third race—Gambler, $25; Azrael, $17; Gettysburg, $15; Stonemason, Rhono, $4 each; Freezer, $1.

Fourth race—Major Domo, $35; Huron, $15; Rival, $7; Toano, $4; field, $11—Esperanza, Versatile, Ocypete, Paragon, Lavinia, Copyright, Tom B.

Fifth race—Busteed, $15; Inferno, $10; Brussels, David, $7 each; Leveller, $4; field, $8—Tactician, Bulfinch, Malichi, Pandora, War Duke, Grafton, Bushbolt.

## FAST CIRCUIT HARNESS RACES.

### Robert J. Paces a Phenomenal Race—Lady Belle and Muta Wilkes Won.

CLEVELAND, O., July 26.—[Special.]—It is rarely that so many fast horses are together on one track as those now quartered on the famous grounds at Glenville, but the contests which marked the beginning of the third grand circuit meeting this afternoon were one-sided, and two pronounced favorites landed two of the classes with little opposition. It was a trying day on horses and humanity, the hot wave being still at its height. For all that, the largest patronage that has greeted the first appearance of the sulkey stars was accorded them, indicating that the sensations of the next three days are sure to draw well. The track itself looked rather rough compared to what it usually is, but the horses proved it to be as fast as ever, and the shower of Sunday night did little harm.

The pacers quite eclipsed the trotters by the fast heats put by the Buffalo crack, Robert J., the average being 2:13⅓ for the three miles, one of them in 2:12¾.

Lady Belle, a gray mare from Kalamazoo, was the only trotter to get below 2:20, though the speedy young Californian, Muta Wilkes, was only a quarter of a second from that mark, with Myrtle R. also close to it.

Each class brought out a field of nine, and of the 2:21 trotters the selection was Katharine S., on the strength of what she did at Detroit last Tuesday. The odds were 2 to 1 on the roan mare, but she was an expensive investment, being quite out of form and having none of the speed she showed when she played with a strong field in 2:17¾ just a week ago.

Pedro L. was thought to be the dark horse, but the gelding could not carry his brush far enough in any heat to be first at the wire. After he had shot his bolt the first time, Lady Belle came very fast on the outside and was a neck ahead of Myrtle R. in 2:18½. The hedging odds were 5 to 3 against Katharine, and when Myrtle R. outfooted Pedro L. for the second heat in 2:21 it was 2 to 1 against the bay mare. She proved equal to two more good miles, reducing her record to 2:20½ in the third heat and landing the money quite easily in the fourth.

The odds were 2 to 1 on Robert J. for the 2:16 pace, and the only time his success was in doubt was when he made a break early in the first heat and lost the pole to Gray Harry. The latter could not keep the advantage long, and after going to the half in 1:05½ he dropped back and Robert J. had a clear lead at the distance, slowing up a little till Saladin rushed up and forced him out in 2:13. This is 3¼ seconds faster than the gelding made at Detroit, but when Paul and El Monarch carried him along in turn for the second heat, he was equal to another mile in 2:12¾; all quarters but the first were paced in 33 seconds. Paul made a last vain effort to dispute matters with the Buffalo flier in the third heat, but gave it up, and Robert J. jogged in in 2:14¼. His heats are the three fastest of the year and stamp the little gelding as a coming sensation.

Muta Wilkes was the tip for the 2:29 trot, with a few pools on Rose Filkins at 2 to 5 against the field. The California mare was much too fast for her eight opponents and was never extended in any part of the race. Lamont from Rhode Island was the only one near the Wilkes mare in the first two heats and Rose Filkins managed to get second place in the third. In the third heat Col. Kip finished third, but was placed last for swerving on the homestretch.

There is a big card for the second day, for besides the three classes for 2:19 trotters, free for all pacers, and 2:27 trotters, Belle Hamlin and Globe are to try and improve the time for teams, and two other pairs are to trot for a stake of $1,200. Captain and Edith from New York are to go against Wonder and Blue Charlie in the last named event. The summaries:

2:21 class, purse $2,000:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Myrtle R., b. m., by Monaco, dam by Troscan (Miller) | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Lady Belle, g. m., by Pilot Medium (Johnson) | 1 | 3 | 8 | 7 |
| Pedro L., g. g. (Hervey) | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Phœbe Wilkes, br. m. (Loomis) | 6 | 9 | 2 | 3 |
| Roslyn, br. s. (F. Starr) | 3 | 7 | 5 | 8 |
| Keokee, ch. m. (Gus Wilson) | 7 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Katherine S., r. m. (Davis) | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| Wauseon, g. s. (Bostick) | 8 | 6 | 7 | 6 |
| Molly Slightfoot, b. m. (Doak) | 9 | 8 | dis. | |

Time—2:18½; 2:21; 2:20½; 2:21¼.

2:16 pace, purse $1,500:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Robert J., b. g., by Hartford—Geraldine, by Jay Gould (Geers) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| El Monarch, ro. g. (Splan) | 6 | 2 | 3 |
| Paul, ch. g. (Manley) | 5 | 4 | 2 |
| Saladin, br. s. (Green) | 2 | 6 | 4 |
| Storm, bl. s. (Kirk) | 3 | 8 | 7 |
| Gray Harry, g. g. (Armsden) | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Mary Centilivre, b. m. (Bogash) | 9 | 7 | 5 |
| Black Dick, bl. g. (Fuller) | 8 | 3dis | |
| Vinette, b. m. (George Starr) | 7 | 9dis | |

Time—2:13; 2:12¾; 2:14¼.

2:29 class, purse $2,000:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Muta Wilkes, b. m., by Guy Wilkes, dam by Montrose (Goldsmith) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Lamont, b. s. (Demarest) | 2 | 2 | 6 |
| Rose Filkins, br. m. (Turner) | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Maggie Monroe, br. m. (Selkregg) | 5 | 7 | 3 |
| Scott, b. g. (Williams) | 6 | 4 | 5 |
| Col. Kip, br. s. (Grant) | 4 | 5 | 8 |
| Little Mack Jr., b. s. (Stewart) | 7 | 6 | 4 |
| Jessie S., b. m. (Sylvester) | 9 | 8 | 7 |
| Gold Coin, br. g. (Miller) | 8 | dis | |

Time—2:21½; 2:20¼; 2:23.

### Ike Murphy in Trouble with His Stable.

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—Brewer Frank Ehret, owner of Yorkville Belle, Demuth, Don Alonzo, and other thoroughbreds, is dissatisfied with the riding of his first jockey, Isaac Murphy, and wants to get rid of him. Last Saturday Ehret, in spite of Murphy's protests, refused to give him the mount on Don Alonzo at Monmouth Park, and put up Fred Taral, who won with his colt. Today Taral had the mount on Demuth in the Navesink handicap and landed him in third place. Ehret has offered Murphy $3,000 for a release from his contract, but Murphy has refused to accept it and will hold Ehret to all the stipulations he made when he signed with him. Murphy says that the reason he has not been able to win with the Ehret horses is that they have either not been good enough or have not been properly trained.

### After Monmouth Park Bookmakers.

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—Warrants were issued by an Asbury Park Justice of the Peace for the arrest of twenty bookmakers at Monmouth Park for violation of the New Jersey law against betting. They were sworn out by the Rev. Frank C. Colby, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Asbury Park, who was instigated to the action by the Monmouth County Law and Order League, which is waging war against the bookmakers. The warrants were to have been served today, but up to the end of the afternoon none of the bookmakers doing business at the track had been arrested.

### General Sporting Notes.

The match between Costello and Fitzsimmons will almost certainly take place Sept. 6.

Duncan Harrison says that Corbett will punch holes in Sullivan. That ought to settle it.

Mike Donovan and Bill Slavin engaged in a street fight in New York a few days since and both were arrested.

Patsy Hogan writes from San Francisco that McAuliffe fought like a coward against Goddard and disgusted his admirers.

Billy Myer's seconds in his fight with McAuliffe will be Link Pope and Ed Myer. Jack Dempsey will be in McAuliffe's corner.

Cal McCarthy narrowly escaped a knock-out at the hands of Robert Wilson of the Scottish-American club Saturday evening.

The glove-fight between Dannie Needham of St. Paul and George Dawson of Australia will take place in San Francisco Thursday night.

Joe Choynski writes from Germany to a friend in New York that Jackson's hand is still in bad shape. Hall and Pritchard are still hard at work and the fight between them will no doubt take place on schedule time, Aug. 22.

# ANSON'S HIT DID IT.

## THE OLD MAN DEFEATS BALTIMORE BY A TIMELY SINGLE.

### The Chicagos Were Outbatted and Outfielded, but Won Their Game—Luby and Vickery Did Good Work in the Box—The Baltimores Were Unfortunate in Being Doubled Up at Critical Times—Philadelphia and Brooklyn Still Tied in the League Race.

The Colts jumped from eleventh to ninth place yesterday and are now close to Baltimore, Cincinnati, and Boston.

Brooklyn and Philadelphia remain a tie in first place, with Cleveland and Washington tied for second place. The Giants are third. Cincinnati and Baltimore fell back to the .500 mark, while Boston moved up to it. The record to date is:

| Clubs. | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 10 | 8 | 2 | .800 |
| Philadelphia | 10 | 8 | 2 | .800 |
| Cleveland | 10 | 6 | 4 | .600 |
| Washington | 10 | 6 | 4 | .600 |
| New York | 9 | 5 | 4 | .555 |
| Boston | 10 | 5 | 5 | .500 |
| Cincinnati | 10 | 5 | 5 | .500 |
| Baltimore | 10 | 5 | 5 | .500 |
| Chicago | 10 | 4 | 6 | .400 |
| Pittsburg | 9 | 3 | 6 | .333 |
| Louisville | 10 | 3 | 7 | .300 |
| St. Louis | 10 | 2 | 8 | .200 |

Today's games will be: Cincinnati at Boston, Cleveland at Brooklyn, Louisville at New York, Pittsburg at Philadelphia, St. Louis at Baltimore, Chicago at Washington.

## DAME FORTUNE SMILES AT LAST.

### Baltimore Outplays Chicago at Every Point and Loses.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 26.—[Special.]—The Colts are entitled to credit for winning another game from the Orioles today, for they deserved the victory, though they were both outbatted and outfielded. They put up a brilliant fielding game, doing their best work when needed and working in their hits when men had gotten bases.

Vickery, who occupied the points for the Orioles, practically gave the game to his old colleagues in the first inning, when he seemed to be very nervous. Ryan, the first man to face him, sent out a single to right field and went to second on Halligan's slow work in getting the ball. Parrott drew four balls, and, after Dahlen had sent a fly to Stovey, Ryan by good base running scored on a wild pitch. Parrott meanwhile going to third. Then Anson got his first base on balls and Wilmot's hit brought Parrott home.

The Orioles got one run in this inning on Van Haltren's three-bagger and Canavan's high throw in trying to put Van Haltren out at the plate, on Sutcliffe's hit. From this time on until the eighth both pitchers did fine work, while the splendid support they received in the field and behind the bat put out the heavy sluggers as a rule in one, two, three order.

There was, however, a great deal of excitement in the fifth inning, when the Orioles had a golden opportunity to forge ahead, which they lost by stupid playing on their part and clever work by Anson and his men. Stricker, the first batsman, led off with a clean single, and Robinson was given a life on Canavan's fumble of his slow bounder. Vickery then came to the plate with the flat bat, and Capt. Anson called in all his men, the outfielders playing close behind the basemen. Vickery kept on bunting and sent a little fly to Luby, who turned about and threw to Ryan, catching Stricker off second base. The Colts now breathed again, but the Orioles got another chance when Shindle and Van Haltren each made singles, but Sutcliffe put their souls at rest and made the spectators angry by sending out a fly which Ryan captured.

The double plays made by the Colts always came at opportune moments. In the third inning, after Vickery had been given a life on Canavan's error, Anson took advantage of a hot liner from Shindle's bat to complete a double play. Van Haltren followed with a hit for two bases.

In the eighth the Orioles made another bid for the game. After Shindle had gone out on a fly to Dahlen, Van Haltren drove out another single to right and went to third on Sutcliffe's single. The latter stole second and Van scored on Stovey's sacrifice to center field.

This tied the score, but the colts went in and took their old lead again. After Parrott had been thrown out by O'Rourke, Dahlen made a hit and stole second. He was stealing third, when Anson lined out a timely single and sent him across the plate.

The Orioles tried hard again in the ninth. They owe their misfortune to Parrott, who made a stop of a ball that would have gone for a hit nine times out of ten and put an end to the hopes of the Orioles. The fielding of Parrott and Dahlen throughout was of the gilt-edge order, while Dahlen's base-running helped the business along considerably. Ryan also played a fine game, while the old man was in it both in fielding and batting. The score:

BALTIMORE.

| | AB | R | BH | PO | A | E | SB | SO | BB | BE | LB |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shindle, 3b. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| VHalt'n,cf. | 4 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Sutcliffe,1b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Stovey, lf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Halligan, rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| O'R'urke,ss | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Stricker, 2b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Robinson, c | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Vickery, p.. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals.. | 36 | 2 | 9 | 24 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7 |

CHICAGO.

| | AB | R | BH | PO | A | E | SB | SO | BB | BE | LB |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ryan, cf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Parrott, 3b. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Dahlen, ss.. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Anson, 1b.. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Wilmot, lf.. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Canav'n, 2b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Decker, rf.. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Gumbert,p. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Schriver, c | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Totals.. | 29 | 3 | 5 | 27 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 6 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Baltimore | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | —2 |
| Base hits | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | —9 |
| Chicago | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | * | —3 |
| Base hits | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | * | —5 |

Exact attendance—793. Earned runs—Baltimore, 1; Chicago, 1. Two-base hit—Van Haltren. Three-base hit—Van Haltren. Sacrifice hits—Dahlen, Canavan, Wilmot, Stovey, Robinson. Double plays—Anson-Dahlen, Dahlen-Anson, Gumbert-Ryan. Wild pitch—Vickery. Hit by pitched ball—Wilmot. Umpire—Mitchell. Time of game—1:30.

### Brooklyn, 12; Pittsburg, 5.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The Brooklyn team played finely today, winning an easy victory from Pittsburg. Attendance, 1,142. The score:

| Pittsburg. | R | B | P | A | E | Brooklyn. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Miller, ss. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3 | Griffin, cf. | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Shugart, lf. | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | Corcoran, ss. | 3 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 0 |
| Bierb'er, 2b. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | Bro'th'rs, 1b | 2 | 3 | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| Mack, c. | 0 | 0 | 9 | 3 | 3 | Burns, rf. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Beckley, 1b. | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | C. Dailey, rf | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Smith, lf. | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Ward, 2b. | 1 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| Farrell, 3b. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | Joyce, 3b. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Kelly, cf. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | O'Brien, lf. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Terry, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | T. Daly, c. | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Gumbert, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Haddock, p. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Totals... | 5 | 8 | 24 | 14 | 11 | Totals... | 12 | 8 | 27 | 12 | 2 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —5 |
| Brooklyn | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | * | —12 |

Earned runs—Pittsburg, 4; Brooklyn, 1. Two-base hit—Brouthers. Three-base hits—Shugart (2), Bierbauer, Kelly, O'Brien. First base on balls—By Haddock, 5; by Terry, 7; by Gumbert, 4. Double plays—Bierbauer-Miller-Beckley. Hit by ball—Miller, Mack. Struck out—By Haddock, 3; by Terry, 2; by Gumbert, 2. Sacrifice hits—Bierbauer, Beckley, Corcoran, Ward, Joyce (3), O'Brien. Time—2:11. Umpire—Emslie.

### Boston, 10; Louisville, 4.

BOSTON, Mass., July 26.—Boston hammered Stratton all over the lot today and won another easy game. Weather hot. Attendance, 754. Score:

| Boston. | R | B | P | A | E | Louisville. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M'C'rthy, rf. | 2 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Brown, cf. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Duffy, cf. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Taylor, lf. | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Long, ss. | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | Pfeffer, 2b. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Kelly, c. | 1 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 1 | Bassett, 3b. | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Nash, 3b. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 0 | Stratton p. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Tucker, 1b. | 1 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 1 | Grim, c. | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Lowe, lf. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Jennings, ss | 0 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 1 |
| Quinn, 2b. | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Whistler, 1b | 0 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 1 |
| Nichols, p. | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Weaver, rf. | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Totals... | 10 | 16 | 27 | 9 | 2 | Totals... | 4 | 8 | 27 | 21 | 3 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | —10 |
| Louisville | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —4 |

Earned runs—Boston, 6; Louisville, 3. Three-base hits—Nash, Brown. Two-base hits—Nichols, Kelly, Nash, Lowe, Jennings, Weaver. First on balls—Lowe, Brown. Hit by ball—Stratton, Tucker. Passed balls—Grim, Kelly. Wild pitch—Stratton. Struck out—Duffy, Pfeffer, Weaver, Taylor (2), Brown (2). Sacrifice hits—Nash, Kelly, Quinn, Taylor, Duffy. First on errors—Boston, 2; Louisville, 1. Time—1:26. Umpire—Gaffney.

### Philadelphia, 26; Cincinnati, 9.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 26.—Today's Philadelphia-Cincinnati game was a good deal of a farce. The temperature was 100 degrees in the shade. Attendance, 2,794. The score:

| Cincinnati. | R | B | P | A | E | Phil'delphia. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| McPhee, 2b. | 1 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | Hamilt'n, lf. | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Latham, 3b. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Weyhing, lf. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| O'Neill, lf. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Connor, 1b. | 1 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Holl'd'y, rf. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | Hallman, 2b. | 4 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| Vaughn, 1b, c | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | Thompson, rf | 3 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Smith, ss. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Deleh'y, cf. | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Welch, cf. | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | Clements, c. | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Harg't'n, c, 1b | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 2 | Reilly, 3b. | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Rhines, p, rf | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Allen, s. s. | 5 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Chamb'l'n, rf | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Cross, 3b, c. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Carsey, p. | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Totals... | 6 | 11 | 24 | 6 | 7 | Totals... | 26 | 29 | 27 | 11 | 4 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | —6 |
| Philadelphia | 5 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 0 | * | —26 |

Earned runs—Philadelphia, 13; Cincinnati, 2. Two-base hits—Latham, Harrington, Connor (2), Delehanty, Clements (2), Reilly (2), Allen, Cross, Carsey. Stolen bases—Hallman, Thompson, Delehanty. First on balls—McPhee, Holliday, Welch (2), Hamilton, Allen, Cross. Struck out—Clements, Carsey. Wild pitches—Rhines. Time—2 hours. Umpire—Hurst.

### Washington, 10; St. Louis, 8.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—The Washingtons batted out a victory in the tenth inning in a game remarkable for its uncertainty. Weather hot. Attendance 956. The score:

| Washington. | R | B | P | A | E | St. Louis. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Radford, rf. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Carroll, lf. | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Dowd, lf. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Crooks, 2b. | 1 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 0 |
| Hoy, cf. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Buckley, 1b. | 2 | 3 | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| Cooney, ss. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Glassco'k, ss | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| McGuire, c. | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | Carut'rs, cf. | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Killen, p. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | Brodie, rf. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Duffee, 1b. | 1 | 0 | 17 | 1 | 0 | Pinckney, 3b | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Rich'ds'n, 2b | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 0 | Moran, c. | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Robinson, 3b | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | Breiten'in, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Totals.. | 10 | 9 | 30 | 15 | 1 | Totals... | 8 | 13 | 30 | 12 | 1 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Washington | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | —10 |
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —8 |

Earned runs—Washington, 3; St. Louis, 6. Two-base hits—Radford, Richardson, Robinson, Buckley, Glasscock. Three-base hit—Buckley. Stolen bases—Dowd, Hoy, McGuire, Robinson, Carroll. Double plays—Duffee-Robinson, Glasscock-Buckley-Pinkney. First base on balls—By Killen, 2; by Breitenstein, 9. Hit by ball—Killen (2). Struck out—Killen, 5; Breitenstein, 7. Passed ball—Moran. Sacrifice hits—Radford, Dowd (2), Crooks (2), Buckley, Brodie, Pinckney (2). Time—2:30. Umpire—McQuaid.

### New York, 6; Cleveland, 4.

NEW YORK, July 26.—New York defeated Cleveland today after a sharply played and decidedly interesting game. A rain-storm kept down the attendance to 839. The score:

| New York. | R | B | P | A | E | Cleveland. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Burke, 2b. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | Childs, 2b. | 0 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| H. Lyons, cf. | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Burkett, lf. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tiernan, rf. | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Davis, 3b. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| D. Lyons, 3b. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 | McKean, ss. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Doyle, c. | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | Virtue, 1b. | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| O'Rourke, lf. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | McAleer, cf. | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Boyle, 1b. | 1 | 2 | 14 | 0 | 0 | O'Conn'r, rf. | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| Rusie, p. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Zimmer, c. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Fuller, ss. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | Cuppy, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Young, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Totals... | 6 | 7 | 27 | 14 | 2 | Totals... | 4 | 8 | 27 | 10 | 3 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —6 |
| Cleveland | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | —4 |

Earned runs—Cleveland, 2. Two-base hit—Childs. Three-base hits—McKean, McAleer. Home run—Davis. Double plays—Doyle-Fuller, D. Lyons-Fuller-Boyle, Boyle (unassisted). First on balls—Off Rusie, 2; off Cuppy, 2; off Young, 6. Hit by ball—D. Lyons, O'Rourke. Struck out—By Rusie, 2. Passed ball—Doyle. First base by errors—New York, 1; Cleveland, 2. Left on bases—New York, 6; Cleveland, 5. Time—1:50. Umpire—Crane.

## LEADERS HAVE AN OFF DAY.

### Joliet and Rockford Lose and Rock Island Takes the Lead.

JOLIET, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The official standing of clubs in the Illinois-Iowa League, including today's games, is:

| Clubs. | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rock Island-Moline | 30 | 16 | 14 | .533 |
| Rockford | 33 | 17 | 16 | .515 |
| Joliet | 32 | 16 | 16 | .500 |
| Jacksonville | 31 | 14 | 17 | .452 |

The games scheduled for tomorrow are: Rock Island-Moline at Joliet, Rockford at Jacksonville.

W. S. McCAULL, Secretary.

### Rock Island, 3; Joliet, 0.

JOLIET, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—Only a small crowd was at the ball game today. The Rock Island-Molines shut the Joliets out, capturing the game from the beginning. The score:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Joliet | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —0 |
| Rock Island-Moline | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | —3 |

Batteries—Joliet, Donnelly and Mahoney; Rock Island-Moline, Barston and Page. Errors—Joliet, 2. Base hits—Joliet, 4; Rock Island-Moline, 8. Two-base hits—Joliet, 1; Rock Island-Moline, 1. Struck out—By Donnelly, 4; by Barston, 4. Passed balls—Joliet, 1. Time of game—1:45.

### Jacksonville, 9; Rockford, 5.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—The Jacksonvilles defeated the Rockfords today after a hard-fought battle of eleven innings. The features of the game were Truby's great home-run hit, Schaub's brilliant work at short, Briggs' batting, and the battery work of Gragg and Briggs. The score:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jacksonville | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 4 | —9 |
| Rockford | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | —5 |

Batteries—Jacksonville, Gragg and Briggs; Rockford, Nicol and Snyder. Errors—Jacksonville, 5; Rockford, 6. Earned runs—Jacksonville, 4; Rockford, 3. Hits—Jacksonville, 9; Rockford, 7. Two-base hits—Hecker, G. Nicol, Underwood, Keifer. Three-base hits—Gragg, H. Nicol. Home runs—Briggs (2), Flynn.

## OSHKOSH IS FINALLY BEATEN.

### It Took Menominee Fifteen Innings to Defeat the Leaders.

The standing of clubs to date in the Wisconsin-Michigan League is:

| Clubs. | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oshkosh | 35 | 24 | 11 | .686 |
| Menominee | 32 | 19 | 13 | .594 |
| Ish.-Negaunee | 31 | 15 | 16 | .484 |
| Marinette | 36 | 16 | 20 | .444 |
| Green Bay | 36 | 15 | 21 | .417 |
| Marquette | 38 | 15 | 23 | .395 |

Today's games will be: Oshkosh at Menominee, Green Bay at Ishpeming.

### Menominee, 4; Oshkosh, 3.

MENOMINEE, Mich., July 26.—[Special.]—Menominee defeated Oshkosh today in a brilliant fifteen-inning game, the features of which were the exceptionally fine fielding of the Oshkosh team and the splendid pitching of Mack for the home team. The score:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Menominee | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | —4 |
| Oshkosh | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | —3 |

Batteries—Mack and Whalen, Slagle, Fisher, and Hogriever. Errors—Menominee, 7; Oshkosh, 2. Earned runs—Menominee, 3. Base hits—Menominee, 16; Oshkosh, 10. Two-base hits—Hobeyght, Katz, Berchtold, Bermingham. Bases on balls—By Mack, 4; by Slagle, 1; by Fisher, 1. Struck out—By Mack, 8; by Slagle, 2. Passed balls—Whalen, 2; Hogriever, 4. Wild pitch—Mack. Umpire—Seward. Time of game—2:40.

### Ishpeming, 4; Green Bay, 2.

ISHPEMING, Mich., July 26.—[Special.]—The Unions opened the series here today by defeating Green Bay in a hotly contested game. Boland's two-base hit won the game. Miller had good control of the ball and the visitors got only scattered hits. The score:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Unions | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | —4 |
| Green Bay | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | —2 |

Batteries—Miller and Donovan; Flood and Terrian. Base hits—Unions, 7; Green Bay, 6. Struck out—Miller, 4; Flood, 1. Base on balls—Miller, 3; Flood, 3. Errors—Unions, 2; Green Bay, 2. Two-base hit—Boland. Umpire—Lynch.

## ÆTNAS DEFEATED THE DAILY NEWS.

### Baseball Day's Series Resumed at the South Side Park.

The Ætnas defeated the *Daily News* in an interesting and exciting game at the Chicago Ball Park. The *Daily News* were short several men. The game was close until the seventh, when the *Daily News* went to pieces and let the Ætnas score three runs. The features of the game were the battery work of both clubs and the fielding of the Ætnas. The score:

| Ætnas. | R | B | P | A | E | Daily News. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Fields, 3b. | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 1 | Holmes, c. | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 0 |
| Peppick, lf. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Nicols, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Lynch, p. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | Tracy, 1b. | 1 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| J. Hayes, 2b. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | Frye, 3b. | 0 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Owens, ss. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | Black, lf. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Reitz, 1b. | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | Phelon, ss. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| W. Hayes, c. | 1 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 0 | Skinner, 2b. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Murray, cf. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Sullivan, cf. | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Connell, rf. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Royce, rf. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals.. | 7 | 4 | 27 | 22 | 1 | Totals.. | 1 | 6 | 27 | 12 | 7 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ætnas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | —7 |
| Daily News | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —1 |

Earned runs—Daily News, 1. Two-base hit—Owens. Three-base hits—Tracy, Peppick. Stolen bases—Ætnas, 6; Daily News, 2. Struck out—Ætnas, 5; Daily News, 6. Base on balls—Daily News, 3. Hit by pitched ball—Ætnas, 1; Daily News, 2. Passed balls—Holmes, 1; Hayes, 1. Wild pitch—Lynch. Time—1:45. Umpire—Nellis.

### Southern League Results.

The results of the first games in the second series are:

At Atlanta—Atlanta, 8; Mobile, 7.

At Birmingham—Birmingham, 9; Montgomery, 4.

At Chattanooga—Memphis, 8; Chattanooga, 6.

At Macon—Macon, 3; New Orleans, 1.

### Eastern Association Results.

At Buffalo—Buffalo, 7; Rochester, 4.

At Albany—Albany, 1; Troy, 12.

At Binghamton—Binghamton, 6; Providence, 5.

### Baseball Notes.

The St. Louis club is trying to secure Buck Ewing.

Jack Doyle is captaining the New York club in Ewing's absence.

Joe Mulvey now declares that he will play no more ball this year.

Pitcher Phil Knell signed with the Philadelphia club yesterday.

Harry Raymond, late of Washington, has signed with Spokane Falls.

Porter, the catcher of the Atlanta club, has only two fingers on his left hand.

Jack Brennan of the old Cleveland brotherhood club is catching for Butte, Mont.

Frank Carroll, a Chicago boy, has been expelled by Joliet for jumping the club.

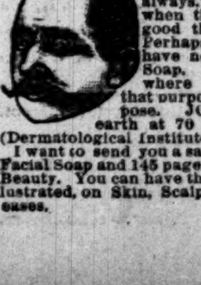
Baltimore has withdrawn its notice of release of Halligan, and that player is back with the team.

George Gore is playing temporarily with the Somerville (N. J.) team of the Central New Jersey League.

Third Baseman Vanalstine and First Baseman Purvis of the Rockford club, who jumped the club a week ago, have been reinstated.

The Brooklyn club absolutely refuses to abide by the thirteen-men rule, and is carrying fourteen on its pay-rolls. It will not reduce salaries either.

Al Lawson, manager of what is called the New York Amateur Baseball club, sailed Saturday for Europe on the steamer Anchoria. He will complete arrangements to tour Scotland, England, and the Continent with his team, which is composed as follows: Lawson, pitcher; Cumming, catcher; Dooley, first base; O'Brien, second base; McBurney, short stop; Hendrick, third base; Lawlor, center field; Carrick, right field; and Sullivan and Balter substitutes. The team will sail next Saturday.



Do the Public Know a good thing when they see it? Not always. They know a good thing when they try it. We all know a good thing when we've tried it. Perhaps there are some few who have not tried Woodbury's Facial Soap. I want to know who and where they are. I advertise for that purpose. I am here for that purpose. JOHN H. WOODBURY, on earth at 70 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill. (Dermatological Institute.)

I want to send you a sample cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap and 145 page Book on Dermatology and Beauty. You can have them both for 10c. Book, illustrated, on Skin, Scalp, Nervous and Blood Diseases.

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A LAUNDRY SOAP, PURE AND SANITARY

DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP. HEALTHFUL, AGREEABLE, CLEANSING. Cures Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc. Removes and Prevents Dandruff.

Fun For Two.

All children enjoy drinking Hires' Root Beer.

So does every other member of the family. A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of this delicious drink. Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good"—'tis false. No imitation is as good as the genuine HIRES'.

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The Slocum Tennis Racket Is a Winner. A. G. SPALDING & BROS. 108 Madison-st. CATALOGUE FREE.

STORE FITTINGS. A. H. REVELL & CO. Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

NEWSDEALERS CAN GET THE TRIBUNE AT THE HOME OFFICE FOR THE LOWEST PRICE, SAFE DELIVERY OR NO PAY.

# MORE WATER WANTED

## LAKE VIEW AGAIN THREATENED WITH LIQUID FAMINE.

### Dilatory Contractors Fail to Finish Their Work on the Tunnel at the Time Agreed Upon—No Relief for Chicago Until the Four-Mile Tunnel Is Completed—Wentworth Avenue Sewer Can Be Built—Efforts to Get the City's Cash—General Municipal News.

Lake View is threatened with another water famine. This is not new in the history of Lake View. She has had several water famines within the last two years, and many more have been threatened. Each time there has been a promise of relief. But the promise has not been kept. Yesterday hundreds of complaints poured in at the water office of the scarcity of water in the district west of Lincoln Park and north of Humboldt Park. Whole blocks have been without water in this territory since the hot spell set in, and matters are likely to grow worse. City Engineer Clarke says there is no help for it. The Lake View water tunnel is not finished. The Lake View pumping-works are not completed. And the promises made when there was a water famine last have all been broken.

If truth must be told all this arises from the contract for tunnel work and tunnel extension which the government of Lake View bequeathed to Chicago and the snail-paced contractors who came as an appanage of that contract. Shailer & Schniglau, the tunnel contractors accepted by Mayor Boldenweck's Lake View Government, have kept tinkering at that Lake View tunnel ever since annexation, more than three years ago. Last April they had completed about 5,700 feet of tunnel. They are yet working away in rock, which is profitable work for them as they are paid extra at the rate of $10 per cubic yard for stone boring and $12 per cubic yard for brick filling. The people of Lake View became impatient and importunate last spring and demanded that something should be done to provide water for the territory, and to utilize for the purpose the portion of the tunnel then completed. Commissioner Aldrich entered into negotiations with the contractors, consenting, in fact, to give them their own price for putting in an intermediate crib at the 5,700-foot distance, and permitting the city to use the portion of the tunnel completed. In consideration of the rather high price awarded the contractors agreed to have the crib in place, the tunnel ready, and everything completed by July 11. Here are the exact words of the contract:

**The Contract.**

It is further understood and agreed by and between the said Shailer and Schniglau and the said City of Chicago that all the work contemplated by this agreement and contract and the specifications hereto attached and made a part hereof shall be finished and fully completed and ready for letting in the water on or before the 11th day of July, 1892, and the said Shailer and Schniglau hereby guarantee the entire completion of said work on or before said 11th day of July, 1892.

The 11th day of July has come and gone, but the crib, though in place, is not finished; the other work is not completed; the water is not flowing through the tunnel, and the people of Lake View are again disappointed and angry. Mr. Clarke and Mr. Aldrich tell the same old story. The work will soon be completed, they say, the pumping works will be put in order and everything will be put in readiness by the middle of next month. Likely when the middle of next month comes there will be more trouble. The contractors may not then be willing to give up control of the tunnel. They will want extras or something else. A portion of their contract provides as follows:

And, further, said Shailer & Schniglau agree that in the event of neglect or failure on their part to complete said work in the manner and time hereby specified and agreed and to the entire satisfaction of the Commissioner of Public Works then in such case they agree that the sum of $200 per day shall be deducted for every day after the 11th day of July said work remains incompleted.

It is claimed by residents of Lake View that there will probably be trouble over this; that there will have to be arbitration or delay of some kind, and that the people will be lucky if they are getting water through the first half of their long delayed tunnel by the 1st of September. The dog days will have passed in the meantime. No work is being done now in the outer half of the proposed tunnel. The contractors of Boldenweck's selection are resting on their oars.

In relation to the scarcity of water in other portions of the city, Engineer Clarke says there can be no relief until the four-mile tunnel is completed. To supply sufficient water now recourse has to be had to the north shore inlet. A part of the water in use is from that point, about 6 per cent of the whole. It would be dangerous to use a larger quantity, and it will be wise in housekeepers to boil the water as long as any percentage of it is obtained from the Cregier "hole in the ground."

The necessity for concluding the negotiations for the control of the four-mile tunnel, under the circumstances, is apparent and the action of the Council Monday night in preparing for the arbitration of the matter is generally commended. The Finance committee will meet Mr. Onderdonk today, when it is probable that the preliminaries for the arbitration will be agreed on.

## THEY CAN BUILD THE SEWER.

### Drainage Work in the Wentworth Avenue District Can Proceed at Once.

Judge Brown, who is sitting in the County Court for Judge Scales, said yesterday that there was no chance to reinstate the Wentworth avenue sewer special assessment on the calendar before vacation. It will, he said, have to go over now until the September term of the court. It can be taken up promptly then as all the preliminaries have been agreed on, and it will be speedily disposed of. This delay in the court need not postpone the improvement, however. Under the Madden ordinance passed by the Council the Commissioner of Public Works can go ahead and advertise for bids for the work, and let the contract, if necessary. Of $850,000 of special assessment there is no objection to the payment of some $625,000. It is believed that the cost of the entire work will not greatly exceed the last-named figure, and that the contractor who gets it will take his chances.

Commissioner Aldrich said yesterday that he will probably advertise for bids, though he may not let the contract until sufficient of the special assessment is confirmed to insure prompt payment for the work. Under the Madden ordinance the matter will be greatly expedited. Special Assessment Attorney Metcalfe is disposed to favor the same policy. He says there is no doubt that the assessment will be confirmed. The city, he said, will not lose $10,000 on the whole business. The prospects for pushing the work are good, despite the dilatory and obstructive tactics of the attorneys who appeared before the Council and its Judiciary committee.

Commissioner Aldrich said that no effort would be spared on his part to push the improvements for which ordinances were passed by the Council during the last four weeks. There are over 1,000 of those ordinances. The Street Department is working at its full capacity on the various assessments. Commissioner Sheahan is preparing the rolls of assessment for submission to the court. A big batch of them will go in to the County Court Aug. 1. It is expected that they will be confirmed within the first fifteen days of next month and that the contracts will be let between the 15th and 30th of August. In that case most of the work will be done before frost sets in. Commissioner Aldrich increased the working force in the Street Department on special assessments in the last week, and he is leaving nothing undone to cooperate with the Council in the work of improvement.

## WANTS THE CITY'S MONEY.

### Controller May Urges the Commissioners to Put the Screws on Treasurer Kern.

The Board of County Commissioners held a special meeting yesterday afternoon, of which City Controller May took advantage to register a protest against County Treasurer Kern and to ask that the board do all it could to make the Treasurer disgorge. The letter bears date of July 25, and is as follows:

Gentlemen: Upon the demand of your Finance committee County Treasurer Kern made a statement of the amount of money in his possession collected by him on account of the different municipalities, towns, park boards, etc. The amount in his hands on July 14, 1892, was $5,495,000. Deducting from that amount an estimated amount of collections on special assessments—the largest amount of which belongs to the city—of $600,000 would leave $4,895,000 of general taxes collected and in the hands of the County Treasurer.

The total tax levy of Cook County for the year 1891 is $16,736,017.11. The total tax levy of the City of Chicago, which is included in the above, is $10,453,270.41. The City of Chicago's percentage of the total levy is 62.4 per cent; that percentage on $4,895,000 would be $3,054,480; adding to that amount the special assessment of $600,000 would leave in the hands of the County Treasury July 14, 1892, $3,654,480 belonging to the City of Chicago which has not been turned over to the City Treasurer.

The City of Chicago receives interest on the money in the City Treasury at the rate of 2½ per cent, which would amount on the above sum to $250 per day.

Repeated demands have been made for this money as provided by Sec. No. 244 of the Revenue act (Revised Statutes, Chap. 120), but the money has not been paid over, nor has any report at all been made as provided by that section. Partial payments have been made to the amount of $638,000 since that time.

I lay this statement of facts before your honorable body and ask that you take such action as is in your power to compel the County Treasurer and Collector to comply with the law and to pay this money into the City Treasury.

Any assistance that this department can render you toward the accomplishment of this end will be cheerfully given. Yours very truly,

H. N. MAY, City Controller.

The letter was referred to the Finance committee.

The plans and specifications for the proposed gymnasium of the Normal School were accepted and the superintendent was authorized to advertise for bids, which will be opened by the board Monday, Aug. 22.

The board voted itself a vacation from Aug. 1 to Aug. 22.

An adjournment was taken until Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

## CONTRACTS WILL SOON BE AWARDED.

### Something About the Sewage Pumps for Seventieth Street and Yates Avenue.

Contracts for sewage pumps to be situated at Seventieth street and Yates avenue will be awarded in a few days. They must be designed to lift sewage from a well into which the sewers of the district empty and deliver it into a six-foot conduit, which in turn empties into Lake Michigan. The *Engineering Record* thus describes the process and the plant:

The sewage well will be 16 feet in diameter and the bottom will be 15½ feet below the city datum, which is the low-water level in Lake Michigan. The bottom of the sewers discharging into this well will be 11 feet below the city datum, and the bottom of the discharge datum will be 1.8 feet below the datum, making the lift for the pumps 9.2 feet. The pumping plant is to consist of two engines and three boilers. One engine is to have a capacity of not less than 15,000,000 gallons in every twenty-four hours, while the other is to have a capacity of not less than 28,000,000 gallons. There will be three horizontal tubular boilers of such size and capacity that any two of them shall be easily capable of supplying on a continuous run the necessary steam to operate both engines at their full rated capacity. All the material used in the engines, boilers, and their appurtenances is required to be of the best quality of their several kinds, and the contractors are required to guarantee the plant to perform the work specified, without breakage or other defect than normal wear, for one year from and after the date of the formal acceptance. The duty required to be developed, whether the engines are working singly or together, is not less than 70,000,000 pounds of sewage, raised one foot high for each 100 pounds of best Lehigh coal used in the furnaces with a natural draft for a period of not less than twenty-four consecutive hours. The steam pressure is not to exceed 100 pounds per square inch in the boilers during the duty trial, and the above requirements must be met without any deduction from the coal consumed for clinkers or ashes or for any friction of machinery, friction of water in the pumps, and connections for the use of steam for feed pumps, or for any purpose due to the operation of the machinery as a whole.

## COUNTRY POLLING PLACES SELECTED.

### Election Booths and Judges Recommended—Canada Thistles Must Go.

The Public Service committee of the County Board yesterday agreed to recommend the following list of judges of election and polling places for the country towns for the November election:

Judges of election and polling places adopted and revised by the Board of Commissioners of Cook County, Illinois, for the year 1892. Henry Wulff, County Clerk.

**BARRINGTON.**

District No. 1—Polling place, town hall. Judges, town officers.

**BLOOM.**

District No. 1—Polling place, town hall. Judges, W. J. McEldowney, G. J. Miller, George H. Caskey.

District No. 2—Polling place, Kobel's store, Glenwood. Judges, Merrill Sweet, Clerk Holbrook, Joseph Kotilinek.

**BREMEN.**

District No. 1—Polling place, schoolhouse. Judges, Ernst Kott, John F. Rock, and L. Wingate.

District No. 2—Polling place, C. Andreas' scale house. Judges, William Moak, Town Assessor, and Town Collector.

**CALUMET.**

District No 1—Polling place, G. Leuchtemeyer's house. Judges, A. Englehardt, H. Sieman, and L. Leuchtemeyer.

District No. 2—Polling place, Short's real-estate office. Judges, C. O. Tenbroke, John Willig, and C. L. Barber.

District No. 3—Polling-place, Riverdale. Judges, Fred Schmidt, John Diekman, and Peter Kipley.

**ELK GROVE.**

District No. 1—Polling-place, Louis Busse's hall. Judges, town officers.

**HANOVER.**

District No. 1—Polling-place, schoolhouse. Judges, town officers.

**LEMONT.**

District No. 1—Polling-place, Brown's Music Hall. Judges, M. Warner, Peter A. Nelson, Matthew J. New.

District No. 2—Polling-place, town hall. Judges, John Thomnechler Jr., J. S. Lee, William O'Neill.

District No. 3—Polling place, house of Mrs. Murphy, Hastings. Judges, John Eagan, D. C. Skelly, A. Roebuck.

District No. 4—Polling place, house of Patrick Kirk. Judges, Alfred Cleveland, Lemont Kettwing, John Rupert Sr.

**LEYDEN.**

District No. 1—Polling place, house of William Kolz. Judges, Walter Shaw, H. Kolze, Adolph Heine.

District No. 2—Polling place, village hall. Judges, James Bell, William Katerbau, C. H. Boosenburg.

**LYONS.**

District No. 1—Polling place, skating rink, La Grange. Judges, L. J. Secrist, Henry S. Mitchell, C. W. Northrup.

District No. 2—Polling-place, Tim Ryan's Hall, Lyons. Judges, F. J. Mooney, Charles H. Smith, William Henry.

District No. 3—Polling-place, Dennis O'Brien's Hotel, Summit. Judges, Dennis O'Brien, Otto Graves, J. T. Allison.

District No. 4—Polling-place, Banks' store, Willow Springs. Judges, W. N. Ward, H. B. Keller, John Sherwood.

District No. 5—Polling-place, Western Springs. Judges, George Mills Rogers, M. Hayes, Thomas C. Hill.

**MAINE.**

District No. 1—Polling-place, Scharringhausen's Hall. Judges, town officers.

District No. 2—Polling-place, Park Ridge Hotel. Judges, Godfrey Grupe, G. A. Blaike, S. E. Cummings.

**NEW TRIER.**

District No. 1—Polling place, depot. Judges, John R. James, John L. Day, Michael Gormley.

District No. 2—Polling place, Winnetka station. Judges, Charles Schroeder, Jacob Cormack.

District No. 3—Polling place, Westerfield's office. Judges, William Meyer, Jacob Schilogen, John Schaefer.

**NORTHFIELD.**

District No. 1—Polling place, William Brueggerman's house. Judges, H. Lorenz, Louis Valtz, Supervisor; H. W. Dehne, Assessor.

District No. 2—Polling place, Hutching's store. Judges, Adam Melzer, H. Rugen Jr., Henry Suel, Collector.

**NILES.**

District 1—Polling place, engine house. Judges, John Kurscht, J. Detzer, H. Weldt.

District 2—Polling place, house of John Wendorf. Judges, Mathias Hoffman, John Huntington, Henry Elsinger.

**NORWOOD PARK.**

District No. 1—Polling place, postoffice building. Judges, town officers.

District No. 2—Polling place, schoolhouse. Judges, John Firleke, F. B. Norton, S. Johnson.

**ORLAND.**

District No. 1—Polling place, Center Schoolhouse. Judges, town officers.

**PALATINE.**

District No. 1—Polling place, Village Hall. Judges, town officers.

**PALOS.**

District No. 1—Polling place, Christopher Mikelson's store. Judges, town officers.

**PROVISO.**

District No. 1—Polling place, Maywood Hall. Judges, C. M. Porter, Jacob Bohlander, Gustav Gehrke.

District No. 2—Polling place, Lathrop avenue depot. Judges, G. E. Steele, Christian Schlund, Frank Hilmer.

District No. 3—Polling place, Thiele Hall. Judges, M. F. Covell, John Wolf, Henry Valbering.

District No. 4—Polling place, schoolhouse. Judges, William Weseman, A. H. Kennan, Nelson C. Clark.

**RICH.**

District No. 1—Polling place, house of William Arnold. Judges, town officers.

**RIVERSIDE.**

District No. 1—Polling place, Riverside Depot. Judges, town officers.

**SCHAUMBERG.**

District No. 1—Polling place, John Fenn's Hall. Judges, town officers.

**THORNTON.**

District No. 1—Polling place, schoolhouse. Judges, Henry Zimmer, August Steiner, William Doepp.

District No. 2—Polling place, Town hall. Judges, Herman Schwanke, Herman Gardner, Peter Abstein.

District No. 3—Polling place, Bisack's Hall. Judges, Albert Vanateinberg, Christ Schoultz.

District No. 4—Polling place, Harvey. Judges, Charles F. Carver, William H. Pease, Peter B. Lamb.

District No. 5—Polling place, Dolton. Judges, Charles Dolton, Henry Bilner, John Berger.

District No. 6—Polling place, Lindner's Hall. Judges, J. Brunst, William Dohlman, Peter Schrum.

District No. 7—Polling place, Burnham. Judges; W. S. Elliott, Aug. Grerve, Samuel Burnham.

**WHEELING.**

District No. 1—Polling place, Meyer's Hall. Judges, F. W. Miller, W. H. Dunton, William Meyer.

District No. 2—Polling place, Welfing Hall. Judges, Jacob Fritsch, J. G. Schneider, J. P. Hanson.

**WORTH.**

District No. 1—Polling place, Robinson's store, Blue Island. Judges, Asa Farnum, Town Assessor, Town Supervisor.

District No. 2—Polling place, Bishop's store, Worth Station. Judges, George Schubert, George Phillips, and Town Collector.

Evanston's list has not been turned in to the board and will be decided upon later. It is probable, too, that some changes will be made.

Ossian Guthrie was given an opportunity to talk about Canada thistles. The outcome was the adoption of the following resolution:

*Resolved*, That Congress be and is hereby requested to substitute a bill for the extinction of Canada thistles in the United States in place of the Anti-Option bill.

The Clerk was instructed to notify each Illinois Senator and Representative.

### Permit to Lay Pipes.

Commissioner Aldrich yesterday issued permits to the Economic Gas company to lay pipes along Indiana avenue from One Hundred and Sixth to Ewing streets, and on the latter thoroughfare to Ninety-fifth street. The permits were issued in accordance with the mandamus granted against the city by Judge Adams.

### Municipal Notes.

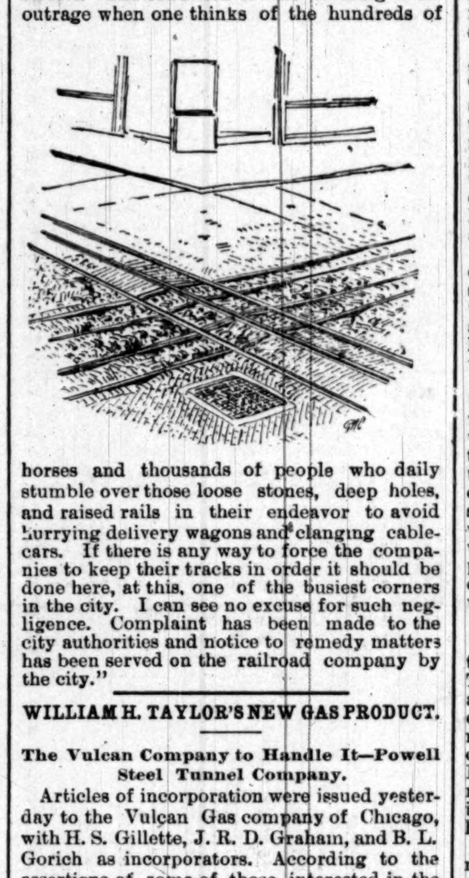
City Engineer Clarke yesterday ordered the West Side Street railway company to discontinue building retaining walls on the west approach to Washington street tunnel. The work was not satisfactory and a stay was ordered until other plans could be submitted.

By order of the Commissioner of Public Works the West Chicago Street railway company was yesterday forbidden to continue work on altering the grade on Blue Island avenue. When the company obtained a franchise for cabling the avenue it was permitted to alter the grade leading to the viaduct, in case all land damages were settled before work was begun. A force of men began work and complaints reached the City Hall that the awards had not been made.

## IS A SHAME AND A GLARING OUTRAGE.

### Condition of the Street Railway Crossing at Clark and Monroe Streets.

"As an illustration of the manner in which the owners of valuable franchises treat the general public," said a prominent citizen yesterday, "take a look at the intersections of the street-car tracks at Clark and Monroe streets. The condition of the crossing is an outrage when one thinks of the hundreds of horses and thousands of people who daily stumble over those loose stones, deep holes, and raised rails in their endeavor to avoid hurrying delivery wagons and clanging cable-cars. If there is any way to force the companies to keep their tracks in order it should be done here, at this, one of the busiest corners in the city. I can see no excuse for such negligence. Complaint has been made to the city authorities and notice to remedy matters has been served on the railroad company by the city."



## WILLIAM H. TAYLOR'S NEW GAS PRODUCT.

### The Vulcan Company to Handle It—Powell Steel Tunnel Company.

Articles of incorporation were issued yesterday to the Vulcan Gas company of Chicago, with H. S. Gillette, J. R. D. Graham, and B. L. Gorich as incorporators. According to the assertions of some of those interested in the enterprise this new gas is going to work wonders.

William H. Taylor, No. 1304 Chamber of Commerce Building, is the man chiefly interested in the corporation. He said yesterday:

"This new gas of my manufacture will do away entirely with smoke. It will also be cheap. Indeed, I am now making gas in Kokomo, Ind., where there are natural gas wells, and competing so actively with nature's product that the natural gas men are now offering to furnish gas free to any who wish to put the fixtures in their houses. I have a franchise in Hammond, Rogers Park, and Waukegan. A syndicate of wealthy Indiana men, mostly from Indianapolis, have signed a contract whereby it is to pay me $150,000 cash and one-third of the stock of a $3,000,000 company for the right to the process in Indiana, Michigan, and Ohio. I have already received part of the $150,000 and will get $50,000 this week. A large number of gas engineers have examined and tested my gas, among them Summerville of Indianapolis, Vandeweide of New York, and Stevens of Chicago, and they all declare that it makes the whitest, brightest, cleanest light of any gas that they have seen.

"In Baltimore there are five gas-works, all under the control of one trust. Next Monday I will begin to fit up one of these works for the manufacture of my gas and will run it for thirty days. If the new arrangement comes up to my representations the trust has contracted to pay for the refitting, not only of the first one but of the other four for the new system, and I am to receive one-half of what the trust saves in the manufacture of the gas by the new process. I have offered the gas trust of Chicago the privilege of using my system for $1,000,000 flat, or I would make the changes myself and allow them 6 per cent per annum dividend more than they are now receiving, myself to receive half of the rest of the profit made over that. Neither proposition has as yet been accepted. One of the greatest advantages of the gas is that it is not poisonous."

Mr. Taylor is also the most interested individual in the Powell Steel Tunnel company, which was also incorporated yesterday with the same capital as the gas company, $1,000,000. The tunnel is designed to be an improvement on the present system of furnishing water for Chicago, but as the system is now undergoing investigation by engineers from several cities, Mr. Taylor refused to make public his plans until the engineers have reported, which will be some time this week.

### Quiet Day at Camp Lincoln.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—This was another warm and quiet day at Camp Lincoln. The boys of the Third Regiment do not make a great deal of noise, but they go about their business like soldiers and are improving rapidly. The Second Battalion, under Maj. Sill, took the range at 6 o'clock this morning and practiced on the targets all day, making excellent scores. The First and Third Battalions practiced field movements and the manual. Only one or two men are affected by overheating. Tomorrow morning the entire regiment will be inspected by Maj. Babcock of the regular army, and in the afternoon Gov. Fifer will be received with military honors.

### Cooler Weather at the Indiana Camp.

FRANKFORT, Ind., July 26.—[Special.]—The State militia, now in the second day of their annual encampment at this place, have got down to regulation work. Company, battalion, and regimental drills and dress parades are all taking place according to the new drill regulations adopted by the United States army. Until today noon the weather has been about the warmest and most oppressive ever experienced here. As a result numerous cases of sunstroke have occurred, but so far there have been no fatalities. At noon a refreshing shower of rain fell.

### Lost in the Swimming Pond.

JOLIET, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—On Sunday James Heppard, an employé of the tile-works in Manhattan, went to a pond near by for a swim. Late in the evening his clothes were found on the bank, and after dragging the pond his remains were brought to the shore today.

# TO DECIDE IT TODAY.

## WORLD'S FAIR AMENDMENTS WILL BE TESTED IN THE HOUSE.

### Holman Presents the Disagreeing Conference Report and Gives Notice of Closure for Noon—Democrats Make It a Partisan Question—Outhwaite's Bitter Argument—Friends Believe They Can Reverse Last Week's Decision—Will Refrain from Voting to Break a Quorum.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—[Special]—Tomorrow is the crisis for the World's Fair. Holman, having had a full week to rally his forces, is willing that the vote should a second time be taken on the $5,000,000 appropriation. The tactics today indicated that the opposition thinks it still has the majority of 12 or 15 against the appropriation. It is certain that there will be nearly as many members on hand as were present a week ago today, when the total vote was 233. If, by a preliminary test, the anti-Fair members can satisfy themselves that they can a second time vote down the appropriation there will be no trouble about a quorum. It will be to their advantage to do this rather than to filibuster.

An amendment offered by Mr. Bankhead of Alabama, with Holman's connivance, will give the opportunity. This amendment is destructive in its nature, as it proposes to strike out the word "millions," which would make the amount of silver half-dollars to be coined just $5. Every enemy of the Fair will vote for this proposition. Every friend will vote against it. The roll-call will be had before the general proposition to agree to the Senate amendments can be voted on.

On the basis of a possible 220 votes the followers of Holman claim 115 or 120. The supporters of the Fair reverse this and claim they will have from 115 to 120. It is not certain, however, that the total vote will reach 220.

If the Bankhead amendment be beaten the members fighting the Fair think they will know just where they stand, and can then determine how many shall not vote and thus break a quorum.

**They Will Refrain from Voting.**

If they feel that they are outnumbered there are between forty and fifty enemies of the Exposition who declare they will refrain from voting. The supporters of the appropriation can afford to look upon these tactics without worry, but it would be a sad blow if they were outvoted again and the amendments sent back to conference with the second disapproval of the House.

If this should happen the Senate conferrees would inevitably have to accept any reasonable proposition for a compromise. Some unfounded talk is heard today that Senators Hale and Gorman were ready to recede, as they had become satisfied the House could not agree to the appropriation. There is no reason for this kind of talk until the House has actually voted.

Even then the Senate conferrees would have to go back to the Senate for instructions. That body has already directed to insist on its amendments. If the House shows its intention to defeat the appropriation by filibustering, it is doubtful whether the Senate would recede an inch. Under those circumstances the conferrees would really have nothing to do, for they are awaiting the action of the House, and, if it chooses not to act, the Senate has simply to sit still and wait.

Senators usually stick pretty firmly. Nevertheless, if the House, by a majority vote, should again reject the amendments they would, by force of circumstance, follow the advice of their conferrees for a compromise. So long as the House does not give this positive vote there need be no fear of any compromise.

It would be a great relief to the Senate if the House would reverse its action of last week and accept the amendments. Then the whole question could be settled within twenty-four hours. It is needless to say that the friends of the Fair are making herculean efforts to secure this result. They feel sure that if the vote is about what it was last week they will have a small majority. But they are powerless to get a quorum of their own, because they are considerably short of the 167 votes needed for that purpose.

**Will Make It a Partisan Matter.**

The opposition today showed its determination to make the question a partisan one. This is the only way that Holman thinks the appropriation can be beaten. Decent Democrats will blush for it, yet the hope of defeating the World's Fair rests entirely on the success of Holman, McMillin, Gates, Sayers, Dockery, and other leading Democrats in raising a party issue. Their efforts to defeat it on its own merits seeming likely to fail they have invoked the party whip.

Outhwaite's speech today touched the keynote. It was full of partisan malevolence and sneers at the Republican Senate for insisting on the appropriation. Sneers were likewise plentiful for the Illinois Democrats who have asked their party in Congress if not willing to treat the Exposition on broadly national grounds at least to heed political conditions.

It was noticeable today that a good many Democratic members who have not been seen in their seats for a week were on hand waiting to vote against the Fair. The presence of so many of them gave rise to the belief that Holman felt confident of defeating the Exposition without resorting to breaking a quorum.

It has to be said that Chicago's own weapons have been turned against it. The bad advice given to ignore Congress anyhow has been quoted. So have the declarations that because of Sunday closing Chicago would reject the appropriation with scorn. These hasty utterances have not changed any votes, but they have given those who are against the Fair pretexts for fighting the appropriation.

**They Came Up Late.**

The World's Fair sections of the Sundry Civil bill were not taken up in the House until late in the afternoon, the conference report having been delayed by conflicting engagements of the conferrees. Members had been expecting it for hours and, in order not to be caught napping, kept themselves within earshot of the chamber. The opposition members were especially vigilant on account of current rumors that the work of the friends of the Exposition has won a good many accessions to their ranks since the subject was last before the House.

The formality of reading the report of the conferrees was never more tedious, because it gave no fresh information and the temperature of the chamber was almost unbearable. Everybody was armed with a fan and many lounged in the doorways and lobbies to get a breath of cool air, while a swarm of sweltering statesmen surrounded the big cooler of lemonade in the cloak-room.

Mr. Holman tried to have an agreement by unanimous consent for debate on the World's Fair appropriation to run until half-past 11 tomorrow, with the understanding that at that time the voting on the Senate proposition and all amendments thereto should begin. The friends of the Fair protested against delay.

**Demanded an Immediate Vote.**

Gen. Bingham of Pennsylvania, their representative on the Conference committee, urged an immediate vote. Cries of "Vote," "Vote," went up in chorus, but Holman was not ready to have a test vote, and his supporters were clamorous for time to talk. So Holman took the floor for the hour allowed him by the rules and parceled it out to the opposition, first giving notice that he would call the previous question at noon tomorrow.

By this arrangement Gen. Bingham is also entitled to an hour, and all amendments offered must be submitted before tomorrow noon or before the previous question is ordered. Then the voting will begin on the pending amendments and finally on the main proposition without further discussion. A motion to concur in the Senate amendment will, if made, take precedence of a motion to insist upon disagreement.

Mr. Holman yielded to Mr. Bankhead of Alabama, one of the most active opponents of the appropriation, who sent up an amendment to strike out the word "millions." As the effect of this would be to make the appropriation $5 instead of $5,000,000 its purpose seems to be to have a preliminary test of strength.

Mr. Cobb of Missouri was permitted to send up an amendment providing that the salary claimed by Miss Phœbe Couzins, amounting to $6,417, shall be paid out of the appropriation. This was ruled out of order by the Speaker.

**Outhwaite Denounces the Bill.**

The first gun fired off by Holman was Mr. Outhwaite of Ohio, who denounced the proposed appropriation as a most audacious proposition. At a time when the Treasury is almost empty Congress is asked to take $5,000,000 and put them into the coffers of a Chicago corporation. This means not simply giving them $5,000,000, but the taxing of the people some $15,000,000 or $20,000,000.

The Republican Congress threw around the appropriation they made safeguards which it is now proposed to a Democratic Congress to remove so that more money may be appropriated in spite of safeguards and pledges. The corridors are swarming with lobbyists, and members are told that the appropriation must be made to insure Democratic success in Illinois.

He did not believe this because the proposition to make the appropriation comes from a Republican Senate, which would not vote one cent if it would help the Democratic party.

"Let Illinois stay in the Republican column until doomsday," he exclaimed, "rather than do this thing to promote its success."

Holman, Fitch of New York, and a dozen others rapturously applauded this sentiment. Outhwaite said he would not have voted to locate the Fair at Chicago if he had supposed Chicago would violate its promise. Having quoted from a Chicago paper a declaration that Congress had put a stain upon Chicago which Chicago will efface, he said: "Let's give 'em a chance to do it."

After referring to aspersions upon Congress by Chicago papers he said he would have voted for a loan if secured by a first lien, but not for a gift. Chicago begged for the honor and glory of having the Fair, and it was given it under pledges. Now let it raise the money. It will yet be ashamed that it tried to put its arms into the National Treasury.

**Veered Onto the Force Bill.**

Gen. Joe Wheeler of Alabama took a position on the Republican side of the chamber, and after condemning the proposed appropriation as a "gift to a corporation of untold wealth," while distress is widespread, etc., he proceeded to denounce the force bill and to review the part taken by Chairman Carter of the National Republican committee, and Secretary McComas of the same committee, when in Congress, in support of the Election bill.

His peculiarities of utterance and gesture made Wheeler and his political harangue a matter of much amusement to his hearers.

Mr. Washington of Tennessee expressed great admiration for Chicago and his desire and belief that the Exposition will be a great success, the greatest the world has ever seen. But it ought not to be made so at the expense of the taxpayers of the Union. He quoted the now threadbare remarks of "that illustrious leader of the House," Mr. Springer, that it would be better to raise the necessary money on bonds than to tax the toiling masses; Illinois will see that the Fair is not a failure; Chicago will not come to Congress for aid, etc.

Mr. Washington wanted to know what Congressmen could say to their constituents if Congress gave money to Chicago and refused to loan money to farmers upon such security as they had to give. He was also opposed to it because the government would be made a partner and liable for losses.

Mr. Coombs of New York took sides with the opposition, because the stockholders and Chicago would be preferred creditors. He reviewed some of the enormous benefits which will accrue to Chicago from the Exposition, including the turn in the tide of trade and population to that city. He would favor a loan secured by first lien, and challenged the friends of the Fair to accept it in lieu of an appropriation.

Mr. Otis of Kansas, Farmers' Alliance, denounced the appropriation as a gigantic swindle.

Mr. Cheatham of North Carolina, colored, offered an amendment providing for an exhibit illustrative of the progress of the colored race.

**Wrangled Over the Color Question.**

Representatives Dingley of Maine and Bingham of Pennsylvania contended with Holman and others for the admission of this amendment to be voted on tomorrow, but a long wrangle developed the fact that Holman having yielded for amendments in his time Cheatham's amendment had no parliamentary status. Finally there was a tacit understanding that it may be voted on tomorrow.

Col. Abner Taylor spoke for ten minutes in reply to Wheeler and Outhwaite, and showed that Chicago had fully complied with every obligation assumed or required of it under the law. He pointed out the obligations resting on Congress in view of what Chicago had already done. Col. Taylor argued that it was a national and not a local Exposition and pleaded for the treatment which was due a great national enterprise. He repelled sharply Outhwaite's demagogism and also paid his respects to Washington of Tennessee. The latter, he said, professed to be against an appropriation by the government, yet had voted to locate the Fair in the City of Washington, which would have required an appropriation of $15,000,000.

Owen Scott replied to the allegation that a private corporation was to be fostered, and adverted to the political remarks of Outhwaite. He deprecated the introduction of politics, but suggested to the Democrats that they had nothing to gain in Illinois and the Northwest by standing in the way of the success of the World's Fair and of the country's progress. The Republicans saw the advantage to their party in supporting the enterprise.

**They Fear the General Welfare Clause.**

Mr. Boatner, Democrat, of Louisiana made clear the power of Congress under the Constitution to make a loan or an appropriation for the World's Fair, prefacing his argument with the remark that the average Democrat was afraid of the general welfare clause of the Constitution as a moon-eyed horse is shy of a stump in the road. Having showed that Congress has the to right make a loan or appropriation for the general welfare of the Nation, he argued that having the right Congress could prescribe such terms as it saw fit. He answered the objections of those who put this appropriation upon the low level of the Subtreasury scheme.

Referring to the repeated allusions to pledges volunteered by Springer and others he said if this was a Chicago Fair it would be of some consequence what they promised, but this is not a Chicago matter. It is a national affair, and the President and National Commission have performed the duties assigned them under the law by prescribing the scope of the enterprise, inviting foreign nations, etc. The national honor is concerned in making it what it should be, and Congress should give the necessary aid. It is a non-partisan matter, a great national industrial enterprise for the general welfare of the whole country.

Mr. O'Neill of Pennsylvania thought Congress could make a loan or an appropriation, and he would favor either, though he preferred it should be a loan as in the case of the Philadelphia Centennial. Philadelphia then supposed Congress was giving a million and a half, but Mr. Springer got some words in the bill which the courts held made it a loan. In the New Orleans case Congress thought it was making a loan, but it turned out to be a gift, and nobody has asked that the money be returned.

This ended the talking for the day.

### Physicians Refuse to Answer Questions.

DUBUQUE, Ia., July 26.—[Special.]—In the case of the Mutual Benefit Insurance company of New Jersey vs. C. W. Robinson to cancel a $20,000 policy on account of misrepresentation of the latter's health at the time the policy was issued, several physicians who had examined Robinson prior to the application for a policy were called on to testify. They refused to answer questions on the ground that communications between physician and patient were sacred. The case was postponed.

### Erysipelas from a Small Wound.

CAIRO, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—Fred Spofford of Meadville, Pa., master mechanic of the Cotton Belt railway at Bird's Point, died suddenly at St. Mary's Infirmary here this morning. Two weeks ago he inflicted a slight wound on his nose with a collar-button while putting on his shirt. Erysipelas set in and he was taken to the hospital. Yesterday he was so much better that he walked down to the city. His remains will be taken home for interment.

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Of great strength—
Economy in their use.
Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

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For the FIRST correct answer to ALL of the entire Ten words, $5,000
For the SECOND correct answer to ALL of the entire Ten words, $3,000
For the THIRD correct answer to ALL of the entire Ten words, $2,000

Here are the Ten Word-Riddles—Can You Solve Any of Them?

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | B-rn-- | A NAME MADE FAMILIAR BY GREAT ADVERTISING TO EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD WHO HAS EVER VISITED A CIRCUS. |
| 2 | -ea-ty | A CHARMING QUALITY WHEN POSSESSED BY WOMEN, THAT ATTRACTS THE ADMIRATION AND OFTEN WINS THE LOVE OF MEN. |
| 3 | Bl---e | WAS NOT CONSIDERED DESIRABLE AT THE MINNEAPOLIS NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONVENTION BY A MAJORITY OF THE DELEGATES. |
| 4 | -le------ | SERVED TO DEFEAT JAMES G. BLAINE FOR THE PRESIDENCY IN 1884. |
| 5 | -ol--- | THAT WHICH YOU CAN SECURE TO THE AMOUNT OF $5,000 IF YOU WIN THE FIRST PRIZE HEREIN OFFERED. |
| 6 | -r-ss | THAT WHICH WOMEN KNOW HOW TO WEAR TO BETTER ADVANTAGE THAN MOST MEN. |
| 7 | -i-ht | SOMETHING WHICH JOHN L. SULLIVAN, CORBETT, JACKSON, SLAVIN AND OTHER BIG PUGILISTS EXCEL IN. |
| 8 | -ar-i--n | OCCUPIES THE MOST RESPONSIBLE AND FOREMOST POSITION CONNECTED WITH THE GOVERNMENT AND PROTECTION OF THE PEOPLE AGAINST FOREIGN OR HOSTILE NATIONS. |
| 9 | -ict--e | THAT WHICH PLEASES OR SATISFIES THE EYE, AND WHICH, IF ARTISTICALLY EXECUTED, ATTRACTS THE ATTENTION AND EXCITES THE ADMIRATION OF LOVERS OF THE BEAUTIFUL. |
| 10 | Qu-e-Vic------ | PROBABLY CONSIDERED OF GREATER CONSEQUENCE AND MORE SOUGHT AFTER BY THE IDLE, EXCLUSIVE AND TITLED ENGLISH NOBILITY THAN BY THE AVERAGE BUSY, HUSTLING AMERICAN. |

**Explanation.** Each dash appearing in the partially spelled words indicates the absence of a certain letter, and when the proper letters are supplied the original word selected to form each Riddle will be found complete. EXAMPLE: H—r—e, something every farmer should possess. In this case the omitted letters are o and s, and when properly inserted the completed word is HORSE.

REWARDS paid in cash the VERY DAY any answer is found to be correct.

Each answer will be numbered as received, to be examined in the order of its number, and when found correct a New York Certified Bank Check for the full amount of whatever reward such correct answer secures will be sent the VERY DAY the award is made.

**REMEMBER** If you only solve one word you will receive $20 in Cash; you are not confined to any particular word—any one of the entire ten will bring you a $20 cash reward—while if you are bright enough to solve more than one your reward will be increased in proportion from $50 to $250. Also remember that you do not have to be first, or last with your answer. EVERY correct answer for even a single word wins a splendid cash reward.

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The object of this extraordinary offer is, of course, to secure Subscribers at once and in large numbers. We therefore require that 50 cents for a year's subscription to some one of our papers shall be remitted with every answer. We publish four great papers: The American Fireside, The American Homestead, The American Household Journal, and The American Cottage Home. Name your choice of any one of the four—they are all the same price, 50c. a year. If you send answers to more than one word you must send a separate name and 50c. for every word you answer. Thus, if you send answers to two words, send an extra name besides your own and $1, and so on—one name and 50c. for a year's subscription for each word you answer. The total amount of cash rewards that you receive for correct answers can be divided pro rata among the list, or you can keep it all, just as you arrange between yourself and those whose names you send. In every case we will pay the full amount of the reward for correct answers to the person who sends the names.

*Don't send answers without subscriptions*—they will receive no attention and cannot possibly win a reward even if correct.

**Protection.** As a means to guard against even an appearance of irregularity or collusion, a copy of the original ten words selected to make up the above Word-Riddles is deposited with Mr. C. P. SMITH, Superintendent of the Jersey City Police Department, under seal, to be opened December 31, 1892, in the presence of witnesses, after this contest closes. The complete list will be printed in full in the January issues of our four papers, so that all who have not received rewards for correct answers will know wherein they failed. This method of protection is due to all concerned, and absolutely prevents everything that is not wholly honest and fair to every subscriber.

DESIGNATE THE WORDS YOU ANSWER BY THEIR NUMBERS, and be wise and send your answer at once.

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Hon. J. F. KELLY, Treas., 214 Washington Street, Jersey City, N. J.

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SAMUEL GANS MANAGER

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For Account of Fire Underwriters,
AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
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PLATT & THORNBURGH PAINT & GLASS CO.,
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AT 10 O'CLOCK THIS MORNING,
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Pages 9 to 12.

# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1892—TWELVE PAGES.

## MAY CARRY IT OVER.

### HEAT ASSISTING TO DEFEAT THE ANTI-OPTION BILL.

**Friends of the Measure Will Not Be Able to Prevent Adjournment—Their Only Chance to Make It a Special Order for the Short Session—Libel of the British Steamer Coquitlam Will Succeed—Chicago's National Bank Statement—Discussed the Tariff Problem.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—[Special.]—The Anti-Option bill did not get before the Senate till the last thing this afternoon. This was because of the arrangement by which the tariff talkers were to have the day. When the bill was laid before the Senate it went over till tomorrow without any test on Senator Wolcott's motion to refer it to the Finance Committee. The Colorado Senator had told his brother Senators that he would not seek for a vote this afternoon. He thought another day of such prostrating heat might make some converts. The delay in getting a vote, however, seems to have strengthened the supporters of the measure, and tonight no one questions that they will be able to lay Mr. Wolcott's motion on the table unless he withdraws it. They may do this the first thing tomorrow.

The failure of Mr. Wolcott's motion will not change the status of the bill. Today being so completely taken up with the tariff discussion it made no progress whatever. The Senators who are against it will therefore have the chance to talk further against time. They can hold out the rest of the week, but they are beginning to long for the House to pass an adjournment resolution.

Until that is done they can't make out much of a case that it is the Anti-Option bill which is blocking the way of adjournment. But the minute the Sundry Civil bill, with its World's Fair provisions, is agreed on they will be in position to say whether or not Congress shall stay in session in order to pass a single measure. If Mr. Washburn fails to get a vote before that adjournment resolution comes before the Senate it will then be a question whether he can get a majority of the Senators to vote it down generally.

The fact that when Mr. Wolcott's motion to refer the Option bill to the Finance committee was first broached it seemed to have nearly a majority indicates that there are many Senators who will vote for the adjournment resolution, though professing to favor the Anti-Option bill. It will be easier for them to vote for adjournment than it would be to vote to refer the bill to the Finance committee when that motion is made by its avowed opponents.

In the end it may come to the point where the friends of the measure will themselves be compelled to take action which will carry it over to the short session, making it a special order. Yet, if they should be strong enough to prevent adjournment they won't be able to hold a quorum.

### WITHIN THE FOUR-MILE LIMIT.

**The Coquitlam Received Sealskins from Poachers in Alaskan Waters.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—[Special.]—Advices received by the Secretary of the Treasury from Collector Hatch at Sitka predict the success of the libel laid against the British supply steamer Coquitlam with its cargo of sealskins taken from the poaching vessels in Bering Sea. According to the appraisement made under the direction of the United States Marshal the vessel and cargo are valued at $75,000, all the former with the exception of coal being in the government warehouse under the care of United States officials. These sealskins, 6,191 in all, were unloaded within four leagues of the coast of Alaska, near the Island of Afognak, which is within the jurisdiction of Alaska. None of the vessels at the time of unloading had come to the proper place to discharge cargo, nor had they sought or obtained the proper authority for such a discharge and had no legitimate business in the waters where they turned over the sealskins to the Coquitlam. Treasury Department officials are much gratified at this big haul of sealskins, and as the names of the offending vessels are known to the customs officers it is expected that the next communication from Bering Sea will contain information of their seizure.

### MAKE A SATISFACTORY SHOWING.

**Condition of Chicago's Banks as Shown by the Returns to the Controller.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—[Special.]—Chicago's financial condition July 12, as shown by the returns of its twenty-two national banks to the Controller of the Currency, was satisfactory, as the following abstract indicates:

| RESOURCES. | | |
|---|---|---|
| Loans and discounts | | $104,743,980 |
| Overdrafts | | 83,884 |
| United States bonds to secure circulation | | 1,250,000 |
| United States bonds to secure deposits | | 300,000 |
| United States bonds on hand | | 1,017,000 |
| Stocks, securities, claims, etc | | 6,825,152 |
| Due from other national banks | | 15,249,243 |
| Due from State banks and bankers | | 4,726,644 |
| Banking house, furniture, and fixtures | | 865,303 |
| Other real estate and mortgages owned | | 418,296 |
| Current expenses and taxes paid | | 29,374 |
| Premiums on United States bonds | | 116,114 |
| Checks and other cash items | | 112,368 |
| Exchanges for Clearing-House | | 6,484,720 |
| Bills of other national banks | | 1,264,638 |
| Frational paper currency, nickels, and cents | | 30,886 |
| Specie—viz.: | | |
| Gold coin | $14,482,580 | |
| Gold Treasury certificates | 6,466,110 | |
| Silver dollars | 181,430 | |
| Silver Treasury certificates | 1,766,233 | |
| Silver fractional coin | 186,662 | $ 23,083,016 |
| Legal tender notes | | 9,300,786 |
| United States certificates of deposit for legal tender notes | | 1,610,000 |
| Five per cent redemption fund | | 56,250 |
| Due from United States Treasury | | 109,050 |
| Total | | $177,726,704 |
| LIABILITIES. | | |
| Capital stock paid in | | $21,900,000 |
| Surplus fund | | 10,004,500 |
| Undivided profits | | 2,920,542 |
| National bank notes issued | $1,125,000 | |
| Less amount on hand | 325,115 | |
| Amount outstanding | | 799,885 |
| Dividends unpaid | | 25,346 |
| Individual deposits | | 80,335,814 |
| United States deposits | | 237,763 |
| Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers | | 20,987 |
| Due to other National banks | | 36,858,232 |
| Due to State bank and bankers | | 24,623,636 |
| Total | | $177,726,704 |

Reserve held, 29.27

### THEY TALKED ON THE TARIFF.

**Senators Spend the Day Making Campaign Speeches—The Issue Joined.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—In the Senate today the presiding officer laid before the Senate Mr. Hale's resolution as to the relative effects of the Republican policy of "protection," and the Democratic policy of "tariff for revenue only," and Mr. Aldrich proceeded to address the Senate on that subject. He said that the tariff question was to become by common consent the leading issue in the approaching Presidential campaign. The investigations made by the Finance committee of the Senate clearly established the fact that a decline instead of an advance had taken place in the prices of the necessaries of life and the resulting cost of living since the adoption of the act of 1890.

At no time in the history had the earning of the people of the United States been as great measured by their power to purchase the comforts and necessaries of life as they were today. Referring to Mr. Vest's assertion that never before the present time had there been such disturbances of labor, Mr. Aldrich presented statistics of strikes in each year from 1880 to 1890 inclusive in the United States. These strikes varied from 610 in 1880 to 798 in 1890; whereas, in Great Britain 8,164 had occurred in 1889.

As to the prostration of agricultural interests Mr. Aldrich asserted that Mr. Vest's statement was opposed to the actual facts of the case. The farmer today with an equal number of bushels of grain or pounds of meat could buy more and better clothing, machinery, or supplies than ever before.

Mr. Vest replied to Mr. Aldrich. He said that in face of the recent massacre at Homestead the Senator from Rhode Island said that the wages of those workingmen had been increased under the operations of the tariff act of 1890. As to Mr. Aldrich's remarks about agricultural prosperity Mr. Vest asserted that the price of farm lands had steadily gone down in Missouri and the other largely agricultural States.

Mr. Paddock denied that statement so far as Nebraska was concerned. Mr. Davis put in a like denial on the part of Minnesota, and Mr. Allison did the same for the State of Iowa.

Mr. Pettigrew having risen to put in a like denial for the State of North Dakota Mr. Vest remarked jocularly that he believed he would have to swear in all the Republican Senators.

"I am willing to be sworn in," said Mr. Allison.

"In the State that I represent," said Mr. Pettigrew, "agricultural land has increased in value during the last twelve months 30 per cent."

"Of course it has," Mr. Vest retorted, "because it was entered at $1.25 an acre."

"In the State of Washington," said Mr. Allen, "lands that were bought two years ago at government prices are now sold at $10, $15, and $25 an acre."

"No doubt of it," said Mr. Vest. "I was in your State a few years ago when they were asking $1,000 an inch for lands in Tacoma, Seattle, and other places."

In referring to the question as to whether the import duties are paid by the foreigners or by the American consumers Mr. Vest quoted the letter written to Mr. McKinley by the Irish car-driver in Washington who had had to pay $3 duty on a dozen pair of socks sent to him by his old mother in Ireland, saying that he had read Mr. McKinley's speech stating that the tax was paid by the foreigners and asking to what foreign government he should apply to have that $3 refunded.

"Will the Senator read Mr. McKinley's reply?" said Mr. Pasco.

"If it ever comes I will," Mr. Vest responded amid laughter.

Mr. Allison said he was in favor of such rates of duty as would equalize conditions and that was the purpose of the McKinley act.

Mr. Palmer did not believe that the Republican party was responsible for such events as the Homestead tragedy, but it was responsible for having promised that its legislation would make such occurrences impossible. The Republican party since it had ceased to be the great patriotic party had been wedded to the dead issues of the war. The protection party had joined it for its own selfish interests. He thought it shameful for the protection party to make promises as to the beneficial results of protection on farming interests which promises it could not make good.

The Anti-option bill was laid before the Senate as the unfinished business and it went over till tomorrow. The Senate then adjourned.

### INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.

**Commissioner Mason Files His Preliminary Report—An Increase Shown.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—[Special.]—John W. Mason, commissioner of internal revenue, has made a preliminary report of the operations of that service for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1892. The total collections from all sources of internal revenue for the fiscal year just ended were $153,857,543; for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, $146,035,615; increase, $7,822,128. This result, the commissioner says, is most gratifying when taken in connection with the fact that there was a decrease in the receipts from the tax on snuff, tobacco, and the special taxes relating to tobacco of $1,795,777.

The quantities of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, and oleomargarine on which tax was paid during the last fiscal year, together with the rate of increase as compared with the previous fiscal year, are as follows:

Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, and grapes, gallons, 1,961,082; increase, 741,626. Spirits distilled from materials other than apples, peaches, and grapes, gallons, 93,084,724; increase, 5,830,723. Fermented liquors, barrels, 31,817,836; increase, 1,339,644. Cigars, cheroots, and cigarettes weighing over three pounds a 1,000, number, 4,548,799,417; increase, 73,906,650; cigarettes weighing not over three pounds a 1,000, number, 2,892,982,840; increase, 208,444,080. Snuff, pounds, 11,164,351; increase, 774,107. Tobacco, chewing and smoking, pounds, 253,962,139; increase, 10,456,291. Oleomargarine, pounds, 47,283,750; increase, 3,709,328.

The five districts wherein the largest collections were made during the last fiscal year were the Fifth Illinois, $20,828,247; the First Illinois, $10,883,986; the Kentucky, $10,230,533; the First Ohio, $9,967,954; and the First Missouri, $8,048,329.

The collections in Illinois, amounting to $36,795,338, were more than twice as large as those in any other State, with the exception of Kentucky.

### GENERAL DEFICIENCY AGREED TO.

**Dilatory Tactics Resorted to but Fail—An Early Adjournment Certain.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—[Special.]—The House today resumed the consideration of the General Deficiency bill. Yesterday it refused to lay upon the table a motion made by Mr. Holman that it recede from its amendment for the payment to the widows, etc., of deceased members the balance of the salaries they would have received. The pending question this morning was on a motion made by Mr. Hayes of Iowa to reconsider the vote by which the House refused to table. The House refused, yeas 81, nays 109, to reconsider the vote.

Weadock of Michigan moved a recess until 9 o'clock tomorrow, which motion was supplemented by one from Mr. Whiting of Michigan fixing the hour at 9:30. Both were voted down.

The previous question was ordered, and Mr. Holman's motion instructing the Conference committee to recede was agreed to, and a further conference was ordered, Messrs. Sayers, Dingley, and Holman being appointed conferrees.

A bill was passed to reserve from entry one section in each township in Oklahoma so as to have in reserve a body of land which may be sold after Oklahoma is admitted as a State.

The House also passed a bill providing that no railroad in Oklahoma or in the Indian Territory shall charge more than 3 cents per mile for passengers.

Also a bill to enable the people of Utah to arrange for participation in the World's Fair.

### WILL SUCCEED CONTROLLER LACEY.

**A. B. Hepburn, a New York Bank Examiner Secures the Place.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—[Special.]—A. B. Hepburn of New York was named for Controller of the Currency today. He is at present a bank examiner. He was strongly indorsed by leading New-Yorkers, but his indorsements were not confined to that section. Mr. Hepburn enjoys the friendship of ex-Controller Lacey, now President of the Bankers' National Bank of Chicago.

**To Open the Colville Reserve.**

Secretary Noble has directed the Commissioner of the General Land Office to take steps for the immediate survey of the ceded lands of the Colville Indian Reservation in the State of Washington with the view of their being opened to public settlement. The ceded lands comprise the northern part of the reservation and aggregate 1,500,000 acres.

It is stated that the trespassers are already crowding into the reservation and that trouble is feared.

**Revoked the Consular Treaty.**

The Secretary of State has been advised by a dispatch of Minister Shannon of the denunciation by Salvador of the treaty of amity, commerce, and consular privilege concluded between the United States and Salvador Dec. 6, 1870. That treaty will, however, continue in force until May 30, 1893.

**Will Take a Vacation.**

Secretary Rusk has gone to his home in Wisconsin for a short holiday.

**A Swindler Instead of a Rich Man.**

FORT DODGE, Ia., July 26.—[Special.]—A weeping wife and many creditors are anxiously waiting the return of John Johnson, an apparently guileless young German who came to Pringhar a couple of years ago. Last spring Johnson announced that he had fallen heir to a vast fortune in Germany. He bought a fine farm and married a wealthy farmer's daughter on the strength of it. He raised several thousands at different banks and purchased hundreds of dollars' worth of machinery. The other day he disappeared and wife and creditors are now convinced that the fortune was a myth and he, the innocent young German, a shrewd swindler.

## CORN GROWS RAPIDLY

### THE HOT WEATHER INCREASES THE CORN PROSPECTS.

**All State Reports Indicate That While the Output Will Not Reach That of Last Year It Will Be Larger than Was at First Supposed—Other Crops—Illinois Corn-Growers Say Their Return Will Be Almost Up to the Average—Iowa Farmers Are Fairly Well Satisfied.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—The high temperature has been especially favorable to the crops in the corn States. The weather has been unusually dry over the greater portion of the central valleys and Southern States. Special telegraphic reports are:

Pennsylvania—Rain badly needed.

Mississippi—Conditions favorable after late wet spell, cultivation being pushed and crops improving; growth of cotton and corn too rank.

Louisiana—Cotton grassy and shedding; some cane being plowed with good results; rice continues very promising.

Texas—Cotton would be benefited by a general rain, but the plant is not suffering except in a few of the western counties.

Illinois—Corn making excellent growth; hay and wheat harvested except in northern counties.

Indiana—Conditions favorable to corn, harvesting hay, and thrashing wheat; rain needed for all growing crops; wheat nearly all thrashed; hay secured.

West Virginia—Wheat finest yield in years; hay crop comparatively light, quality good; pastures generally good; oats large yield, fine quality; corn prospects flattering; buckwheat doing well; potato crop medium.

Ohio—Thrashing wheat and oats and haying in progress; corn tasseling and growing well; potatoes and tobacco in fair condition; grapes rotting considerably; showers needed.

Arkansas—Weather generally favorable for cotton, which is much improved; corn doing well, but will need rain soon; large crop of hay saved in good condition.

Tennessee—Tobacco and late corn needing rain; sorghum fine.

Kentucky—Corn and tobacco doing well; wheat thrashing progressing.

Missouri—Haying, harvesting, stacking, thrashing, and weeding late corn progressing favorably; wheat yield fair; oats very poor; corn booming.

Michigan—Haying progressing finely; wheat mostly harvested, in good order; thrashing commenced; corn, beans, and potatoes need cultivation.

Wisconsin—Warm weather beneficial to all crops, especially corn and potatoes, which are rapidly catching up; winter wheat, rye, and barley harvest commencing.

Minnesota—Conditions beneficial to corn; too warm for small grain; haying advanced; some rye cut; barley and oats nearly ripe.

Iowa—Most favorable week of the season for pushing corn; oat harvest begun in southern district; some damage by rust.

North Dakota—Much rust in wheat; rain needed in western portion.

South Dakota—Weather favorable for corn and haying; warm for most small grains; barley and rye harvest begun; earliest wheat ripening.

Nebraska—Small grain in northern part of State injured by drought; corn has made good progress, but has been retarded some by drought.

Kansas—Harvest nearly completed in north portion; corn in localities slightly suffering from drought.

Oklahoma—Late corn, cotton, and grass suffering from drought; thrashing, haying, and plowing progressing.

Montana—Hay harvest begun; hay short but thick; Flathead country greatly suffering from drought; rain needed for grain.

Wyoming—Irrigated crops doing well.

Colorado—Good corn growing weather; barley being cut; too hot for grain that is not yet ripened; potatoes doing well.

New Mexico—All crops and fruit are improving rapidly. Grass on cattle ranges greatly improved.

Arizona—All crops progressing favorably except in central and northern portions, where they are suffering from drought.

Utah—Haying and harvesting in progress.

Washington—In the western portion hay considerably damaged by rain, otherwise generally favorable week; grain harvest begun. In eastern portions grain filling well and prospects for fair yield greatly improved; hay heavy; fruit, good yield.

Oregon—Fall wheat harvesting in progress, turning out better than expected; spring grain improving; hop-lice increasing; potato crop short; corn doing fairly well.

### KANSAS CORN CROP IMPROVING.

**The Weather All That Could Be Desired for That Staple.**

TOPEKA, Kas., July 26.—[Special.]—Secretary Mohler of the State Board of Agriculture said today that he had no report or any personal knowledge of the damage to the corn crop from drought or hot winds in Kansas, even in counties affected that way. Should the present hot weather continue a week or ten days longer it will not necessarily be detrimental, though there might be isolated cases where damage would result. The heavy rains early in the season saturated the ground thoroughly and to such a depth that the good effects are still perceptible.

Further protection against harm is afforded by the corn itself, which has grown to such a height and is so thick as by its shade to retain the moisture in the ground and keep the surface from baking. In fact, this coupled with the hot sunshine really afforded the exact influences for good growing weather, and nothing better could be asked or desired. This rule applies in general throughout the State, and estimates of the yield from the most authentic sources place it higher every day.

### GOOD WEATHER FOR CORN.

**The Crop Will Not Reach That of Last Year, However—Needing Rain.**

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—Farmers and grain-dealers generally regard the weather of the last few days as perfect for corn. Corn is growing rapidly under the hot sun and there is a sufficient understratum of dampness to prevent it from suffering. It will take two weeks of such weather to ripen, they say, without rain to injure the grain, unless it were visited by blasting hot winds, which have not yet occurred here. It is all tasseling out while yet below the normal height for that process, but with favorable conditions in the future no danger is feared from this fact. Under the most favorable circumstances the crop cannot equal that of last year. Conservative estimates place the figures at 25 per cent below last year's crop. A little rain, though not essential, would be acceptable just now.

The weather crop bulletin of the Illinois weather service gives the following summary of the weather and crop conditions prevailing throughout Illinois during the week ending July 25:

The temperature of the past seven days has been above the normal throughout the State. At Springfield the daily excess was four degrees. The percentage of sunshine for the week was slightly above a seasonable average. Except in the central and a few of the northern counties the rainfall was below a seasonable average, and very unevenly distributed. The heaviest rainfalls in inches and hundreths reported were: Piatt County, 3.12; Schuyler, 2.03; Logan, 2.00; Coles, 1.15; Pike, 1.10; Tazewell, 1.08; Vermillion, 1.02; La Salle, 0.87; Fulton and Macon, 0.80. No rain fell in McHenry, Richland, and Union Counties.

Crop condition: The weather conditions have affected the corn crop very favorably. It is reported making a rapid growth, generally in good condition, and in some sections tasseling out. In the central counties the high wind and heavy rain of the 20th inst. did considerable damage to the growing crops and to wheat and hay in stack. In many fields corn was broken off near the ground. Rain would greatly benefit the corn, especially in the southern counties.

Wheat is now being harvested in many of the northern counties, while in the Southern and central portions of the State thrashing is progressing. Scott County reports an average yield of about 15 bushels to the acre, Logan from 15 to 20, Vermillion about 18, and Sangamon about 20.

Rye harvesting is still in progress, and the reports indicate the yield will be light.

In the central and southern counties hay is about all cut, and the yield is reported good, both as to quantity and quality. In the northern counties the crop will be mostly cut during the present week.

The harvesting of oats in the northern and central is general and about completed in the southern counties, where the yield is reported good.

There is no improvement in the outlook for fruit. McHenry County reports that the apples are dropping from the trees and that the crop will be a failure.

### HELPS THE IOWA CROPS.

**The Hot Weather Will Do No Damage There—Percentage of Output.**

DES MOINES, Ia., July 26.—[Special.]—Reports received from many points in the State, both through the Walker Bureau and other means, show that Iowa corn is doing extremely well, and the present hot season is just what the Iowa corn crop needs. There have been a great many fears expressed that the hot winds would injure the corn in this State, the same as they have done and are doing in Kansas, but such fears are not founded on facts. Hot winds never did destroy Iowa corn, and they will have less effect this year than usual, for the reason that there is an unusual amount of moisture in the air. This moisture makes the heat oppressive, but prevents any injury to crops. The corn has been making remarkable progress during the last ten days, while the temperature has been 6° above the normal. One man writes to the weather crop service that corn, which was planted June 12, stands shoulder high, a remarkable growth in six weeks. From all other parts of the State come reports equally encouraging. The condition of corn in Central and Western Iowa is much better than in the eastern part of the State. West of the Mississippi there is a belt nearly 100 miles wide in which the crop will not average more than 50 per cent of last year's crop. In the western portion the crop will, with a few weeks of warm weather, make, perhaps, 75 per cent of a crop. The warm weather cannot decrease these estimates in any possible way, but a recurrence of cold weather might.

**The Army Worm Destroying Oats.**

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., July 26.—[Special.]—State Entomologist S. A. Forbes reports that the army worm has appeared in destructive numbers at different places in the vicinity of Champaign. In one instance on the farm of E. E. Chester, adjoining this city, they have caused in one field the loss of 150 bushels. Farmers are preparing to exterminate this much-dreaded insect wherever it may appear.

**Army Worm in Champaign.**

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., July 26.—Farmers in the vicinity of Champaign are much exercised over the appearance of the army worm in the fields. Much destruction resulted before its presence became known. State Entomologist Forbes is directing methods for the extermination of the insect, and farmers are lending every assistance. It is believed that its ravages will be checked before great damage is done.

**No Hot Winds in Kansas.**

ATCHISON, Kas., July 26.—[Special.]—There is no truth in the story that Northern Kansas has been visited by hot winds. Telegraphic reports from twenty-five towns along the Central Branch railroad are that while it is dry and rain is badly needed there have as yet been no hot winds. Corn can hold out another week. The weather is cooler today.

**Has Not Affected Corn.**

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 26.—[Special.]—The hot weather for the last eight days has had no bad effect on the corn crop in this State. Rain has fallen in various sections of the State, and the nights have not been exceedingly hot. Corn is doing well.

### BREAK THEIR RECORD FOR SMOKE.

**Chicago's Most Obnoxious Chimneys Excel Their Former Efforts.**

For some reason the Chicago chimneys which are in the habit of smoking were more obnoxious than usual yesterday afternoon. The Edison stack of course threw off a heavy black cloud that was sufficient in itself to cover the city like a pall. In addition the Masonic Temple, the Hub, the Rand-McNally Building, the new stack which has just been erected by L. Z. Leiter on Washington street, near Madison, and a dozen other major and minor nuisances were distinguishing themselves.

In the vicinity of the Monadnock Building, where the Smoke Society has its headquarters, the chimneys were most obnoxious in their operation. The chimney of the Victoria Hotel was wreathed in a cloud of smoke all afternoon. The Hub chimney smoked away merrily, while complaint after complaint was sent in by people having offices and stores in its vicinity.

ONE BUILDING FROM THE SOCIETY'S WINDOWS.

The Union League club house, directly to the west of the Monadnock building, was a notable example of the Chicago smoke nuisance. The Union League club is considered the originator of the movement in the line of a society for prevention of smoke. It is therefore especially inappropriate that its chimneys should misbehave and that clouds of smoke from it should be blown directly up to the society's offices. The club-house chimney has been a model up to within a week ago, when it began its present tactics.

On the opposite side of the Monadnock Building is a stack belonging to the building occupied by the Central Electric-Light company, which is considered at present one of the most obnoxious chimneys in the city.

The Central Electric Light company has been most unfortunate in its efforts to abate the smoke nuisance. At the old plant in the Adams Express Building and the present plant at Nos. 21 to 25 Plymouth place seven or eight different devices have been tried and the officers of the company say that their efforts in the way of suppressing smoke have cost them something like $5,000 or $6,000. They now have two Murphy furnaces and two or three Western smoke preventers in operation. They have tried the McKenzie furnace, the Hutchison, Lee, and Merrill devices and finally have decided to adopt the Hawley system. Two furnaces have already been fitted up with the Hawley devices and as soon as possible the remaining boilers of the plant are to be equipped in like manner. Until this is done the chimney of the six-story building at Nos. 21 and 25 Plymouth place will be an eye-sore to the Society for the Prevention of Smoke. It is in excellent range from the society's windows on the east side of the Monadnock Block and seems to be constantly throwing out a dense cloud of smoke.

According to Smoke Inspector George the Central Electric Light company has had one series of misfortunes after another. It has tried all these various devices, was burned out of the Adams Express Building, and, finally, when it secured the present quarters on Plymouth place, found that the flues were not properly built, and that there was not sufficient furnace room. It occupies the lower floor of the building only with its electric plant, but furnishes heat, light, and power to tenants through the upper part of the building. Across the north face of the building appears the name of the American Paper company. This company, however, removed from the premises some three months ago, and the appearance of its name across the building and association with one of the worst smoking plants in the city is another case of poor dog Tray.

**Corn and Hogs Away Up.**

Topeka *Capital:* Corn is selling at 50 cents in Kansas City and hogs at $5.25 a hundred. But cotton is still selling below the cost of production and cattle are altogether too low. On its theory that the contraction of the currency combined with the manipulation of markets is responsible for the alleged distress of agriculture, how does the Alliance party account for these radical differences? Here are corn and hogs bringing a very high price, amounting to a profit considerably more than 100 per cent over the cost of production, while cattle are discouragingly low. The same financial conditions prevail in the case of all these products, and yet there is a greater variation in prices than could possibly be effected in favor of any of the products by the operation of 2 per cent money. In the last six months the advance in the price of corn has been over 10 cents at Kansas City and the advance of hogs has been 37½ per cent. On the 20,000,000 bushels of Kansas corn still in farmers' hands the enhancement in value has been some $2,000,000, while the increase in hogs fed has been considerably greater. Five millions will not cover the two items. If the farmers were paying 2 per cent instead of 8 for money the difference on $100,000,000 would scarcely exceed the gain from the natural market variation in corn and hogs in the last few months. And yet the 2 per cent scheme is expected to revolutionize the condition of the farmer.

## FOR SOCIETY EVENTS.

### WHAT WIDENER WANTS DURING THE FAIR DEDICATORY SEASON.

**The Chairman of the Committee on Ceremonies of the National Commission Anxious to Have the Dedicatory Ball an Official Instead of a Private Affair and to Have Numerous Receptions Given—Steam Shut Out on the Inland Waters—Fair Notes.**

Chicago will witness a series of grand social entertainments during the dedicatory ceremonies next October if P. A. B. Widener, the street railway magnate of Philadelphia, carries out his program. Mr. Widener, in addition to being a very wealthy man, is a National World's Fair Commissioner and the Chairman of the Committee on Ceremonies of the National Commission. To this Committee on Ceremonies has been intrusted the entire plan of furnishing a scheme of entertainment for the three days of the ceremonies.

Mr. Widener had the local committee in session yesterday afternoon. He was most anxious that there be given a grand dedicatory ball. Further, he wanted a series of private receptions and entertainments. He was so certain the latter idea should be carried out that he guaranteed the expense of a number of receptions. As to the ball, it was decided months ago that it should be a private affair, and N. K. Fairbank was named as Chairman of the Ball committee, with Mrs. Potter Palmer and a number of other prominent Chicago society women as patronesses. Mr. Widener doesn't think this is right. He wants the ball to be an official one and he spent a great deal of time yesterday arguing the point with members of the Ceremonies committee. On that point no decision was reached.

Miss Harriet Monroe has completed the dedicatory ode. She sent in a manuscript copy and it was immediately referred to J. W. Ellsworth, who, with several other members of the committee, is authorized to revise and criticise the work.

Mrs. Potter Palmer wanted special ceremonies to take place in the Woman's Building. She asked for a special address, a soloist, orchestral music and choruses. The committee was of the unanimous opinion that the expense attending such exercises should not exceed $4,000, and a special committee, consisting of Messrs. Henrotin, Ellsworth, and Culp, was appointed to confer with Mrs. Palmer and learn just what she wants in the way of exercises. Meanwhile the committee passed a resolution declaring that, if practicable, the ceremonies proposed by the Woman's Board be made a part of the official program.

The subject of a pageant of floats was referred to a special subcommittee.

Gov. Bulkeley of Connecticut was advised that he might bring to the dedicatory ceremonies his staff of members of the State World's Fair Board.

### MAY COMBINE THEIR INTERESTS.

**Probable That Two Electric Launch Companies Will Get the Fair Contract.**

The Committee on Grounds and Buildings adopted last Thursday the recommendation of Chief of Construction Burnham that electric boats be employed in carrying passengers on the canals and lagoons. He also recommended that the concession be given the Columbian Launch company. This recommendation excluded the New York Electric Launch and Navigation company and two steam launch companies, the latter being Meeker, Coyne & Co. and C. P. Willard & Co. While this action on the part of the committee settled the question that electricity would be used as the motive power for boats in the lagoons it remained for the Committee of Ways and Means to make final terms with the successful bidders on the basis of a percentage to be paid the Exposition company of the gross receipts. The Columbian company offered 31 per cent. The New York company offered 33⅓. When the subject came up before the Committee of Ways and Means yesterday final action was not taken. A joint meeting between it and the Committee on Grounds and Buildings was held late in the afternoon. It was agreed then that electricity should be used. It was left with the Ways and Means committee to determine whether the contract should be awarded the New York company or the Columbian Launch company. Steam was shut out.

"I think," said a member of the committee, after the meeting, "that the result will be that the two electrical concerns will unite their interests, and each be given a part of the contract. I hope that the two steam launch companies will be able to unite and secure the contract for carrying passengers in the outer harbor."

**Ohio Commissioners in Chicago.**

Ten members of the Ohio State World's Fair Commission and Executive Commissioner E. J. Ryan reached Chicago yesterday to do some World's Fair work on the Exposition site. The members of the commission present are: A. C. Cummins, Chairman, and Messrs. W. T. Allerson, L. M. Bonhaur, P. M. Cullinan, David Hall, Mrs. Hartpince, L. E. Holden, A. O. Jones, William Ritchie, and B. L. Wadsworth. They come here especially to note the progress being made on the Ohio State Building. The structure is well under way. At a meeting yesterday Commissioner Ritchie of the Machinery committee said that Ohio manufacturers were providing for a big display. From the Mining committee was a proposal to make a display from the petroleum fields, showing the practical work and different processes gone through in the production of oil from the crude product.

Executive Commissioner Ryan said that when the State Building had been thoroughly equipped it would be found that $20,000 in addition to the original $30,000 had been expended. The big monument to be erected by the State of Ohio in honor of its distinguished sons will cost $25,000.

**World's Fair Notes.**

Doud Sifico, to whom has been granted the concession for the Algerian and Tunistian village, has submitted his plans to the Ways and Means committee. The plans show a dozen large buildings of various styles of Algerian architecture, superbly decorated with enameled tiles. They were at once approved. It is probable that not less than $200,000 will be expended by Mr. Sifico upon his concession.

SUMMER RESORTS.

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On the summit of the Allegheny Mountains. Main Line Penn. R. R. All trains stop.
Will open June 25. For circulars and information address WM. R. DUNHAM, Supt., Cresson, Cambria Co., Pa.

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As perfectly recuperating as life on shipboard. Pioneer hotel on island; every facility for comfort or entertainment; 20 acres beautiful lawn; good fishing, boating, and driving; excellent bathing; two concerts daily. Owns the celebrated mineral spring, (which first attracted visitors to the Island). Circular free. Refer to J. T. Nielson Jr., 220 Walnut-sts, Cincinnati, O. B. B. MITCHELL, Prop.

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Enchanted summer land 50 miles north of Chicago; beautiful park, bathing, good fishing, yachting, steamboating, elegant drives; resort of health, pleasure, recreation, and good living. Buy round trip tickets via Wis. Central Ry.

### THE ANTI-SNAPPERS ARE ANGRY.

**Shabby Treatment Accorded Them by Mr. Whitney and Others.**

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—The anti-snappers are angry. Ever since the Chicago convention, they say, they have been cold-shouldered and slapped in the face by Mr. Whitney and his associates, who have been intent on making friends with Sheehan and Murphy. It was apparent during last week when the candidates were notified and the National committee was in session. While William R. Grace managed to get an invitation to the notification, Charles J. Canda, who should have been on the Reception committee, was not only ignored but was retired as Treasurer of the National committee. These are a few of the things that rankle. Every day or two lately has brought anti-snappers from interior counties to this city in a fighting mood. They have tried to open the campaign in their respective sections and to make arrangements for uniforming clubs, but they have been coldly told to stand aside and "wait until Senator Hill has been heard from." If Judge Maynard is nominated for the Court of Appeals and Edward Murphy Jr. or Bourke Cockran put forward for United States Senator, the anti-snapper vote will be hard to manage.

**Daily Hint from Paris.**

FOR TRAVELING.

This toilette de voyage is of cream colored vicuna cloth, with a very short jacket buttoning on the side. The skirt is very narrow and gathered at the waist by a wide Russian leather belt.

**The Germ of Berkmann's Crime.**

Two weeks ago, according to its confession yesterday, the New York *Sun* broached the idea that Chairman Frick of the Carnegie company might be murdered for the stand he had taken against his workmen. No other newspaper and no representative of labor has breathed such an incendiary suggestion. What is more likely than that this idea lodged in the mind of the cranky Russian anarchist, Berkmann, was brooded upon in his disordered brain, and finally found fruition in the dastardly assassination on Saturday? It has been the testimony of insanity experts and of diagnosticians of crankiness, in numerous cases, that the germ of murderous impulses very frequently comes from heedless suggestions of this sort. As a "rat" printer Berkmann could have had no personal antipathy against Mr. Frick, who was striving to make the Carnegie works a "rat" institution. But with this unfortunate suggestion of the *Sun* in his mind he might have added to his insensate hatred of the rich and his insane craving for criminal notoriety a fiendish desire to kill. It is indeed a cruel irony of fate that Mr. Frick, in his battle against organized labor, should have been shot by a "rat" printer as the result of a murderous impulse suggested by a wanton phrase in the journal edited by the man for whom two weeks ago, in gratitude for its defense of his methods, he named his infant son. Newspapers cannot be too careful in times of public disturbance in avoiding even the suggestion of deeds of violence. A hint of possible murder often acts upon the ill-balanced mind of a crank, such as Guiteau was and Berkmann is, like a spark in gunpowder.—*New York World.*

**An Ohio Republican Candidate Declines to Meet His Opponent.**

COLUMBUS, O., July 23.—[Special to the New York World (Dem.).]—The correspondence between Col. W. A. Taylor, Democratic candidate for Secretary of State, and S. M. Taylor, Republican candidate for the same office, in which the former sought to arrange a series of joint debates and the latter declined, was made public tonight. Col. W. A. Taylor's first letter, opening the subject, was written June 18. To this there was no reply. The Colonel addressed a second letter July 18, renewing the proposition and suggesting that if it was not possible to spend all of the time of the camagaign in that way, at least twenty such joint meetings be arranged. S. M. Taylor replied July 20 declining the proposition, because the State campaign would be lost in the Presidential issue discussion.

[Probably another reason is that the Republican candidate is not a practiced public speaker like his opponent.]

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LYMAN B. GLOVER, Manager.

Professor Edw. A. Benner,
Of the Wellesley (Mass.) Home School for Boys, will be at the Palmer House 27th and 28th inst. [illegible]

Kenyon Military Academy [illegible]
GAMBIER, OHIO. LAWRENCE RUST, LL.D., Rector.

Harcourt Place Seminary [illegible]
GAMBIER, OHIO. Miss ADA I. AYER, B.A., Principal.

THEODORE F. LEIGHTON'S CLASS FOR BOYS, 701 Jackson boulevard. [illegible]

Chicago College of Law.
Law Department of Lake Forest University. [illegible]

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Ninth year [illegible]

CHICAGO FEMALE COLLEGE. [illegible]

JACKSONVILLE FEMALE ACADEMY [illegible]
E. F. BULLARD, A.M., Prin. [illegible]

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School for Young Boys. Open Sept. 19, 1892. W. H. RUSSELL, Prin. Highland Park, Ill.

ASHEVILLE, N. C. The Maitland School for Girls reopens Monday, September 26th.
MRS. B. MAITLAND, Principal.

RYE SEMINARY, Rye, New York.—For particulars address MRS. S. J. LIFE.

NEW YORK MILITARY ACADEMY,
Col. C. J. Wright, B. S., A. M., Cornwall, N. Y.

**How a Drummer-Boy Got a Pension.**

NEW YORK, July 21.—To the editor of the N. Y. *Post*—Sir: There is one of the pensioners of the government who thinks he has got his money easily. He lives in Berkshire County, Mass., and tells the story of how he came to apply for a pension with great glee, not once stopping to think that the honesty of his proceeding might be questioned. He is a young man, and at the close of the war enlisted as a drummer-boy and went to the front. He only got as far as Baltimore when peace was brought about and the regiment went back to Massachusetts; that was the whole extent of his service. It was not long ago that he was approached by a pension agent, who advised him to apply for a pension. He scouted the idea, saying that he had not done anything to entitle him to be paid, and he was in earnest about it. The agent kept at him, however, and told him that the money was there in the Treasury and that he might just as well have it as to let it lie there unused. Finally this drummer-boy, who had never seen any service whatever, put in his application and it was granted. This is only one case which has come under my observation, and there probably are many of like character. X.

## RAILROAD VALUATION RETURNS THE SUBJECT OF A STATEMENT TO THE CITY COUNCIL BY ALD. O'NEILL.

**While the Several Companies Own $500,000,000 Worth of Real Estate and Rolling Stock in Chicago the Total Assessed Valuation for Taxation Is but $11,024,000—Full Details of the Appraisement Shown in Tabulated Form.**

At the Council meeting Monday night Ald. O'Neill presented a statement calling attention to the fact that while the property in Chicago owned by railroad companies was assessed for taxation at a valuation of $11,024,000, the real property, as estimated by the Real Estate Board was $500,000,000. Ald. O'Neill requested that his statement be published in the Council proceedings for future reference. The following table shows in detail the assessed value of railroad property in this city:

| Name of railroad. | MAIN TRACK AND RIGHT OF WAY. | | SECOND MAIN TRACK. | | SIDE OR TURN-OUT TRACKS. | | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Length, feet. | Assessed value. | Len'h, feet. | Assess'd value. | Length, feet. | Assessed value. | | | | | | |
| Baltimore & Ohio | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Belt | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & Alton | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago, Burlington & Quincy | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & Eastern Illinois | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & Erie | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & Grand Trunk | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & Ill[illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & Indiana State Line | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & Ke[illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago, Madison & Northern | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & Northern Pacific | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & Northwestern | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago, Santa Fé & California | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & So[illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago & Western Indiana | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Englewood Connecting | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Grand Trunk Junction | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Lake Shore & Michigan Southern | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Louisville, New Albany & Chicago | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Michigan Central | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| New York, Chicago & St. Louis | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| South Chicago | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Union Stock-Yards & Transit Co. | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Wisconsin Central | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Wabash | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Total | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |

# COMING TO A FOCUS.

## RULING AGAINST THE SANTA FE IN THE DENVER RATE WAR.

### Chairman Caldwell Finds That the Road Was Not Justified in Making a $12 Round-Trip Rate—The Santa Fe Protests Against the Chairman's Action—A Committee Is Appointed to Frame a Joint Request for Relief—Basis of East-Bound Freight Rates.

The controversy between the Santa Fé and the other roads in the Western Passenger Association regarding the announcement by the former of a round-trip rate of $12 to Denver on the occasion of the Knights Templar conclave has reached the culminating point, and it will be known within a day or two whether the Santa Fé will remain a member of the Western Passenger Association or not. The much looked-for decision of Chairman Caldwell as regards the right of the Santa Fé to make a $12 rate was rendered yesterday afternoon, and, as generally expected, is to the effect that the Santa Fé was in no way justified.

An informal meeting was held yesterday morning at the association rooms and for the first time since Chairman Finley forced the Alton out of the association that company was represented. Whether this indicates that the Alton proposes to rejoin the association if the Santa Fé leaves it is a matter of much speculation. The Alton showed a disposition to act in harmony with the other roads and assist them in whatever measures were necessary to bring the Santa Fé to terms.

A regular meeting of the association was held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of considering the evidence submitted by the Santa Fé to the Chairman in justification of its action. After reading the evidence Chairman Caldwell announced that he had thoroughly considered the evidence of the Santa Fé and was ready to announce his decision. Assistant Passenger Traffic Manager Byrne of the Santa Fé protested against the proceedings, claiming them to be irregular on the ground that the subject was not on the call. Being overruled by the Chairman, Mr. Byrne left the meeting, thereby indicating that the Santa Fé proposes to appeal from the decision of the Chairman.

The Chairman then read his ruling, giving in full the correspondence between him and the Santa Fé, showing the justification on which that company demanded relief. As was stated in THE TRIBUNE yesterday, the Santa Fé claimed that the Chicago and Alton had made contracts with the St. Bernard Commandery out of Chicago, and had made large concessions, which practically amounted to $14, Chicago to Denver and return; also that the Batavia, N. Y., and Kalamazoo commanderies were given large concessions. The Chairman ruled that the Santa Fé is guilty of violation of agreement, and that it was not justified in making the reduced rate, and that it was subject to all the penalties provided for under the agreement.

The penalty under the agreement is that the road making a reduced rate without proper justification shall forfeit all the revenues derived from such business. This, it is calculated, would amount in the Santa Fé case to about $100,000, and there is no possibility of the company paying such a fine.

The Santa Fé now has the right to appeal from the Chairman's decision if it announces its intention of doing so within five days. If it fails to do this and still refuses to comply with the Chairman's decision the only thing that can be done is for the Chairman to declare that it has forfeited its membership in the association, and this will probably be the final result.

Subsequently Chairman Caldwell appointed a committee of three, consisting of General Passenger Agents Eustis, Heafford, and Sebastian, to frame a joint request for relief and report at a meeting this morning. The committee was in session for some time, and it is understood to have agreed that a request for authority to meet the rates of $12 to Denver and return be made, and also that authority be given to make this rate from interior points where it is higher than $12, and that a reduction in rates from Chicago to Missouri River points be also authorized.

### TO DETERMINE BASIS OF RATES.

#### Percentages to and from the Western Termini of Trunk Lines.

Chairman Blanchard of the Central Traffic Association has issued a circular announcing that, effective Aug. 15, 1892, rates from points in Central Traffic Association territory to the Western termini of the trunk lines shall be determined as follows: Add from each point to the several tariff rates to New York the following amounts: First and second class, 10 cents; third, fourth, fifth, and sixth classes, five cents; dressed beef and live stock, five cents; commodity rates, same as third-class or less, five cents.

The following percentages of the different gross sums thus severally arrived at will determine the rates from the various points or groups to the termini, except that the rates on cotton thereto shall be uniformly six cents per 100 pounds less than New York. From 66⅔ to 71 per cent points, both inclusive, not less than 35 per cent; from 72 to 78 per cent points, both inclusive, not less than 40 per cent; from 79 to 81 per cent points, both inclusive, not less than 45 per cent; from 82 to 100 per cent points, both inclusive, not less than 50 per cent; from 101 to 110 per cent points, both inclusive, not less than 52½ per cent; from 111 to 116 per cent points, both inclusive, not less than 55 per cent; from points which exceed 116 per cent, not less than 60 per cent, except that the basis for making rates from Cairo, Owensboro, and Henderson shall be 55 per cent.

The same basis is to be used for making westward rates from the said termini.

#### To Reduce Its Expenses.

MONTREAL, Que., July 26.—The *Star* publishes the following London special: At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Grand Trunk railway it was decided that Sir Tyler and Mr. Hubberd, the new director and Vice-President of the English Board of the Great Northwestern railway proceed to Canada about the middle of August to examine thoroughly into the working systems of the entire line. They will be accompanied on their tour of inspection by several leading American and Canadian railway experts. The principal object of their visit is to reduce materially the working expenses, especially in the way and works department. The board decided that expenses must be reduced to the lowest reasonable point.

#### Railway Notes.

The Illinois, Kentucky and Virginia railway has been organized. The company proposes to build a line from St. Louis through the so-called American bottom to Cairo, and thence to Norfolk, Va. The distance will be about 1,000 miles.

The Chicago Committee of East-bound Freight Traffic held a meeting yesterday at Chairman Shaw's office and decided not to meet the Vandalia's reduction in rates on sixth-class freight and grain. The question of switching charges of exhibits to the World's Fair grounds from the various junction points was also considered, but action was postponed until today.

The lines in the Western Passenger Association have agreed to grant reduced rates for the round-trip for the following occasins: Meeting of Imperial Council, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Omaha, Neb., Aug. 15, fare and one-third from points in Iowa and Missouri, and fare and one-fifth from points in South Dakota east of the Missouri River; annual meeting Union Missionary Baptist Association, St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 16 to 22 fare and one-third from points on lines between Kansas City and St. Louis, including Kansas City.

At the meeting of the Western Passenger Association held July 5 to 7 it was resolved the legislation regarding reduced rates for the Eleventh Annual Encampment, Sons of Veterans, U. S. A., Helena, Mont., Aug. 8 to 13, be sold Aug. 1 to 6, inclusive, instead of Aug. 4 to 10, subject to the concurrence of the Trans-Missouri Association. Advices have been received that the latter association has authorized the sale of tickets as requested above, and the roads in the Western Passenger Association give notice that the rate for that occasion will be one lowest regular first-class fare for the round trip from all association points to Helena, Mont., and return, with the limits as stated above.

#### The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative Syrup of Figs under all conditions makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article look for the name of the California Fig Syrup company, printed near the bottom of the package.

#### Japanese Festival.

The most important Japanese holiday is the Feast of the Lanterns from July 13 to 16. It is the Japanese Decoration day.

# INSURANCE NEWS.

The Insurance Journalists' Association will meet in New York July 28.

The 80 per cent co-insurance clause is working without the slightest friction at Baltimore.

BOSTON, Mass., July 26.—[Special.]—The insurance men of this city held a largely attended meeting today. The co-insurance clause was not reported, and it will probably not be considered until next December.

The Attorney-General of Georgia has imposed a $500 penalty against a number of companies for failing to make annual tax return. Among the companies so fined are the Germania Life, the Home Fire of New York, and the Guardian of England.

A question has been raised over the liability of a company which has an agency in Chicago, at which a policy was written upon a risk which was destroyed by fire at 11:15 a. m. of the day of expiration, Chicago time. It is claimed that the policy was written in New York and the time being an hour earlier than Chicago it is in that way claimed that the losses occurred after the policy expired.

The members of the Cook County Compact will probably meet Aug. 3, at which time it is likely the matter of the Management committee's recent action concerning Case & Co. will be taken up. The general impression on the street is that the action will be rescinded, and there are some hints of a change in the official conduct of the office.

The Carolina Life Insurance Association has elected the following delegates to the National Association meeting to be held in New York in September: J. D. Church, New York; J. R. Lindsay, Mutual; John C. Drewry, Mutual Benefit; M. L. Bonham, Union Central. The following will go as ex-officio members of the National Executive committee: S. L. Adams, Washington; W. J. Roddy, Equitable.

Company managers were yesterday counting up big losses. Monday was a disastrous day for many of the insurance companies and the week will foot up a total considerably ahead of the average. The total losses for the United States last week are reported at $1,585,000. The average loss a day so far this year has been $335,000 or an average weekly loss of $2,334,000. Last week's record therefore fell behind the average by $860,000.

The New York Court of Appeals has recently rendered an interesting insurance decision in a case where the policy provided that no part of its conditions would be waived except in writing signed by the secretary. In this case the insurance agent was notified by the assured that the premises had become vacant. The agent said it was all right, but the court held that the policy became void because this waiver of one of its provisions was not formally made in writing signed by the secretary.

FORT DODGE, Ia., July 26.—[Special.]—L. W. Names, one of the prominent attorneys here, has filed papers in a sensational suit. Mr. Names is plaintiff and several Eastern insurance companies defendants. Mr. Names sues for $3,000, the amount of fire-insurance policies covering the contents of his home recently destroyed by fire. The companies have refused payment, alleging that the fire was incendiary, and claim that the house was filled with worthless goods and fired with a view of obtaining the insurance.

G. C. Morant, assistant fire manager of the Commercial Union Assurance company of London has arrived at St. Johns with a credit for $500,000 out of which to pay losses. News of the disaster reached London companies Monday, July 11, and the same day the Commercial Union received a cable from their St. Johns agent saying that all the records of his agency had been burned. A staff of clerks was put to work to copy policies and other matters relating to the company's business at St. Johns, and Mr. Morant left London the following Wednesday morning with complete copies and the $500,000 credit.

The Penn Mutual Agency Association convened at the office of the company in the Tacoma Building yesterday. There were from fifty to sixty General Agents of the company present and the following officers: Henry C. Brown, Secretary and Treasurer; Jesse J. Parker, Actuary; John W. Hamer, Manager of the Loan Department; Henry C. Lippincott, Manager of Agencies; Henry H. Hallowell, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer; and Trustees Rahwn, Field, Dorman, Miller, Plympton, Markoe, and Johnson. The members yesterday were driven on coaches to the World's Fair grounds and were entertained at lunch. Today they will be the guests of the Chicago Life Underwriters' Association and will be taken on a lake trip with an informal dinner at Fisher's garden.

While the annual report of the Minnesota Insurance Commissioner can bring little comfort to fire insurance companies, showing as it does a fire loss of $2,933,000 against $1,163,000 the year before, it does present some figures which show that the life and casualty business in the State must have been very profitable. The premiums received by the life insurance companies amounted to $2,130,000, while the losses paid were only $684,000. Miscellaneous insurance, including accident, fidelity, plate glass, and boiler, showed an income of $342,000 from premiums with aggregate losses of only $123,000. The effect of the disastrous year for the fire insurance companies is shown by the statement that twenty-eight companies withdrew from the State, while only ten new companies were admitted to do business in the State during the year.

The *Weekly Underwriter* of New York has issued a July supplement reviewing the experience of the American branches of the English fire insurance companies. The paper says the English companies have not taken any money away, but on the contrary, have dropped something like five millions more than their entire receipts. The supplement accounts for the non-success of these institutions by publishing the alleged portraits of fifty or more of their managers. The manager of an American company was heard to remark that if these portraits were faithful likenesses American companies would have nothing to fear from English competition. He also remarked that the Cook County Compact managers should call off their boycott, for, like the "flowers that bloom in the spring," they "have nothing to do with the case."

The Philadelphia Fire Underwriters' Association has drawn up a new schedule of rates to govern theaters. The rates are slightly increased. On the new rating a model theater, that is a theater with all the recommended equipment, is rated on a basis of $2.50 and in that case it must have every safety appliance known to architecture. The underwriters ask that the proscenium wall between the stage and the auditorium start from the foundation below the stage and extend three feet in the clear above the roof line and skylights. The stage opening must be supplied with an improved curtain of asbestos fiber. Watchmen must be kept on the stage from 8 p. m. to 6 p. m. Keyless fire-alarm boxes must be on the stage or in front of the theater and at least one competent fireman kept on the stage during every performance. Failure to comply with all these requirements brings the maximum penalty in the way of additional insurance rates up to a total of $8.75.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 26.—[Special.]—Fire underwriters and insurers alike are much interested in the meeting which is being held in Hartford this week by the representatives of various rating bodies throughout the United States in conference with a special committee appointed about a year since for the purpose of preparing a standard schedule for the rating of mercantile risks throughout the United States. This committee was composed of F. C. Moore, President of the Continental Fire-Insurance company of New York; Vice-President J. A. Silvey of the American Insurance company of New York; George W. Babb, Manager of the Northern Association company of London; and Secretary E. G. Richards of the National Fire Insurance company of Hartford. They have been for a year engaged in preparing a schedule to do away with injustice in the making of local rates of fire insurance on mercantile property, and to form the basis for future rating throughout the country. Copies of the schedule have been furnished to underwriters generally, and requests made for advice and criticism, and as a result the different rating organizations appointed special committees to consult with the schedule committee in regard to the same. The original committee met these committeemen here yesterday and are still in session.

The various sessions have been attended by delegates from the New York State Underwriters' Association, from the N. E. Insurance Exchange, and also from the Southeastern Tariff Association, while many local underwriters have been interested spectators. The Southeastern Tariff Association is represented by Charles L. Law, Assistant Manager of the Southern Department of the London, Liverpool, and Globe Insurance company, the New York State Association by President C. L. Hedge of the Firemen's Fund Insurance company, while the New England Insurance Exchange is represented by President U. C. Crosby, Phenix of New York, and a full special committee appointed by that body headed by Chairman Hy R. Turner of the Niagara Insurance company. Material progress has been made and great assistance been given to the original committee by these delegates, and it is hoped that the time is not far distant when the work done will have a favorable influence on the adjustment of all rates upon the basis that cannot but commend itself to both underwriters and property-holders. The idea is to fix upon what shall be a standard risk insurable at the lowest rate and to designate for poorer classes of property respectively higher premiums.

#### Songs in Minor Keys.

What is the song of the rain?
A day in the long ago!
A faded flower and a lock of hair,
A letter—the words that are written there,
Grow misty and blurred with the teardrops' flow,
As a song of the past sings the falling rain.

What is the song of the wind?
O, the hopeless, waiting heart!
The fire burns low—the light grows pale!
And the wind sobs out life's bitter tale,
Through the lonely hours, till the dark departs
With the night and the dismal song of the wind!

What is the song of the sea?
A ship lies full fathoms deep!
A fisherman's widow is wailing sore!
A sailor lad will return no more
To the lass who stands on the shore and weeps
While a song of death washes in with the sea!

What is the song of my heart?
The wind sweeps over its strings.
The day in the past is my memory
Of one who will never come back to me.
Ah, wind, rain, and sea! but the echoes you bring
Of the voice that is singing today in my heart.
—*Amy Seville Wolff.*

# CLOUD IS REMOVED.

## STOCK-YARDS COMPANY'S TITLE TO 474 ACRES MADE CLEAR.

### The Chicago Belt Line Railroad Company Had 100 Feet Right of Way Through the Land, Which Is in the Southern Part of Cicero, and, Since the Enterprise Was Abandoned, Judge Tuley Gives the Complainant Company a Clear Title to All the Land—Court News.

An important decree was entered by Judge Tuley yesterday in the suit of the Chicago National Stock-Yards company against the Chicago Belt Line railroad company, removing a cloud to the title of 474 acres of land in the southern portion of Cicero, created by 100 feet right of way granted to the defendant corporation.

The Chicago Belt Line railroad company was organized in August, 1880, to construct and maintain a belt railroad from a point on Lake Michigan near South Chicago, thence west to the Town of Worth, then to the northwest corner of Cicero, and from there to the shore of the lake in Lake View. Charles A. Eckstromer, a bachelor, was then owner of the land referred to and he, with others, agreed to give the proposed railroad a right of way through his land with the idea that the railroad would benefit the remainder of the property. It was understood, however, that the road was to be built within two years.

A year later Eckstromer conveyed the land to Alexander Johnson for $20,000, subject to an incumbrance of $12,000, and also subject to the right of way of the Belt Line railroad company. About this time there was a pressure in the money market which crippled the railroad enterprise and it was abandoned. The Stock-Yards company purchased the land in 1891 and the deed contained the right of way clause. A bill was filed to remove the cloud, and the decree entered yesterday provides that the railroad company never exercised its corporate powers; that it has forfeited its right of way, and that complainant is entitled to a clear title of all the property.

#### Against Restoring the Records.

Further answers were filed yesterday by Jacob H. Hepp, Sarah Struble, and C. C. William Meyer to the bill brought by the West Chicago Park Commissioners for the restoration of records showing a fifty-foot building line along the boulevards. They first deny that the Commissioners ever complied with the law of Feb. 27, 1869; on the contrary they failed to make and file a map as required in Sec. 12 of the act. It is denied that the petitioners at a meeting Nov. 4, 1869, or at any other time, ever established and condemned a building line fifty feet distant from and outside of the boulevards connecting the North Branch of the Chicago River with the different parks. Nor did the Commissioners perpetually annihilate all rights of the owners of property fronting on the boulevards to erect buildings between the building line and the boulevard. No lands were condemned for that purpose, nor will it injure the Commissioners in the least if the building line is not established. Twenty years of laches is also pleaded by the respondents.

#### Is He in Contempt?

Judge Horton yesterday entered a rule against Minor M. Knowlton to show cause this morning why he should not be punished for contempt in refusing to obey an order of court compelling him to pay $5 a week alimony to his wife. Knowlton is a former naval officer. Judge Horton censured Knowlton in round terms yesterday for the stand he has taken in the case. The court expressed himself as not being in sympathy with a man who had money to pay counsel and appeal cases, but could not give his wife a small amount each week for her support.

#### Court Notes.

The insanity case of William Ganshaw was resumed in the County Court yesterday. The testimony of Drs. Noble and Spray was introduced as expert evidence, and much time was spent in discriminating between insanity, hallucinations, and delusions. More testimony will be heard this morning.

Judge Tuley yesterday dismissed the contempt proceedings against Attorney Herman Jacobson. Last week a rule was entered against Jacobson to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt. It was alleged that he had filed a slanderous bill against the legal firm of Dahms & Langworthy, accusing it of maliciously persecuting him, and that it was backed up by the notorious "Canal street gang." It was also said that Jacobson had without authority affixed to his bill the names of Brown and Rooney as solicitors. Judge Tuley thought most of the work on Jacobson's part had been done in ignorance and he was therefore not disposed to punish him.

### THE COURT RECORD.

#### United States Circuit Court—New Suit.

22,541—A. A. Mudge vs. Fred Meyer. Trespass, $2,500. Percy L. Shuman, atty.

#### Superior Court—New Suits.

141,225—Isaac E. Adams, trustee Brock Land Assn., vs. Larmon E. Scott et al. Pet. to estab. title. Lackner & Butz, solrs.

141,226—Same vs. Charles Dickinson et al. Same. Same solrs.

141,227—Same vs. Garrison Paine et al. Same. Same solrs.

141,228—Morris Roth, etc., vs. W. Chi. St. Ry. Co. Case, $1,000. C. S. Deneen, atty.

141,229—Asst. Withheld.

141,230—Tattersalls of New York (Limited) vs. Albert Richmond. Asst., $1,500. Charles L. Easton, atty.

141,231—Henrietta Schultz vs. Ludwig Herden et al. Case, $15,000. Brandt & Hoffman, attys.

141,232—David Friedman vs. D. H. Reiss and Nathan Friedman. Conf. of judgt. for $1,092.50. Byam, Weinschenk & Herschl, attys.

141,233—Oscar Friend vs. Reiss & Friedman. Same, $288.75. Same attys.

141,234—G. H Foster & Co. vs. Charles Wurster. Same, $93.95. W. P. Chamberlin, atty.

141,235—Jos. T. Watson and William A. Davidson vs. Ainslie, Cochran & Co. Att., $337.85. H. F. White, atty.

141,236—Fred Chochal vs. Wis. Cen. R. R. Co. Case, $5,000. B. M. Shaffner, atty.

Withheld case—141,218—Baltimore and Ohio Ry. Co. vs. South Chicago City Ry. Co. Bill for injunction. E. R. Jewett, solr.

#### Circuit Court—New Suits.

105,600—Samuel Finlay vs. Burns Bros. Appeal.

105,601—John Martensen vs. Henry Bolander. Asst., $600. Tewkesbury & Culver, attys.

105,602—Swift & Co. vs. Julius Hurst. Asst., $800. Pardeu & Gridley, attys.

105,603—Edward Wolf et al. vs. Conklin, Ames & Co. Asst., $400. Same attys.

105,604—Strous, Eisendrath & Drom vs. J. B. Mooney. Conf. of judgt., $159.94. Byam, Weinschenk & Hirschl, attys.

105,605—Herman C. Rullhusen vs. Philip Proesel and Elizabeth Ahrens. Conf. of judgt., $291.50. C. Meier, atty.

105,606—Mrs. Taylor vs. August Pfaff. Case, $2,500. Moore & Crawford, attys.

105,607—George Harrison vs. J. F. Melville. Asst., $372.10. Otho D. Swearingen, atty.

105,608—Bill. Suppressed.

105,609—Thomas Wilkins vs. Frank L. Malmstedt. Bill for specific performance. E. P. Langworthy, solr.

105,610—Hanel H. Kraisinger vs. Joseph Batek. Appeal.

105,611—John M. Smyth vs. B. A. L. Thompson et al. Repln., $900. Warvelle, Walsh & Madden, attys.

105,612—Ida Weigland vs. Adam Weigland. Bill for divorce. Harry Brown and J. E. Graves, solrs.

105,613—Nellie Letillia vs. Charles Letillia. Bill for divorce. Same solrs.

105,614—Lemuel Marks vs. M. Shields et al. Appeal.

105,615—Elizabeth Weil vs. Joseph Weil. Bill for divorce. W. F. Kondelka, solr.

105,616—Julius Katz vs. Barbara Katz. Bill for divorce. Same solr.

105,617—Wilhelmine Moffat vs. Mary Schankel. Bill to foreclose chattel mortgage. Geo. P. Smith, solr.

105,618—C. H. Chamberlain vs. The West Chicago Street Railway Company et al. Trespass, $10,000. F. L. Salisbury, atty.

105,619—Replevin. Withheld.

105,620—Albert Ellinger & Co. vs. Theodore R. Schiessinger. Asst., $500. Hofheimer & Zeisler, attys.

105,621—George W. Nichols & Co. vs. Cahill & Young. Asst., $300. Paden & Gridley, attys.

105,622—Repln. Withheld.

105,623—Turk & Voss Furniture Co. vs. James H. Gilbert. Replevin, $700. Weigley, Bulkley & Gray, attys.

105,624—Thomas H. Ryan vs. Robbins Bros. Appeal.

105,625—Michael A. Scott vs. Angelina Scott. Bill for divorce. Richolson, Matson & Co., solrs.

105,626—Henry Estinghausen, trading as Attleborro Jewelry Co. vs. Herman Schoemrigh. Asst., $1,500. Smith, Helmer & Moulton, attys.

105,627—Edgar Terhune vs. H. J. Wursburg. Asst., $700. Edgar Terhune, atty.

Withheld Case—105,592—Chi. Trust and Savings Bk. vs. J. W. McFarland et al. Asst., $10,000. J. G. Henderson, atty.

#### County Court—New Suits.

10,060—Thomas H. Blair to James E. Frost. Vol. assg. Assets, $450; lia., $1,265. Case, Hogan & Case, attys.

#### Judgments.

JUDGE BAKER—20,528—Wittstein vs. Stanton. On dflt., $1,009.67.—20,990—McKillip vs. Johnson. On dflt., $307.75.—11,917—Teney vs. O'Callaghan. On findg., $500.—20,899—Medert vs. Ramsyear. On dflt., $314.50.—4,892—Thompson vs. Loucks. On findg., $826.40 and appld.

#### Decrees.

JUDGE TULEY—7,132, Sheer vs. Eacker; final decree.—5,022, Benzin vs. Gilbert; dec. sale.—6,569, Chi. Natl. Stock-Yards vs. Chi. Belt Line; final decree.—8,453, U. S. Wind and P. Engine Co. vs. Smith; final decree. Divorce—8,321, Edia I. from Aaron Rambo.

JUDGE HORTON—Divorces—102,530, Sarah from Edwin Walterhouse.—5,362, Sophia E. from William B. Dow.—102,766, Louis M. from Annie M. Allen.—8,065, August from Henry Oltman.—7,710, Frank from Mary L. Young.—8,203, Leonora from William Show.—99,028, Wilhelmina from Henry Bussow.—8,697, A. G. from Mary B. Cox.

#### Today's Call.

JUDGE GRESHAM—Submitted cases.
JUDGE ANTHONY—Emergency business.
JUDGE HUTCHINSON—Submitted cases.
JUDGE HORTON—Urgent business.
JUDGE SCALES—10 a. m.—Motions.
JUDGE BROWN—10 a. m.—City specials undisposed of on calendar No. 11.
JUDGE KOHLSAAT—General business.

## ROEBER IS THE CHAMPION WRESTLER.

### The French Giant, Apolon, Quit After Each Had Won a Fall.

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—The French giant, Apolon, master of all the wrestlers in his own country, fell a victim in the Academy of Music last evening to the American champion Græco-Roman wrestler, Ernest Roeber. The match was for $1,000 a side and the championship of the world, Græco-Roman style. The Academy was crowded from pit to dome with sweltering enthusiasts. Stephen O'Donnell was chosen to referee the match. William Muldoon acted as umpire for Roeber, and Maurice Kaufmann served in the same office for Apolon.

Apolon weighed 265 pounds and stood 6 feet two inches in height. He is head and shoulders above Roeber. Roeber weighed just 180 pounds.

Apolon, after a few ineffectual attempts to get a hold, caught Roeber by the wrists and threw him to one side as if he had been so much cotton bailed for shipment. The Frenchman's greater strength was apparent, and his admirers at once predicted an easy win for him. This they felt sure of a short time afterward when the stranger scored the first fall.

The smaller man cut out the pace in the second bout. After a bit of pawing around Roeber got a Nelson hold, and, lifting Apolon, attempted to throw him, but in doing so fell, with the big man on top of him. Quick as a flash Roeber rolled his opponent on his back. When he finally got the grip he wanted he gave a tug and a grunt and Apolon's shoulder-blades touched the carpet at one and the same time. A mighty cheer went up at this. Apolon limped off the carpet, making wry faces. He told his seconds that his hip was hurt, and gritted his teeth.

The time of the second bout was five minutes six seconds. The wind-up was made lively while it lasted by Roeber's efforts to down his opponent, the latter being on the defensive most of the time. After four minutes' work Roeber got a grip around Apolon's body, where, he alleged, he was injured in the second bout, and gave that part of his anatomy his undivided attention. Slowly the Frenchman began to weaken until finally, at the end of five minutes and forty-three seconds, he snapped Roeber's lock and limped from the stage. In other words, he quit. He appeared to suffer considerable pain.

## CANADA'S EXPORT TRADE.

### It Has Increased Considerably in Spite of the McKinley Tariff.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 23.—Figures obtained from the Minister of Customs today show that notwithstanding the operation of the McKinley bill against Canada, the exports from the Dominion during the fiscal year ending June 30 last, increased from $95,500,000 to $110,800,000, or 16 per cent, as compared with the preceding year. Last year imports exceeded exports by $12,000,000, while during the year just closed there was a balance of trade amounting to $319,000 in Canada's favor. Only once before has the volume of exports exceeded the volume of imports in the history of the Dominion—viz.: in 1880. There has been a decrease of nearly $3,000,000 in duty collected, mainly attributed to the removal of duties on sugar.

## VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

[NOTE—THE TRIBUNE will not notice anonymous communications, nor decide bets. No manuscripts returned unless proper postage accompanies same. No manuscript will be saved till called or written for.]

### Objects to Breckinridge as an Orator.

PRINCETON, Mo., July 24.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Would it not be consistent and just for the Fair management to annul the contract between itself and Breckinridge? There is not a reasonable person in the land that would not sanction the summary cancellation of the engagement as orator of the Fair of this arch-enemy of the Fair. Mr. Breckinridge hails from a State every one of whose Representatives recorded a negative vote on the Fair appropriation except the patriot, Wilson. Is it possible that there is not some eloquent friend of the Fair who will assume the office of orator, and whose ability is not discounted by that of Mr. Breckinridge? Yea, verily, a thousand of them.
T. E. EVANS.

### Negligence of the Health Office.

CHICAGO, July 26.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—At 10 a. m. Saturday, July 23, a horse which had died the previous day was dumped in the lot at the southwest corner of West Polk and Laflin streets. Police Officer No. 1117 reported it to the Desk Sergeant at Maxwell Street Station at noon Saturday. Sunday James Maitland wrote the Commissioner of Health. Monday morning at 9 o'clock Mr. Maitland personally called at the health office and was told that no notice had been received, and that "of course the health office was to blame." This was said sarcastically, but was true. At 10 a. m. Monday Mr. Spring of West Polk street also called at the health office, and was told, in defiance of the facts, that no notice had been received. At 5:45 o'clock Monday, July 25, the animal, which for forty-eight hours had been poisoning the air, was removed. For this work the corporation of which John Brenock is the representative receives $30,000 a year, while Chicago is blessed with a Health Department and threatened with a cholera epidemic.
JAMES MAITLAND.

### Wants the Boys Cared For Also.

CHICAGO, July 26.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Reading in Sunday's TRIBUNE your interesting article on the "Ogontz Association," or the working-girls' home, the thought occurred to me: Why is there not such an association for boys who are struggling to make their crackers and cheese in hard work and low pay? Is there such an association? If there is I have never seen any notice or mention of it whatever. The Y. M. C. A., some one will say. But the Y. M. C. A., though good in a great many respects, is entirely lacking in what the girls' association most succeeds—domestic economy. Besides there are certain other objections to the Y. M. C. A. Why could not the Y. M. C. A. adopt a plan of cheap boarding? It has excellent facilities for making a success of it. But, for my part, I would rather see something distinct from the Y. M. C. A.—an association of a little broader principles. Could there not be found a few men interested in this work who would be willing to give it a little of their time? It would be no harder to manage, it seems to me, than the girls' club, and a couple of good men at the head of the concern could push it to immediate success. The fact is, boys, the girls are getting ahead of us, in business as well as in everything else. Will some of my co-slaves in the land of the Philistines consider the subject?
A. T. C.

## NEW INCORPORATIONS.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., JULY 26.—[SPECIAL.]—The Secretary of State today issued licenses to incorporate new companies as follows:

Vulcan Gas company, Chicago; capital stock, $1,000,000; incorporators, H. S. Gillette, J. R. D. Graham, and B. L. Gorich.

Powell Steel Tunnel company, Chicago; capital stock, $1,000,000; same incorporators.

The Dime National Building and Loan Association, Chicago; capital stock, $500,000; incorporators, J. S. Grable, John C. Hoole, and others.

World's Athletic Association, Chicago; capital stock, $500,000; incorporators, Edward E. Harrall, J. Rupert Wolfenden, and Parmer Rossman.

The Perfect Ventilating company, Chicago; capital stock, $120,000; incorporators, Michael Harvey, Orrin S. Reed, and John McKeough.

The Trade Magazines company, Chicago; capital stock, $50,000; incorporators, Emil Klein, Theodore Jakel, and George Canda.

The Electric Annunciator and Indicating Door Plate company, Chicago; capital stock, $50,000; incorporators, Michael McInerney, Edward J. Dunn, and others.

The Jenkins & Reynolds company, Chicago; capital stock, $15,000; incorporators, J. B. Jenkins, W. C. Reynolds, and C. A. Dann.

Arcade Social club, Chicago; incorporators, S. Van Soree, William E. Dorgan, and John Carter.

The Columbia Express company, Chicago, surrendered its charter.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

THE FOLLOWING TRANSFERS OF CITY PROPerty for $1,000 and upward were filed for record Tuesday, July 26, 1892:

| | |
|---|---|
| W. Superior-st., 180 ft e of Washtenaw-av., n f, 25x123 ft, July 23 (A. B. Camp to Al. Lancaster) | $ 6,000 |
| Mackinaw-av., 24 ft n of 83d-st., e f, 24x62 ft, July 23 (J. G. Speicher to Mary T. Clemons) | 1,100 |
| Same property, July 19 (A. F. Clemons to J. G. Speicher) | 1,000 |
| 35th court, s e cor of Gage-st., n f, 25x147 ft, July 25 (Mich Madden to Margaret Sheehy) | 3,500 |
| Same property, July 25 (Marg. Sheehy to Ellen Madden) | 3,700 |
| 38th-st., 197 ft w of Stewart-av., n f, 25x125 ft, June 30 (W. Guthrie to David Reed) | 2,400 |
| 38th-st., 122 ft w of Stewart-av., n f, 75x266 ft, July 2 (H. E. Weaver to same) | 11,400 |
| Wallace-st., 173 ft s of Hesing-av., e f, 24x127 ft, July 20 (M. Schmidt to M. A. Stauber) | 1,750 |
| Sacramento-av., s e cor of 57th-st., 5 acres, June 4, 1890, (H. P. Merriman to D. B. Meredith) | 9,000 |
| Michigan-av., n e cor of Eda-st., w f, 140¼x143 ft, imp, July 1 (estate of Henry Corwith to Wm. C. Lobenstein) | 63,000 |
| Austin-av., 144 ft n of Hoyne, n f, 24x100 ft, July 26 (W. P. Germain to L. K. Germain) | 2,100 |
| The premises No. 919 Walnut-st., July 26 (same to same) | 5,500 |
| McChesney-av., n w cor of 68th-st., triangle 113 ft to alley, July 25 (H. and N. B. Perretz to J. W. Freiberg) | 2,500 |
| Lot 33, Merchants' sub s e ¼ Sec. 22, 40, 13, July 19 (J. W. Welch to C. E. Nichols) | 1,000 |
| Garfield-blvd., s e cor of Stewart-av., n f, 118 x91 ft, July 25 (J. D. Horton to Dewitt C. Butts) | 2,000 |
| 4th-av., 72 ft n of 98th-st., e f, 24x125 ft, July 23 (A. G. Nilsson to Andrew Nilsson) | 1,600 |
| 83d-st., 325 ft e of Pittsfield-av., s f, 50x125 ft, May 25 (F. C. Keller to G. W. Palmer) | 1,600 |
| Concord-st., 165 ft w of Halsted, n f, 25x125 ft, July 16 (Henry Principal to A. E. Burner) | 3,700 |
| Davis-st., n of North-av., w f, 31x124 ft, May 21 (J. J. Mitchell to H. Bergman) | 1,250 |
| Perry-av., 93 ft s of Cherry-pl., w f, 25x110 ft, imp, Sept. 29, 1891 (Jacob Schele to B. Bishop) | 5,000 |
| Green-st., bet. 73d and 74th, e f, 25x124½ ft, July 21 (Thomas Miller to P. P. O'Donnell) | 1,600 |
| Wolcott-st., 97 ft n of Webster-av., e f, 50x152 ft, imp, July 20 (H. M. and E. O. Hart to B. C. Cook) | 2,500 |
| Calumet-av., 216 ft n of 82d-st., e f, 50x161 ft, July 26 (F. P. Keane to W. N. Springer) | 1,500 |
| Commercial-av., 280 ft n of 95th-st., e f, 25x140 ft, July 22 (Markus Krakar to J. F. Delaney) | 2,750 |
| Commercial-av., adj above, July 22 (same to H. Tague et al.) | 2,750 |
| Sherman-st., 100 ft n of 77th, w f, 40x125 ft, July 23 (H. L. Blackman to A. C. Doolittle) | 2,400 |
| Kedzie-av., 49 ft n of W. Congress-st., e f, 24x114 ft, June 25 (J. and P. Brady to M. J. McLaughlin) | 1,150 |
| Wood-st., 291 ft s of 85th, e f, 50x125 ft, July 26 (L. Franklin to Geo. T. Scrwner) | 1,200 |
| S. Halsted-st., 27½ ft s of 33d-ct., e f, 25x130 ft, improved, July 23 (P. McDermott to M. J. Hooley) | 3,250 |
| Indiana-av., 445 ft s of 26th-st., w f, 31x180 ft, July 6 (G. H. Beebe to J. B. Adams) | 10,250 |
| W. 12th-st., 24 ft e of 41st, n f, 24x141 ft, June 28 (F. M. Woods to C. E. Greenfield) | 1,200 |
| 95th-st., s w cor Calumet River dock, e f, 200x300 ft, July 15 (M. D. and W. R. Benedick to O. S. Garther) | 24,375 |
| W. Monroe-st., 295 ft e of Central Park-av., s f, 25x191 ft, imp, July 12 (J. G. Jones to H. M. Young) | 10,000 |
| 44th-pl., 139 ft w of Lawrence-av., s f, 52 ft to alley, July 21 (A. C. and J. R. Mann to B. E. Scully) | 11,000 |
| Lake-av., 112 ft n of Pier-st., w f, 50 ft to alley, July 21 (J. M. Francis to L. L. Smith) | 8,500 |
| Clayton-st., 80 ft w of S. Morgan-st., s f, 25x84 ft, imp, July 23 (G. Cerveny to J. Lukes) | 2,350 |
| West 41st-st., 241 ft s of 28th, e f, 25x119 ft, imp., Nov. 23, 1891 (E. L. Stough to W. C. McCallum) | 2,500 |
| Seymour-av., 241 ft s of North-av., w f, 25x126 ft, imp., July 21 (O. J. Hansen to Z. T. Howell) | 3,500 |
| Girard-st., 20 ft s of Bloomingdale-av., e f, 40x124 ft, imp., March 1 (H. N. Tuttle to C. S. Quinlan) | 4,000 |
| Gordon-st., 25 ft e of William, s f, 125x126½ ft, imp, July 7 (R. Craig to D. J. Mitchell) | 8,500 |
| 67th-st., 96 ft e of Peoria, s f, 34x125 ft, July 25 (Garden City E. L. and B. Assn. to J. V. Engstrom) | 2,300 |
| Van Horn-st., bet Rockwell-st. and Washtenaw-av., s f, 72x125 ft, Sept. 6, 1889 (D. W. Burrows to A. R. Marriott) | 1,350 |
| W. Lake-st., near Maplewood-av., s f, 23x56 ft, July 20 (P. H. Dolan to O. W. Keatley) | 2,500 |
| W. Monroe-st., n e cor Jefferson, s f, und ½ of 79½x198 ft, June 19 (J. B. Mayo to H. M. Bacon) | 11,125 |
| W. Lake-st., near Maplewood-av., s f, 25x56 ft, (O. W. Keatley to E. Dolan) | 2,500 |

NEW SUBDIVISIONS.

Western-av., n e cor 147th-st., 8 blks, by George Chase.

Fullerton-av., n e cor Western, 1st add to Ellsworth, by E. B. Weeks.

Fullerton-av., n e cor Beach, 2d add to Ellsworth, by E. B. Weeks.

Keystone-av., n w cor Chicago-av., 591x259 ft, by A. T. Van Alstyn.

## BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS FOR BUILDINGS to cost $1,000 or more were issued yesterday:

| | |
|---|---|
| Aug. B. Pitner, 2-story store and flats, 1922 46th-st. | $ 3,000 |
| Gus Bahlke, 2-story flats, 1432 Roscoe-st. | 2,200 |
| Chapman Bros., 3-story apartment building, 6200-6208 Oglesby-av. | 150,000 |
| M. J. Mogian, 2-story flats, 9720 Commercial st. | 2,500 |
| Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific R. R., 2-story add. to depot, Commercial-av. and R. I. track | 2,000 |
| H. C. Bosworth, 2 and 1-story rear and additional, 341 Cedar-av. | 2,000 |
| J. C. Flint, 2-story dwelling, 7740-7742 Wright-st. | 4,300 |
| Carl A. Lothgren, 2-story flats, 1110 59th-st. | 3,000 |
| Henry Flenge, 2-story store and flats, 5201 Ashland-av. | 2,500 |
| Shields & Cook, two 3-story flats, 5453-5455 Tracy-st. | 30,000 |
| J. W. Taylor, 2-story flats, 183 Humboldt-blvd | 2,200 |
| Poman Stobucek, 4-story store and flats, 489 Milwaukee-av. | 15,000 |
| Paulina Zick, 2-story flats, 10 Blucher-st. | 2,000 |
| Anna Prochaska, 3-story flats, 124 Washburne-av. | 4,000 |
| Mary L. Barnes, 2-story rear add. and new front, 32 College-place | 4,000 |
| John L. Vandermark, nine 3-story flats, 138-154 68th-st. | 30,000 |
| Daniel Corkery, 1-story offices, 2711 S. Canal-st. | 2,500 |
| Convent of the Annunciation, 3-story convent, 34-36 Commercial-st. | 9,000 |
| W. Deering, 3-story add., Fullerton-av. and N. W. R. R. | 35,000 |
| E. De Beer, 2-story flats, 707 Grace-st. | 2,200 |
| B. F. Weber, 2-story store and flats, 3183 N. Clark-st. | 8,000 |
| Henry Grosse, two 4-story flats, 290-292 Rush-st. | 12,000 |
| Francis B. O'Gallagher, 2-story flats, 5532 Center-av. | 2,600 |

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BETWEEN STATE AND MONROE-sts. and Clark and Chestnut-sts., North Side, Sunday night, a heavy open face gold watch with the monogram W. B. C. on back, a medium-sized chain and seal ring with crest and motto on it. A very liberal reward will be paid by leaving it at the Chicago club.

LOST—LAST SUNDAY RED MULEY COW. Finder return her to 3145 Groveland-av. and receive reward.

## PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—$1-5, SYRACUSE—ROOM 37, 184 Dearborn-st.

## BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—THE SPARKS FROM OUR STOCK of diamonds give you plenty of light on the subject of quality and price.

GEO. E. MARSHALL,
Importer,
195 and 197 Wabash-av., corner Adams.

We open accounts with responsible parties on regular trade terms.

PERSONAL—THE VANCE TOILET PARLORS, 240 Wabash-av., corner Jackson. Artistic hair dressing. Neat cutting, curling, and shampooing. Skillful blondining and dyeing. Scientific manicuring. Home orders a specialty.

PERSONAL—A. L. WILLARD M. D. PHYSICIAN and surgeon, 235 State-st., makes a specialty of diseases of the feet, instant and painless relief from corns, bunions, and ingrowing nails; satisfaction guaranteed or no charge for service. Hours 9 to 5.

PERSONAL—HAY FEVER, CATARRH, ASTHMA, and Bronchitis cured. Guaranteed for $1.50. Call or write. Agents wanted. RAMEY & CO., Room D, 85 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

## BOARDING AND LODGING.

### South Side.

1553 MICHIGAN-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS, with excellent table board.

1604 MICHIGAN-AV.—FURNISHED ROOM FOR 2 gentlemen, with board.

1635 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board; can accommodate a few day boarders and transients.

1910 INDIANA-AV.—NICE ROOMS WITH board. MRS. M. U. THOMAS.

2107 MICHIGAN-AV.—ONE LARGE AND ONE small room, newly furnished, well lighted, and ventilated; A1 board; French family.

2239 PRAIRIE-AV.—LARGE, PLEASANT ROOM, with board, to permanent party, at reasonable rate. References.

2731 INDIANA-AV.—CLEAN, COOL ROOMS, single or en suite; good board.

3024 GROVELAND-AV.—BACK PARLOR, WITH board, for 2; $12 per week.

3158 AND 3160 WABASH-AV.—ELEGANT front chambers, separate or en suite; every convenience; first-class table; references.

3433 VERNON-AV.—EAST FRONT ROOM; REASONABLE; good table.

3542 LAKE-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM, ALSO single room, elegantly furnished; hot and cold water; table first-class.

3847 INDIANA-AV.—1ST-CLASS ROOM, WITH or without board, transient or weekly.

### North Side.

86 LINCOLN-AV.—TWO HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms; private family.

175 RUSH-ST.—A LARGE, PLEASANT FRONT room, with board, reasonable.

264 ONTARIO—2 SINGLE ROOMS, 1 DOUBLE; first-class table.

305 E. CHICAGO-AV.—SWELL-FRONT HOUSES; elegant rooms, newly furnished; A1 board.

354 LA SALLE-AV.—PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH board.

437 LA SALLE-AV.—ELEGANT LARGE AND small rooms; good table; good location.

MICHIGAN AV.—SHOWY PARLOR SUITE, WITH board; references exchanged. B L 60, Tribune.

### West Side.

841 ADAMS-ST.—LARGE NEWLY-FURNISHED room, elegant board, reasonable; also small room.

### Hotels.

"CENTRAL HOUSE," 250 STATE-ST., NEAR Palmer House. Cozy, pleasant rooms, 50c a day, $2 a week; with board, $1 a day, $5 a week.

DEARBORN, 398-404 STATE-ST.—200 ELEGANT rooms, bath; ½ price of other first-class hotels.

EUROPEAN HOTEL, BREWSTER, 292 DEARBORN-st., cor. Van Buren; central location; lighted by electricity, heated by steam, everything new; inspection invited; rooms 50c per day up; reasonable weekly rates. W. E. MARSH JR. of Galt House, Cincinnati, O.

HOTEL WILLARD, 18TH-ST. AND WABASH-AV.—New, modern, first-class hotel; special rates to desirable, permanent guests.

WOOD'S HOTEL (EUROPEAN), WABASH-AV. and Van Buren-st., Auditorium Block—Elegant rooms; steam heat; elevator; baths; all new and modern; rates, day, 75c up; week, $4 up.

### Lake.

BOARDING AND ROOM AT AUBURN PARK; AN elegant large front room suitable for two; strict private family. Address J 25, Tribune office.

### Miscellaneous.

CONSULT THE "HOME" DIRECTORY, 302 Tacoma; free to boarders; select places.

## BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—AND ROOM WITH SMALL FAMILY, South Side, by respectable young lady engaged during the day. Address J 64, Tribune office.

BOARD—ON LAKE FRONT—FOR LADY AND 2 children; please state location and full particulars. Address J 149, Tribune office.

BOARD—GET A LIST OF US BEFORE YOU LOCATE; no charges. WM. REED & CO. Tacoma Bldg.

## TO LEASE AND WANTED TO LEASE.

FOR LEASE—FOR 99 YEARS, WITH PRIVILEGE of buying—1635 Prairie-av., 70x160 ft., suitable for nice apartment house; 249-251 Jefferson-st., 50x100; 280 S. Canal-st., 20x100; Polk-st., near Desplaines, 24x120, manufacturing property; dock property, 300 ft. square at Division-st. bridge; will loan the lessee one-half the cost of improving.
WARREN SPRINGER, 207 S. Canal-st.

FOR LEASE—LONG OR SHORT TERM—GRIST and meal mill; capacity 2,500 bu. daily; switches and in good repair. Address The Droste Mill'g Co., Cincinnati, O.

TO LEASE—99 YEARS; NO REVALUATION; light on four sides, part or all of 275x100, Harrison-st., near Desplaines. Tel. (main) 2737. 2,000x126, Panhandle track and Taylor-st.; seven railroads; can give any terms wanted. Owner.
J. W. HEDENBERG, 132 La Salle-st., Room 11.

TO LEASE—FOR 99 YEARS, NO REVALUATION; corner lot, 100x190 ft., suitable for fine apartment house or World's Fair hotel; only $2,400 per year.
MATSON HILL, 607 Home Ins. Bldg.

TO LEASE—99 YEARS—50 FEET ON SEBOR-ST., between Desplaines and Halsted-sts.
J. W. HEDENBERG, R. 11, 132 La Salle-st.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—WITH RELIABLE CONCERN by business-man, 43 years old, in any capacity where ability, strict integrity, fidelity, and tireless energy will win advancement; 25 years' active business experience; familiar with corporation work, organizing, interesting capital, balancing, adjusting, etc.; a good credits man; can handle men successfully under any circumstances; good habits, good address, adaptability, push. K F 175, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN GOOD BANK IN ILLINOIS or adjoining States or Nebraska; completed a thorough business course, with special attention to banking, at Bryant & Stratton's Business College, Chicago, Ill.; accurate in figures; first-class reference; security if required; age, 28; ready for work Aug. 15 or Sept. 1. Address G., 474 Marshfield-av., Chicago, Ill.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT ACCOUNTANT, native of Chicago, just returned home, desires engagement; understands banking, brokerage, and mercantile accounts; possesses some knowledge of Spanish; manufacturing or wholesale house having foreign trade preferred; no objection to travel; highest references; salary moderate. C., 4100 Lake-av., City.

SITUATION WANTED—POSITION OF TRUST with strong mercantile, manufacturing, or banking company; long experience and best bank reference; age 42; will begin on nominal salary; can give ample security or bond. Address in confidence for interview, E 113, Tribune office. No agencies need answer.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 21 as bookkeeper or stenographer and Remington operator; speaks fluently English and Norwegian; expert at dictating letters, etc.; graduate of business college. Good city references. E. D. WIGDAHL, 183 North Peoria-st.

SITUATION WANTED—SMART, INTELLIGENT young man lately from England, reared in gents' retail clothing, will take work at same; small wages; good references or security; at once. Address J 4, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN IN small office as general clerk or bookkeeper; can leave present position at any time, small salary; 4 years' experience. Address J 164, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN WHOLESALE OR RETAIL shoe business as manager or buyer; 14 years' experience as manager large retail store; first-class references. Address J 174, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ACCOUNTANT AND bookkeeper in law office, where he can devote part of the time to study; salary moderate. Address J 83, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN INDUSTRIOUS young man capable of doing any kind of office work; good references. Address J 166, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—WHOLESALE OR RETAIL cigar bus.; experience and reference. Address J 170, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER OR general clerk in office of mercantile business. Address J 155, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER; 5 years' city experience and No. 1 references. Address K 1, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, EMPLOYED during day, would take small set of books evenings; thoroughly competent. K 2, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED BILL clerk; A1 references. Address J 66, Tribune.

### Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED FURNITURE and carpet salesman; city references. Address J 176, Tribune office.

### Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MILLMAN, FIRST-class, as foreman, experienced on all kinds fine interior finish, etc.; first class draftsman, thoroughly practical in all branches. City references; 14 years' experience. Address E 10, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GARDNER AND FLORIST, by a middle aged man, single; references; private place preferred. Address H 36, Tribune.

### House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG ENGLISHMAN as footman or waiter in private family. Best of references. Address K O 17, Tribune office.

### Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY A young married man; no children; who thoroughly understands his business; best city references. Address COACHMAN, 4533 Union-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman; highest references; country preferred. Address J 144, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY A young man, age 28. Good reference. Address J 86, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY SINGLE young man; no objection to country; good references. Address J 75, Tribune office.

### Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—GOOD; STATE EXPERIENCE, speed, salary, and age. Address in own handwriting, MANUFACTURER, 604 1st-st., Jackson, Mich.

STENOGRAPHER—A GOOD—STATE EXPERIENCE, speed, salary, and age. Address, in own handwriting, Manufacturers, 604 1st-st., Jackson, Mich.

SITUATION WANTED—ANY BUSINESS HOUSE gratuitously supplied with reliable stenographer. J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER and Remington operator; good references. Address J 84, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS STENOGRAPHER OR office assistant by young man; experienced. References. Address J 178, Tribune office.

### Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—TO PROVISION MERCHANTS and poulterers—a young man with six years' London experience seeks engagement in above trades; good references; been in this country 12 months. Apply C. A. JEFFERIES, Hudnal, Fla.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN TO DO chores night and morning for board within four blocks of Wabash-av. and Adams-st. Address K D 103, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—LONDON, ENG., ENGLISHMAN returning shortly wishes to represent a first-class American firm on salary; first-class references. Address W. LAMBERT, 37 E. 16th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN, 35 years of age; sober and trustworthy; 15 years experience in overseeing workmen, time keeping, etc. Address J 68, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN; GOOD worker; best of references; moderate salary. Address J 82, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED all-around hotel man, with references, or manage a house for some one; city or country. J 62, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GARDENER BY SINGLE man; private place preferred; good references. Address J 70, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS COLLECTOR; strictly honest and reliable; bank references. Address J 76, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN 20 IN cigar business; good address; moral habits; small salary. Address J 77, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HEAD WAITER. Address J 18, Tribune office.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CASHIER OR OFFICE assistant of four years' experience; rapid, accurate, and references. Address H 180, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CASHIER IN RESTAURANT or drug store by young lady; experienced. Address J 152, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY; OFFICE work; references given. J 162, Tribune.

### Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GIRL, AGE 22, TO American family as governess or chambermaid; speaks French and German, and little English; knows cooking and everything in housekeeping. Address, with wages, J 172, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—HOUSEWORK; 25 girls on hand; also cooks, first-class laundresses; 20 second girls; no charge till suited. The Industrial, 220 Ontario and 144 N. Clark.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CHILD'S NURSE BY refined, intelligent lady; shortly arrived from Germany. Call or address 1102 48th-st., cor. Morgan.

SITUATION WANTED—IN A HOTEL AS HOUSEKEEPER by middle-aged lady of good experience; city or country. Address J 10, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE young Irish girl in respectable private family. Call at 153 Johnson-st., top floor; no postals.

### Stenographers.

SITUATIONS WANTED—COMPETENT STENOGRAPHERS and typewriter operators supplied business houses without charge.
WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT,
Tel. 137. 175 Monroe-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—ANY BUSINESS HOUSE gratuitously supplied with reliable stenographers. J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER wishes position; can furnish best of references. Address J 141, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT LADY stenographer; Remington operator; experienced; wages moderate. Address J 167, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS lady stenographer, Remington. J 171, Tribune.

### Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY OF MIDDLE age, not uneducated, speaking German and English; agreeable companion; good housekeeper and purchaser; no objection to child; or will travel. Address J 67, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY—AT once; speaks German and French fluently; is a good musician (vocal and instrumental); also good penman. Address J 94, Tribune office.

## WANTED—MALE HELP.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

CLERK—BILLING; MUST WRITE A GOOD hand. Address J 98, Tribune office.

DRUGGIST—REGISTERED; SINGLE; GOOD business-man. Address, with full particulars, J 69, Tribune office.

DRUG CLERK—FOR RELIEF WORK; MUST speak German. 171 N. Clark-st.

ENTRY CLERK—GOOD ENTRY CLERK; ONE who writes rapidly and plainly, who is quick and accurate at figures, and can furnish good references. Address, stating qualifications, and salary expected, J 173, Tribune office.

SODA DISPENSER—EXPERT. APPLY, AT ONCE, 320 Wabash-av.

YOUNG MAN—TO TAKE CHARGE OF NOTION department in large retail house; extended experience and A1 references required. Address J 72, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN ABOUT 20 FOR OFFICE WORK; must be a good stenographer and familiar with Remington machine. Address J 88, Tribune office.

### Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS—FIRST-CLASS—Call Excelsior Printing Co., 350 Dearborn-st.

SALESMAN—AN EXPERIENCED CROCKERY, glassware, and hardware, to take charge of department in Wyoming. Address K D 104, Tribune.

SALESMAN—FOR CITY—TO SELL SODA SYRUP—An active man can make good money and have permanent position. Address J 95, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—TWO FIRST-CLASS SALESMEN to push the sale to retail grocers in city of a specialty now handled by principal jobbers; must be thoroughly acquainted with the trade and have unexceptional references. Permanent positions and prospect of advancement. Don't want back numbers. Address J 90, Tribune office.

## WANTED—MALE HELP.

### Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESMEN—WE MAKE A LIBERAL OFFER TO traveling and local salesmen in every state who call on retail grocers. Gluten Entire Wheat Flour Co., 135 Lake-st., Chicago, Ill.

SALESMEN VISITING THE HARDWARE, DRY goods, and notion trade to take side line. Address, with references, American Curling Iron Works, 74 Market-st., Chicago.

SALESMEN—TEN EXPERIENCED TEA AND CIGAR salesmen; useless to apply unless hustlers with a good record and established trade. Address K F 35, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—FIRST-CLASS—TO SELL A FINE line of leather goods novelties to the retail trade; something new and attractive. Call 528 to 530 Unity Bldg.

SALESMEN—CITY; TO TAKE ORDERS FOR OUR world-renowned $4 custom pants. Apollo Custom Pants Mfrs., 316 State-st.

SALESMEN, OFFICE MEN, CLERKS CALL AT CAMPBELL, DOWD & CO., Room 11, 323 Dearborn.

SOLICITOR—WHO CAN EARN $15 WEEKLY. Call 8 to 12 a. m. at Room 1026 Chicago Opera House.

### Boys.

BELL BOYS—CURRIER HOTEL, 15 S. CLARK-ST.

BOY—ABOUT 15 YRS. OLD TO RUN ERRANDS and learn business; must be well recommended; steady employment; wages to commence with $3 per week. Address J 157, Tribune office.

BOY—IN LARGE REAL ESTATE OFFICE TO learn business and do some shorthand and typewriting work; small salary. Address J 151, Tribune office.

BOY—HAVING 1 OR 2 YEARS' EXPERIENCE TO learn the drug business; references. Call at 405 E. 43d-st.

BOY—STRONG, LIVING WITH PARENTS, TO learn the hardware business; also office boy. Address J 148, Tribune office.

BOY—STRONG, WISHING TO LEARN DRUG business. 229 Wabash-av.

BOY—ABOUT 16 YEARS OLD TO WORK AT soda fountain. Call at once 64 State-st.

BOY—ERRAND; QUICK, BRIGHT, GOOD PENman. Address K 4, Tribune office.

### Trades.

BAKER—BREAD; NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS MAN need apply. 247 57th-st., Hyde Park.

BARBER—TO RUN EIGHT CHAIRS, 1307 Chamber of Commerce Building; 10 until 5 daily.

CARPENTERS WANTED—FOUR GOOD HANDS, 63d-st. and Madison-av.

COOK—EXPERIENCED—SWEDE PREFERRED; sixty people; permanent place at good wages for right party. Address SUPERINTENDENT, Upper Alton, Ill.

FOREMAN—GOOD MAN TO ACT AS FOREMAN of machine work in a bicycle factory; must have good references and be competent to handle men and turn out high grade work; state what positions have held and salary expected; also men to take charge of cone work and frame work and assembly-room that can comply with above conditions. J 79, Tribune office.

FOREMAN—FIRST-CLASS MAN IN A BOILER shop in city of 250,000 inhabitants; good salary and permanent position guaranteed. Address K 98, Tribune office.

FURNITURE DESIGNER—WHO IS WILLING TO work evenings on a few designs; state where now employed. Address J 91, Tribune office.

MAN—GOOD ON FANCY CAKE AND ICE-CREAM. 247 Fifty-seventh-st., Hyde Park.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN. APPLY AT OFFICE of the National Malleable Casting company, Western-av. and 26th-st.

### Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER AND CALIGRAPH OPERATOR—Good, male. G. A. SMITH, Room 58, 134 East Van Buren-st.

STENOGRAPHER—CALIGRAPH OPERATOR; Address, with age and references, J 163, Tribune.

### Miscellaneous.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN. APPLY AT A. DRUIDING, 27 Metropolitan Block.

BUSINESS FIRMS WANTING HELP OF ANY kind apply to WM. REED & CO., Tacoma.

COLLECTOR—YOUNG MAN OF 18 TO 20 YEARS; must have first-class references and be good penman. Address J 165, Tribune office.

CORRESPONDENT—THOROUGH ENGLISH AND German, for large dry goods house; stenographer preferred. Address J 74, Tribune office.

CIGAR MANAGER—FOR RESTAURANT AND club house. 1307 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

HOSTLER—GOOD MAN. 486 N. LINCOLN-ST.

LABORERS—AT THE ILLINOIS TERRA COTTA Lumber Co.'s factory, Pullman, Ill.

MAN—A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MAN who is conversant with the canning and processing of lunch tongues and other meats to take entire charge of manufacturing department; must be able to manage employes; best of references as to capability required. Address J 154, Tribune office.

MAN—ACTIVE—IN MANUFACTURING BUSINESS; must invest some money; good salary. Address J 39, Tribune office.

MAN—YOUNG; AT SODA FOUNTAIN. 572 Madison.

MANAGER—WITH $200 TO $500 TO INVEST IN a big-paying business. Apply at 128 Wells-st.

MAN—BRIGHT, YOUNG—OF 21, IN RETAIL cigar business. Address J 156, Tribune office.

MEN THAT ARE OUT OF EMPLOYMENT (OR wish to change) to solicit life insurance for the Fidelity. Only those who can furnish references need apply. Why work indoor and sacrifice your health when you can make from $100 to $300 soliciting insurance?
F. B. FLEMING, Room 46, 115 Dearborn-st.

MEN—50 FAT MEN, 50 LEAN MEN FOR "A Trip to the Circus." Inquire stage door McVicker's Theater, Wednesday, 8 a. m.

PACKER—EXPERIENCED—BY WHOLESALE dry-goods house; state references. Address J 160, Tribune office.

PORTER—EXPERIENCED NIGHT PORTER; must be sober and have best of references.
FRANK BROS., 138 State-st.

PORTER—ALSO DINING-ROOM GIRL OR MAN. 47 and 49 Fifth-av.

SUPERINTENDENT—FOR CLUB HOUSE; MUST have good executive ability; also assistant secretary for company; thoroughly experienced; good salaries; 1307 Chamber of Commerce Building.

TRIMMER—FIRST-CLASS WINDOW AND INSIDE trimmer; must be steady and sober; best references required; state salary. Address J 73, Tribune.

WE HAVE GOOD VACANCIES ON HAND FOR men seeking better grade employment; no charge for interview; services guaranteed. PEOPLE'S EXCHANGE, Room 44, 119 Dearborn.

YOUNG MAN—FOR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT; capability and experience a necessity; state where employed and salary expected. Address J 71, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—TWO, STEADY; $14 WEEKLY. 128 La Salle-st., Room 10.

## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG LADY; SALARY TO start, $26 a month. Address J 169, Tribune office.

CASHIER AND BOOKKEEPER IN DRUG STORE. German lady; wages $6 per week. Address J 89, Tribune office.

CASHIER—EXPERIENCED LADY; MUST COME well recommended. Apply Star Dry Goods House, 39th and Cottage Grove; open evenings.

### Domestics.

CHAMBERMAID—HOTEL MEYER, 41 S. WATER-st., 2d floor.

GIRL—COMPETENT FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in a small family. 3670 Indiana-av. Wages, $4.00.

GIRLS FOR FAMILIES, MAIDS, COOKS, WAITresses, housekeepers, stores, offices, factories. The Industrial, 220 Ontario and 144 N. Clark.

HOUSEKEEPER—WORKING; COMPETENT, RELIABLE woman; steady place; no washing; good wages. 7011 Honore-st., Englewood.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; no washing. Apply at once with references. 4451 Champlain-av.

HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 213 53d-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork at 141 Pine-st.

HOUSEWORK—GERMAN GIRL; FAMILY OF 3 adults. 728 W. Lake-st.

HOUSEWORK—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 4741 Indiana-av.

NURSE—GOOD GIRL FOR YOUNG BABY; GOOD wages. Call on MR. HARTMANN, 171 West Madison-st.

NURSE GIRL—AT 4517 LAKE-AV.

SECOND GIRL AND WAITRESS—COMPETENT—Small family; good wages. 5505 Cornell-av., Hyde Park.

### Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

APPRENTICES—BASQUE AND SKIRT HANDS; also girls to learn dressmaking and cutting; steady work; high wages. Call or write. MME. BONA & BROS., 300 Michigan-av.

DRESSMAKERS—FIRST-CLASS AND EXPERIENCED. Flat 3, 371 N. Clark-st.

### Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY—TO OPERATE REMINGTON machine and assist at single-entry books; large experience not necessary, but must be correct at figures and good speller. Address Postoffice Box No. 137.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERT STENOGRAPHER, typewriter (Rem.), and assist on books; position permanent; liberal salary. Address J 63, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY—VERY ORDINARY speed, but rapid on any leading machine; $10. 412 First National Bank Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER AND REMINGTON OPERATOR—Lady; salary, $7 to begin. Address J 139, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHERS—FIVE LADIES, WITH EXPERIENCE; good positions. 314, 84 La Salle-st.

TYPEWRITER OPERATOR—HAMMOND—EXPERIENCED lady; curved key board.
26 Times Building.

### Miscellaneous.

FORELADY—TO TAKE CHARGE OF PIANO scarf room; must be experienced. Address J 92, Tribune office.

GIRLS—TO COPY NAMES—CAN TAKE WORK home; 85c per thousand. Apply after 1 o'clock today to J. MAUS, Room 641, Temple Court Bldg.

LADIES—EDUCATED TO TRAVEL; NO CANVASSING; salary and expenses; $120 per month. Call Room 517 Oxford, 84 La Salle-st.

SECOND GIRL—COMPETENT, WITH GOOD reference; 4 in family. 3223 Groveland-av.

50 FAT WOMEN, 50 LEAN WOMEN—FOR "A Trip to the Circus." Inquire stage door, McVicker's Theater, Wednesday, 8 a. m.

## DRESSMAKING.

LADIES—EXAMINE FAUT'S TAILORS' AND Dressmakers' Square; improved 1892; one lesson free; reliable patterns cut.
FRANK BROS., 138-144 State-st.

## CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—POOR HEALTH compels me to sell some lots I bought to build up; they are all built around with good houses; all improvements in; will give a good deal. Address J 87, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—MANUFACTURING property of all kinds: docks, warehouses, etc. Buildings erected for responsible tenants.
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st. Tel. 681.

FOR SALE—2 LOTS CHEAP, IF TAKEN IMMEDIATELY. DUTHIL, 162 La Salle, R. 84.

## SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
CHOICE NEW RESIDENCES.
3846 AND 3850 LAKE-AV., EAST FRONT.
New modern Bedford rock stone front, containing 10 rooms, close to Illinois Central R. R. station at 39th-st., and near cable cars. These can be bought $1,000 cheaper than anything on the South Side, location and workmanship considered. Plumbing a special feature. Do not fail to see these.
MEAD & COE, R. 801, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—INDIANA-AV., NEAR 58TH-ST.—
2-story, modern brick, new, 10 rooms; lot 25x161 feet; 2-story barn; $7,000.
Indiana-av., near 59th-st.,
a new 2-story frame on stone cellar, 10 rooms, every modern convenience; lot 34x130 feet; price, $6,750. A. H. LORD,
149 La Salle-st., Room 26.

FOR SALE—THE BEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED. What are you thinking of? Only $45 and $50 per front foot that is well worth $125 on some of the best South Side avenues, near the L road and all other roads, with all street improvements in and paid for. The owner must have money; only a few more lots left; come and see them. T. P. KEEFE, cor. of La Salle and Monroe-sts.

FOR SALE—SNAP BARGAINS—
Dearborn-st., near 44th-st., 44x123 ft., 2 2-story frame flat buildings, 24 rooms, rental $768; sell for $4,500.
Wabash-av., cor. 41st-st., 52½x161 ft., partly improved; must be sold.
P. F. McCARTHY & CO., 3841 State-st.

FOR SALE—
BRYANT-AV., NEAR VINCENNES-AV.,
lot 25x150 ft.
Modern 2-story brick; will sell at a sacrifice.
MEAD & COE,
100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—TWO CORNERS—VINCENNES-AV., NORTH OF 47TH-ST.
One lot 50x121 ft.; $165.
One lot 76x145 ft.; $175.
BOTH BEAUTIFUL CORNERS.
A. H. LORD, 149 La Salle st., Room 26.

FOR SALE—VINCENNES-AV., EAST FRONT, NEAR 45TH-ST.
Lot 100x208 ft.; $165 per foot.
A. H. LORD, 149 La Salle-st., Room 26.

FOR SALE—VINCENNES-AV. CORNER—NORTH OF 47TH-ST.
Lot 200x208 feet; a magnificent corner.
A. H. LORD, 149 La Salle-st., Room 26.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCES ON ALL AVENUES; large list. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

## WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—

| | |
|---|---|
| Ashland-av., 37½ ft. | $ 2,100 |
| Ashland-av., 50 ft. | 2,500 |
| Clark-st. corner, 122 ft | 6,500 |
| Lincoln-av. corner, 140 ft | 7,500 |
| Clybourn Junction, 105 ft | 3,500 |
| Paulina-st. corner, 189 ft | 10,000 |
| Perry-st., 37½ ft | 1,500 |

Will build houses on easy payments.
OTTO E. PIETSCH, Room 623, 84 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS—
268 feet, Campbell-av., cor. Taylor-st. Tel. Main 2737.
438 feet, Harvard-st., west of Campbell-av.
972 feet, Taylor-st., west of Campbell-av.
200 feet, Fillmore-st., west of Campbell-av.
Free switching from Pan-Handle and Northern Pacific belt line railroads. Address owner,
J. W. HEDENBERG, 132 La Salle-st., Room 11.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS ON LINE OF "METROPOLITAN Elevated," near Garfield Park. Some cannot hold on for the advance surely coming. Now is the time to get in at bedrock. Write or call on us.
J. T. SUTOR, 1264 Madison-st., or 304 Tacoma Building.

FOR SALE—
A bargain in West Side lots; houses built to suit on monthly payments or for cash.
The Chicago Mill and Building Co.,
Suite 515, 19 Quincy-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—FINE RESIDENCE, 353 Ashland-blvd. Immediate possession. MEADOWCROFT BROS., Bankers, N. W. corner Dearborn and Washington-sts.

FOR SALE—2-STORY HOUSE ON LA SALLE-ST., between 32d and 33d-sts.; price $6,000; cash $2,500. ZETTERBERG & BENGTSON, 312 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, CORNER LOT, 125 FEET, fronting Milwaukee-av. and 165 feet on California-av. E. MELINO, 1787 Milwaukee-av.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN ON TWELFTH-ST., NEAR Robey. JAMES WADSWORTH,
93 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—$2,700, ½ CASH, BUYS 3 BEST lots, Grand-av., near Lawndale, for quick sale.
JOUVENAT & CO., 3503 State-st.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS AND MANUFACTURING property. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

## NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—NEW THREE-STORY STONE FRONT flat near Lincoln Park; hardwood finish, sanitary plumbing, steam heat; pays over 10 per cent; investigate; might consider small piece of vacant if well located. GEORGE & SPELZ, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—3-STORY BUILDING; BUSINESS corner; good investment; $6,000. 12 Cleveland-av.

## HYDE PARK REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.
15,000 feet near World's Fair grounds, suitable for all business purposes.
3,000 feet on Stony Island-av.
5,000 feet corner 67th-st. and Stony Island-av. for lease.
Call for map of prohibition and non-prohibition district.
FRANK S. BETZ,
Suite 907, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—
Madison-av., near 55th-st.; positive bargain; Haerther's two-story stone-front and brick apartment houses; 6 and 7 rooms in each; entirely new; all modern improvements; nets 10 per cent; easy terms; convenient to World's Fair grounds; a splendid chance for investment. W. J. HAERTHER,
534 Unity Building,
79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BY JACKSON & MURRAY.
Tel. 3953. 505 Inter-Ocean Bldg.
McChesney-av., near 64th-st., 50 ft., $40.
Cottage-Grove-av., north of 54th-st., 100 ft. at $150.
Oglesby-av., near 65th-st., 50 ft., $75.
Vincennes-av., corner of 46th-st., 50x140, only $165.

FOR SALE—OAKENWALD-AV., KENWOOD—NEAR 45TH-ST.
An elegant new, modern 3-story brick, with every latest comfort and convenience; steam heat, electric lighting; servants' bath, etc. This is a 20-foot house; price $12,000.
A. H. LORD, 149 La Salle-st., Room 26.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—
WABASH-AV., 50x160 FEET, NEAR 49TH, E. F.,
Price, $110.
Will sell for the above if taken at once; $15 below market price. INVESTIGATE.
MEAD & COE,
100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A LARGE NICE HOUSE AT NO. 6106 Woodlawn-av.; it has 18 rooms, all well lighted and conveniently arranged; 3 bath-rooms, 7 mantels, and everything desired in a first-class establishment; it is in easy walking distance of the Chicago University and World's Fair; lot 48x175 feet; price $14,000; easy terms. PIERCE & COWLES, 111 53d-st.

FOR SALE—
SHERIDAN AV. COR. 64TH ST.
165x100 ft.
Will sell for $75 per ft; only one block from L road and three blocks from Woodlawn station; fine corner for a flat bldg. MEAD & CO. 100 Washington.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS—100X128, ST. Lawrence-av., near 47th-st.; $25 below market; will divide. 25x134, Langley-av., south of 43d-st.; light all round; ripe for improvement. OWNER, 309 Bowen-av.

FOR SALE—COSY 8-ROOM HOUSE ON SHERIDAN-av.; furnished; bargain; 100x188 feet; n. w. cor. 61st-st. and Sheridan-av.
S. E. MAGILL, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SNAP—50X175—WOODLAWN-AV., BETWEEN 54th and 55th-sts.; $115.
CHAS. L. MOAK, 116 La Salle-st., Room 50.

FOR SALE—OAKENWALD-AV., NEAR 46TH-ST., 40 feet, only $135. A. H. KINKAID, 118 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD RESIDENCE AND LOTS. Large list. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

## LAKE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SANGAMON-ST., NEAR 73D, TWO lots, 50x125; will sell one lot for $900 and give the other to purchaser as a present.
D. WARD, Room 18, 108 Dearborn-st.

## LAKE VIEW REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—TAKE CLARK-ST. CARS TO WILSON-av. and visit the Sheridan Drive subdivision—a park covered with trees and flowering shrubs. Special inducements to those wishing to build. Am building a nine-room house, green stone basement, finished in cypress and oak; will sell on easy terms.
Ravenswood—Am building 6-room Queen Anne cottages; bath, closet, etc., for $2,800; $200 down, $15 month.
48 feet on Orchard-st., east front, north of Deming-ct. SAM BROWN, JR.,
409 Chicago Opera House Building.

FOR SALE—30-FOOT RESIDENCE LOT, VERY near north entrance to Lincoln Park; $155 per ft.; $20 below anything on the street. GEORGE & SPELZ, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSES AND LOTS IN RAVENSWOOD and vicinity. LLOYD & CO., 94 La Salle-st.

## CICERO REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—NEW 2-STORY HOUSES AT AUSTIN Park, with modern conveniences; from $2,500 to $3,000 each; choice lots $500 and upwards.
BASS, KESSLER & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—VACANT AND IMPROVED AT OAK Park, Austin, River Forest, and Ridgeland; lots on monthly payments.
C. A. SMITH, Room 42, 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—GOOD 160-ACRE farm in Otoe County, Neb. Address J 65, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL 8-ROOM HOME AT Berwyn, 28 minutes ride on C. B. & Q. All improvements, $3,500. Address G 44, Tribune office.

## SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—RIVERSIDE PROPERTY—LOTS 100 x200 feet, with fine shade trees, paved streets, stone sidewalk, pure water, perfect sewerage, and the best railway service running out of Chicago.
J. L. LEE & CO.,
Room 3, 101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A NICE HOME AT ROGERS PARK; cheap and on easy terms. Address F 28, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—NORTH SHORE—AWAY FROM TURMOIL of World's Fair, a beautiful home; all conveniences; grounds 2 acres. K D 82, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AT LA GRANGE—NEW MODERN houses; complete; best situations; easy terms.
C. W. RICHMOND, 94 La Salle-st., R. 28.

FOR SALE—FEW EVANSTON LOTS AT $150 each. DUTHIL, 162 La Salle, R. 84.

## ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—TEN ACRES, S. W. CORNER 87TH and South Chicago-av.; very desirable bargain.
F. C. VIERLING, 110 Dearborn-st., Room 25.

FOR SALE—15 ACRES, CENTRALLY LOCATED, in Evanston; ripe for subdivision; a bargain. L. J. ARTHUR, 85 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—4 ACRES, NEAR STATION, schools, churches, etc; fine location for a home; grand view. L. P. NARAMORE, Downer's Grove.

## WAUKEGAN ACRES.

FOR SALE—66 ACRES 4 MILES NORTH: 44 acres one mile southwest on two principal streets—West-Washburn-Moen Works.
CALVIN K. AUSTIN,
R. 531, 79 Dearborn-st.

## REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—SELECT YOUR LOT. WE WILL build your house on monthly payments; contracts solicited. Chicago Mill and Building Co., 19 Quincy-st., Suite 515.

WANTED—TO BUY—A RESIDENCE ON SOUTH Side between 45th and 63d-sts.; $3,500 to $6,000; owners only reply. J 140, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO BUY—FROM OWNER, A FINE located corner for saloon purposes; must be a bargain. C. B. RICHARD & CO., 62 Clark-st.

## REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

CITY EQUITIES WANTED—WOULD EXCHANGE Southern timber land; make offer. D 79, Trib.

EXCHANGE—IMPROVED WEST SIDE PROPERTY for vacant; ripe for improving. Chicago Mill and Bldg. Co., Room 515, 19 Quincy-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR INCOME OR CLEAR vacant, equity of $10,000 in finely located residence lots at Beverley Hills, with street improvements all in; would sell part for cash very cheap, or trade all for clear vacant or income incumbered for half. M. W. DUNNE, Owner,
86 Wabash-av.

FOR EXCHANGE OR SALE—
We have a 72-acre farm in Allegan County, Mich., complete in every detail for farming, containing hundreds of fruit trees, etc.; we will exchange it for a good flat building or other good paying income property in Chicago. INVESTIGATION SOLICITED. MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—$45,000 EQUITY IN 6 STORES and 12 flats, leasehold, corner State and 20th.
M. C. BEYMER, 151 Monroe-st., R. 31.

TO EXCHANGE—BY JACKSON & MURRAY,
Tel. 3953. 505 Inter-Ocean Bldg.
3-story stone-front flat building, Forrestville-av., near 50th, 31 ft. lot, equity $7,000; want Hyde Park vacant for equity.
Langley-av., near 44th-st., 2-story stone-front flat building, rent $636; equity $3,500; want vacant to improve; price $6,000.

TO EXCHANGE—640 ACRES EDWARDS COUNTY, Kas.; 20 lots Wheaton; 45 large lots Bismarck, capital North Dakota; $4,000 notes by Chicago parties, secured and unsecured; for good clear real estate valued at $12,000. 211, 19 Quincy-st.

TO EXCHANGE—$40,000 WORTH OF CLEAR Evanston lots; want Dakota wheat land or Illinois farm. L. B. SPENCER, 116, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO EXCHANGE—GOOD FARMS; WANT STOCK goods. Box 76, Frankfort, Ind.

TO EXCHANGE—$4,000 STOCK OF DRUGS, DOING a fine business, for real estate. J 142, Tribune.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—DIAMOND WORTH $75 for sulky. Address J 85, Tribune office.

WILL TRADE 160 ACRES NEBRASKA LAND for a good grocery store. 1023 Masonic Temple.

## REAL ESTATE LOANS.

A FUND OF $100,000 TO LOAN ON CHICAGO real estate at once; will be loaned in small amounts; no charge for inspection or drawing of papers; will be loaned to build; call on us.
J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO.,
Est'd 1879. Major Block, 149 La Salle-st.

ANY AMOUNT TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE; building loans; all business confidential. WM. POTTER BULLARD, 409 Ashland Block.

COOK COUNTY LOAN CO.
Loans money to build; short notice; low rates of interest. Unity Building, 79 Dearborn-st.,
Room 1614.

CORLIES & CHILDS, 100 WASHINGTON-ST., R. 505, loan $1,000 and upward on city property. Applications by mail receive prompt attention.

FOR EXCHANGE—FINELY IMPROVED S. DAK. farm, 480 acres, clear; want N. Shore property, clear; only owners reply. Address J 80, Tribune.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
116 and 118 La Salle-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

I WANT $12,000, 5 YEARS, ON IMPROVED CITY real-estate, worth $28,000. Call on
H. S. PRESCOTT,
189 La Salle, R. 91.

I WILL BUY PURCHASE MONEY 1ST OR 2D mortgages, or loan money on same. E. C. JOHNSON, 1316 Chamber of Commerce.

KERR & BARR MAKE REAL ESTATE LOANS building loans. 189 La Salle-st.

LOANS MADE IN ANY AMOUNT ON GOOD first and second class substantially improved city property; also choice large building loans; privilege of prepayment on any interest-paying day; no delay; money on hand. WM. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
156 and 158 La Salle-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, Rooms 13 and 14, 116 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5, 5½, AND 6 PER CENT on Chicago improved property.
EDWIN F. GETCHELL,
Tel. Main 2,586. 208 Home Ins. Bld.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT FROM $1,000 up on improved real estate.
BARNES & PARISH,
157 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON good real-estate security.
JAMES L. WALLER & CO.,
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HUCHINSON & LUFF, 1 Borden Block.

WANTED—TO BORROW—$15,000 AND $30,000 at 5½ per cent, 5 or 10 years. BEIFELD BROTHERS, 418 Home Ins. Bldg.

WANTED—TO BORROW $18,000 ON HYDE Park improved worth $39,000. Address P 175, Tribune office.

WANTED—$500—QUICK—ON CLEAR DAUPHIN Park lot. Address J 158, Tribune office.

$1,000, $2,000, AND UPWARDS TO LOAN ON Chicago real estate; lowest rates; money on hand. HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY,
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$75,000 TO LOAN; REAL ESTATE. K. SMITH, 90 La Salle-st.

$100,000 IN SUMS TO SUIT ON VACANT Chicago property. D 143, Tribune.

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ABOUT MONEY—
DO YOU NEED ANY?
We make loans of any size, large or small, on household goods, piano, horses, wagons, and warehouse receipts at very low rates, for any length of time desired. Any part of the loan can be paid at any time, thus reducing the interest as fast as the loan is paid. If you need a loan please call on us.
CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
86 La Salle-st. (main floor),
First floor above the street.

ANY ONE DESIRING TO MAKE A QUICK LOAN upon their furniture, piano, horses, or carriage, on the very easiest terms and with the utmost privacy will do well to call at the office of
FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO
153 MONROE-ST.,
Before dealing elsewhere.

ADVANCES— LOANS
SHIELDS & BRO.
95 and 97 Clark st., Room 9.
We buy secured paper and make loans on notes, mortgages, warehouse receipts, and all good securities at lowest rates.

ANY SUM ADVANCED ON FURNITURE.
No removal, delay, or publicity; cheapest rates and easiest payment. See us first.
Household Loan Assn., Room 304, 85 Dearborn-st.

ALL GET MONEY AT 3 AND 4 PER CENT ON furniture, pianos, etc.
WESLEY SHIMEALL,
Room 29, 149 La Salle-st., Major Block.

A CHANCE TO GET BIG INTEREST—WILL sell some good first mortgage at discount. Address P 176, Tribune office.

CHICAGO TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, 124 Washington-st.—Loans made at market rates upon commercial paper, approved names, warehouse receipts, merchandise, secured notes, equities in real estate, and any available collateral.

COMMERCIAL PAPER BOUGHT. LOANS MADE upon second mortgages on improved real estate, and upon any other good collaterals at market rates.
W. R. TRASHER,
Rooms 62, 63, and 64, 126 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$100 FOR $50, WITH FULL GUARANTEE of 10 per cent on the investment; 500 shares of stock in an established and paying manufacturing company; the above stock will be worth $150 inside of 24 months; remember only 500 shares left. Call or address. BRADFORD BROS., 266 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—100 FULLY PAID UP WORLD'S FAIR stock; make offer for whole or part. Address J 175, Tribune office.

IF YOU NEED MONEY CALL AT HEYMANS, Collateral Bank, 145 E. Madison, near La Salle. PRIVATE ENTRANCE BREVOORT HOTEL. Money loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, seal garments, bicycles, and any available collaterals.

MONEY TO LOAN AT MARKET RATES; COMMERCIAL paper bought; collateral loans negotiated; bonds and stocks bought and sold.
CAMPBELL & CAMPBELL,
R. 120, 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—LOAN OF $400; GOOD PARTY; good interest; second mortgage; worth double. Address J 145, Tribune office.

## UNDERTAKING.

POSTLEWAIT—
High class undetraking; all divisions of the city and suburbs not exceeding 100 miles distant.
Telephone west 209.

## TO RENT—HOUSES.

### South Side.

TO RENT—ELEGANT NEW MODERN 9-ROOM stone and brick house finished in hardwood, tile vestibule, hardwood floors, etc.; 443 38th-st., near Wabash-av. Low until May 1. Key at 437 38th-st.
MITCHELL & CO., 12 Pacific-av.

FOR RENT—$100—3227 WABASH—10 ROOMS; oak finish; every convenience; carpets, range, if wanted. Few like it for rent.

TO RENT—ON WABASH-AV., NEAR 63D-ST.—3-story and basement brick house newly papered and painted. J. V. FARLIN, 85 Washington-st.

FOR RENT—MY 12-ROOM RESIDENCE, ELEGANTLY furnished. Apply premises, 3153 Calumet.

TO RENT—10-ROOM HOUSE, FURNISHED. 3344 Vernon-av.

### West Side.

TO RENT—WEST SIDE HOUSE—
844 W. Monroe-st., 8-room modern, fine order; World's Fair lease; rent $45;
NORMAN T. GASSETTE & CO.,
Real Estate,
110 Dearborn-st.

### North Side.

FOR RENT—
51 St. Clair-st., corner Ohio-st., modern 9-room stone front residence.
54 St. Clair-st., 11-room east front residence; in good repair. Keys at 380 Ontario-st.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO.,
34 Clark-st.

### Hyde Park.

TO RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK HOUSES, just completed; ten rooms each; Oglesby-av. near 64th-st., three blocks from World's Fair; also five-room cottage, same vicinity; can be rented separately or entire; also handsome nine-room frame; large lot; Myrtle-av. near 65th-st.
T. J. HOLTON,
Suite 216-18, 85 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED house of 9 rooms with good stable on Washington-av.; easy walking distance from World's Fair; will rent from now till May, 1894, for $150 a month. PIERCE & COWLES, 111 53d-st.

TO RENT—6016 PARK END-AV.—11 ROOMS, all modern; 2 years' lease. S. E. MAGILL, 85 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ON WABASH-AV., NEAR 63D-ST.—3-story and basement brick house newly papered and painted. J. V. FARLIN, 85 Washington-st.

## TO RENT—FLATS.

### North Side.

TO RENT—"THE CLEVELAND."—
COR. FULLERTON AND CLEVELAND-AVS.
FINE APARTMENT HOUSE JUST COMPLETED.
Five, six, and seven-room apartments containing every convenience, steam heat, hot water, refrigerators, ranges, shades, gas fixtures, screens, store rooms, laundries, janitor services, fine bath rooms with open sanitary plumbing, telephone, all for a moderate rental. Only a few left unrented. Inquire at any hour at flat No. 1, or of
GOUDY, SHANKLIN & CO.,
84 La Salle-st. (Oxford Bldg.).

TO RENT—1454 NEWPORT-AV., EAST OF Clark-st., 2d flat, 6 rooms, $35 per mo.; 3d flat, 6 rooms, $30 per mo.; the best new modern improvements, with steam heat; stone front; on one of the finest avenues on the North Side.

TO RENT—MAPLE-ST., NEAR DEARBORN-AV.—5-room flat, steam heat; also 6-room flats, Clark and Maple, no steam heat. H. HAMMOND, 41 River.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT OF 5 ROOMS; owner will take board in payment. 295 Illinois-st.

### South Side.

TO RENT—IN THE RAINIER, S. E. COR. COTTAGE Grove-av. and 33d-st., 6 and 7 room apartments, elegant and complete, with all modern conveniences; at a reduced rental for a short time only. Apply to BENJ. F. TOBIN,
Office in building.

TO RENT—MAGNIFICENT APARTMENTS IN "The Clinton," 1427 Michigan-av.; plans at our office. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

### West Side.

TO RENT—6-ROOM FLAT, 276 W. RANDOLPH-st., $22.50; 4-room flat, 10 S. Morgan, $15; 5-room flat, 12 S. Morgan, $20. See janitor on premises, or E. MAYNARD, Room 310, 85 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—SIX AND SEVEN ROOM FLATS. JANITOR service. Inquire 170 Laflin-st., d flat.

## TO RENT—ROOMS.

### South Side.

TO RENT—3229 FOREST-AV., ELEGANT FURNISHED large front room, folding bed and kitchen, all conveniences, for light housekeeping; other sleeping rooms for gentlemen.

TO RENT—STRANGERS VISITING THE CITY will find elegantly furnished apartments at the Argyle, Suite 11, Jackson and Michigan.
MRS. THOMAS.

TO RENT—323 MICHIGAN-AV., PARLOR FLOOR, 3 rooms; 2d floor, 2 rooms, single or en suite; handsomely furnished; for party of gentlemen.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS, single or en suite; board if desired. 3250 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM FOR lady or gentleman; private family; first-class; Lake Front, near 31st-st.; $15 per month.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, GENTLEMEN only. 3230 Forest-av.; terms reasonable.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, 163 Adams-st., opposite Rand-McNally's, $2.50 a week.

TO RENT—MADISON-AV., NEAR 55TH-ST., pleasant room; private family. J 179, Tribune.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED PARLORS; also pleasant single room. 2947 Calumet-av.

### North Side.

TO RENT—IN THE KENILWORTH 282 AND 284 Erie-st., near State-st., furnished rooms for gentlemen; new building and new furniture; prices moderate.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT room; best hair mattress; everything first-class. 255 E. Ohio, fourth apartment.

TO RENT—326 LA SALLE-AV.—BACK PARLOR and connecting rooms for 3 gentlemen; greatly reduced rent; modern conveniences; other rooms.

TO RENT—ONE OR TWO NEWLY-FURNISHED front rooms, with or without board, in nice neighborhood. 613 North Clark-st., 2d flat.

TO RENT—NICE ROOMS $2 TO $5 A WEEK—Water's Hotel, opened June 1. 98-100 N. Clark-st.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AT 246 North State-st., first flat.

TO RENT—297 ERIE-ST.—DESIRABLE FURNISHED rooms, double and single, with private baths.

TO RENT—LARGE, NICELY FURNISHED ROOM; gentlemen only; reasonable. 235 La Salle-av.

### Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—ROOMS IN BEST LOCATIONS. CALL personally. The Home Directory 302 Tacoma.

### Hyde Park.

TO RENT—QUIET AND PLEASANT HOME FOR invalid in physician's family. J 97, Tribune.

### Lake.

TO RENT—FRONT PARLOR FOR TWO GENTLEMEN. 6312 Wentworth-av.

## TO RENT—STORES.

### South Side.

FOR RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, 41 South Clark-st., until May, 1894; good location for clothing, tailoring, shoe, jewelry, candy, or fruit store. Inquire in store, 39 South Clark-st.

TO RENT—STORES IN THE "RANIER" Bldg., s. e. cor. Cottage Grove-av. and 33d-st.; steam heat, electric lights, etc.; elegant location. Apply to BENJ. F. TOBIN, office in the building.

FOR RENT—STORE FOR SALOON—95 ADAMS-st. Part of store, 79 Jackson-st.; also basement.

TO RENT—STORE, 307 DEARBORN-ST., 25X70, 2 street frontages; low rent.
HIBBARD PORTER & BROS., 175 Dearborn-st.

FOR RENT—STORES—65 AND 67 MARKET-st., bet. Randolph and Washington. Apply at Room 204, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR RENT—STORE 105 QUINCY-ST., 15X50 ft.; fine entrance from main corridor Rand-McNally Building. RAND, McNALLY & CO.

FOR RENT—FINE STORE FOR SHOES OR dry goods; 3626 Wentworth-av. P. F. McCARTHY & CO., 3841 State-st.

TO RENT—BUSINESS AND MANUFACTURING prop'ty. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle. Tel. 681

### North Side.

FOR RENT—STORE ON WELLS-ST., OPPOSITE new Turner Hall; living rooms in rear. Apply at 204, 167 Dearborn.

### West Side.

TO RENT—ON WEST MADISON-ST., EAST OF Ashland-av., handsome double store; plate glass; elegant furniture location; rent $200. Address J 96, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ELEGANT BRICK STORE, 211½ W. Adams-st.; good for cigar and stationery store; cheap rent. Room 206, 112 Clark-st.

## TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

### Offices.

TO RENT—OFFICE, MANHATTAN BUILDING, half price, for $15 per month. Apply 1611 Unity Building.

TO RENT—IN THE MASON BUILDING, 94 WASHINGTON-st., desirable offices, vaults, water, steam heat, elevator. G. M. TROWBRIDGE, Agt., Room 33.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN 36 MODERN BUILDINGS. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st. Tel. 681

TO RENT—ONE PRIVATE OFFICE, 1601 UNITY Bldg., 79 Dearborn-st.; price $15.

### Dock Property.

TO RENT—DOCK PROPERTY—DIVISION-ST. bridge and North Branch; long or short term, month, or cargo. WARREN SPRINGER, South Canal-st.

## TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—NEW BUILDING, 166-174 CLINTON st.—The best manufacturing building in the West; mill construction; automatic fire sprinklers; watch service; steam heat and power; fast freight and passenger elevator; stores and floors 45x160; light on all sides; will divide to suit. WARREN SPRINGER, 207 S. Canal-st.; 'phone main 4166. Low insurance.

TO RENT—PRINTERS—TAYLOR BUILDING 140-146 Monroe-st.; steam power and heat; 1 room, 30x50; 1 room 50x50; 2 rooms, 30x60; all well lighted; passenger and freight elevators.
WARREN SPRINGER,
207 S. Canal-st. 'Phone main 4166.

TO RENT—CHEAP—SEPARATE OR TOGETHER, 3 elegant floors, fit for any kind of business, size 125x40; elevator, heat, and power if wanted. Apply on premises, 153-155 S. Jefferson-st., near Jackson.
M. KEATING.

TO RENT—WOODWORKERS—4 FLOORS, 60X160; 3 floors, 50x145; 1 floor, 50x40; 1 floor, 25x40; all light on 4 sides; large freight and passenger elevators; automatic fire sprinklers; steam power and heat. WARREN SPRINGER, 207 S. Canal-st. 'Phone Main 4166.

TO RENT—ROOMS WITH POWER, ALL SIZES. We are agents for large list of factory buildings and warehouses. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FOR WOODWORKERS, FLOORS WITH power; large or small.
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—ONE-HALF RATE FOR COLLECTING your rents. Ask for references. FRED P. HOPKINS, 175 Dearborn-st., Room 48.

## TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—AT 152 MONROE-ST., FOUR ROOMS; about 9,000 square feet; price reasonable. Apply AMES SWORD CO., 146 Franklin-st.

## WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—OR BUY ON EASY TERMS—House, about 8 rooms, modern conveniences, 7,000 ft. or more land; elevated location in suburbs, not more than 12 miles out. Address J 49, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—PARTIES MAY MAKE sure of having their rooms kept full of good-paying patrons during the World's Fair by calling without delay upon Rev. Mr. Bayliss, office of "The Scientific News," 439 Unity Building.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY YOUNG MAN FURNISHED room; North Side; in refined private family; moderate price; state price and particulars. Address J 168, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A RESPONSIBLE AMERICAN family would like the care of building for use of tenement of 4 or more rooms; references furnished. Address E 79, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED cottage in good suburb by young couple. Address J 159, Tribune office.

## BUSINESS CHANCES.

A COMPLETELY FURNISHED 3-ROOM flat for light housekeeping; rent, $21.... $100
16-room house, most elegantly furnished, always full; monthly profits, $100; price ....... 1,100
60-room newly furnished hotel, central location, small payment down, balance easy.
If you want to buy or sell see AUSTIN, 167 Dearborn-st.

ALWAYS PREPARED TO MAKE LIBERAL CASH advances on merchandise consigned to us to be sold at auction or private sale. Address RAUFER, SMITHING & CO., Milwaukee, Wis.

ELEGANT RESTAURANT, CENTRAL LOCATION, a fortune, $1,300; fine down-town saloon, worth $3,000, $1,500; 16-room house, pays $300 month profit, $2,500; 12-room house, rent $45, paying, $550. FLETCHER, 167 Dearborn-st., Room 617.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—NOS. 25 TO 35 ROSEBUD-st. This property has been used for the manufacture of oils and grease, has first-class machinery in it and is a splendid opening for some one who understands the business. Will take the machinery out and rent it for any purpose. A splendid chance for some manufacturer. Take Milwaukee-av. cars to go to property. For further information call on O. M. SMITH, 161 La Salle-st., Room 80, or address D. J. MURRAY, Wausau, Wis.

FOR SALE—A GOOD OPENING—A STOCK OF dry goods, boots and shoes; business well established; has always been a good paying business; trade worth $5,000; sales between $40,000 and $50,000, all cash; crops good; terms No. 1; will stay with party till they are schooled in business. For particulars address A. C. ARMS, Elmwood, Ill.

FOR SALE—A GENUINE SNAP—ON ACCOUNT of sickness I am obliged to sell my hardware stock, which will invoice about $4,500; is paying now about $200 net; stock located at Riverdale, Ill.; will give good discount for cash. Investigate this if you want to find a genuine snap. Address J 2, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT LOCATION; LARGE practice; must sell on account of health; will stay with purchaser until acquainted with customers. Address J 146, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A 5 YEARS ESTABLISHED UNDERTAKING business, or will take a partner; terms very easy. Address J 32, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE DRUG STORE IN ILLINOIS; business will show up; investigate if you mean business. Address J 143, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FINE LIVERY AND STOCK OF F. Yott & Son, 532-534 N. Clark-st.; lease to suit purchaser; retiring from business.

FOR SALE—NEW FURNITURE AND LEASE OF 8-room flat; every convenience; a bargain. 1425 Michigan-av., "The Clinton."

FOR SALE—SALOON, GOOD LOCATION; INQUIRE PABST BREWING CO.

GOOD, LIVE GROCERY—$250 CASH IF SOLD at once; cheap rent. 461 State-st.

HOTEL FOR SALE. PRICE $4,750; NET INCOME, $3,500; No. 1 chance. B 48, Tribune.

MAKING ALL KINDS OF ART AND DECORATING: 100 per cent profit; want manager on good salary; $3,000 required. Address J 147, Tribune office.

PURCHASERS AND PARTNERS FOR ANY LEGITIMATE business promptly secured at "The Central Exchange," 439 Unity Building.

SUBSCRIBERS WANTED—DIDOT BOTTIN Paris World's Directory; 95th yearly edition; all reliable commercial firms free inserted; all importers and exporters should have 1893 edition; 1,500,000 commercial addresses for $7.50. Write to NILS THLEU, 325 Dearborn-st., Room 10.

SALOON FOR SALE CHEAP; ELEGANT FIXTURES; fine stock of liquors; corner location on State-st. Good business and satisfactory reasons for selling. Address J 84, Tribune office.

TO PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS—A CHARTERED accountant of London, moving in the best society, of good position, and of long and varied experience in the profession, will be glad to join an established firm, either in New York, Chicago, or Philadelphia as salaried partner. Address "CONSERVATOR," 23 Carlisle Mansions, London, S. W.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN WITH ability to manage large boarding and rooming house clearing $250 per month; half interest and full control to right party for $1,000. Call at once. A. GRAY, 77 S. Clark st.

WANTED—A PARTY TO GO INTO HOTEL business, will more than double your money next year; must have at least $10,000. For particulars address J 27, Tribune office.

WANTED—$5,000 AND SERVICES OF A GOOD business-man in a money-making enterprise; highest references necessary. Address J 161, Tribune office.

WELL-ESTABLISHED LIVERY, 40 BOARDERS; good location; 4 or 5 carriages and broughams, and 6 horses; also small stable with room for eleven horses. Inquire 364 E. Indiana-st.

$1,500 CASH WITH SERVICES WILL SECURE ½ interest in splendid paying business; rare chance; investigate. Address J 38, Tribune.

$5,000—AN A NO. 1 BUSINESS, WORKING 12 men and doing a business of $18,000 a year; will dispose of all or take a partner for ½ interest in same; good profits; reason for selling want of capital to meet the demands of increased trade. Address J 81, Tribune office.

## HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A PERFECT, GENTLE MARE; has been driven principally by women folks and is thoroughly city broke, young, and sound, and can be thoroughly tested and tried before purchasing; also a cut-under extension-top family surrey and harness; they can be bought at a bargain and only sold for want of use; will sell separate if desired. Private barn, 295 E. Erie-st., North Side.

WILL BE SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE, AN excellent family mare, fearless of steam, cable, or elevated cars; sold for no fault only for want of use; also a lady's phaeton and harness; will sell separate or together; can be seen by applying to my groom at my barn, 220 E. 28th st., near Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—FINE STRAWBERRY ROAN mare; mane roached and tail docked; for coupe, cart, or carriage; thoroughly broken and fearless; any lady can drive her. Address R. C. HEAD, 160 Lake-st., city.

WILL BE SOLD CHEAP—A LADY'S PHAETON, in the latest style; has been used but little. Owner's barn, northeast corner of State and Erie-sts.

A PRIVATE PARTY WILL SELL AT PRIVATE sale a light family surrey only used a few times; also set of near new harness; bargain; can be had private barn, 220 E. 28th-st., near Wabash-av.

H. J. EDWARDS & SONS' CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, 354 Wabash-av.; will exchange.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT NEARLY NEW SIDEBAR buggy, by J. B. Brewer; also set single harness; must be sold; owner has no use for them. Call private stable, 133 Pine-st., North Side.

FOR SALE—A FINE LEATHERTOP buggy; only new in June, a bargain; can be had private barn, n. e. cor. 28th and Wabash-av.

CAN BE BOUGHT AT A BARGAIN—A NEAR new leather-top buggy and harness. Private barn, 151 N. State-st.

## HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

ALL CAN SAVE 25 TO 40 PER CENT BY BUYING Coach, Driving, Track, Express, or Farm Harness, Lap Robes, Blankets, Fly Nets, Saddles, Whips, and other carriage and barn supplies of us. We make a specialty of this line of goods. All West Side cable cars pass our factory and salesrooms. Orders promptly executed. Obliging salesmen. Satisfaction guaranteed. COLUMBIA HARNESS CO.,
Phone., Main, 2,985. 59 and 61 W. Washington-st.

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AGENTS—LIFE INSURANCE FOR EVERY county west of the Allegheny Mountains; several general agencies now open; if you investigate our plans you will work no other; we challenge comparison with any company in America. Send for circulars, and give experience, age, and reference. We want you and you want us. Address FRANK B. FLEMING, Western Manager, Fidelity Mutual Life, 115 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—TWO GENERAL STATE MANAGERS for a first-class life insurance company now operating both States (Iowa and Minnesota); offices furnished.
Only those who can furnish A1 references and can show satisfactory record need answer.
Here is a chance for some life insurance man to make his mark. Address, confidentially, Lock Box 1091.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL THE MAGIC Pocket Camera; just out; price, 25 cents. Send for sample and price to agents. Biggest seller since the pocket bank craze. Do not let the other fellow get ahead of you. First come, first served. MAGIC INTRODUCTION CO., 321 Broadway, New York.

AGENTS—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN; LARGE profits; excellent side line for traveling men; call or write. RAMEY & CO., R. D, 85 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

SALESMAN—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION TO handle the new patent chemical ink-erasing pencil; the greatest selling novelty ever produced; erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days, another $32 in two hours; we want one energetic general agent for each State and Territory. For terms and particulars address the Monroe Eraser Manufacturing Company X 14, La Crosse, Wis.

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DESKS—SPECIAL BARGAINS IN OFFICE desks, chairs, and showcases. Office partitions of all kinds carried in stock. Large desk blotters given away. McARTHUR & COLE, 86 Lake-st.

DESKS, SHOW CASES AND ALL KINDS OF store fixtures. Office partition carried in stock. CHAS. F. KADE & CO., 216 E. Lake-st.

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HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR BOOKS, LIBRARIES, cyclopedias, and magazines. SIZER & KIMBALL'S, 189 State-st., Palmer House.

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WE CAN REPAIR YOUR OLD GRAVEL ROOFS promptly; we will tell you cost of repairs free.
Ford Roofing Co., 155 Washington-st.

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WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COIN COLLECTION; the nearer complete the better; will pay highest price, cash; give full particulars. Address K. D. 89, Tribune office.

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MRS. LAMONT GIVES NAMES IN FULL; ADVICE in family, love, and business affairs; charms specialty; ladies and gents. 226 N. Clark-st.

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LYON & HEALY'S SPECIAL MIDSUMMER SALE.
An unusually large stock of second-hand pianos at this time of year compels us to cut prices to the quick in order to keep them moving, so we will offer until sold the following pianos, ready for delivery:
UPRIGHTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 New England, 7⅓ octaves | $125 |
| 1 Connor, 7⅓ octaves | 185 |
| 1 Pease, practically new | 190 |
| 1 New England, 7⅓ octaves | 150 |
| 2 Bauer & Co., 7⅓ octaves | $185 and 195 |
| 1 Hallet & Cumston | 220 |
| 2 Brown & Simpson, 7⅓ octaves, walnut | 225 |
| 1 Washburn, 7⅓ octaves | 230 |
| 1 Opera, 7⅓ octaves, rosewood | 210 |
| 1 Steinway, in perfect condition | 275 |
| 1 Knabe, French walnut | 375 |
| 1 Wisner, 7⅓ octaves, walnut | 250 |
| 1 Fischer, mahogany | 275 |

Also 3 Steinway grands at revolutionary prices, which will be made known on application; pianos in our repair shop.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 New York Piano Co., upright | $125 |
| 1 Lester upright | 185 |
| 1 Behning & Son upright | 250 |
| 1 Chickering upright | 265 |
| 1 Kranich & Bach upright | 285 |
| 1 Steinway upright | 375 |

IN SQUARE PIANOS we can offer you upward of two score at prices ranging from $50 to $200, and practically on your own terms.
IN NEW PIANOS our full line embraces the largest and most varied stock to be seen under one roof anywhere. This stock includes the peerless KNABE, the famous FISCHER, and other well-known makes.
Pianos for rent. Pianos tuned and moved.
Pianos sold on monthly installments.
LYON & HEALY, State and Monroe-sts.
NOTE—Our factories (opposite Union Park) produce 100,000 instruments annually.

ATTENTION!
DO YOU WANT A GOOD SECOND-HAND PIANO?

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Fischer | $115 |
| 1 Hallet & Davis | 150 |
| 1 Steinway & Sons | 150 |
| 1 upright | 95 |
| 2 Chase Bros. | $125, 170 |
| 3 Vose & Sons pianos, each | $125, $165, 175 |
| 1 Kroeger & Sons piano | 225 |
| 2 Decker pianos, each | $175, 200 |
| 1 Haines Bros. piano | 100 |
| 2 Weser Bros. pianos | $100, 125 |
| 3 Schaaf pianos | $150, $165, 175 |
| 2 upright pianos, your choice, each | 100 |
| 1 Chickering piano | 175 |
| 10 square pianos, each | $40, $50, $75, 100 |

EASY TERMS TO SUIT BUYERS.
Every piano warranted to be as represented or money refunded.
Pianos moved, tuned, repaired, and stored.
200 pianos to rent—$3, $4, and $5 per month; one year's rent allowed if purchased.
SALESROOMS OPEN EVENINGS.
ADAM SCHAAF,
276 West Madison-st., corner Morgan.

LYON, POTTER & CO. PIANOS
LYON, POTTER & CO.
PIANOS. LYON, POTTER & CO.
Steinway & Sons' Pianos.
The A. B. Chase Pianos.
Vose & Sons' Pianos.
Kurtzmann & Co. Pianos.
A fine assortment of superior pianos, in great variety of natural-wood cases.
CASH or INSTALLMENTS.
SECOND-HAND Grand, Square, and Upright pianos now offered very low.
SYMPHONY ORGANS.
The perfected instrument, and best self-player. Anyone can play upon them.
VOCALION. VOCALION. VOCALION.
Vocalion Organs, the only successful substitute for Pipe Organs.
LYON, POTTER & CO.,
LYON, POTTER & CO.,
174 and 176 Wabash-av.
174 and 176 Wabash-av.

INCREASED SALES DEMONSTRATE
THAT OUR PLAN OF MARKING ALL INSTRUMENTS IN PLAIN FIGURES, AND SELLING AT ONE PRICE ONLY,
Has found favor with piano and organ buyers.
ONE PROFIT ONLY
Is paid by our customers, as they
BUY DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER.
Makers of Kimball Pianos and Organs.
Dealers in Hallet & Davis and Emerson Pianos.
Time payments received.
Old instruments taken in exchange.
Pianos rented; also tuned and repaired.
Second-hand pianos—$50, $100, $150, and $200.
W. W. KIMBALL CO.,
Wabash-av., near Jackson-st.

ESTEY & CAMP,
THE LEADING PIANO AND ORGAN HOUSE
STATE AND JACKSON-STS.
Reliable Pianos of all grades and sizes, at lowest prices on easy terms.
Second-hand instruments from $20 upward.
Tuning, repairing, moving, renting, etc.

CONOVER, SCHUBERT, KINGSBURY
Pianos and Chicago Cottage Organs always on hand and for sale or rent at 215 Wabash-av., second floor. Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

BRADBURY PIANOS
Are now to be found in the elegant new warerooms at 255 and 257 Wabash-av. A magnificent stock of BRADBURY and HENNING pianos have just reached this city; call and examine the new designs in oak, mahogany, and walnut; new pianos to rent or exchange.

CHICKERING PIANOS, CHASE BROS.' pianos and a complete stock of medium priced and second-hand instruments, for rent and sale on time payments.
CHICKERING-CHASE BROS. CO.,
219-221 Wabash-av.

DO YOU WANT A PIANO?
Call on
JULIUS BAUER & CO., MANUFACTURERS,
226-228 Wabash-av., near Jackson.
Large assortment, low prices, easy terms.

THE CONOVER PIANOS—
Merit your critical examination; you will find them of the highest grade. Call at 215 Wabash-av., second floor, and learn prices and terms.
Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

PIANO SUMMER BARGAINS—1 LYON & Healy Upright, $125; 1 Brown & Sampson, $150; 1 Brown & Sampson, new, $250; 1 square, $50; 1 organ, $25. HORACE BRANCH, 208 State-st.

MATHUSHEK PIANOS, COMPLETE STOCK of all styles; also bargains in other standard makes. Thompson Music Co., 367 Wabash-av.

150 HIGH GRADE PIANOS FOR RENT, with privilege of purchase, at 215 Wabash-av., second floor. Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

LEFT WITH US FOR SALE BY PARTIES leaving the city—One fine Hallet & Davis upright piano; $175 spot cash.
STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., corner Jackson-st.

ORGANS AND PIANOS—
We have on hand a fine assortment of square and upright pianos of various makes which have been taken in exchange; also organs, which will be sold out at low figures; also a large stock of new instruments sold for cash or easy payments.
Mason & Hamlin Organ and Piano Co.,
149 Wabash-av., city.

## INSTRUCTION.

ATHENÆUM BUSINESS AND SHORTHAND SCHOOL greatly enlarged to meet increasing demands; thorough individual instruction; its pupils sought by business houses; visitors welcome.

AT THE MUNSON SHORTHAND SCHOOL—A full shorthand course, 3½ months, $40. Advanced dictation class, all systems, $2 a week. J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

ATHENÆUM DRAWING SCHOOL—ARCHITECTURAL AND MECHANICAL. Day classes; also Wed., Thurs., and Sat. evenings, from 7 to 9.

"BENN PITMAN" SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 809 Ashland Block—Individual instruction; dictation, 5 hours daily, $2 per week; positions furnished.

## MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

ALL DISEASES OF MEN A SPECIALTY; MODERATE charges; consultation free. Address or call DR. J. F. KENNERT, 133 So. Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

CHICAGO MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE, Wabash-av., corner Van Buren-st. All chronic, surgical, and eye diseases a specialty; all organic, nervous weaknesses of men cured; a regular faculty of eminent specialists. Consultation and 160-page book free; mail, 10c.

MRS. DR. SCHAWARZ'S PRIVATE HOSPITAL for all female diseases; separate rooms for ladies before and during confinement; have enlarged and arranged my home to suit rich and poor; all business strictly confidential. 279 W. Adams-st.

## PARTNERS WANTED.

WANTED—PARTNER IN WELL ESTABLISHED and paying manufacturing business; must come highly recommended and also have $15,000; will guarantee 10 per cent on investment and also secure the amount invested; no agents. Address K F 69, Tribune office.

WANTED—A PARTY THAT UNDERSTANDS the hotel business to take an interest in hotel we are building; must have at least $15,000 cash. Bank references given. Address Lock-Box 1075, City P. O.

## MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—WATCHMAKERS' LATHE, WHITCOMB, 1½, hard, with set of chucks, good as new and perfect; cheap if taken in few days. Address J 138, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—2 AUTOMATIC ENGINES; 1 WHEELOCK, 24x48; 1 Milwaukee Corliss, 18x42; both in prime order. W. McGREGOR & CO., 53 and 55 South Clinton-st.

FOR SALE—POWER ICE CREAM FREEZER AND tubs, also 2 horse-power Otto gas engine. Call 559 W. Madison-st.

## CLOTHING.

A. S., 502 NORTH WELLS-ST.—SOME PEOPLE advertise; do not dispose of your cast-off clothing until I have my cash price set; every one pays the cash, but A. S. pays the biggest and the most.

WILL PAY HIGHEST PRICES FOR LADIES' and gents' cast-off clothing; orders by mail promptly attended to. S. GOLDBERG, 551 S. Canal.

## BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

SAFETY—SINGLE DIAMOND FRAME; COST $125; used 2 months; will sell for $75. H. H. KING, at Lyon & Healy's, State and Monroe-sts.

A FEW GENUINE BARGAINS LEFT IN solid and cushion tire wheels; please call. THOMAS KANE & COMPANY, 139 Wabash-av.

"SWIFT" CYCLES, OLDEST, LARGEST, AND best makers on earth. 296 Wabash-av.

## HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

CASH PAID FOR FURNITURE, CARPETS, household goods. T. P., 21 Park-av.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED parlor flat of 6 rooms; a bargain. 2902 Cottage Grove-av., flat 3.

GAS FIXTURES AT FACTORY PRICES; LATEST designs and lowest prices. H. S. HOLDEN, 67 and 69 So. Canal-st., near Madison.

## PROFESSIONAL.

A. GOODRICH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 124 DEARBORN-st., Chicago; advice free; 27 years' experience; business quietly transacted.

## STORAGE.

AMERICAN STORAGE COMPANY'S NEW FIREPROOF warehouse—Storage for household goods and merchandise; lightest and cleanest in the city; call and see this warehouse before storing elsewhere. 71 and 73 West Monroe-st. Tel. 1273.

BENNETT STORAGE COMPANY—177 WEST Adams-st., near Halsted-st.; new warehouse for storage of furniture, pianos, bicycles, and trunks; money advanced; telephone, 4996.

CHICAGO STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 89 E. VAN Buren-st., near Clark; have all the facilities for storing furniture, mdse., office fixtures, pianos, etc.; central for the sale of specialties; private rooms; experienced men for moving; lowest rates. Tel. 801.
SNOW & GOODNOW, Props.

C. W. HANDLEY FURNITURE AND STORAGE Co., 3734 Cottage Grove-av. (formerly Cook Storage Co.)—Clean, light, and dry private rooms; low rates; money loaned; moving, packing, and shipping. Telephone 9927.

FIDELITY STORAGE WAREHOUSE HAVING moved to the larger and more convenient building, Nos. 80, 82 and 84 East 12th-st., after sixteen years' experience in storage of goods, are prepared to give better and cheaper storage than ever; moving and packing furniture. Tel. South 786.

ORIENTAL STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 399 TO 405 W. Madison-st.; centrally located and convenient to principal freight depots; for storage of furniture and merchandise; if desired, separate compartments at moderate rates; packing, moving, and shipping a specialty; advances made; inspection invited. Telephone 4026. The E Jennings Co., Proprietors.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND PIANOS—
Largest, oldest, and safest in the city.
Moving and packing furniture a specialty.
West Side—156, 158, and 160 W. Monroe-st. Tel. 4579
South Side—350 and 352 Wabash-av. Tel. 1543.
GEORGE PERRY.

## LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

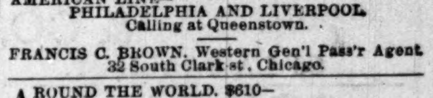
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FIRM of Schaefer & Bartlett is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
CHAS. SCHAEFER and
CHAS. E. BARTLETT.
Chicago, July 26, 1892.
The business will hereafter be carried on under the name of Schaefer & Phillips.

PROPOSALS FOR INTERIOR PAINTING, ADMINISTRATION Building, World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, Ill., July 26, 1892.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 1 o'clock p. m. on the 1st day of August, 1892 for the labor and material necessary to complete the interior painting of the Administration Building in accordance with plans and specifications now on file in this office.
Proposals must be made on blanks and inclosed in envelopes furnished by the Construction Department. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
D. H. BURNHAM,
Chief of Construction World's Columbian Exposition,
Jackson Park, Chicago, Ill.

## GLASSES AND ARTIFICIAL EYES.

HAVE YOU TROUBLE WITH YOUR EYES or spectacles? Dr. Burnham of 505 Masonic Temple examines your eyes free and warrants your glasses five years.

## STEAMSHIP LINES.



### Ocean Navigation.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD S. S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON.
FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS TO NEW YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, AND BREMEN.
I. cabin, $70, II. cabin, $50 a berth; steerage, low rates. Steamers sail from foot of 2d-st., Hoboken, N. J.

| | |
|---|---|
| Havel, Tues., July 26, 8 am | Elbe, Sat., Aug. 6, 5 am |
| Ems, Sat., July 30, 9 am | Lahn, Tues., Aug. 9, 7 am |
| Saale, Tues., Aug. 2, noon | Kaiser W. II, Aug. 13, 9am |

MEDITERRANEAN LINE.
EXPRESS PASSENGER STEAMER SERVICE.
New York and Genoa less than Eleven Days

| | |
|---|---|
| Fulda, Sat., Aug. 6, 10 a.m. | Fulda, Sat., Oct. 15, 2 p.m. |
| Werra, Sat., Aug. 27, 10 a.m. | Werra, Sat., Nov. 5, 2 p.m. |
| Fulda, Sat., Sept. 10, 10 a.m. | Fulda, Sat., Nov. 19, 2 p.m. |
| Werra, Sat., Oct. 1, 10 a.m. | Werra, Sat., Dec. 10, 2 p.m. |

Passage, $100, $125, or $150 a berth, first cabin.
Passengers for the Italian Lakes, Switzerland, and the Tyrol will find this route the most direct, easiest and most comfortable. Switzerland can be reached in six hours from Genoa.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO.,
General Western Agents, 80 Fifth-av., Chicago.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
FRENCH LINE.
NEW YORK AND HAVRE-PARIS IN ONE WEEK.
Entire Fleet of Large Express Steamers. No crossing of channel. No Transfer of Baggage. Apply early for good accommodations.
MAURICE W. KOZMINSKI,
General Western Agent, 166 Randolph st., Chicago.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET CO.
Express service to Southampton (London) and Hamburg. Magnificent new twin screw steamers of 13—16 000 h. p. This line holds the record for fastest time to London and the Continent. Spring sailings:

| | |
|---|---|
| Fuerst Bismarck..July 28 | Augusta Victoria..Sept. 1 |
| Augusta Victoria..Aug. 4 | Normannia ........Sept. 8 |
| Normannia .......Aug. 11 | Columbia ..........Sept. 15 |
| Columbia ........Aug. 18 | Fuerst Bismarck ..Sept. 22 |
| Fuerst Bismarck..Aug. 25 | Augusta Victoria..Sept. 29 |

Hamburg-American Packet Co. Gen. Passage Offices: 37 Broadway, New York. 125 La Salle-st., Chicago.

ALLAN LINE—ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS
MONTREAL and QUEBEC
To DERRY and LIVERPOOL.
Cabin $45 to $80, according to location.
Intermediate and steerage at low rate.
No cattle carried.
STATE LINE SERVICE
of Allan Line Steamships fortnightly between
NEW YORK and GLASGOW.
July 28........State of California..........1:30 p.m.
Cabin $40 and up, Second Cabin $30, Steerage, $19.
Apply to ALLAN & CO., 112 La Salle-st.

INMAN LINE—
NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown.
AMERICAN LINE—
PHILADELPHIA AND LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown.
FRANCIS C. BROWN, Western Gen'l Pass'r Agent,
32 South Clark-st., Chicago.

AROUND THE WORLD, $610—
CHICAGO TO JAPAN AND RETURN, $400.
ALASKA AND RETURN, $195.
Apply to Canadian Pacific Railway, 232 South Clark-st., Chicago.

GAZE'S MONTHLY GAZETTE CONTAINS FULL information regarding ocean steamers and foreign travel; free on application. FLETCHER & CO., 43 E. Van Buren-st.

### Lake Navigation.

GOODRICH STEAMERS—THREE TIMES DAILY for Racine and Milwaukee, at *9 a. m., *7:30 p. m., *8 p. m.
The new steamship Virginia the 9 a. m. boat and the new steamship Indiana the 8 p. m. boat.
Daily for Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Kewaunee, Ahnapee, Sturgeon Bay, Marinette, and Menominee at *7:30 p. m.
Every day for Grand Haven, Muskegon, Grand Rapids, etc., at 7:30 p. m., on the new steamers Atlanta and City of Racine.
Daily for Ludington and Manistee at *9 a. m.
Saturday's boat leaves at 8 p. m.
Every Tuesday and Friday at 7 p. m. for Green Bay, Escanaba, Manistique, and all way ports.
*Sunday ex. Office and docks foot of Michigan-av.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN TRANSPORTATION CO. "The Great Lake Michigan Route." Sailings from Chicago every Monday 8 p. m., Wednesday 10 a. m., and Saturday 7 p. m. for Milwaukee, Traverse City, Charlevoix, Petoskey, Harbor Springs, Mackinaw, Sault Ste. Marie, Detroit, Cleveland, and all intermediate points and northern resorts. For tourist guide, giving full information, address B. L. BURKE, Genl. Pass. Agt. Office and docks east end Michigan-st. (North Side), Chicago, Ill. Tel. Main 572.

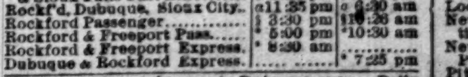
LAKE MICHIGAN AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMERS.
THE GREAT LAKE ROUTE.
Sailings from Chicago Wednesdays and Saturdays, 8:30 p. m. For Mackinac Island, Sault Ste. Marie, Marquette, Hancock, Houghton, Ashland, Duluth, and all intermediate points; Detroit, Buffalo, etc., and all
NORTHERN SUMMER RESORTS.
Office and docks, Rush and North Water-sts., Chicago.

FOR ST. JOSEPH AND BENTON HARBOR—
Connecting with Vandalia Line for South Bend, Logansport, Terre Haute, Indianapolis, and all intermediate points; with C. & W. M. Ry. for Grand Rapids, Detroit, and all Northern Michigan resorts.
The elegant passenger steamers
"SOO CITY" and "OSSIFRAGE"
Leave Chicago at 10 a. m. and 11 p. m. Extra trips Saturdays and Sundays, 2 p.m.; Sundays, 10:15 a.m.
Offices and Docks, RUSH-ST. BRIDGE (North Side)

GRAHAM AND MORTON LINE STEAMERS FOR St. Joseph and Benton Harbor; connections for Grand Rapids, Detroit, all Northern Michigan resorts, Niles, Kalamazoo, Elkhart, all Southern points, leave daily 9:30 a. m., 11:30 p. m., Saturday 2 p. m., Sunday 10 a. m. Dock and office foot of Wabash-av.
J. H. GRAHAM, President.

SEYMOUR TRANSPORTATION CO., 432-448 Illinois-st.—Steamers leave every Tuesday at 2 p. m., Wednesday at 1 p. m., Friday at 2 p. m., and Saturday at 10 p. m. for Ludington, Manistee, Frankfort, Traverse City, Charlevoix, Petoskey, Harbor Springs, St. Ignace, Mackinac Island, Mich.

## RAILWAY TIME TABLES.



### WESTERN.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.—DEPOTS, LAKE, 22D, and 39th-sts. Ticket offices, 194 Clark-st. Trains for the West must be taken at depot foot of Lake-st.

| | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Chicago & N. Orleans Limited | § 2:00 pm | § 4:45 pm |
| Chicago and Memphis | § 2:00 pm | § 4:45 pm |
| St. Louis Diamond Special | § 9:00 pm | § 7:00 am |
| New Orleans Fast Mail | § 2:50 am | §12:20 am |
| St. Louis and Texas Express | * 8:35 am | * 7:20 pm |
| New Orleans & Memphis Exp | § 8:00 pm | § 7:20 am |
| Kankakee & Bloomington Pass | * 4:05 pm | * 4:45 pm |
| The River View Express | * 4:05 pm | * 9:05 am |
| Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux City & Sioux Falls Fast Line | § 1:30 pm | § 1:05 pm |
| Rockf'd, Dubuque, Sioux City | a11:35 pm | c 6:30 am |
| Rockford Passenger | § 3:30 pm | §10:36 am |
| Rockford & Freeport Pass | * 5:00 pm | *10:30 am |
| Rockford & Freeport Express | * 8:30 am | |
| Dubuque & Rockford Express | | * 7:25 pm |

aOn Saturday night runs to Dubuque only. cDaily except Sunday. Sioux City to Dubuque; daily from Dubuque to Chicago. §Daily. *Daily except Sunday

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PAC. RY.—PASSENGER Station, Van Buren-st., one block south Board of Trade. City Ticket office, 104 Clark-st.

| | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Illinois and Iowa Mail | † 8:15 am | † 7:00 pm |
| Rocky Mountain Limited | *10:45 am | * 4:15 pm |
| Peoria Express | † 1:10 pm | † 1:35 pm |
| Iowa and Minnesota Express | † 1:10 pm | † 1:35 pm |
| Sioux Falls and Dakota Ex | * 1:10 pm | * 7:45 am |
| Joliet Accommodation | * 3:20 pm | *10:00 am |
| Peru Accommodation | † 4:50 pm | †10:30 am |
| Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo, via Kansas City, Vestibule Express | * 6:00 pm | * 8:50 am |
| St. Joe, Atch., and Lvnwth. Ex. | * 6:00 pm | * 8:50 am |
| Denver Vestibule Ex. via Omaha (Big Five) | *10:00 pm | * 7:45 am |
| Omaha Ex. | *10:30 pm | * 7:15 am |
| Minneapolis & St. Paul Ex. | ‡10:30 pm | ¶ 7:15 am |
| Denver Ex., via Kansas City | *11:00 pm | * 5:35 am |
| St. Joe, Atch., and Lvnwth. Ex. | *11:00 pm | * 5:35 am |
| Peoria Night Express | *11:00 pm | * 5:35 am |

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. ¶Ex. Monday

## RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

### WESTERN.
Continued.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN.—TICKET OFFICES, 206 and 208 Clark street, Oakley Avenue Station, and at Depot, corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.

| | Leave | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denver, Lincoln, Sioux City, Des Moines, California, and Oregon points | *12:05 pm | * 2:15 pm |
| | § 6:00 pm | § 8:15 am |
| | §10:30 pm | § 9:30 am |
| | §10:40 pm | § 7:00 am |
| Deadwood, Bk. Hills and Wyo. | § 6:00 pm | § 8:15 am |
| St. Paul and Minneapolis | * 8:15 am | ‡ 8:00 am |
| St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, and Duluth | § 6:00 pm | § 9:30 am |
| | §11:15 pm | § 9:35 pm |
| Northwestern Iowa & Dakota | † 6:00 pm | § 8:15 am |
| La Crosse, Winona, Madison, and Janesville | * 8:15 am | ‡ 8:00 am |
| | §11:15 pm | § 9:35 pm |
| Milwaukee and Racine | § 8:30 am | § 6:45 pm |
| | *11:30 am | §11:30 am |
| | § 3:00 pm | * 4:00 pm |
| | § 7:30 pm | * 9:45 pm |
| | §10:30 pm | § 7:00 am |
| | * 7:00 am | * 1:35 pm |
| Milwaukee, Waukesha and Madison | * 8:30 am | §10:00 am |
| | * 3:00 pm | * 4:00 pm |
| | § 5:00 pm | * 6:45 pm |
| | | X10:45pm |
| Fond du Lac, Oshk'h, Neenah, Green Bay & Menominee | *11:30 am | § 6:45 pm |
| | §10:30 pm | * 7:00 am |
| Oshkosh, Appleton, Ft. Howard | * 3:00 pm | * 1:35 pm |
| Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood and Rhinelander | § 5:00 pm | §11:30 am |
| | †10:30 pm | § 7:00 am |
| Marquette and Lake Superior | §10:30 pm | § 7:00 am |

§Daily. *Daily except Sunday. XSunday only. †Daily except Saturday. ‡Daily except Monday.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD.—Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark street and at Union Depot on Canal street between Madison and Adams.

| | Leave | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| Galesburg and Streator | † 8:40 am | † 6:25 pm |
| Rockford and Forreston | † 8:40 am | † 2:10pm |
| Council Bluffs and Local P'sts | *11:35 am | * 2:10 pm |
| Denver and San Francisco | * 1:00 pm | * 8:00 am |
| Rochelle and Rockford | † 4:30 pm | †10:35 am |
| Rock Falls and Sterling | † 4:30 pm | †10:35 am |
| Streator and Mendota | † 4:30 pm | †10:35 am |
| Omaha, Council Bluffs & Denv'r | * 5:45 pm | * 6:45 am |
| Deadwood and the Black Hills | * 5:45 pm | * 8:00 am |
| Kansas City, St. Joseph & Atch. | * 6:05 pm | * 9:15 am |
| Hannibal, Galveston & Texas | * 6:05 pm | * 9:15 am |
| St. Paul and Minneapolis | * 6:10 pm | * 9:00 am |
| Omaha, Lincoln, and Denver | *10:30 pm | * 2:15 pm |
| Kansas City, St. Joseph, Atchison and Quincy | *10:30 pm | * 6:45 am |
| St. Paul and Minneapolis | ‡11:20 pm | †10:30 pm |

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Daily except Saturday.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RAILROAD.—Trains leave from Dearborn Station, cor. Dearborn and Polk-sts. Ticket office, 212 Clark-st., cor. Adams.

| *Daily †Except Sunday | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| St. Louis and Peoria Express | † 7:45 am | † 7:35 pm |
| Galesburg and Ft. Madison Ex. | † 7:45 am | † 6:40 pm |
| Pekin and Peoria Express | † 1:20 pm | † 1:15 pm |
| Lockport and Joliet Accom. | † 4:18 pm | †10:05 am |
| Joliet and Streator Express | † 5:00 pm | * 9:35 am |
| Kansas City and Denver Lim. | * 6:00 pm | * 9:15 am |
| Fort Worth and Galveston Ex. | * 6:00 pm | * 9:15 am |
| California Fast Express | *10:00 pm | * 8:30 am |
| Kansas City Fast Mail | *10:00 pm | * 8:30 am |
| St. Louis Red Express | * 8:10 pm | * 8:03 am |
| Kansas City Express | *12:01 am | * 8:03 am |

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY. City ticket office, 207 Clark-st.

| Trains. | Leave. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| St. Paul and Minneapolis | b 8:30 am | a 6:45 am |
| St. Paul and Minneapolis | a 6:00 pm | a 9:50 am |
| St. Paul and Minneapolis | a11:00 pm | b10:00 pm |
| Omaha, Sioux City | a 6:00 pm | a 9:45 am |
| Omaha, Sioux City, Denver | a10:30 pm | a 7:15 am |
| Marquette and Nor. Michigan | a 8:00 pm | a 7:00 am |

Milwaukee, leave a8:30 am, b11:30 am, b 2:00 pm, a 6:00 pm, a 8:00 p m, a 11:00 p m; arrive a 7:00 am, a 9:30 am, b 11:30 a m, b 1:00 pm, b 4:00 pm, a 6:30 pm, b 10:00 pm, s 1:45 pm.
aDaily. b Except Sunday. sSunday only

CHICAGO & ALTON.—GRAND UNION PASSENGER Depot, Canal-st., between Madison and Adams.

| *Daily †Daily except Sunday | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Pacific Vestibuled Express | † 1:00 pm | 1:15 pm |
| Kansas City and Denver Limited | * 6:00 pm | 8:45 am |
| Kansas City, Colorado and Utah | *11:30 pm | 8:00 am |
| St. Louis Limited | †11:00 am | 4:45 pm |
| St. Louis Palace Express | * 9:00 pm | 7:00 am |
| Springfield and St. Louis Local | * 9:00 am | 7:30 pm |
| Springfield and St. Louis Express | *11:30 pm | 8:00 am |
| Joliet and Dwight Accommodation | * 5:05 pm | †9:40 am |

WABASH RAILROAD.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM Dearborn Station, corner Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 201 Clark-st.

| *Daily †Ex Sunday. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| St. Louis, Peoria & Tex. Expr | * 9:05 am | * 5:30 pm |
| Kansas City & Texas Express | † 2:30 pm | † 1:00 pm |
| St. Louis & Peoria Vestibule Ex | * 9:20 pm | * 7:00 am |
| Forrest Accommodation | * 4:35 pm | *10:10 am |
| Detroit, New York & Bos. Lim. | * 3:00 pm | *10:15 pm |
| Detroit, New York & Boston Ex. | *10:30 pm | * 7:15 am |
| Toronto & Montreal Express | * 3:00 pm | *10:15 pm |
| Toronto & Montreal Local Ex. | *10:30 pm | * 7:15 am |

CHICAGO AND EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Evansville Route—Ticket office 204 Clark-st. and at Passenger Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts. Pullman Vestibuled Sleepers to Nashville.

| §Daily *Sunday excepted. | Leave. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| Evansville Day Line | * 8:00 am | * 7:25 pm |
| Evansville Night Line | §11:00 pm | § 6:55 am |
| Chicago and Nashville Limited | § 4:00 pm | §10:40 am |
| Chicago and Attica Line | * 4:00 pm | * 9:55 am |

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES—

| *Da. †Da ex. Sun. x Ex. Sat. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| St. Paul, Minneapolis and Pacific Express | * 5:47 pm | * 7:15 am |
| | *10:45 pm | * 9:59 am |
| Ashland, Iron towns, and Duluth | * 5:47 pm | * 7:15 am |
| | x10:45 pm | * 9:59 am |
| Chip. Falls & Eau Claire Ex. | † 8:00 am | † 7:45 pm |
| Neenah & Menasha Ex. | † 3:00 pm | † 1:55 pm |

CHICAGO, GREAT WESTERN RY. CO. OPERATING Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City Ry. Trains leave Grand Central Station, cor. 5th-av. and Harrison-st., 6:00 pm. daily; 8:30 am. ex. Sun.; arrive 9:00 am. daily; 9:45 pm. ex. Sunday.

### EASTERN.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, NEW YORK CENTRAL and Boston and Albany railroads—"The Niagara Falls Route." Depots foot of Lake-st., 22d-st., 39th-st., and Hyde Park. City Ticket Office, 67 Clark-st.

| June 26, 1892. | Leave Chicago. | Arrive Chicago. |
|---|---|---|
| Mail and Accommodation | † 7:05 am | † 7:35 pm |
| Detroit Day Express | * 9:00 am | * 3:35 pm |
| The North Shore Limited | *12:20 pm | † 4:30 pm |
| Fast New York Express | * 3:10 pm | * 9:00 pm |
| Niles Accommodation | † 3:55 pm | †10:55 am |
| Grand Rapids Line via Kala'zoo | * 3:10 pm | * 3:35 am |
| Niagara Falls & Buffalo Special | * 5:02 pm | * 9:55 am |
| Grand R'ds Ex. via New Buffalo | * 5:25 pm | † 6:45 pm |
| Detroit Night Express | ‡ 9:20 pm | ¶ 6:50 am |
| Fast Atlantic Express | *10:10 pm | * 7:55 am |
| Grand Rapids Line via Kala'zoo | *10:10 pm | * 6:50 am |
| Gr'd Rapids Night Express | *11:15 pm | * 7:05 am |

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. ¶Ex. Monday.
The beautifully-printed Bird's-eye Map Folder, now in press, and summer tourist routes and rates should be consulted before deciding on a summer trip.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINES—CHICAGO—PASSENGER STATION, Canal street, between Adams and Madison. TICKET OFFICES at Station and at 248 Clark street, cor. Jackson.
THROUGH TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS:
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

| FROM CHICAGO TO | LEAVE. | ARRIVE. |
|---|---|---|
| Mansfield & Pittsburg | † 7:15 am | † 5:25 pm |
| Dayton & Cincinnati | * 9:45 am | * 5:25 pm |
| Indianapolis & Louisville | * 9:45 am | * 5:25 pm |
| Columbus & East | * 9:45 am | * 5:25 pm |
| Philadelphia & New York | *10:45 am | * 3:00 pm |
| Baltimore & Washington | *10:45 am | * 3:00 pm |
| Washington & New York | * 3:15 pm | * 9:30 pm |
| Pittsburg & East | * 3:15 pm | * 9:30 pm |
| New York & Philadelphia | * 5:00 pm | * 9:45 am |
| Pittsburg & Washington | * 5:00 pm | * 9:45 am |
| Columbus & Cincinnati | * 8:20 pm | * 7:30 am |
| Dayton & Springfield | * 8:20 pm | * 7:30 am |
| Louisville & Indianapolis | * 8:20 pm | * 7:30 am |
| Mansfield & Youngstown | *11:30 pm | * 7:00 am |
| Pittsburg & East | *11:30 pm | * 7:00 am |

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE, NEW YORK CENTRAL & Hudson River, Boston & Albany Railways.—Depot, Van Buren-st., opposite Board of Trade Block. Ticket offices—66 Clark-st., Depot, and 22d-st.

| §Daily. *Sunday excepted. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Chicago and Buffalo Accom. | * 7:10 am | * 6:45 pm |
| N. Y. Fast Mail (via Old Road) | § 8:00 am | § 9:10 am |
| Boston and New York Special | §10:30 am | § 3:00 pm |
| Atlantic Express | § 3:10 pm | § 9:00 pm |
| New York & Chicago Limited | § 5:30 pm | § 9:45 am |
| New York & Boston Express | § 7:45 pm | § 7:35 am |
| N. Y. Express (via Old Road) | *11:30 pm | § 7:00 am |
| Elkhart and Goshen Accom. | * 4:05 pm | *11:10 am |

CHICAGO AND GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY—Depot, corner Dearborn and Polk-sts. Ticket offices No. 103 Clark-st. and Depot. Apply at ticket offices for suburban train time tables.

| *Daily. †Except Sunday. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Mail and Express | † 8:40 am | † 7:00 pm |
| Limited Express | * 3:00 pm | * 6:30 pm |
| Day Express | *11:25 am | * 4:50 pm |
| Atlantic and Pacific Express | * 8:15 pm | * 8:00 am |
| Detroit, Mt. Clemens & Sag'nw. | * 8:15 pm | * 8:00 am |
| Funeral train | *12:00 m | * 3:25 pm |

ERIE LINES (CHICAGO AND ERIE RAILROAD) —Ticket offices, 242 Clark-st., Grand Pacific Hotel, and Dearborn Station, Polk-st., cor. Fourth-av.:

| x Daily. o Except Sunday. | Leave. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| New York, Boston & Phila'a Ex. | x 7:45 pm | x 7:50 am |
| N.Y., Boston & Phil'a Vest. Lim. | x 2:00 pm | x 8:50 pm |
| Lima, Marion, and Columbus | o 7:30 am | o 6:55 pm |
| Jamestown & Buffalo Vest. Lim. | x 2:00 pm | x 8:50 pm |
| North Judson Accommodation | x 5:15 pm | x 9:40 am |
| Columbus, Jamestown, and Buffalo through express | x 7:45 pm | x 7:50 am |

BALTIMORE AND OHIO.—DEPOT, GRAND CENTRAL Passenger Station, also Ogden-av. City office 193 Clark.

| No extra fares are charged on the B. and O. Limited trains. | Leave. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| Local | † 6:05 am | 6:40 pm |
| New York and Washington Vestibuled Limited | *10:10 am | * 9:30 pm |
| New York, Washington, and Pittsburg Vestibuled Limited | * 2:55 pm | *11:55 am |
| Pittsburg, Cleveland, and Wheeling Limited | * 6:40 pm | * 8:30 am |
| Night Express | *10:25 pm | * 9:30 am |

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

MONON ROUTE—LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY and Chicago Railway—Depot, Dearborn Station Ticket office, No. 232 Clark-st. and Auditorium Hote

| Dec. 6, 1891. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Indianapolis and Cincinnati. "The Velvet" | *10:30 am | * 5:20 pm |
| Indianapolis and Cincinnati. "The Electric" | * 8:05 pm | * 7:35 am |
| Lafayette and Louisville | * 8:30 am | * 6:15 pm |
| Lafayette and Louisville | * 8:05 pm | * 7:35 am |
| Lafayette Accommodation | * 3:15 pm | *10:30 am |

*All trains daily.

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS FOOT OF LAKE Twenty-second and Thirty-ninth-sts. Ticket offices at depots and 234 Clark-st.

| All trains daily. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Lafayette, Indianapolis Cincinnati Day Express | 9:15 am | 5:35 pm |
| Do Night Express | 8:20 pm | 7:30 am |

# EXPECT COAL TO RISE.

## DEALERS SAY AN ADVANCE IN PRICE WILL BE ORDERED.

**They Declare That the Combine's Representatives in This City Have Openly Predicted This Result—Important Meeting to Be Held in New York This Week—Local Men in the Trade Want to Advance Another 25 Cents—State of Business in Chicago at the Present Time.**

The regular monthly meeting of the anthracite roads' sales agents will be held in New York this week. There seems to be little doubt that an advance of 25 cents will be ordered. Such is the information in possession of leading men in the trade. Besides, the combine's representatives in this city have openly predicted this result. Since the anthracite fields came into the control of the Reading these monthly gatherings of sales agents have been largely perfunctory affairs. What the agents would do has in each instance, it is said, been decided ten days beforehand by the small clique which constitutes the controlling force of the combine. It was said yesterday that a proposal to make the advance 50 cents Aug. 1 had been debated, and that the decision had been made against it, on the ground that consumers' wants were not yet necessitous enough to force them to purchase coal.

The local dealers' organization will meet immediately after the agents meeting in New York. It is very likely that a proposition will be made that the Chicago association tack on an additional 25 cents to the August price. There will be an effort to have the proposal adopted.

Many dealers, the smaller ones especially, are greatly dissatisfied with the $1 difference which has thus far existed between the Reading's and the regular retail price. They claim that this is too small a margin to cover the heavy expenses of the business and that scarcely any profit is left. The burden falls heaviest on the men who do business on a small capital. The sentiment of the larger dealers is against any advance by the local organization, and they will probably oppose the attempt to make one.

There is more activity in the business than there was a month ago, but transactions are far below the figures of last year.

### Consumers Holding Off.

"A few of the consumers who buy their winter's supply in advance are laying in coal," said a dealer yesterday, "but the great majority are still holding off in the hope that the combine will smash and carry prices down. The outlook is the other way. The rule of monthly deliveries is pressing severely upon dealers. We have customers who purchase say twenty tons for the winter's use. They wish ten tons delivered at once and the balance when they have room for it. We find it difficult to convince many of them that we can no longer make any such arrangement, inasmuch as dealers can only buy for delivery during the month and cannot guarantee that August prices will prevail in September. The result is that every local dealer's trade is being scattered."

Less than one-third of the jobbers have begun to stock and the vast bulk of the coal in store here is yet owned by the combine. The stock on the docks is not a large one for this season. Chicago consumes yearly in round figures 1,300,000 tons. The greater share of this is burned between September and June. While the stock here is lighter, the reshipments to interior points are heavier than a year ago. This is in the line of the combine's policy of broadening its Western trade through interior distributing points. Some of the local dealers see in these conditions grounds for belief that the combine does not intend to bring a large stock of coal here before the close of navigation, proposing to haul in the deficiency as it is needed by the conditions of supply and demand.

"The effect of such a move," said a jobber, "would be to scare the public and help keep up rates."

## INDIANS BARRED AT OCEAN GROVE.

**Pawnee Bill's Band Starts for the Camp-Meeting, but Meets Obstacles.**

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—Among the 10,000 people who arrived at Asbury, N. J., Saturday afternoon were the twenty Indians that go to make up Pawnee Bill's Wild West show that has a week's stand at that place. Yesterday they set out to see the sights. The first point of interest, naturally, was found in Bradley's famous board walk, and then the visitors wanted to see the religious resort just across the lake—Ocean Grove. The tribe was brought to a sudden halt by a policeman, who refused to let them pass over the boundary line of Ocean Grove. The policeman was of the opinion that the raiment worn by the Indians was not altogether in keeping with the things at Ocean Grove. The chief, after a long parley with the officer, induced him to allow the Indians to enter the sacred precincts of the grove. They did not get far when they were again brought to a stop. This time it was by the President of the camp-meeting association, who informed the chief that under no consideration would he permit the men to pass through the streets of the grove. The chief informed the President that the men wanted to attend the services and that they would not make any disturbance. The President would not listen to the chief, and so the Indians were forced to return to the park without being converted.

## TAMMANY OBSTRUCTING GARDENER.

**Dr. Parkhurst's Agent Unable to Make Any Headway in Purifying New York.**

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—Agent Gardener of the Society for the Prevention of Crime has, according to his own story, been having a hard time of it since his chief, the Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, sailed for Europe. He asserts that he cannot get the District-Attorney's office to bring his cases on for trial and that certain Police Justices in the city obstruct his work in a subtle but none the less effective way. In a word, Agent Gardener declares that the enormous power of Tammany Hall is being exerted every day through the police department to set the efforts of the society at naught and to render what good it has already accomplished of no effect. He says that a majority of the disorderly houses, a majority of which were indicted through the Parkhurst Society, are in full blast again, and that in cases where the District-Attorney's office has notified the conductors of such places that they must close up the matter has ended with the notice.

## REGISTERED AT THE CHICAGO HOTELS.

**Names of Travelers and Visitors Found in the City.**

Victoria—John Forrest, Omaha; J. A. Holmes and J. A. Maxon, St. Louis; J. S. Gilmore, Rock Island; W. D. Sawyer, Boston; T. M. Swan, Louisville, F. E. Turner, New York; F. L. Deckey, Dubuque; H. H. Hayden, Eau Claire; G. S. Holmes, Tacoma; John R. Davis, Neenah, Wis.; H. M. Pierce, St. Paul; M. M. Cody, St. Paul.

Auditorium—Lindley Vinton, New York; Maplon R. Bryan, Philadelphia; C. Sheehy, Detroit; S. Metzler and family, Louisville; J. P. Van Hook, New York; F. H. Benjamin, Louisville; Thomas B. Higgens, Spokane; R. A. Anthony, New York; Mrs. Henston, Paris; Maj. and Mrs. F. Blunt, London.

Grand Pacific—L. F. Auzeraid, New York; W. H. Smith, Buffalo; M. Knight, St. Louis; Charles H. Ellis, Detroit; R. Dall, Cleveland; Charles H. Moul, New York; W. S. Lincoln, St. Louis; John Schackford, Springfield; H. L. Erwin, Sioux City.

Tremont—John W. Stryker, Laramie, Wyo.; Charles F. Rock, Milwaukee; James E. Mooney, Cincinnati; F. Coatsworth, Mexico, Mo.; George W. Findlater, Grand Rapids; R. E. Green, Milwaukee; W. C. Smith, Indianapolis.

Palmer—J. F. Carlisle, Boston; Warren D. Rollins, New York; Harry E. Pyke, Philadelphia; John M. Bogard, Texas; J. T. M. Lynde, Boston; J. A. Weinman, Albuquerque, N. M.; R. L. Miller, St. Paul.

Sherman—H. E. Jennison, Omaha; George B. Mair, Kearney, Neb.; J. L. McCulloch, Marion, Ind.; Charles M. Snyder, Fowler, Ind.; W. E. Sherlock, Canton, O.; A. P. Higgblade, Sioux City.

Wellington—A. Schuneman, St. Paul; W. H. Burn, Detroit; George A. Madden, Pittsburg; James W. Harrison, Denver; F. A. Kendall, Cleveland; John L. Schilling, Wheeling.

Great Northern—H. A. Fleischman, New York; A. M. Mills, Topeka; H. C. Lloyd, Kansas City; A. E. Milliken, Halifax; J. Q. Miller, Jr., Texas; D. A. Clements, Topeka.

Leland—J. E. Daget, Toledo; Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Caldwell, Grand Rapids; A. B. Smith and wife, Fort Worth, Tex.; W. H. H. Brown, Yankton, S. D.

Richelieu—B. F. Hanens, Terre Haute; F. B. Smith, Brooklyn; S. C. Iddings, Cleveland, Dr. J. D. Mandeville, Philo, Ill.

THE NEW
Silver Crown Mining Co.
OF MONTANA.
DIRECTORS.
L. GALITZKI.........Chicago, Ill.
E. L. MAHONEY.........Butte, Mont.
C. S. CRANSON.........Deer Lodge, Mont.
W. H. RUSHWORTH.........Philadelphia, Pa.
EDWIN SIMPSON.........Deer Lodge, Mont.
Registrar of Stock—THE AMERICAN TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, Chicago, Ill.
OFFER THEIR TREASURY STOCK TO THE PUBLIC
As the Best Investment on the Financial Market Today.

THIS MAP WILL SHOW THE UNDERGROUND WORKINGS of the NEW SILVER CROWN MINING Co
75 FT
THIS SHAFT IS IN ORE ALL THE WAY DOWN ASSAYING FROM 100 TO 2421 OUNCES SILVER $32.00 TO $180 GOLD PER TON
3 FEET
CROSSCUT (15 FEET) WIDE
A VEIN 5 FEET WIDE ASSAYING FROM 20 TO 127 OUNCES
100 FT DEEP
SILVER GOLD

LOW CAPITALIZATION.
Only 500,000 shares capital stock (not 2,000,000), hence we can pay larger dividends than a mine with 2,000,000 shares.
IMPROVEMENTS
And expenditures amount to over $20,000 up to date.
HONEST AND RELIABLE OFFICERS WHO ALL STRIVE TO MAKE THE CROWN A GREAT MINE.
OUR SHARES ADVANCED 10 CENTS
Within a few months. The next advance will be very heavy. Therefore, order stock now!!!
DIVIDENDS
Will be large and regular, and according to our Superintendent will be from 10 to 15 cents per share per month.
MINE IN OPERATION NOW!!
Send for prospectus, copy of assay certificates and affidavits. They contain more important information.
THE NEW SILVER CROWN MINING CO.,
Office 806 Tacoma Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE UNION TRUST CO. BANK,
Northeast Corner Madison and Dearborn-sts.
Capital and Surplus..............$1,000,000
Interest paid on daily balances to bankers, merchants, manufacturers, and individual accounts subject to check.
Issues Demand and Time Certificates bearing interest from date of deposit.
Four per cent interest allowed on savings deposits. Receives and discounts commercial paper. Liberal lines of credit extended to customers.
S. W. RAWSON, President. G. M. WILSON, Cashier.
E. F. PULSIFER, Vice-President. F. L. WILK, Assistant Cashier.

IT IS HOT
Everywhere excepting under the trees at
Winnetka Park Bluffs.
We leave our office every day at
10:15 a. m. and 1 p. m.
Saturday only at 1:45 p. m.,
To inspect the
BIG GROVE LOTS.
YOU ARE INVITED TO ACCOMPANY US.
Round trip tickets free.
W. H. CAIRNDUFF & CO., Owners,
301 to 304 Inter Ocean Building,
Dearborn and Madison-sts.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Chicago Improved Property
FIRST MORTGAGES FOR SALE AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST.
GOUDY,
SHANKLIN,
& CO.,
84 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE.
Southeast corner of Cass and Indiana-sts., 100x100. Splendid site for large apartment building. Would lease for ninety-nine years.
VAN VLISSINGEN 95 Washington-st.
EXCLUSIVE AGENT.

Mortgages
For sale at par and accrued interest. All first liens on improved city real estate.
MONEY TO LOAN
On real estate security.
A. LOEB & BRO
120 LA SALLE STREET.

F. G. LOGAN & CO.,
Rooms 4 and 5 Board of Trade.
General
Commission
Merchants.
Customers afforded every facility for obtaining quotations and information in Room 4, ground floor.

Money to Loan
On Improved Chicago Real Estate.
H. A. HURLBUT,
88 Washington-st.
REED & HURLBUT,
11 Pine-st., New York.

FOR SALE
On West Side, one block from Station of
METROPOLITAN L ROAD,
At old prices, all or part of
241x126 N. W. cor. Hermitage and York.
South and East frontage.
J. W. HEDENBERG, Owner, 132 La Salle-st., Room 11.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Real-Estate Security. Building Loans Made. Loans made payable in monthly payments.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO.,
34 CLARK STREET.

MONEY TO LOAN
At Current Rates
On Chicago Real Estate.
MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.. Suite 801.

THE NATIONAL CORDAGE COMPANY.
New York, July 5, 1892.
The Board of Directors of The NATIONAL CORDAGE COMPANY have this day declared the regular quarterly dividends of TWO PER CENT on the Preferred and TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT on the Common Stock of the company, both payable on the 1st day of August next at the transfer office of the company, 135 Front-st., this city. The transfer books will close July 15 at 3 o'clock p. m. and reopen Aug. 2 next.
CHARLES DAVIS, Treasurer.

FOR SALE.
6%—$30,000 fee. Well located; good security. Address owner,
B 90, Tribune office.

**One-Fifth Die Young.**

One child in every five in the northern half of the United States dies before it has lived a year.

# PRICES DO NOT MELT.

## IN SPITE OF THE HEAT STOCK VALUES ARE HELD FIRM.

**Elevated Railroad Gossip—Continued Hot Weather Through the West Results in Higher Prices in Corn and a Sympathetic Advance in Almost Everything Else on the Floor—Trading Only Moderately Active—Something About South Water Street Prices—General Financial and Commercial News.**

There was more activity and somewhat more strength to the local stock market yesterday. The market for West Chicago Street railway stock was a shade firmer at the opening and advanced to 186. Then stock commenced to come out freely and buyers of the security found the supply ample at that price. It was, in fact, more ample than the market could take care of and after holding up bravely for some time it failed to take stock offered at that figure and at the close offerings were made a fraction below that price. Philadelphia brokers were on the floor, but they did not apparently put much strength into the market. The buying was scattered, but as a rule the stock went into strong hands. There was considerable guessing as to whether or not the sales made in the afternoon were short stock. They were chiefly for account and a good many brokers believed they were short sales. In the face of the extraordinary weather and the fact that every one who can possibly get away from town is leaving the whole market holds remarkably firm. The market for North Side stock was extremely dull, but prices were a shade firmer.

There continues to be considerable discussion over the probable effect of elevated railroad competition. It is generally admitted now that the traffic of the Alley Elevated is unsatisfactory. There was a sharp break in the stock yesterday, a sale being made at par, which is the lowest price touched for some weeks. It is manifestly impossible, however, to form any correct conclusion regarding the business this company will do from any data which may be furnished from the operation of this small portion of the road now completed. As it stands now the road commences nowhere and ends nowhere, and is altogether too short to get any of the advantages that naturally belong to an elevated road. The line is being rapidly completed, however, and will soon be in a position probably to make a much better account of itself. The traffic now is really decreasing. At first a great many people patronized the line for the novelty of the thing, but its drawing power as a curiosity has now worn off.

There continues to be much talk about the Metropolitan Elevated project. It is said by those interested here that applications for the bonds have run several hundred thousand dollars ahead of the amount which can be supplied. Perhaps the most interesting gossip in the elevated railroad field is the story that the Metropolitan company is to acquire the Lake street line. There is more of a foundation for this story than most of the elevated railroad rumors have. Undoubtedly there are negotiations in progress. The Lake street company has something valuable in the way of a down-town franchise and right of way and in connection with the Metropolitan's proposed line crossing the river between Van Buren and Jackson streets it would form a valuable terminal.

Among the active stocks yesterday Western Stone took a prominent place. The stock got up to par and there was active trading. The market closed firm. There seems to be a determination to make this stock an active speculative security once more. It was at one time a prime speculative favorite, and its friends express the hope that it will again be made one. Higher prices are now being predicted with great confidence.

The New York Biscuit company met with an unfortunate loss yesterday by a fire in their great New York establishment. Their New York factory is the largest in the country, and has only been completed a few months. A dispatch to President Moore contradicted the exaggerated reports published in the afternoon papers, and states that the loss would not be a serious one for the company and would not interfere with their supplying the trade and holding their customers.

Street's Stable Car stock is one of the heaviest securities on the list. It went off still further yesterday, the settling price being fixed at 30¾, and there was little market for it. There are rumors of some unfavorable complications, but they lack definiteness. Officers of the company insist that business is entirely satisfactory and earnings far more than sufficient to continue dividend payments. There has been some talk of a pool to support the stock, but the pool does not materialize, while the bears continue active. The stock has always found the greatest favor in the eyes of the short sellers, and there is undoubtedly a large short interest in it now. The list of sales yesterday was as follows:

SALES FIRST CALL—10:30 A. M.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 10 N C S R R Co | 225½ | 60 WesternStoneCo | 99⅞ |
| 100 do act | 226½ | 50 do | 99⅞ |
| 50 C B & M Co pfd | 43⅞ | 50 do | 99⅞ |
| 50 do act | 43⅞ | 100 do | 100 |
| 50 do | 43⅞ | 100 do 2d act | 100⅛ |
| 50 M & C B Co pfd | 39 | 5 S W Car Line | 31⅛ |
| 100 W C St R R Co | 185 | 1 do | 32 |
| 250 do | 185⅛ | 100 do 2d act | 31 |
| 100 do | 185⅛ | 350 C & C C D | 81 |
| 50 do act | 185⅛ | 50 do 2d act | 81⅛ |
| 100 do 2d act | 186⅛ | 50 do 2d act | 81⅛ |
| 50 do act | 185⅞ | 20 C & S S R T Co | 100 |
| 150 WesternStoneCo | 99⅞ | | |

BONDS

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $1000 N C C Ry Co 4½s | 97 | $2000 W C S R R Co 1st mtg 5s | 101½ |

SALES SECOND CALL—2 P. M.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 250 W C S R R Co | 186⅛ | 100 W. S. Co. 2d act | 100⅞ |
| 200 do | 186 | 50 C & C C D 2d act | 81⅛ |
| 200 do act | 186 | 50 do act | 81⅛ |
| 50 do 2d act | 186⅜ | 11 do | 81½ |
| 600 do 2d act | 186 | 50 do act | 81⅛ |
| 50 do act | 185¾ | 50 Am. S. B. Co. act | 83½ |
| 50 West'n Stone Co | 100 | | |

BONDS.

$2000 W.C.S.R.R.d6s101¼ | $5000 C GL&CCo b3. 91⅞

The demand for money is not improving. Much of the dullness is to be attributed, without doubt, to the unusual weather. Not a particle of business is being done that can possibly be avoided, as the result of general lassitude is felt in financial transactions perhaps more than anywhere else. Bankers say that they see few signs of any tendency towards a tight money market. Money is already being used in connection with the new wheat crop, but the country banks are making only slight demands on Chicago. They seem amply able to take care of all the business they are likely to have for some time without any assistance.

The sterling market is still unchanged, and quotations are exactly where they have been for several days. Exchange brokers think that each day must certainly bring some indication of a break, but they are each day disappointed. Rates were quoted as follows:

| | Sixties. | Demand. |
|---|---|---|
| Posted | 487½ | 489 |
| Actual | 487 | 488¼ |
| Documentary | 485¾ | 487 |

Clearings at the principal cities of the United States yesterday and a week ago were:

| | July 26. | July 19. |
|---|---|---|
| New York | $ 98,744,858 | $105,149,043 |
| Boston | 15,375,917 | 16,309,636 |
| Chicago | 14,708,000 | 16,219,352 |
| Philadelphia | 11,741,382 | 13,854,513 |
| St. Louis | 3,544,290 | 3,808,363 |
| Baltimore | 2,504,072 | 2,414,143 |
| New Orleans | 1,054,482 | 1,475,672 |

New York exchange was quoted as follows yesterday: Chicago, 30c to 50c discount; Boston, par to 5c discount; St. Louis, 25c discount.

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 26.—[Special.]—The intense heat this morning was enough in itself to check any enthusiasm in the market. The principal occupation of the board members who ventured into the floor at all was keeping quiet and cool. The most important subjects on the street during the morning were the corn crop and the effect of the hot weather in the West. The report yesterday that the heat was so great that the corn in sections was burning up, while it was not generally believed, caused a good deal of uneasiness among holders of granger shares, and some considerable selling resulted. The reports this morning contradicted those of yesterday, and was to the effect that instead of being impaired by the hot weather corn was thriving immensely, and every day adds to the certainty of a large crop. The news caused a recovery in the grangers. Northwest was the only conspicuous stock which showed a loss, and that was off a half on a single transaction. Sugar refineries was the most active stock as well as the strongest on the list. It closed last night at 104, opened today at 104½, and then jumped up another ½, to 105. The preferred advanced ⅜, to 99¾. Quite a revival in Erie was also noted. London, of course, had something to do with an advance of ½ in its pet stock and had fair buying orders in on it. The story has been current for some days that the Vanderbilts were again engaged in picking up the stock. In spite of the weather and the less favorable and contradictory reports as to corn from Kansas, the market, while remaining dull and narrow, was still strong up to 1 o'clock and in two or three instances showed material advances. Distillers' and Cattle-Feeders' Trust bounded up two full points during the morning. The stock was in a position to make a good upward movement at any time its managers felt that they wanted to increase their bank accounts. Sugar preferred advanced ⅜, to 100, at noon. It is a long time since it touched that figure. It was put on good buying by those who calculated that a 10 per cent preferred stock ought to go up when the situation was good enough to put the common stock up to 100. The Vanderbilts exhibited a good deal of strength after the first hour, and perhaps nothing encourages the bullish sentiment of the street more than strength in this group. Central advanced ½ and Lake Shore a full point.

Money on call easy at 1½ to 2 per cent; last loan 2, closed offered at 2. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@6. Sterling exchange quiet but steady at 487 for 60-day bills and 488¾ for demand. The total sales of stocks today were 130,251 shares, including: Atchison, 7,275; Erie, 7,415; Hocking Valley, 2,200; Lake Shore, 3,250; Reading, 5,000; St. Paul, 10,300.

Railroad bonds, however, displayed the effects of some new demand, and there was not only more animation, but many of the inactive issues scored handsome advances over their last previous sales, but the speculative issues were quiet and made few movements of interest. The transactions reached $1,206,000, but there was no special animation in anything. Government bonds have been dull and steady. State bonds have been dull and steady.

SALES AND QUOTATIONS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

| Description. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Closing— J'ly 26 | J'ly 25 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atchison | 7,275 | 37⅛ | 36⅞ | 37⅛ | 37⅛ |
| Am. Cot. Oil | 2,807 | 41⅛ | 40⅞ | 41⅛ | 39⅞ |
| Do pfd | 2,767 | 78⅞ | 77⅞ | 77⅞ | 78⅞ |
| Amn. Sugar | 21,510 | 105⅛ | 104⅛ | 105⅛ | 104 |
| Do pfd | 2,533 | 100⅜ | 99⅞ | 100 | 99⅞ |
| Am. Cable | 75 | 87⅛ | 87⅛ | 87⅛ | |
| Am. Dist. Tel | 100 | 62 | 62 | 62 | |
| Balt. & Ohio | 800 | 95⅛ | 95⅛ | 95⅛ | 95⅛ |
| C. B. & Q. | 8,700 | 101⅛ | 100⅛ | 100⅜ | 100⅜ |
| C. & N-W | 400 | 117⅛ | 117⅛ | 117⅛ | 118 |
| C. M. & St. P. | 10,400 | 83⅛ | 82⅜ | 82⅜ | 82⅜ |
| C. R. I. & P. | 5,900 | 79⅞ | 79⅛ | 79⅛ | 79⅛ |
| C. St. P. M. & O. | 100 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49⅞ |
| Do pfd | 250 | 119⅛ | 118⅛ | 118⅛ | 119 |
| Canada So. | 500 | 59⅞ | 59⅛ | 59⅛ | |
| Ches. & Ohio | 1,560 | 25 | 24⅛ | 24⅞ | 24⅛ |
| Colo. Coal | 400 | 35⅛ | 35⅛ | 35⅛ | 35⅛ |
| C., C., C. & St. L. | 360 | 66⅞ | 66⅛ | 66⅛ | |
| Do pfd | 60 | 97 | 97 | 97 | |
| Chicago Gas | 750 | 81⅞ | 81⅛ | 81⅛ | 81⅛ |
| B.J.Ry.& U.S.Yds. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | |
| D. L. & W. | 450 | 157 | 156⅛ | 157 | 156⅛ |
| Del. & Hudson | 200 | 136⅛ | 136⅛ | 136⅛ | 136 |
| Dist. & C. F. Co. | 12,760 | 49⅛ | 47⅛ | 48⅞ | 47⅛ |
| D. S. S. & A. | 100 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| Do pfd | 100 | 31⅛ | 31⅛ | 31⅛ | |
| Gen. El. Co. | 705 | 108⅞ | 108⅛ | 108⅛ | 109 |
| Hocking Valley | 2,200 | 36⅛ | 35⅞ | 35⅞ | 35⅛ |
| Iowa Cent. | 100 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | |
| Do pfd | 110 | 41 | 41 | 41 | |
| Lake Shore | 3,205 | 135⅛ | 134 | 134⅛ | 134 |
| Louis. & Nash. | 700 | 69⅞ | 69⅛ | 69⅞ | 69⅛ |
| L. N. A. & C. | 100 | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 25 |
| Mo. Pacific | 700 | 58⅛ | 58 | 58⅛ | 57⅛ |
| Manhattan | 350 | 132⅛ | 132⅛ | 132⅛ | 133⅛ |
| Minn. & St. L. | 755 | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ |
| Do pfd | 1,600 | 34⅞ | 34⅛ | 34⅛ | 34⅛ |
| N. Y. & N. E. | 700 | 36⅞ | 36⅛ | 36⅛ | 36⅛ |
| Northern Pac. | 200 | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | 20 |
| Do pfd | 1,512 | 56⅞ | 56 | 56 | 55⅛ |
| N. Y., L. E. & W. | 7475 | 27⅞ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ |
| Do pfd | 700 | 67⅞ | 67⅛ | 67⅛ | 67⅛ |
| N. Y. Cent. | 765 | 113⅞ | 113 | 113⅛ | 113⅛ |
| Nor. & W. | 100 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ |
| N. Y., Sus. & W. | 100 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | |
| Nor. Amer. Co. | 100 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ |
| N. Y., O. & W. | 1,000 | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ |
| Nat. Linseed | 100 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 34⅞ |
| Nat. Lead | 805 | 36⅛ | 35⅞ | 35⅞ | 36 |
| Do pfd | 1,412 | 92⅞ | 91⅞ | 91⅞ | 92⅛ |
| Nat. Cordage | 600 | 121⅛ | 121⅛ | 121⅛ | 121⅛ |
| Do pfd | 1,250 | 113⅛ | 113 | 113 | 113 |
| O. Ry. & Nav. | 10 | 79⅛ | 79⅛ | 79⅛ | 79 |
| Phil. & Reading | 4,900 | 60⅞ | 60⅛ | 60⅛ | 60⅛ |
| Pacific Mail | 100 | 33⅛ | 33⅛ | 33⅛ | 33⅛ |
| Pullman | 150 | 196⅛ | 196⅛ | 196⅛ | |
| Rich. Term. | 120 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ |
| So. Pacific | 240 | 36⅛ | 36⅛ | 36⅛ | 36⅛ |
| St. L. & S. W. | 100 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ |
| Do pfd | 200 | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ |
| Union Pacific | 1,600 | 37⅞ | 37⅛ | 37⅛ | 37⅛ |
| W. & L. E. | 600 | 31⅛ | 30⅞ | 31⅛ | 31 |
| Wabash pfd | 100 | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ |
| Western Union | 1,390 | 94⅞ | 94⅛ | 94⅛ | 94⅛ |

EXPRESS STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adams | 148 | Fargo | 143 |
| American | 118 | United States | 60 |

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| U. S. 4s, reg | 116 | U. S. 2s, reg | 100 |
| U. S. 4s, coup | 116 | | |

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| 13000 Atch 4s.......82⅛@83 | 19000 MK&T 1st....79⅛@79⅞ |
| 7000 Atchinc5s........58⅞ | 15000 MK&T 2d......46@46⅛ |
| 21000 BCR&N 1st cl tr5s ....96⅞@96⅞ | 5000 MoPac1stcl 5s.... 81⅛ |
| 5000 Brk El 2d........94 | 2000 MP 1st cn......109 |
| 5000 BR&P gm 5s......102 | 3000 MP 1st........64⅛ |
| 20000 CNJ 5s reg.......111 | 2000 NYC ex 5s .......101⅛ |
| 13000 C&O gen 4½s ........83⅛@84 | 3000 NYC&StL4s......97⅛ |
| 36000 C&O con5s.104⅜@104⅞ | 50000 NYLE&Wnw2cn. ......105⅛@105⅞ |
| 1000 C&O-R&AD1st c4s 83⅞ | 7000 NYO&W1st112⅛@112⅞ |
| 13000 C&O-R&A1scn4s. ......79⅞@79⅞ | 65000 NYO&W rfis..83@83⅛ |
| 3000 CB&Q deb 5s .......102@102⅛ | 28000 NP cn 5s......76@76⅛ |
| 5000 CB&Q-IaD4s......95 | 2000 NP 1st cp......116⅛ |
| 6000 C&EI g 5s ......100⅛ | 2000 NP 3d cn.......101⅛ |
| 2000 C&EI con 5s......123⅛ | 2000 NoR of Cal 6s.....101⅛ |
| 30000 C&E inc.......51@52 | 3000 N W ex 4s.....99⅛@100 |
| 20000 C&E 1st.......102 | 1000 No Ill.......106 |
| 1000 C&NP 1s.......80⅛ | 1000 NoMo 1st.......106 |
| 3000 CD&I 1st 5s ......98⅞ | 1000 Or Imp 1st.....101 |
| 6000 CHV&T g m 5s .......97@97⅛ | 2000 OSL 6s......105 |
| 2000 CHV&T m6s.......101 | 4000 PCo 4½ cp.....107 |
| 11000 C&A 1st.......101⅞ | 50000 P&R1st inc.....79 |
| 10000 C R I & P 5s rg ......99⅛@99⅛ | 15000 P&R 2d inc...71@71⅛ |
| 21000 C R I & P 5s cp ......100⅛@100⅛ | 70000 P & R 3d pfd inc. ......63⅛@63⅞ |
| 1000 D&RG 1st.......117⅛ | 8000 P&R 3d con.......65⅛ |
| 4000 D&RG 4s.......83⅛ | 10000 P&R dfinc.......20⅛ |
| 8000 Edison El 1st ......105⅛@107 | 10000 P&R gm 4s.......88⅛@88⅞ |
| 2000 EL&BS6s......98⅞ | 13000 PCC&StL 4½s SA.104⅛ |
| 1000 ETV&G cn gd 5s. 94 | 10000 P&W 1st......84⅛@84⅞ |
| 2000 Equit G&FC 1st.101 | 18000 RT cl t 5s.......48⅛@49 |
| 7000 GH&SA-WD 1st.. 97⅛ | 7000 RG&W 1st.........80⅞ |
| 22000 Gen El db5s .......100⅛@100⅞ | 10000 RW&Ocon.113⅛@114 |
| 3000 GS&F1st.......76 | 2000 R&D 5s cp off.......105⅛ |
| 5000 H & T C 1st 5s......106⅛ | 10000 StL&IM 1st104⅛@104⅞ |
| 1000 I&GN 1st tr.......85⅛ | 3000 StL&SW 1st......68⅞ |
| 6000 I&GN6s stmp......74⅛ | 34000 SL &SW 2d inc.. ......29⅛@29⅞ |
| 5000 Iowa C 1st......88 | 5000 StJ&G1 1st......95⅛ |
| 5000 KanPa1st con......109⅛ | 8000 StPM&M 1st cn6s ......122@122⅛ |
| 12000 L V of N Y 1st .......103⅛@103⅞ | 7000 SPM&M 1st cn 6s red to 4½s..103⅛@100⅛ |
| 1000 LE&W 1st......110⅛ | 7000 SPM&MistMC4s. ......87⅛@88 |
| 3000 L&N unfd gld 4s..80 | 15000 SPM&M 2d......119⅛ |
| 3000 L&N cn ......113⅛ | 9000 S V&NE4s......88 |
| 12000 LNA&Ccn......103 | 5000 SoCar 1st......107⅛@107⅞ |
| 1000 M&E 7s '71......123⅛ | 10000 SPof A1st......103⅛ |
| 1000 M&E 1st 1910-ML.115⅛ | 3000 TP 1st 5s......88⅛ |
| 3000 M&E 1st 1913 cn..115 | 30000 TAA&GT1st.....102⅛ |
| 5000 M&SL 1st-SW Ex..116 | 17000 T St L & KC 1st. ......90@91⅛ |
| 6000 M&SP1st-D&G5s104⅛ | 5000 U P gold 6s col tr notes......96⅛@96⅞ |
| 1000 M&SP 1st-LaeD..121⅛ | 10000 Wab debSerB.......38 |
| 2000 M&SP 1st-SMD..105⅛ | 46000 Wab 2d......84⅛@84⅞ |
| 2000 M&SP1-L&DD..102⅛ | 8000 WU clt 5s.......105 |
| 5000 M&SP1-C&PW5s.109⅛ | 33000 WSgtd4srg103⅛@103⅞ |
| | 61000 W ss rg......102⅛@103 |
| | 3000 WNY & P 1st......102⅛ |

### BOSTON.

BOSTON, Mass., July 26.—Stock sales and quotations:

| Description. | Sales. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atchison | 2,800 | 37⅛ | 37⅛ | 36⅞ | 37⅛ |
| American Sugar | 6,009 | 104⅜ | 105⅛ | 104⅜ | 105⅛ |
| Do pfd | 207 | 99⅞ | 100⅛ | 99⅞ | 100⅛ |
| Bell Telephone | 26 | 203⅛ | 203⅛ | 203 | 203 |
| C. B. & Q. | 2,000 | 100⅛ | 101⅛ | 100⅛ | 100⅞ |
| Chi. Junc. Ry. | 150 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Fort Wayne El. | 5 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ |
| General El. | 103 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 109 |
| Mex. Cent. | 300 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ |
| N. E. Telephone | 49 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| Union Pacific | 250 | 37⅛ | 37⅞ | 37⅛ | 37⅞ |

Bond sales and quotations:

| | |
|---|---|
| 4000 Mx Cnt 4s 68⅛@68⅞ | 9000 Atch 4s...82⅛@82⅞ |
| 1000 Rutland 5s...101⅛ | 3000 Chi June 5s...99 |
| 1000 Mx Cnt 1st inc 29⅛ | 4000 Wis Cen 1st...92⅛ |
| 7000 Wis Cen inc...37 | 38000 Gen El 5s...99⅛ |
| 11000 Atch inc..58⅛@59 | |

### PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 26.—The market closed dull, but very steady. Pennsylvania, 54⅛@54¼c; Reading, 30¾@30⅞c; Lehigh Valley, 61⅛@61¼c; Reading general, 4s, 88⅛@88¼c; do first income, 78⅛@78⅞c; do second income, 71⅛@71⅜; do third income, 63⅛@63¾c.

### MINING STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 26.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows: Alta, 25c; Bulwer, 40c; Best & Belcher, $1.45; Bodie Consolidated, 30c; Chollar, 60c; Consolidated California and Virginia, $3.60; Crown Point, 65c; Gould & Curry, $1.45; Hale & Norcross, $1.20; Mexican, $1.45; Mono, 40c; Ophir, $2.50; Potosi, 45c; Savage, $1.00; Sierra Nevada, $1.05; Union Consolidated, 80c; Utah, 25c; Yellow Jacket, 55c; Commonwealth, 10c; Nevada Queen, 20c; Belle Isle, 10c; N. Belle Isle, 5c.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Mining shares: Chollar, 60c; Crown Point, 70c; Con. Cal. and Va., $3.50; Deadwood, $2.10; Gould and Curry, 90c; Hale and Norcross, $1.10; Homestake, $13.50; Mexican, $1.45; North Star, $6.50 asked; Ontario, $42.00 asked; Ophir, $2.40; Plymouth, $1.00 asked; Sierra Nevada, $1.00; Standard, $1.40; Union Con., 75c; Yellow Jacket, 60c; Iron Silver, 60c; Quicksilver, $4.00; do pfd, $20.00; Bulwer, 30c.

BOSTON, Mass., July 26.—Closing prices: Allouez Mining Co. (new), 90c; Atlantic, 9¼c; Boston and Montana, 36¾c; Calumet and Hecla, $2.75; Franklin, 12¾c; Kearsarge, 11¼c; Osceola, 31c; Santa Fe Copper, 12¾c; Tamarack, $1.55.

## WHAT TRADE GOSSIPS WERE SAYING.

**Interesting Bits of Information Picked Up on the Floor of the Exchange.**

Traders in the pits did no more business than they could help yesterday. They were kept moderately busy, however, and bulls had things pretty well their own way from the start. The weather in the West and Northwest was still hot, and many of the crop reports talked of actual or prospective damage. This was the one thing that helped grain and indirectly helped provisions. The signal service map showed traces of rain at a number of points in the Mississippi Valley, and indications pointed to a continuation of hot weather in the far West, with a cool wave in the Northwest.

Estimated receipts for today: Wheat, 225 cars; corn, 235 cars; oats, 175 cars, and 15,000 hogs.

Mitchell, Gifford, and New York representatives were buyers of wheat at the opening. St. Louis Trego and Kennett-Hopkins were among the sellers.

A report sent out by the "Q." stated that for every bushel of corn lost in Kansas by the present hot weather ten were made in Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, and Indiana.

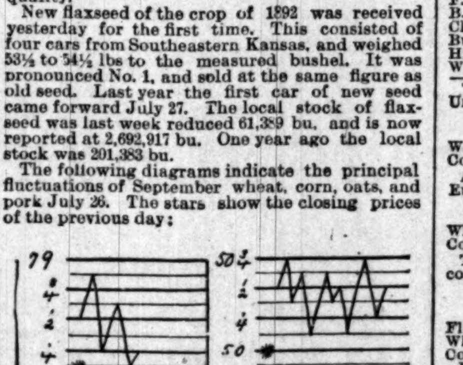
Cudahy was one of the best buyers of January pork and S. E. Dunham had a good-sized order to buy September pork. The packing companies were buyers of ribs in a general way.

"Operators in oats these days are afraid to go home either long or short a bushel," said a broker, "and the market is really little more than a corn market. That is, oats closely follow the course of corn through sympathy and lack of outside influences. When corn advances a fraction oats follow, and so with the down-turns. There is no independent character to the market."

A message from Dorchester, Neb., stated that the thrashing returns in wheat were satisfactory as to yield and quality, but that farmers will not sell freely at present prices and are stacking their wheat. Corn was suffering from rain, and rain or cool weather is essential to the securing of a crop. The oats harvest had commenced, and thrashing proved that the grain was very rusty, light in weight, and generally of a very poor quality.

New flaxseed of the crop of 1892 was received yesterday for the first time. This consisted of four cars from Southeastern Kansas, and weighed 53½ to 54½ lbs to the measured bushel. It was pronounced No. 1, and sold at the same figure as old seed. Last year the first car of new seed came forward July 27. The local stock of flaxseed was last week reduced 61,389 bu, and is now reported at 2,692,917 bu. One year ago the local stock was 201,383 bu.

The following diagrams indicate the principal fluctuations of September wheat, corn, oats, and pork July 26. The stars show the closing prices of the previous day:



It was generally supposed in the corn pit yesterday that there was considerable realizing on the advance by some of the more prominent longs. It was said that Bryant let go some of his corn and then perhaps Bloom dropped a part of his corn which showed a profit. Schwartz-Dupee-McCormick were sellers, possibly on some orders from the Southwest. Kennett-Hopkins, Bailey, Bacon, and some of the brokers were sellers, the best buying being by Boyden, Logan, Bennett, Counselman-Day, and houses with St. Louis connections.

A Western branch of a leading Chicago house wired that they had reports from a number of points in Western Kansas saying that the situation was extremely critical, hot winds having set in. In Nebraska the situation was growing worse every hour, and even with immediate rains the crop would be cut short very materially. The wind was still in the Southwest, from which no benefit could come. A late message to Roche, said to be from the Secretary of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, rather spoiled the effect of the private reports by a statement to the effect that there had been no hot winds in Kansas, and there was no damage.

## GRAIN LEADS AN ADVANCE IN PRICES.

**Too Much Hot Weather Starts Corn, Wheat, and Oats Up—Provisions Follow.**

It was "dead easy" for the bulls yesterday. They had little to oppose them, and with anything like a large trade there would have been much higher prices. As it was there was a considerable improvement, only a part of which, however, was held to the close. Cables early and late were higher except for London, which was a trifle lower, and Antwerp, which was steady. The quantity of wheat and flour on passage showed a decrease, imports into the United Kingdom were materially smaller, export clearances were satisfactory, and the fear of the anti-option bill was less pronounced. Then there was the sympathetic effect of the advance in corn. Receipts in the Northwest were quite liberal and some of the reports were favorable, but the trade paid little attention to them. When it was thought that Senator Wolcott had succeeded in getting the Hatch bill referred to the Finance committee there was a bulge, followed by a reaction when it was found that there was no truth in the report. The demand for cash was fair. Receipts at principal Western points were 972,400 bu and at Eastern points 360,500 bu, a total of 1,332,900 bu. The shipments from Western points were 578,100 bu and from Eastern points 337,200 bu, a total of 915,300 bu. The export clearances of wheat and flour from the chief Atlantic ports were 402,700 bu. The local out-inspection was 100,000 bu and there were charters for 50,000 bu. Sales in store and to go to store were made at 79@79½c for No. 2 red, 71@75c for No. 3 red, 63½c for No. 4 red, 68¾@72c for No. 3 hard, 72@75c for No. 2 hard, 79c for No. 2 spring, 73c for No. 3 spring, and 67@69½c for No. 3 white spring. Free on board sales were at 60@68c for No. 4 red winter, 74@76½c for No. 3 do, 55@64c for No. 4 spring, and 70@76c for No. 3 do.

Commission houses and brokers were again loaded with buying orders at the opening in corn yesterday. Most of the advices from the West confirmed the statements as to drought and damage in Kansas, and St. Louis started the ball by opening at a considerable advance over the close of the previous day. The local bull clique in which Bryant is so much of a factor helped the boom along for a little while, and then in common with some other longs unloaded a little of the corn that showed a good profit. This was well taken by the shorts and new buyers. The possibility of rain in the West was one of the inducements to the longs to hold whatever profit they might have in sight. Much of the advance was lost late in the session when a report was received, said to have come from the Secretary of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, to the effect that there was no truth in the reports of damage to corn in Kansas. Nevertheless the closing price was ½c over that of Monday. Outside markets were firm at an advance. There was a moderate demand for cash, with fair offerings. Receipts at principal points were 376,200 bu and shipments 229,000 bu. The export clearances from the chief Atlantic ports were 74,000 bu. The local out-inspection was 185,000 bu, and there were charters for 77,000 bu. Sales in store and to go to store were made at 50¾@51½c for No. 2, 51@51¼c for No. 2 yellow, 51½c for No. 2 white, 48@48½c for No. 3, 49@49½c for No. 3 yellow, and 45@46c for No. 4. Free on board sales were at 40@42c for no grade, 44½@46c for No. 4 mixed, and 49@49½c for No. 3 and No. 3 white.

Oats marked frequent but exceedingly narrow price changes, and at the close showed the smallest possible advance with September at 31c paid and asked after selling at 30¾@31¼c. There was no news of consequence. The inspection sheet showed the receipt of a small quantity new oats in the large total of 303 cars and the out-inspection was small. New York was fractionally higher, but there was no talk of further export business with clearances 31,800 bu. Cash oats were quiet. Free on board sales were at 29½@31½c for No. 3 mixed, 33¾@34c for do white, and 34@35c for No. 2 white.

Rye offerings were small for either immediate or future delivery, and a fair degree of strength was apparent, although the demand remained restricted. The few cars No. 2 offered sold 1c higher at 67c, and that was the nominal close for either cash in store or July. No. 3 samples inactive. For August 64c was bid with no sellers at that. September sold at 62@62½c, and closed nominal at the outside. Barley was scarcely quotable. A few cars appeared and sold early by sample at about a recent range of prices on the basis of 35@50c for poor to good.

Provisions were stronger in sympathy with grain. There was some realizing that caused a temporary break, but on the whole the market was quite strong. Business was comparatively light. Packers made some attempt to hammer the market, but were good buyers of ribs through brokers at all times. Shipments of product were liberal, and, as receipts of hogs were small and prices at the yards showed an upward tendency, some of the shorts were run in. Outside markets were strong and cables showed an advance of 6d in meats and lard. Cash pork was quoted at $12.15@12.20. September lard opened at $7.37½, sold at $7.35@7.40, and closed at $7.37½, cash being $7.30@7.32½. September ribs opened at $7.75, sold off to $7.67½, reacted and closed at $7.70, cash being $7.75@7.85. Cash sales included 250 brls mess pork at $12.15, 60 tcs lard at $7.30, 50 tcs sweet pickled hams, 12 lbs, at 12c; 100,000 lbs short ribs, part at $7.85, and 50,000 lbs pork strips at 6c.

There was a little better demand for flour for export yesterday, and several small lots were worked. There was not much doing on local account, though dealers showed some inclination to shade prices to effect sales.

Millstuffs were dull with a few sales of bran reported at $7.00@11.50, the inside for heating.

Flaxseed scored another fractional decline, with sales of No. 1 cash ½c lower at $1.01½, including new seed; rejected, 96c. The offerings were moderate, but only a few buyers appeared. September opened steady at $1.02¼, but subsequent sales were at $1.02, the market closing dull at that, January sold sparingly at $1.06. Receipts were 39 cars; shipments, 17,200 bu. Timothy seed was easy without being especially lower. September sold sparingly at $1.28, suggesting weakness, and year delivery of new seed at $1.26, with contract prime cash offered at $1.34. Sales by sample were at $1.08@1.27 for poor to good country.

### PRICES ON 'CHANGE.

The following table shows the range of prices on grain and provisions:

| | Closed Monday. | Range yesterday. | Closed yesterday. |
|---|---|---|---|
| WHEAT. | | | |
| July | $ 78¾ | $ 78⅜ @ 79⅜ | $ 78⅞ |
| September | 78⅞ | 78⅛ @ 78⅞ | 78⅞ |
| December | 80⅜ | 80⅛ @ 81⅛ | 80⅞ |
| CORN. | | | |
| July | $ 50⅛ | $ 51 @ 51⅛ | $ 51⅛ |
| August | 50⅛ | 50⅛ @ 51 | 50⅞ |
| September | 49⅞ | 50⅛ @ 50⅞ | 50⅛ |
| OATS. | | | |
| July | $ 31⅛ | $ 31 @ 31⅛ | $ 31⅛ |
| August | 30⅞ | 30⅛ @ 31⅛ | 31⅛ |
| September | 30⅛ | 30⅛ @ 31⅛ | 31 |
| MESS PORK. | | | |
| September | $12.27½ | $12.20 @12.35 | $12.32½ |
| January | 13.35 | 13.37½@13.45 | 13.42½ |
| LARD—PER 100 LBS. | | | |
| September | $ 7.35 | $ 7.35 @ 7.40 | $ 7.37½ |
| January | 7.25 | 7.25 @ 7.27½ | 7.27½ |
| RIBS—BOXED 25 CENTS MORE THAN LOOSE. | | | |
| September | $ 7.70 | $ 7.67½@ 7.75 | $ 7.70 |
| January | 7.00 | 7.00 @ 7.07½ | 7.07½ |

The closing prices for the corresponding day last year were as follows:

| | July. | September. | October |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 2 wheat | $ 92⅛ | $ 88⅛ | $...... |
| No. 2 corn | 64⅛ | 58⅞ | ...... |
| No. 2 oats | 36⅛ | 28⅛ | ...... |
| Mess pork | ...... | 11.45 | 11.52½ |
| Lard | ...... | 6.70 | 6.80 |
| Short ribs | ...... | 6.87½ | 7.00 |

### GRAIN INSPECTION.

The following grain was inspected as received in this city Monday by carloads:

| | Contra't grades. | No. 3. | Lower grades. | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Winter wheat | 107 | 144 | 34 | 285 |
| Spring wheat | 41 | 37 | 17 | 95 |
| Corn | 182 | 225 | 154 | 561 |
| Oats | 92 | 207 | 4 | 303 |
| Rye | 2 | 5 | | 7 |
| Barley | 2 | | 10 | 12 |
| Totals | 426 | 618 | 219 | 1,263 |

Inspected out: 99,762 bu wheat, 185,140 bu corn, 38,850 bu oats. The receipts to be announced today are expected to include 225 cars wheat, 235 cars corn, 175 cars oats, and 15,000 hogs.

The following were the local receipts and shipments of the articles named for the 48 hours ending at 6 o'clock Monday evening:

| ARTICLES. | RECEIPTS. 1892. | RECEIPTS. 1891. | SHIPMENTS. 1892. | SHIPMENTS. 1891. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flour, brls | 15,348 | 11,991 | 5,328 | 3,678 |
| Wheat, bu | 184,347 | 524,849 | 89,273 | 181,553 |
| Corn, bu | 224,802 | 230,064 | 128,232 | 72,232 |
| Oats, bu | 268,783 | 142,724 | 141,820 | 111,120 |
| Rye, bu | 1,245 | 38,430 | | 1,775 |
| Barley, bu | 3,139 | | 2,868 | |
| T. seed, lbs | 28,200 | 161,721 | 100,620 | 76,898 |
| C. seed, lbs | 670 | | 41,460 | |
| Oth. sd., lbs | | 5,000 | 414,440 | 80,060 |
| F. seed, bu | 19,445 | 17,329 | 152,162 | 2,430 |
| B. corn, lbs | | 12,000 | 16,090 | 5,100 |
| Cheese, lbs | 248,175 | 472,358 | 216,423 | 275,430 |
| Butter, lbs | 804,887 | 781,117 | 1,135,936 | 1,220,021 |
| Hides, lbs | 351,170 | 200,650 | 703,750 | 710,320 |
| Wool, lbs | 191,368 | 598,688 | 353,741 | 1,944,635 |

The following were reported on passage to the United Kingdom on the dates named:

| | July 23, 1892. | July 16, 1892. | July 25, 1891. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat and flour, qrs. | 1,990,000 | 2,070,000 | 2,220,000 |
| Corn, qrs | 650,000 | 700,000 | 360,000 |

Also the following on passage to the Continent of Europe:

| | July 23, 1892. | July 16, 1892. | July 25, 1891. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat qrs | 790,000 | 800,000 | 2,190,000 |
| Corn, qrs | 270,000 | 270,000 | 190,000 |

The following were the imports of flour, wheat and corn into the United Kingdom on the dates named:

| | Week end'g July 23, 1892. | Week end'g July 16, 1892. | Week end'g July 25, 1891. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Flour, brls | 161,000 | 253,000 | 172,000 |
| Wheat, qrs | 262,000 | 463,000 | 344,000 |
| Corn, qrs | 217,000 | 231,000 | 211,000 |

Lake freights were weaker at 2@2¼c for wheat and 1¾@2c for corn to Buffalo. Charters were reported for 50,000 bu wheat, 77,000 bu corn, and 26,000 bu oats.

## THE STREET PRODUCE MARKETS.

**Hot Weather Does Not Seriously Interfere with Trade—Prices Steady to Firm.**

There were liberal buying orders on South Water street, and in the main produce averaged steady to firm in tone. The offerings of berries were fully ample, however, and prices in some instances leaned to easiness. Butter was wanted and sold readily at quotations fully as high as those recently reached. Dairy butter, when choice, sold close to the figures paid for creamery. Eggs were firm when guaranteed, while many from the South were poor in quality. A moderate inquiry existed for poultry and sales were fair in the aggregate.

The following quotations are for round lots of merchantable quality and usually from first hands:

BUTTER—Fancy separator goods, 21@21½c; fine, 20@20½c; fair to good, 18@19c; fancy dairies, Cooley's, 17½@18½c; medium to good, 16@17c; packing stock, fresh, 12½@13½c.

BUTTERINE—Best creamery, 18c per lb; extra dairy, 13c; dairy, 11c; rolls and small pails, ½c additional.

BERRIES—Black raspberries, $1.25@1.75 per case of 16 qts; red do, $1.25@2.00 per 24 pts; blackberries, $2.25@2.75 per case of 24 qts; gooseberries, $1.25@2.00 per case of 16 qts.

CHEESE—Finest full creams: Cheddars, 8¾@9c per lb; twins, 9c; Young Americas, 9¼@9½c; imitation Swiss, 15@16½c; brick cheese, 8@9c.

EGGS—Fresh-laid, candled, 15@15½c per doz.

GREEN FRUITS—New apples, $3.50@5.00 per brl; bananas, $1.50@2.50 per bunch; cherries, $2.25@2.75 per case of 16 qts; lemons, $6.50@9.50 per box; seedling oranges, $4.00@5.00; pineapples, $10.00@20.00 per 100; peaches, 60c@$1.00 per ⅓ bu basket; Georgias, $2.00@2.75 per crate of 6 baskets. California fruit—Apricots, $1.75@2.25 per case of 20 lbs; peaches, $1.25@2.00; plums, $2.75@3.50 per case of 20 lbs; pears $2.50@3.00 per box of 40 lbs.

HAY—The market was quiet and unchanged. Sales were: On track—2 cars No. 2 timothy at $10.50; 3 cars upland prairie at $5.00@9.00. Receipts, 1,003 tons; shipments, 68 tons.

HIDES—No. 1 green salted, 4½@4¾c per lb; No. 2 do, 3½@3¾c; No. 1 calf skins, 7c; No. 2 do, 6c; No. 1 country tallow, 4½@4¾ per lb; No. 2 do, 3¾c.

MELONS—Watermelons, $175@325 per carload on track; Osage muskmelons, $1.50@2.50 per crate; nutmeg melons, $1.25@2.50 per crate of 2 bu.

POTATOES—Peerless, $2.00@2.50 per brl; Triumphs, $1.75@2.50; Rose, $2.25@2.50. Old potatoes nearly out of the market, with good to choice Burbanks 37@45c per bu.

POULTRY—Live chickens, 11@11½c per lb; roosters, 6@7c; springs, 14@15c; hen turkeys, 10@11c; ducks, 9@11c; full-feathered geese, $5.00@7.00 per doz.

VEGETABLES—Asparagus, 50@75c per doz bunches; cabbages, large crates, $2.25@2.50; cauliflower, $1.25@2.00 per doz; cucumbers, 20@30c per doz; green peas, $1.50@2.00 per bu; onions, $2.25@3.00 per brl; string beans, 50c@$1.00 per bu; tomatoes, 60c@$1.00 per crate of 4 boxes; turnips, $1.25@1.75 per brl.

WHISKY—Steady on the basis of $1.15

## LOCAL LIVE STOCK.

**Receipts of Cattle Fall Below Expectations—Advance Over Saturday's Prices.**

The following is a statement of the Chicago movement of live stock for the periods indicated, with comparative figures:

| Dates. | Cattle. | Calves. | Hogs. | Sheep. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| *Receipts—* | | | | |
| Monday, July 25 | 8,902 | 257 | 17,662 | 6,970 |
| Tuesday, July 26 | 4,500 | 1,500 | 10,000 | 7,000 |
| Week thus far | 13,402 | 1,757 | 27,662 | 13,970 |
| Previous week | 53,877 | 1,528 | 37,698 | 16,262 |
| Cor. week 1891 | 20,425 | 2,483 | 34,204 | 13,077 |
| *Shipments—* | | | | |
| Monday, July 25 | 943 | 81 | 9,987 | 2,151 |
| Tuesday, July 26 | 1,500 | 100 | 4,000 | 2,000 |
| Week thus far | 2,443 | 181 | 13,978 | 4,151 |
| Previous week | 6,641 | 178 | 15,469 | 3,189 |
| Cor. week 1891 | 4,465 | 571 | 17,232 | 3,548 |

Receipts July 26, with comparisons at four markets:

| *Markets.* | *Cattle.* | *Hogs.* | *Sheep.* |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 4,500 | 10,000 | 7,000 |
| Kansas City | 5,000 | 3,200 | 900 |
| Omaha | 1,900 | 7,700 | ...... |
| St. Louis | 5,800 | 2,000 | 1,600 |
| Totals | 17,200 | 27,900 | 9,500 |
| Cor. day last week | 21,000 | 29,600 | 9,400 |
| Cor. day 1891 | 19,300 | 29,000 | 9,500 |
| Cor. day 1890 | 28,500 | 59,000 | 13,100 |

Wednesday's receipts are estimated at 15,000 hogs, 14,000 cattle, and 9,000 sheep, against 24,640 hogs, 19,685 cattle, and 8,579 sheep one week ago, and 16,240 hogs, 15,173 cattle, and 6,689 sheep one year ago.

CATTLE—The cattle market ruled 5@10c higher yesterday, making 20@35c advance since Saturday. Yesterday's receipts were below expectations, and arrivals for the first two days of the week exhibit 20,000 decrease compared with the first two days of last week. Quotations are as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Choice to extra steers, 1,500@1,750 lbs | $4.95@5.60 |
| Good to choice steers, 1,300@1,500 lbs | 4.50@5.00 |
| Fair to good steers, 1,050@1,300 lbs | 4.05@4.45 |
| Poor to medium steers, 900@1,050 lbs | 3.50@4.00 |
| Good to fancy cows and heifers | 2.50@3.10 |
| Inferior to good cows and heifers | 1.25@2.40 |
| Stock steers, 600@850 lbs | 2.00@3.00 |
| Feeding steers, 900@1,200 lbs | 3.00@3.60 |
| Veal calves, 100@400 lbs | 2.50@4.50 |
| Texas steers, 750@1,150 lbs | 1.85@4.00 |

HOGS—Receipts were very light, but the demand was of an indifferent character, especially on packing account. Rough, heavy and greasy stock sold at $5.25@5.60. Selected light, $5.95@6.10.

SHEEP—The sheep market was active and firm, and lambs sold at 25@40c higher. Native sheep sold at $4.25@5.75; Western, averaging 86@101 lbs, at $3.75@4.60; and Texas, averaging 60@90 lbs, at $2.65@4.55. Lambs sold at $5.00@6.75.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

**New York**, July 26.—BEEVES—Receipts, 531 head, all for exporters and slaughterers; no trade; feeling firm. DRESSED BEEF—Steady at 7¼@8½c per lb; shipments today, 728 beeves and 1,200 quarters of beef; tomorrow, 893 beeves and 8,310 quarters of beef. CALVES—Receipts, 220 head; market slow but steady; veals, $5.62½ per 100 lbs; grassers and buttermilk calves, $2.00@2.50. SHEEP—And lambs—Receipts, 3,558 head; market firm; sheep, $3.00@5.50 per 100 lbs; lambs, $5.75@7.00; dressed muttons steady, 8@11c per lb; dressed lambs weak at 9@12½c. HOGS—Receipts, 4,960 head, including three cars for sale; market firm at $5.50@6.35 per 100 lbs.

**St. Louis, Mo.**, July 26.—CATTLE—Receipts, 7,800; shipments, 7,000. Market 10c higher on good grades and steady on others; some Kansas-fed Texans, $4.40; Indians, $3.80; fair to good Texas, $2.40@3.50; canners, $1.25@2.30. HOGS—Receipts, 2,300; shipments, 200; market 10c higher; fair to choice, $5.80@6.50; mixed, medium to good, $5.50@6.00; light, fair to best, $5.70@5.90. SHEEP—Receipts, 1,600; shipments, 2,000. Market strong; fair to good native muttons, $4.00@5.25.

**Kansas City, Mo.**, July 26.—CATTLE—Receipts, 5,000; shipments, 3,000. Steers were active and strong to 10c higher, $3.25@5.00; cows, 10@15c higher, $1.35@3.00; feeders quiet; Texas steers, 10c higher, $2.25@3.05. HOGS—Receipts, 8,200; shipments, none; the market was active and 5@10c higher; all grades, $5.40@5.95; bulk, $5.70@5.90. SHEEP—Receipts, 9,000; shipments, 200; good sheep were wanted and strong, others neglected and weak; muttons, $4.50.

## FOREIGN FINANCE AND PRODUCE.

**Leading Quotations from London, Liverpool, and Paris.**

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

LONDON, July 26.—In the Stock Exchange today the only attention was being directed to preliminary arrangements for the settlement. New business has been quiet. Accounts have proved comparatively a small affair with an abundant supply of money. The rates for continuation have been light in some cases even more than on previous occasions. Consols are unchanged. Indian rupee paper has declined ⅛ owing to the flatness of silver. Home railways have moved with some irregularity. Southeastern deferred fluctuated a good deal at one period, having been dealt in under 70, closing at 7⅜, this being a fall of ½. A small decline is established in Great Western Metropolitan District. In Northeastern, on the other hand, there has been some good buying. Brighton deferred resulting in a rise of ⅜. American railways have shown considerable firmness throughout the day, in response to better tendency in New York favorites and Erie and Atchison ordinary, the former closing at an advance of ⅜. Most of the others leave off ⅛ to ¼ better, the final quotations being best with regard to Canadian lines. Grand Trunk opened firm but closed flat, the weekly traffic statement being disappointing. Money has been in little demand today. Short loans have been easily obtained at ½ per cent in discount. Market bills have been scarce; those at two and three months were quoted 13-16 to ⅞ per cent.

LONDON, July 26.—Closing: Consols, money, 96 15-16; do account, 96 15-16; Illinois Central, 105; St. Paul common, 84⅜; New York Central, 116; Reading, 30⅜. Bar silver, 39 1-16d. Money, ⅝ per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills, 13-16@⅞ per cent.

BERLIN, July 26.—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows an increase in specie of 6,200,000 marks.

PARIS, July 26.—Three per cent rentes, 98f 45c for the account.

LIVERPOOL, July 26.—PROVISIONS—Close—Pork—Demand fair; unchanged. Lard—Demand poor; spot firm at 37s 6d; August and September firm at 37s 9d. BREADSTUFFS—Wheat—Demand fair; unchanged. Flour—Demand poor; unchanged. Corn—Demand fair; spot firm at 5s 3½d; July firm at 5s 6d; August firm at 5s ½d; September firm at 4s 10½d.

## PRICES ON MANY EXCHANGES.

**Movements of Produce Markets in the East and West.**

**New York**, July 26.—[Special.]—COTTON—Advanced 8 to 9 points, and closed steady with sales of 136,000 bales. Liverpool advanced 4 points and closed quiet, with spot sales of 8,000 bales. Manchester yarns were firm and cloths quiet. In New Orleans futures ran up 8 to 10 points. The spot market here was quiet and steady at 7⅜c for middling uplands. Sales of 50 bales for export and 870 bales for spinning. The port receipts were 1,534 bales, against 3,500 this day last week and 2,387 last year. Total thus far this week 3,099 bales, against 6,607 thus far last week. Silver was declining, and was quoted at 39 1-16d in London and 85⅜c in New York. The Southern spot markets were generally steady and unchanged. New Orleans and St. Louis advanced 1-16c. The rainfall for twenty-four hours ending at 6 p. m. yesterday was .61 of an inch at Montgomery, .25 at Savannah, .21 at Atlanta, .18 at Mobile, .13 at New Orleans, .08 at Vicksburg, and .05 at Memphis and Augusta. The average maximum temperatures ranged from 90 to 96 degrees, the highest being in the Galveston, Little Rock, and Memphis Districts. Today's sales:

| *Months.* | *Sales.* | *Highest.* | *Lowest.* | *Closing.* |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| July | 1,500 | 7.20 | 7.19 | 7.20 |
| August | 49,300 | 7.22 | 7.16 | 7.20@7.21 |
| September | 28,600 | 7.30 | 7.23 | 7.28@7.29 |
| October | 24,000 | 7.39 | 7.34 | 7.38@7.39 |
| November | 5,700 | 7.49 | 7.46 | 7.48@7.49 |
| December | 17,200 | 7.59 | 7.55 | 7.58@7.59 |
| January | 6,900 | 7.68 | 7.64 | 7.67@7.68 |
| February | 2,600 | 7.77 | 7.73 | 7.76@7.77 |
| March | 1,100 | 7.85 | 7.83 | 7.85@7.87 |

COFFEE—Declined 5 to 10 points on moderate transactions. Rio Janeiro quiet at 100 reis decline. Exchange 10 5-16d. Receipts, two days, 20,000 bags; clearances for United States, 4,000 bags; for Europe, 5,000 bags; stock, 138,000 bags. Santos market quiet, unchanged. Receipts, two days, 11,000 bags; stock, 170,000 bags. The United States warehouse deliveries were 10,856 bags. The stock of Brazil in New York was 283,894 bags and in the United States 366,260 bags. The United States visible supply was 594,260 bags, against 293,711 bags a year ago. London was 3@6d higher and Hamber ¼@1 pfennig up. Havre was unchanged on near months and ¼f higher on distant months. Spot Rio was quiet and steady at 13⅜c for No. 7. Sales of 2,000 bags No. 7 on private terms; 2,000 bags Santos, Nos. 7 and 8, to be shipped, at 13¾c, and 15,000 bags Santos, No. 6, to arrive, at 15⅛c. Mild grades were firm and in fair demand. Sales of 650 bags Maricaibo and 300 bags Central American on private terms. Today's sales:

| *Months.* | *Sales.* | *Highest.* | *Lowest.* | *Closing.* |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| February | 250 | 12.50 | 12.50 | 12.45@12.55 |
| March | 3,250 | 12.55 | 12.50 | 12.45@12.55 |
| May | 2,000 | 12.55 | 12.50 | 12.50@12.55 |
| July | 500 | ...... | ...... | 12.25@12.30 |
| August | 3,750 | 12.40 | 12.35 | 12.30@12.35 |
| September | 1,000 | 12.45 | 12.45 | 12.40@12.45 |
| October | 3,500 | 12.45 | 12.40 | 12.40@12.45 |
| December | 7,250 | 12.45 | 12.45 | 12.40@12.45 |

GRAIN—Wheat—Advanced ⅜c to ¾c, but lost this and declined ¼c to ⅜c. Trading moderate in futures but there was more export demand. Exporters took 120,000 bu. No. 1 Northern at 88c afloat, No. 1 hard at 3c over August to arrive, No. 2 Northern at 3c under September to arrive, or 82½c. No. 2 spring at 2@3c over August afloat or 87@88c, ungraded red at 72@84c, and new No. 2 red Detroit at 83¾c c., i. f., Buffalo. No. 1 hard for milling 3c over August. Option sales, 2,610,000 bu. Corn—Declined ¼c on July and advanced ⅛@⅜c on later deliveries, closing, however, with part of this advance lost. Exporters took 96,000 bu. No. 2 mixed, 58c in elevator; ungraded, 45@58c. Most of the business was in ungraded. Option sales 545,000 bu. Oats—Were at one time ¼c to ⅜c higher, but closed with most of the improvement lost. Spot sales, 65,000 bu. No. 2 white at 37¼@38c; July at 37¼c; No. 3 do at 36½c; No. 2 mixed at 36@36½c; ungraded at 36@43c for white and 35@37½c for mixed. Option sales, 170,000 bu.

SUGAR—Raw, steady and more active at 2¾c for 89 test Muscovado and 3⅜c for 96 test centrifugals. Sales, 12,000 bags centrifugals 96 test at 3⅜c, and 1,000 bags molasses sugar 89 test at 2⅝c; refined, quiet and steady; cut-loaf and crushed, 5@5⅛c; powdered, 4 11-16@4⅞c; granulated, 4⅜@4 9-16c; mold, A, 4 7-16@4 9-16c; confectioners' A, 4 3-16@4 5-16c; off A, 3 15-16@4 3-16c; yellows, 3⅛@4c.

PROVISIONS—Butter—Best creamery, 22@22½c. Cheese—Fancy state, 8¾@9½c. Eggs—16½@17c.

PETROLEUM—Was slow. Pennsylvania oil, spot sales, 51,000 brls; opening, 52½c; highest, 52½c; lowest, 52½c; closing, 52½c. Pennsylvania oil, August option sales, 5,000 brls; opening, 52½c; highest, 52½c; lowest, 52½c; closing, 52½c. Lima oil—No sales. Total sales, 10,000 brls.

FREIGHTS—There was little change in the position of the market. Room for accommodation was firmly held and had some little attention, while tonnage on charter was taken up moderately. To Lieth, 24,000 bu grain, 3¼d.

DRY GOODS—Extreme heat modified trade in dry goods somewhat, yet there was a fair number of buyers in the market, through whose attention a relatively good trade continued in staple cottons and clothing woolens; nothing new was disclosed. The market continued very firm for prints, with prices hardening.

**Boston, Mass.**, July 26.—WOOL—The demand here is good and large sales continue to be made. At the same time the receipts keep up large. Ohio washed fleeces are firm at 27c for X and 28@29c for XX and XX and above. Michigan X is sold at 25@26c. No. 1 wools are steady at 33@34c for Ohio and 32@33c for Michigan. No. 1 combing wools are firm at 36@37c; Ohio fine delaine, 32@33c; Michigan fine delaine, 29@30c. Unwashed combing wool sells at 24@27c for one-quarter and three-eighths blood, and Western unwashed and unmerchantable fleeces sell at 18@26c, as to quality. Territory wool continues in demand on a scoured basis of 58@60c for fine, of 55@57c for fine medium, and 52@53c for medium. Texas, California, and Oregon wools are remaining quite well at previous prices. Pulled wools are steady. Australian wools sell mostly at 33@38c. Foreign carpet wools are quiet.

**Philadelphia, Pa.**, July 26.—GRAIN—Wheat—A shade firmer; new steamer No. 2 red in export elevator, 81c; No. 2 red July and August, 83@83½c; September, 83¼@83¾c; October, 84¾@85c. Corn—Options firm; local car lots slow and prices weak; ungraded low mixed elevator, 59c; No. 2 mixed track, 58c; No. 2 mixed July, 55@56c; August, 55@55½c; September and October, 54½@54¾c. Oats—Car lots dull; futures inactive; No. 2 mixed, 36½c; No. 2 white in elevator, 39@39½c; track and grain depot, 39½c; do choice, 40c; No. 2 white July, 38¼@39½c; August, 38@38½c; September and October, 37¾@38c. Receipts—Wheat, 50,400 bu; corn, 32,400 bu; oats, 14,500 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 10,800 bu; corn, 52,500 bu; oats, 31,700 bu.

WOOL—Prices steady without change; fair demand for most grades.

**St. Louis, Mo.**, July 26.—GRAIN—Wheat opened strong, advanced and held stiffly until near the close, when there was a reaction of ⅜@½c. Corn crop reports held wheat up; No. 2 red cash, 79@79½c; July, 78¾@79½c, closing at 79c; August, 74½@75c, closing 74¾c bid; September, 75¾@76c, closing 75¾c bid; December, 78¾@79½c, closing 78½c. Corn had an exciting opening, hot weather showing it up further; cash was also higher; No. 2, cash, 47½c; July, 47¾@48c, closing 47½c; August, 47@47¾c, closing 47¼c bid; September, 46¾@47¼c, closing 46¾c bid. Oats were run up with corn; No. 2 cash and July, 31¾c; August, 30c, nominal; September, 29¾c. Rye stronger; No. 2, east side, 63c bid. Receipts—Wheat, 219,000 bu; corn, 28,000 bu; oats, 18,000 bu; rye and barley, none. Shipments—Wheat, 3,000 bu; corn, 24,000 bu; oats, 4,000 bu; rye, 1,000 bu; barley, none.

**Duluth, Minn.**, July 26.—WHEAT—There was a dull and waiting market today up to noon but prices opened with a much stronger feeling largely occasioned by the general reports early to the effect that the corn crop in the Southwest had been injured badly by the heat. There was not as large an amount of cash wheat deals as usual. Close: No. 1, hard cash and July 82½c; September, 81c; December, 82c. No. 1 Northern cash 79¾c; July, 79½c; September, 79c; December, 80c. No. 3 Northern, cash 71½c; No. 3, 63c; rejected, 51c. On track, No. 1, hard, 82½c. No. 1 Northern, 80¼c.

**Minneapolis, Minn.**, July 26.—WHEAT—The market was firm today in sympathy with corn, which had quite a boom on hot weather and reports. There are no particularly discouraging reports coming in from the Northwest. The trading today was confined almost entirely to scalping orders. September opened at 75⅜c. Until near the close this was the lowest point. There was an advance to 75½c, but 75⅜c was a favorite price, and there was not much deviation from it until the break was reached at the close. The market is fully 2c better than it was ten days ago. July, closing, 77¼c. August, opening, 77¼c; highest, 77½c; lowest, 77¼c; closing, 77¼c. September, opening, 75¾c; highest, 75⅞c; lowest, 75⅜c; closing, 75⅜c. December, opening, 78¾c; highest, 78¾c; lowest, 78c; closing, 78c.

**Toledo, O.**, July 26.—GRAIN—Wheat active, easier; No. 2 cash and July, 80½c; August, 80¾c; September, 80½c. Corn dull, steady; No. 2 cash, July, and August, 51c. Oats quiet; cash, 33c. Rye dull; August, 66c. Cloverseed dull; prime cash, $7.00; October, $5.55. Receipts—Wheat, 314,458 bu; corn, 1,193 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 97,500 bu; corn, 600 bu; oats, 386 bu.

**Baltimore, Md.**, July 26.—GRAIN—Wheat steady; No. 2 red spot and July, 82¼@82½c; August, 82¼@82¾c; October, 83¾@84c. Corn—Firm; mixed spot, 56@56½c; July, 55½c bid; August and September, 55c bid. Oats—Inactive; No. 2 white western, 38½c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c. Rye dull; No. 2, 72c.

**Buffalo, N. Y.**, July 26.—GRAIN—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 91½c; No. 1 Northern, 85½c; No. 2 red, 83@87c. Corn—No. 2, 53c. Receipts—Wheat, 310,000 bu; corn, 120,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 120,000 bu; corn, 200,000 bu.

**Wilmington, N. C.**, July 26.—TURPENTINE—Steady at 26½c.

### What New Hampshire Makes Out of Her Mountain Visitors.

New Hampshire has an annual income of $5,000,000 from summer visitors alone, a fact that should arouse its people at once to the threatened clearing of forests from some of its grandest peaks and mountain ranges. Lovers of nature are of course also interested in this matter, but if the devastation is to be averted it must be by those whose pockets are concerned. A lumber firm, it is said, has purchased the right to cut down the trees on the south side of Mount Washington, and will soon begin to clear the land at the rate of 10,000,000 feet a year. The forests of Mount Willard, report says, are also in the hands of a speculator, who offers to forego his lumbering operations if the neighboring hotelkeepers will pay $20,000. Let no one think that the danger is imaginary. The Boston *Trascript* testifies: "The portable sawmill is dragging its deadly course up and down the mountain glens, leaving everywhere a track of devastation behind. The beautiful Zeeland Valley is one vast scene of waste and desolation; immense heaps of sawdust roll down the slopes to choke the streams, and, by the destructive acids distilled from their decaying substance, to poison the fish; smoke rises night and day from fires which are maintained to destroy the still accumulating piles of slabs and other mill débris. Those who ride through the Crawford Notch, viewing the splendid scenery as the train creeps slowly up the mountain side, find their vision offended again by the telltale sawdust heaps, some of them as large as dwellings—signs of the ruthless destroyer's tooth in that charming and wonderful defile." A recent report of the New Hampshire Forestry Commission draws attention to the growing spoliation and suggests remedial measures, but up to this time the people of the State have shown themselves to be strangely indifferent. This can scarcely be accounted for by the fact that some of the largest summer hotels are owned by non-residents, for, admitting that to be so, it should not be forgotten that they give employment to an army of people and are the means of benefiting the local merchants and the farmers. State pride alone should be a factor in putting a stop to the depredations.

### The Indians as Regular Soldiers.

The question of the worth of the Indian as a soldier in our regular army is not settled yet by any means. He has his eulogists and his detractors. Lieut. Abner Pickering, who has had no inconsiderable experience with enlisted Sioux, recently read a paper on this subject at Fort Omaha. He said among other things: "Considering the characteristics of the Indian, especially as a fighting factor, he will be most useful as a special contingent to be used advantageously in a different manner from other troops. First, a regiment taking the field should have its Indian company mounted. They do not have to learn to ride, and a very little drill with their horses will be needed by a company well drilled as an infantry. They should be used in a campaign mainly as scouts, flankers, look-outs, videttes, and couriers. With the new open-order drill they will become quickly familiar and efficient, and will work as well as an organization on the fighting line. I believe that they will develop into good shots on the target range which, supplemented with their training and inbred love of hunting and natural affinity for the gun, will make them a formidable foe." Lieut. Pickering found that in order to get efficient service from his Indians he had to treat them more familiarly than it is the habit of commissioned officers to treat white soldiers, but neither discipline nor their regard for him seemed to suffer thereby. Capt. C. S. Burbank of the Tenth Infantry, while admitting that the Apache company of soldiers of whom he has had command obey orders implicitly and promise to make "excellent soldiers," declares that "they have not the courage of the white man or of the negro. They would rather steal up behind a man and shoot him in the back. They follow the lead of those in command and if by any chance their superior officers show the white feather they will undoubtedly scatter and cannot again be brought into the fight. They cannot in anyway compare with the colored troops, who are among the best sort of men that have ever enlisted into the regular army of the United States."

### Denver's Great Tunnel.

The City of Denver is greatly interested in the completion of the tunnel under Mount Kelso and Gray's Peak in Clear Creek County, some sixty-four miles west of Denver. It is to be 25,000 feet, or nearly five miles, in length. About one-third of the tunneling has been done, and the company in charge of it promises to push the work with great energy. Contracts have been made for electric plants to be used at both ends of the tunnel, and with this invaluable aid it is expected that the tunnel will be ready for railroad tracks in less than three years. With the completion of this great engineering feat the transcontinental route will be shortened by 225 miles. That Denver's commercial interests will be enormously benefited needs no demonstration. Moreover, the tunnel, it is believed, will cut through a number of rich gold and silver-producing veins. The proprietary company has already begun to take out ore, a carload of which recently assayed at $55 in gold, silver, and lead to the ton.

### Man Is as Weak as Woman.

Here is a little conversation which proves what poor, weak fools we are when woman sets the bad example. It was overheard in a book-store:

Lady—"Have you 'Leather-tailed Stockings'?"

Clerk—"Ma'am?"

Lady—"O! I mean, have you 'Stocking Leather Tails'—er-ah—tailers stocked leggings—O, dear—that is, tailers stocking legs—I mean stocked tailer legs—uh-uh—stocking tail leathers—uh-um—leg tailed——"

Clerk—"Er-er, Miss, I presume you mean, 'Teather Locking Sales'—that is, I should say 'Stocking Teather Lales'—um-um—'Tailing Leather Socks'—um-um—'Leather Stocking Tales?' I am sorry, but we are out of the book today."